STATE DOCUMENTS

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BUREAU

OF

Agriculture, Labor and Industry

OF

MONTANA

For the Pear ended Movember 30, 1895.

JAMES H. MILLS, - - - - COMMISSIONER

A. C. SCHNEIDER. - - - CHIEF CLERK

STATE PUBLISHING COMPANY,
STATE PRINTERS AND BINDERS

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HELENA, UNON JARO MONTANA. 1896. STATE OF MONTANA,
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURE, LABOR AND INDUSTRY,
HELENA, DECEMBER 1, 1895.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY JOHN E. RICKARDS,
GOVERNOR OF MONTANA.

Sir:-

In accordance with Section 761 of the Political Code, I have the honor to present to you the Third Annual Report of the Bureau of Agriculture, Labor and Industry of the State of Montana.

I am, Very Respectfully,
JAMES H. MILLS, Commissioner.

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PART I.

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ARBITRATION AND MEDIATION.

FREE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE RUSSIAN THISTLE.



INTRODUCTORY.

In presenting the Third Annual Report of this Bureau it is deemed proper to make some introductory reference to certain duties devolved upon it, and legislative action, or lack of action, by the Fourth Legislative Assembly effecting the same.

THE STATE CENSUS.

The Constitution of the State provides:

Art. VI, Sec. 2. The Legislative Assembly shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State in the year 1895, and every tenth year thereafter; and at the session next following such enumeration, and also at the session next following an enumeration made by the authority of the United States, shall revise and adjust the apportionment for representatives on the basis of such enumeration according to ratios to be fixed by law.

The act establishing this Bureau, approved February 17th, 1893, provided by law for such enumeration, devolving the duties on this Bureau. That the Fourth Legislative Assembly, which was to convene on the first Monday in January, 1895, and which would be the last regular session prior to the time fixed for taking said census, might have as full information as was obtainable of the cost of taking such census so it could make adequate appropriation therefor the Commissioner of this Bureau communicated with the officers in charge of the U. S. Census Bureau at Washington, and the Supervisor of the U.S. Census for Montana in 1890, and presented in his Report dated December 1st, 1894, the material facts obtained from them in relation to the methods and cost of taking the census of Montana. The House took the subject under consideration and designated a committee which gave considerable attention to the subject. To this committee the Commissioner submitted with detailed estimates the methods of taking the census—one by enumerators appointed especially for that purpose, as was the practice in taking the United States Census, and one whereby the assessors and their deputies would take the census while making their annual assessment in 1895. It was estimated the first method would cost the State from \$22,000 to \$25,000, and that the latter method would cost about \$13,500. The committee after mature consideration concluded to adopt the first method and the present law being somewhat crude and inadequate in its provisions, they presented a series of desirable amendments which passed the House and went to the Senate but there in the last days of the session failed to pass. The result was no legislation was had on the subject; no appropriation was made for taking the census in 1895, and none has been taken. While it is not believed an apportionment of representation based on a census taken twenty months before such apportionment could be made would secure as fair and satisfactory a representation as one based on the total number of votes cast at the general election held three months before such apportionment, and while the expense is unavoidably great in so large a State as Montana, the constitutional provision seemed to require it and this Bureau had prepared to do the work if the Legislature should provide the means therefor.

IMMIGRATION.

That the State and large numbers of investors and agricultural people in the States east and south-east of us would be mutually benefitted by disseminating facts concerning our unequaled mineral resources and products, and agricultural areas, productions.

markets and conditions generally with a view to inducing investigation by capitalists and the acquisition and cultivation by worthy persons of farms in Montana is patent to all who have given the subject careful thought. This matter has been elaborated in former reports and in a publication referred to hereafter. To encourage such inquiry and immigration is one of the duties of this Bureau, and it has contributed to the extent it could in so doing, at the same time carefully avoiding exaggerations and invitation to additional people to compete for employment in overcrowded avocations. The congested condition of the agricultural industries in many neighboring states during recent years, the excess of unemployed and the failure there of crops for successive years led to innumerable inquiries concerning principally the agricultural conditions and the methods of acquiring lands in Montana. A large number of these inquiries were directed or referred to this Bureau. While all were answered as fully as possible it was not found practicable by the Commissioner and clerk employed in the Bureau to furnish by letter comprehensive and detailed replies to all these inquiries. Further than this, while some local publications have been issued by eities, railroads and other companies, and while some statistics relating to the State generally had been compiled and published. there had been no systematic and thorough preparation and assembling of facts and statistics of the entire State covering all general inquiries intending settlers would be likely to make in seeking out a land in which to make a home. It was believed the preparation, publication and dissemination of a pamphlet covering these matters, which is within the duties assigned to this Bureau, was very desirable, but no appropriation to cover the expense of publishing and distributing any considerable amount of such literature, even if prepared, had been made. The number of inquiries being made, the desire in a number of counties to acquire agricultural settlers and the favorable opportunities many portions of Montana offer to them, induced the belief that an extensive distribution of descriptive pamphlets by the State and local communities would probably bring to Montana a considerable tide of agricultural people seeking lands and locations where they could homestead, lease or purchase. The radically different conditions existing here from those in localities from which such settlers would mostly come, and the evils of having a larger influx of even the most desirable immigrants than can be speedily absorbed into the occupations and industries of a community or state, suggested that there should be local organizations under official responsibility in those counties inviting immigration to aid and assist it, or its representatives, on arrival to find suitable and desirable locations or employment, to prevent imposition, and generally to give it friendly counsel and assistance at the time most needed. With these objects in view the following entitled "A Bill for an act to encourage desirable immigration to Montana" was prepared by the Commissioner of the Bureau and presented to the Legislature through the Senate Committee on Immigration:

Sec. 1. The Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Industry is hereby authorized and directed to have prepared and published and to distribute in such manner as shall to him appear for the best interests of the State a pamphlet, or pamphlets, containing descriptive and statistical matter relating to the State, especially to the topography, resources, climate, productions, markets and agricultural capabilities of Montana; also concerning the public lands and methods of obtaining the same; the prevailing prices of improved and unimproved private lands; taxation; transportation facilities; wages; cost of living; schools; churches and all kindred subjects available which will give to intending immigrants a knowledge of the State and the inducements it offers, especially to those of the agricultural class, the same to be accompanied by maps in the discretion of the Commissioner.

Sec. 2. The County Commissioners of the several counties of Montana may each establish a local Board of Immigration and appropriate from the general funds of the respective counties a sum not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) each, annually, to carry on or aid the work of inducing immigration thereto; Provided, such local Boards shall immediately after their organization notify said Commissioner thereof, and there upon, and at least every three months thereafter, advise him of the number and classes of immigrants each desire and can readily absorb in its industries; whether farmers who have the means to purchase improved lands or to establish themselves on unim-

proved lands, or laborers, artisans or others, specifying the number of each class, and if foreign immigrants are desired, what nationalities are preferred; Provided further, that on the arrival of such immigrants it shall be the duty of such Board to receive and aid them in speedily securing locations or employment, and shall at once notify the Commissioner when no more immigrants can be readily and advantageously absorbed in the industries of their County.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

The Committee inserted \$2,500 as the amount to be expended in preparing, publishing and disseminating the pamphlets described in the first section in 1895 and \$1,500 in 1896. This bill failed to pass the senate. It is reproduced here in the belief that it is in its general features at least a proper and desirable measure; that it establishes a system for the benefit of the State and for the welfare of immigrants; that it will be approved by those who give the subject consideration and that a succeeding Legislative Assembly will adopt it, or some modification of it. The State has expended in years past large sums in exhibiting its resources at expositions with the purpose of inducing investment and immigration and authorized a large amount of literature for ciculation at the World's Fair. If these were well directed efforts for the welfare of the State it would appear the policy should be continued by methods that are comparatively inexpensive and of proven efficiency.

—The demand for information of the nature above referred to continuing after the adjournment of the Legislature the Commissioner consulted with Governor Rickards and with his approval prepared and published 5,000 copies of a pamphlet of 70 pages entitled "Montana—The Treasure State," at an expense of \$440.00 for publication, it being thought better this amount should be used from the \$1,500 appropriated for the total expenses of this Bureau, even if it could illy be spared, than that the opportunity of giving inquirers at least some general idea of conditions in the State should be lost. The pamphlet covered in a condensed form the principal features indicated in the first section of the above bill. It was largely made up from statistics collected by this Bureau in its regular work. While not as complete in some respects as the Commissioner desired, it apparently met with approval by press and public and those inquirers to whom it was sent and has had its effect in promoting settlement and investment.

The facts and statistics therein assembled and presented also furnish in available and concise form material for other publications and have been extensively used in that manner. Requests were made by those who could distribute it advantageously for more than the entire edition, and these could be only partially complied with. It is respectfully submitted that there should be means provided for issuing each year a larger edition, revised to date, and in somewhat more amplified form, to meet the demand for information of this character concerning the State.

Its prosperity depends largely upon the development of its agricultural resources: upon diverting to its arid lands the waters now flowing unused to the sea; upon inducing industrious and worthy agriculturists to acquire, improve and cultivate the farming lands of the State; and upon encouraging consumption of Moutana grown farm products in preference to those imported. General and systematic effort in these directions will result in increased and stable population; in the establishment of other industries and manufactures; in improved commercial conditions and in the upbuilding of the State. The time to energetically undertake this work is now while the demands of our local markets are in excess of the supply and the best in the land, while waters and lands are available and desirable immigrants from beyond our State boundaries are seeking such conditions.

But while the larger inquiry was in the direction of acquiring agricultural lands and the pamphlet referred to more especially treated that subject, there are still very important topics that should be taken up in like manner, viz: our mineral resources and the development of manufactures. Such a publication designed for another class of inquirers might properly be prepared and published separately and cover a range of statistics and

presentations of different nature. The dissemination of literature of this character would undoubtedly result beneficially to the State. It is liberally done by neighbors, who to say the least have no better opportunities to offer than has Montana, with the best results to all concerned, and it is high time Montana should pursue the same course.

A valuable auxilliary in directing attention to the resources and opportunities of Montana has been created by the organization of the Northwestern Immigration Association which was the outgrowth of an immigration convention in St. Paul, Minn., in November, 1895, and the provision thereunder for the organization of State Boards. Montana was ably represented in this convention and an Immigration Board appointed thereunder, but at this writing no authoritative statement of the membership has reached this Bureau. The members of North Dakota have already held a State Immigration Convention to organize by State and Counties to advertise their resources, South Dakota Washington and Idaho will hold conventions for a similar purpose in January and Feb-ruary. Doubtless a like convention will be called for Montana.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Attention is again called, as it was in the First and Second Annual Reports, to the matter of collecting and publishing agricultural statistics in the trust that the next Legislative Assembly may take favorable action thereon. From 1874 to 1893 assessors of the several counties collected under the law certain specified statistics relating to agriculture, labor and industry and reported them to the State Auditor. These statistics covered agricultural productions. The assessors were paid 20 cents for each report entering into the abstract required to be forwarded by them. These statistics were collected each year while assessing property. There was paid to assessors in 1890, 1891 and 1892 an average af \$1,742.65 per year for collecting these statistics. By the act establishing this Bureau the duties of the auditor and assessors in collecting and publishing these statistics were transferred to the "Commissioners and his assistants" but no provision or appropriation was made to pay assistants for collecting them. In 1893 the State Board of Equalization recommended assessors to take the statistics as usual that year, and their bills therefor would be recommended to the Legislature for payment. They were so collected, were published by this Bureau and the assessors' bills aggregating \$2.058.80 were paid by act of the Fourth Legislative Assembly. It was found, however, that there was statutory provision prohibiting continuance of this method, and these statistics could not be collected in 1894. Effort was made in the Fourth Legislative Assembly to have assessors re-invested with the duty of collecting them, and in failure of that to have them taken by enumerators while taking the census. Both measures failed and the statistics have not been taken for 1895. While there are obstacles in the way of securing complete and accurate returns through assessors, it appears to be the only practicable method at reasonable cost of obtaining them at all, as otherwise than as an incidental duty of assessors or enumerators, while doing their other work, it would entail very heavy expense. It has been held the collection of the agricultural statistics by assessors has been a failure; partly owing to their negligence and partly to the apprehension of those reporting that these statistics were to be used for purposes of taxation, but the experience of this Bureau with the system in 1893 led to the belief mat in succeeding years, with a proper law, approximately complete and accurate reports could be obtained in that way. The plan of collecting them by circulars through the mails has proven utterly impracticable here, as in other States, where the statistics are of such nature that all must be obtained to give them value and a large number of persons are involved. Aside from maintaining the industrial history of Montana, which the territory did for many years, these statistics are of great value in presenting to those contemplating immigration to the State, the actual record and yield per acre of agricultural productions year after year. That is now impossible for the years omitted and the lapses will apparently continue until legislation is corrected. It is earnestly urged that the duty of collecting these statistics be again vested in the assessors.

In the absence of means and methods of obtaining these statistics as above the Bureau has this year, as in 1894, adopted the system of representative statistics covering cer-

tain lines of inquiry and serving to show to some extent the relative acreage, yield, wages wild animal and winter losses, etc., etc. These were obtained by schedules sent and returned through the mails.

RECLAMATION OF ARID LANDS.

An Act of Congress approved August 18th, 1894, known as the "Carey Act." made a grant of one million acres of arid lands in the State of Montana, conditioned on acceptance of the terms prescribed therein by the State, which included reclamation of these lands by conveying irrigating water on the same, and offering them for sale exclusively to actual settlers in parcels not exceeding 160 acres to each settler. The State by an Act approved March 18th, 1895, accepted the offer of the United States and a State Arid Land Commission was appointed thereunder, the composition of which is given in the Directory. As the early extension of the area of reclaimed and irrigated lands of the State available for actual settlers depends largely upon what is done under these acts or more practicable amendatory measures, much interest is felt in knowing what has been or is likely to be done thereunder and the following from the report of the Commission to Governor Rickards, dated December 31, 1895, is therefore included here as correct and authoritative:

"Pursuant to the call made by your Excellency under date of April 2d, 1895, the Commission met in the executive office April 9th, 1895, and perfected its organization by the election of E. W. Beattie of Helena as chairman, and of J. C. Auld of Glendive, as secretary.

At the outset the Commission was met by the following conditions: The Bill creating the Commission appropriated but \$1,000 for each of the years 1895 and 1896, and enacted that the work to be done as contemplated by the bill was to be paid for in warrants be issued by the Commission and which were to be lien upon the lands to be reclaimed, the legal title to which was still vested in the general government, and which would only pass to the State when reclaimed, settled and partially cultivated. Under these conditions it was deemed of the utmost importance by the Commission to ascertain at what price the contemplated warrants could be disposed of, in order to enable the Commission to let contracts for the necessary labor and material at a minimum cost to the State and to this end interviewed, through its chairman, people of the east who represent large monied interests and who under normal or favorable conditions are purchasers of this class of securities; and it was demonstrated by these interviews that in order to make a warrant which would sell to advantage, or at all, the State must first be vested with the legal title to the land, and that the constitutionality of House Bill 89 must first be passed upon and determined by the Supreme Court of the State of Montana. And this Commission has the honor to report that the Honorable Secretary of the Interior, having recommended the immediate transfer of the legal title of the one million acres of land to each of the arid land states named in the Carey Act, our delegation in Congress will cause to be introduced a bill looking to that end, and with the hope that the same may be passed without serious opposition.

And your Commission also has the honor to report that they have taken such steps, as, it is hoped, will result in the Supreme Court passing upon the constitutionality of the Montana Arid Land Bill, the subject having been argued and taken under advisement by that Court.

The Commission has caused one preliminary survey for a ditch to be made, commencing at a point on the Yellowstone river, about 25 miles west of Glendive, Montana, and extending eastward to point at or near the Fort Buford reservation, which if constructed, would reclaim a magnificent tract of land.

This Commission, fully realizeing the advantage to be gained by the State in the successful carrying out of the provisions of House Bill 89, to the end that irrigated land may be furnished to home seekers at a minimum price, have enforced the strictest economy in all departments of its work, and hope that during the coming year it may be able to show substantial progress."

REPORTS-THE BULLETIN SYSTEM.

In the Report for 1894 it was suggested, and what were deemed sufficient reasons given therefor, that the date making Annual Reports by this Bureau to the Governor should be advanced from December 1st, to a date after the close of the calendar year. A great portion of the statistics required to be presented are obtainable only for the calendar year, and unless sufficient time after its close is given to obtain, prepare and print them they must necessarily be deferred a year, so they can not be placed in possession of officers and the public as promptly as desirable. This has to some extent been obviated in preceding reports by utilizing the time the printers were engaged in getting out the first portion of the Report to make up and add to it such statistics for the calendar year as could be obtained before the publication was completed, but this necessitates a haste in preparation that renders very difficult, even if the primary reports can be obtained in time for this method, those prime requisites in statistical reports—accuracy and good arrangement.

It was also suggested that the system now largely adopted in Labor Bureaus and many institutions of issuing special reports or bulletins on special subjects, to be printed promptly and distributed among those to whom they are of special interest, might be wisely extended to this Bureau. The matter of publishing and distributing the financial and economic statistics of counties as soon after the same are prepared as possible, and the preparation and general distribution to Farmers in localities infested by or threatened with, the invasion of the Russian thistle, with methods of identification and extermination, are cited as showing instances where these bulletins or special reports would be desirable. There only 1,000 copies of the Annual Report printed and the general distribution of it is not therefore possible. A special report of a few pages on a particular subject could be printed in such numbers as would promptly supply those directly interested in it at small expense and the benefits be greatly increased while the demand for the more expensive annual Reports would perhaps be within limits that could be supplied. As it is now there are not sufficient numbers to supply those who year after year contribute reports covering the principal industries of the State, are interested in the general presentation relating to these industries and feel there should be some reciprocity. The bulletins or special reports would permit this result. The last Legislative Assembly took no action on this matter, and reference to it is included here that it may be brought early to the attention of the next Legislative Assembly. date of issuance of the Annual Report should be later, giving sufficient time to inelude statistics of the calendar year, and special reports should be discretionary with the Commissioner, on approval of the executive or the State Examining Board. The instances are rare where statistical reports of the nature of the annual report of this Bureau are completed and printed within less than six months after the date on which the reports are closed.

For the years ended June 30th, 1893 and 1894 as thorough and complete reports as possible were made of the material, social and sanitary conditions of wage-earners in Montana as derived from individual reports containing 48 inquiries submitted to and obtained from thousands of wage-earners in the State. These two reports eovered the favorable year ended June 30, 1893, and the year of unprecedented depression beginning on that date. It is demonstrated here, as in all other states in which Labor Bureaus have undertaken the work, that this class of statistics can only be satisfactorily and failry obtained by special agents. A limited number of individual reports, generally but partially filled out, may be obtained by mail relating to employes in some avocations; but in others practically no responses can be obtained. In a state of the vast extent of this, with wage employing communities widely separated, the expense of obtaining individual reports of wage earners through special agents is very considerable, and if undertaken on anything like the scale adopted in some of the lesser and more densely populated states would exceed the entire \$1,500 appropriated for all the varied duties and expenditures of this Bureau. Therefore, as stated in the report for 1894, that distinct line of special inquiry having been quite thoroughly covered in two strongly contrasting years is omitted for 1895 and various other inquiries undertaken or amplified in its stead. The inquiries as to wages, hours of labor, Sunday work, sanitary conditions, character

of pay and wages withheld on pay day were retained in the schedules of General Employers and Manufacturers, and are presented in this report in connection with the industrial and productive statistics relating to the several occupations. In a number of avocations comparative rates of wages are given for consecutive years and material features of this nature presented relating to a large proportion of the wage-earners of the State for the year ended June 30, 1895.

In conclusion it again becomes the pleasant duty of the Commissioner to acknowledge the faithful and intelligent services of Mr. A. C. Schneider, Chief Clerk, who has been the only employe of the Bureau in a clerical capacity during the year, and to sincerely thank the many who have as heretofore promptly and courteously responded to the innumerable requests of this Bureau for statistical information.

ARBITRATION AND MEDIATION.

Since 1887 there has been a law on the statute books of Montana providing for arbitration and conciliation in case of disagreement between employers and employes where there were 20 or more of the latter involved, and for the continuing appointment of State Boards to carry into effect the provisions of the law. As stated in the second annual report of this Bureau the law was abreast of the times when enacted, but here as elsewhere it proved practically ineffective because the Board was hedged about by formalities and restrictions that defeated its objects. So far as known the Montana Board from 1887 to 1895 was never called on but once, and then the parties declined to arbi trate. The law was to all intents and purposes a dead letter, because it could only intervene when called upon by the employer or a majority of the employes, and then only after tedious delays and circumlocution. There was no provision for the immediate and voluntary exercise of its powers as mediator when a strike or lockout was imperding and the employer and employes had failed to agree or select other arbitrators. Board must wait until invited to act. This was the weak point of the old law. golden opportunity for mediation is before a strike or lockout, with its attendant evils. has occurred. In view of this defect other states, following the example of Massachusetts, amended the old law, similar to that of Montana, so as to make it the duty of such State Boards on receiving reliable information through designated channels that a strike or lockout is impending to act of their own volition before it occurs and endeavor to prevent it by conciliatory means, or to urge the submission of the matters at issue to a local Board of Arbitration or the State Board. Further than this, as a moral influence on public opinion, which after all is the supreme tribunal, the State Board is authorized to investigate the cause or causes of the controversy, and ascertain which party thereto is mainly responsible or blameworthy for the existence or continuance of the same, and to make and publish a report finding such cause or causes, and assigning such responsibility or blame.

The practical working of this law has been highly satisfactory. It has been approved by the public and public officials, by employers and employes, by eminent representatives of Labor Organizations, and by State and United States Labor Commissioners. It has not invariably been effective in preventing or composing differences and suspension of industry, but it is not probable any method ever will be devised that will accomplish that result. There are limitations to the efficiency of all such measures. But it is the best and most effective development of the principle that has yet been attained and under it State Boards of Arbitration and Mediation have done great good.

The Commissioner of this Bureau therefore submitted to the Fourth Legislative Assembly amendments to the law of Montana vesting the Board of this State with like authority and power in this respect as that vested in the Massachusetts Board. The Senate committee on Capitol and Labor and the House committee on Labor cordially supported the amendments and they were made a part of the law which now appears in Sections 3330 to 3338 of the Political Code. Whenever it is now made to appear to the Mayor of a city, or two Commissioners of any county that a strike or lockout, involving twenty or more employes in the same general line of business, is seriously threatened or actually occurs, it is their duty to at once notify the State Board of Apptration and

Mediation of the fact; and whenever such facts shall come to the knowledge of the State Boards, either by notice from these officers or otherwise, it it the duty of said Board to put itself in communication with such employer and employes as soon as may be and effect an amicable settlement between them by the methods prescribed in the statute. The law does not prevent but contemplates and provides for the adjustment of controversies and differences by local Boards of Arbitration without invoking the intervention of the State Board.

While differences of this nature are happily rare in Montana they do sometimes occur, and now that the machinery is perfected for adjusting them by the most approved form of mediation and arbitration it is hoped both employers and employes will avail themselves of its benefits before differences reach a condition where industries are stopped, workmen thrown out of employment or the public welfare disturbed.

FREE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

At the Fourth Session of the Legislative Assembly the House Committee on Labor took up the bill prepared by Hon. Michael Corbett, one of its members, providing for a Free Public Employment Office at the capital of the State, to be conducted in connection with this Bureau, and also making optional provision for auxilliary offices in other cities of the State, and succeeded finally in getting a bill through, not wholly as they desired it, but in somewhat better form than at one time seemed possible. It was deemed better to so accept it and trust to future remedial legislation than to have the measure altogether fail. The general features of the bill introduced were not laid on the lines of the Ohio system which had been in operation some years but on those of the measure presented to the lowa Legislature by Labor Commissioner Sovereign. The provisions relating to it appear in section 765 of the Political Code as an amendment to the act creating this Bureau, and were at first added to its duties without making any provision whatever for the additional expense of maintaining it. An amendment was finally secured through the efforts of the Labor Committee permitting and providing for the employment of a clerk to attend to the duties in a location necessarily separate from the statistical department of the Bureau, but no additional provision was made at any time for rent, fuel, light, postage, printing, telephone, messenger service or that very necessary item in efficiently conducting a public employment office—advertising. Especially is this latter essential in establishing a new system to bring it and keep it before employers as well as those seeking employment until they have become thoroughly familiarized with the idea. The alternative, to keep the matter vividly before the public, is to rely on the gratuitous services of the newspaper press, and when it is considered that the pay agencies, and many persons seeking employment or help, do largely advertise in the newspapers and pay for the same, and that such business would decrease in proportion as the Free Employment business increased, it would be asking more than is reasonable from the press that it should gratuiteusly and continuously advocate the Free Office even in general terms. The State should do business in a business way as individuals have to do. This same difficulty presented itself in Ohio, although the offices in other respects were well equipped and maintained, and the recommendations of the Commissioner had early and favorable attention by the Legislature.

The conduct of the Montana office was therefore undertaken under very inauspicious conditions for developing the best possibilities, but no more liberal measure could be obtained, the diminished revenues of the State last year consequent upon the financial and industrial depression, and the many demands upon the treasury, resulting in numerous meritorious measures failing altogether. It was believed by those who had given the subject thought that the Free Public Employment system, although having as yet scarcely passed the experimental stage in the one or two states that had tried it, had much merit, and that it might be advantageously adopted in Montana. It was therefore deemed better to accept the measure, insufficient as it was for the most favorable results, and trust to future remedial legislation than to have the measure altogether fail, especially as the provision relating to auxilliary offices in other cities was sufficiently flexible to permit the municipal authorities to establish and maintain them under more favorable conditions.

The office was established April 1st, 1895. A favorable location was secured and Mr. H. T. Bevan was appointed clerk in charge. Employers in, and in the vicinity of, Helena were notified by circular letters and correspondence entered into later with roadmasters and others employing labor and diligent effort made to carry out the purpose of the act. Considering all the circumstances the experiment has been fairly successful. It is believed that in times of normal demand for labor and with the law amended as practical experience has made manifest is necessary, it could be made unquestionably so. Some of the obstacles to be overcome and methods of meeting them will be taken up in the next report. The year has not been a favorable one in this vicinity for securing employment for labor, there being few new enterprises affording employment for unskilled labor where it was deemed the office would be warranted in directing it. The moral obligation rests on it to avoid where possible sending persons to positions where they would not be satisfactorily recompensed as it does to avoid applications Following are given tables showing visious "sources. the applications made and filled and the classes of occupation sought. Blanks are sent out with those directed to situations; similar blanks are furnished those seeking help; but numerous instances have come to the notice of the clerk in charge where neither employer nor employe made returns to the office and it is his belief a much larger number of applications have been filled than those given below which are only of the returns actually made to the office. While as a matter of fact the securing of the situation to the applicant is the important consideration it would benefit the office and enable a fairer showing of the results were all applicants considerate enough to make returns.

APPLICANTS FOR "EMPLOYMENT" and "HELP" AND POSITIONS SECURED, APRIL 1 TO DEC. 31, 1895.

Months—1895.		ANTS FOR	APPLICANT	s for help.	POSITIONS SECURED.*	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
April May June July August September October November December	139 70 28 73 62 31 28 17 28	61 69 62 53 43 42 56 28	19 28 22 30 35 27 30 11 15	62 67 71 74 90 62 50 41 61	12 22 14 28 30 20 19 8 14	20 27 41 42 38 28 26 10
Total by sexes	476	447	217	578	167	263
Totals both sexes		923		795		430

^{*} The figures given in this column only include those of whom actual return was made to the office.

APPLICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT, BY OCCUPATION DESIRED.

CLASSIFIED APPLICATIONS.	April	Мау	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Mechanics and tradesmen Office work Ranchmen Any kind of Labor Any light work Chopping Dining Room work General house work Cooks—Male and Female Second Cooks and helpers Chamber or second work Nurse Girls All other occupations	17 17 38 31 11 2 4 20 27 15 9	14 5 4 29 5 43 6 8 8 9 5	4 5 4 43 9 4 7 4 10	6	9 25 12 6 24 12 3	2 22 22 1 2 33 2 1 4 2	4 9 5 39 8 2 2 5 10	19 19 1	6 2 13 2 6 2 2 2 8
Totals	200	139	90	126	105	73	84	45	61

Immediately after publication of the Codes containing the provisions relating to the Free Employment Offices letters were sent to the Hon. Mayors and Boards of Aldermen in Butte, Anaconda and Great Falls, respectfully calling their attention thereto. This Bureau has not been notified that any action has been taken.

While there are limitations on the work of these offices, for instance in the fact that miners, railroad men, mechanics and those of a number of other vocations when out of employment make application direct to the regular employing officers of companies or enterprises, there are yet large numbers of working people of both sexes who have to rely on the employment offices to obtain situations, and there are frequently those who would prefer to employ them through an official agency that makes no charge to the employe for its services. Being under oath and bond, having no advantages to gain by sending applicants on illusive quests, applicants have more confidence in the officially conducted offices than in the ordinary pay offices, and they are saved the fees necessarily charged by the latter. These fees frequently have to be paid when unemployed persons are illy able to spare the money, if they have it at all. It further appears to be established that the Free Public Offices decrease unemployment, as employers frequently seek help through these offices when they would not go to the expense of applying for it through the pay offices. The conclusion is therefore, that, under a perfected law, and judiciously maintained. Free Public Employment Offices in larger cities of Montana would do a good work and more than compensate the expense they would be to the State and to cities

THE RUSSIAN THISTLE

That which is known in South Dakota as the "Russian Thistle" and in North Dakota as the "Russian Cactus," but which is not properly either a thistle or cactus, but a very noxious, fast spreading and injurious weed notwithstanding, was accidentally introduced in flaxseed brought from Russia to South Dakota in 1873. It is described as a vicious inland variety of the saltwort, a nearly harmless plant abounding on the Atlantic coast and resembles in appearance the common "tumbleweed." Its technical name is Salsola kali tragus. It has existed on the great plains of southeastern Russia, where the conditions are very similar to those of the plains regions of the United States, for 150 years and has been so destructive to barley, wheat, flax and like cereals in that portion of Russia that cultivation has been abandoned over large areas bordering the Caspian sea. No effective method of extermination has ever been discovered there, or if discovered has not been utilized. Sheep pasturing on the young plants has somewhat kept it in check but it is continually spreading. Its diffusion in South Dakota was apparently slow for six or eight years. In 1880 a specimen was sent from Yankton, South Dakota, to the U. S. Department of Agriculture, but it was held to be the common saltwort. In 1891 the attention of the Department was again called to it from several points in South Dakota and urgent request made for information which might be applied to checking the spread of the weed. In 1893 it covered an area of 35,000 square miles. Since then its spread continued with marvellous and alarming rapidity. It was reported from 90 new localities in 1894 and from 69 new localities up to November 20, 1895. At the latter date it was positively reported to exist in twenty states and three Canadian provinces with the probability that it had exended to others.

It is known to exist in places from eastern Ontario and New Jersey to the western borders of Idaho and California, and from Manitoba to New Mexico. It is most abundant in South Dakota and adjoining states, but it has formidably invaded nearly all the great interior wheat region of the continent.

The attention of this Bureau was first called to its existence in Montana in the summer of 1895, and an effort was at once made to ascertain in what localities it had appeared, how it was introduced and what measures had been taken to extirpate it, with a view of calling public attention to the evil if it was a menace to the welfare of the State, and endeavoring to secure efficient action in preventing its further spread and securing its extirpation where it has already gained foothold. The following circular was

therefore prepared, with space after each inquiry for reply, and sent to County Commissioners, Assessors and Sheriffs of the several Counties, and to prominent agriculturists and to newspapers of the State having circulation principally in the farming communities.

Please fill and return to Bureau of Agriculture, Labor and Industry, Helena, Montana

Tiende in and Tetal's to Different of figure and the the state, file in a stoff and
(1.) Has what is known as "The Russian Thistle," to your knowledge, made its appear-
ance in your County?
(2.) If so, when did it make its first appearance?
(3.) Where?
(4.) How is it believed to have originated there?
(5.) Area in your County over which it extended in 1894?
(6.) Area in your County over which it extends in 1895?
(7.) Has any effort been made to extirpate it? If so, what measures have been taken
and what has been the result so far as you have knowledge or can ascertain?
Signed
Dated
P. O. Address Montana,
Note.—If you have no knowledge of the existence of Russian Thistle in your County.

and do not ascertain that there is any, please so write on this blank and return it.

Prompt and general response was made to this inquiry with the results as given below:

DISTRIBUTION BY COUNTIES.

Beaverhead County—There are conflicting reports from this county consequent it seems on lack of positive identification of the plant. Two persons report Russian Thistle—one a small patch about two miles south of Dillon, and another near Lima. In this latter there were about ten plants in 1894 and not to exceed 100 plants in 1895. Other persons think the thistles reported near Dillon are not the "Russian." Mr. W. T. Mauldin says "Wild oats, plaintain, sun flower, dandelion and wild lettuce are the worst pests."

Carbon County.—Three persons reporting from Carbon County, including Assessor H. C. Province, say they have not been able to learn of any Russian Thistle in that county.

Cascade County.—Russian Thistle, definitely identified by submission of a sample by Prof. O. C. Mortson to the Department of Agriculture at Washington, is reported from Great Falls and at other points along the Great Northern Railway in Cascade County. At Great Falls it obtained foothold at the freight depot and extended in a north-east direction, in a narrow strip along the track for about half a mile and also at some points into the alleys and back streets along the side walks. It is believed to have originated from seed falling from freight or emigrant cars, and plants were most numerous where emigrant goods were transferred to the Great Falls and Canada R. R. There were only a few plants in 1894; the area covered in 1895 did not exceed 80 acres. The Tribune discovered the character of the weed and published description. On its being identified the County Commissioners promptly adopted vigorous measures to exterminate it in the city and along the railroad tracks in the County. The G. N. Ry officials also issued strict orders to section men and other employes to destroy it wherever found along the road and a considerable quantity of it was found and destroyed. The plants were pulled up and burned even before seeding time. Close examination was made by Prof. Mortson at Armington, Belt, Beulah, Allen Junction and Sand Coulee but no plants found. It is now believed to be practically extirpated but its reappearance will be closely watched for.

Choteau County.—Reports from persons in different parts of the County, including Sheriff McLaughlin and County Commissioner Barton state the Russian Thistle has not to their knowledge appeared in the County.

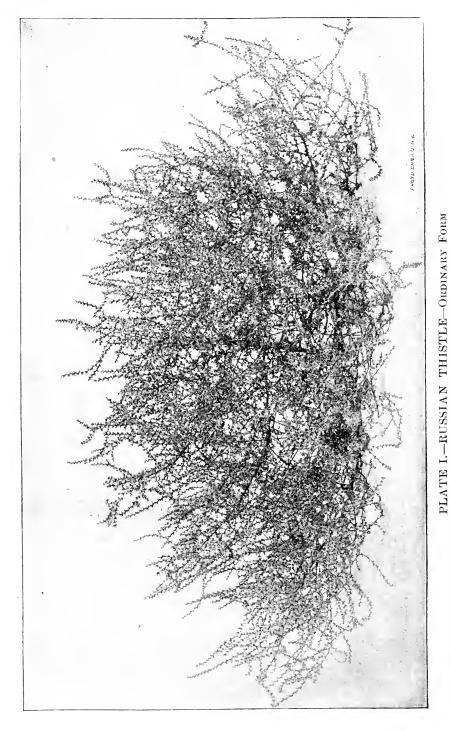


Plate I Shows the Common, Open Form of the Russian Thistle, 14 Feet High and 3 Feet Across

Custer County.—There are five reports from Custer County. Two persons reporting have not had information of its existence. C. E. Pierce, J. P., Rosebud, "after considerable inquiry has not been able to hear of any Russian Thistle in that section," but farmers on Rosebud Creek have informed County Commissioner Hammond that several patches of it do exist there and no measures have been taken to exterminate it. Rosebud Creek is 80 to 100 miles long. Sheriff Hawkins reports its existence on Tongue River 50 miles from Miles City where was a patch of 15 to 20 acres in 1895, and also in the Yellowstone Valley below Miles City. It is believed to have been introduced by shipping seed grain and baled hay from Dakota. At the latter place the Irrigating Ditch Co., and the road supervisors are making every effort to exterminate it, but it is not learned anything has been done on Tongue River.

Dawson County.—County Commissioner Andrew Smith of Wibaux, formerly Mingusville, reports a patch of about five acres near Wibaux six miles from the Dakota line in 1894, and on the same ground with some along the railroad track in 1895. The seed is believed to have been brought in in seed oats. "An attempt was made to burn it but it was a failure." (Probably was not pulled and dried.) Assessor J. M. Rhoades is not aware of its existence elsewhere in Dawson County.

Deer Lodge County.—Reports from County Officers and others in five different localities of the County, after general inquiry, state that its existence has not been learned of in the County. Hon. John W. Blair of Helmville writes: "I have made inquiries of persons residing in different parts of the County and cannot learn that the pest has got foothold as yet, and am certain it has not in Nevada Valley as I am familiar with the plant, having seen it growing in the Dakotas. In my opinion it will not be very troublesome in Deer Lodge County as it is a tender plant, starting late in the spring and easily killed by frost. Beside it is readily devoured, when young, by all kinds of stock."

Fergus County.—Officers and others in four different places in the County report they have not been able to learn of any Russian Thistle in Fergus County.

Flathead County.—Assessor J. B. Gibson reports small patches of Russian Thistle one mile west of Kalispell, and two and four miles west of Columbia Falls. That near Kalispell originated from garden seeds, and those near Columbia Falls from clover seed and oats shipped from South Dakota. Its first appearance was in 1892 in one locality and in 1893 in the others. It has spread very little. "We have practically no winds and I have never seen a bush get outside of the field where it originally grew. Very little effort was made to destroy it until the summer of 1895. It has gained very little headway and I do not anticipate much difficulty in destroying it." Persons reporting from other parts of the County have no knowledge of its existence.

Gallatin County.—Two reports from Gallatin County state a few plants of Russian Thistle were found at or near Manhattan and at or near Central Park along the N. P. R. R. track but the information is indefinite. Luther Foster. Esq., Agriculturist of the Agricultural College, has been unable to learn definitely of its existence in the County, but farmers generally stated they were not able to identify it.

Granite, Jefferson, Lewis and Clarke, Madison. Meagher, Missoula, Park, Silver Bow and Valley Counties.—Reports from a large number of officers and other persons well informed in the above counties state if the Russian Thistle exists in any of them the fact could not be ascertained. It is stated in some reports that the farmers are not familiar with the form and appearance of the weed and probably would not recognize it if existing.

Ravalli County.—County Commissioners Ferd. Wehr and J. F. Hendricks, and Assessor Robert Nelson report Russian Thistle in this County.Mr. Wehr says "it extends up and down the valley on the east side of the river a distance of 10 or 12 miles." Mr. Hendricks says "there is a thistle, called by people who should know the Russian Thistle, along the county roads and in fields close to them between Grantsdale and Corvallis." It extended some three miles along the roads in 1894 and eight to ten miles and in the fields in 1895. It is believed to have originated by the shipping in of fruit trees. Assessor Nelson reports sustantially as does Mr. Wehr. There has been no effort to extirpate it except by road overseers who cut and burn the plants along the county roads.

Sweet Grass County.—Diligent inquiry by several persons reporting did not result in any Russian Thistle being discovered, except a few plants in one sheep corral near

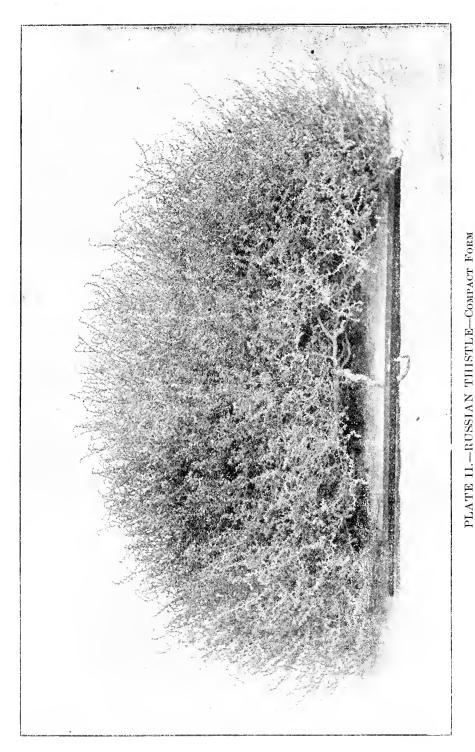


Plate II Shows the Dense Kind of Russian Thistle, Two Feet High and Five Feet Across

Melville which was pronounced by people from Nebraska to be Russian Thistle. Its origin cannot be accounted for and close watch will be kept for it next summer.

Teton County.—The only place Russian Thistle is reported in this County is along the G. N. Ry in the northern part of the County where it has appeared along the right of way near the Marias river. It first made its appearance soon after the extension was built and is believed to have been brought in feed by graders. It is not known that any measures have been taken to extirpate it.

Yellowstone County.—Reports from County Commissioners Edward Cardwell and C. A. Gruwell, Geo. A. Berkey, Sheriff, and editors E. L. Boardman of the Gazette and H. L. Knight of the Recorder all state the Russian Thistle exists in this County, but only to a limited extent and in a few localities. It was only known in two isolated spots in 1894, and in the others it was identified in 1895. One report states it exists at Laurel, on the N. P. R. R. All state it exists twenty miles south-east of Billings on the Crow Reservation along the right of way of the B. & M. R. R. and at the depot of that road at Billings. It is believed to have been brought in in the feed for graders' teams from states further east. Officials of the N. P. and B. & M. R. R's state orders have been given section men to destroy the plant wherever found. As yet but a small number of plants have been found at Billings or further west.

Plate III.—Figure a, branch of mature plant, natural size; b, seedling about two weeks after germination, natural size; c, flower detached and remaining suspended by minute hairs, enlarged three times; d, flower viewed from above, enlarged three times; e, seed with flower removed, enlarged five times; f, young plant in seed, removed enlarged seven times.

It will be seen from the above that Russian Thistle is reported to exist, although as yet in only limited quantity, in nine Counties of Montana. The principal trouble met with by those called on for reports was that few farmers were able to identify the Russian Thistle, very many presuming that of course it was of the thistle family and bore the family form and resemblance, whereas the appearance is dissimilar. Probably this has led in some instances to other thistles being mistaken for the Russian, and in others to its non-identification where existing. The cumulative testimony is, however, indisputable that the Russian Thistle has invaded Montana and its vicious qualities, its rapid diffusion if neglected, and the fact that it can be kept under control and finally extirpated if prompt and earnest effort is made, renders the present the opportune time to awaken public attention to the pest and endeavor to prevent its further spread.

As a preliminary measure this Bureau procured through the courtesy of Hon. A. H. Laughlin, Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor for North Dakota, the plates and description of the Russian Thistle used in his emergency poster of 1895, has secured illustrated publication of articles circulating largely among agriculturists, and through the courtesy of Senator Mantle has obtained and mailed leading farmers and stock growers in all portions of the State several thousand pamphlets on this and kindred subjects issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. These illustrations and descriptions are given herewith and it is contemplated to further use them as the season advances in posters to be sent to all Post Offices and Railroad stations in the State. Being made acquianted with its appearance, the avenues of introduction and the method of destroying it, the communities infested may, through concerted action, or perhaps the aid of county officers or legislative requirement, succeed in protecting this State from a pest that has worked millions of dollars damage to our neighbors and has apparently passed beyond their control.

DESCRIPTION OF MATURE PLANT.

The Russian Thistle grows from seed every year; is from 1 to 3 feet high, branching profusely from the base. It forms a spreading top, varying in density as shown in Plates I and II, and from a few inches to 6 feet across. The color of the whole is light green in summer, but becoming matured late in the season; the branches and upper leaves are striped with red lines running lengthwise. The root is distinctly a tap root, dull white with few branches and easily pulled from the ground. The leaves on the young plant

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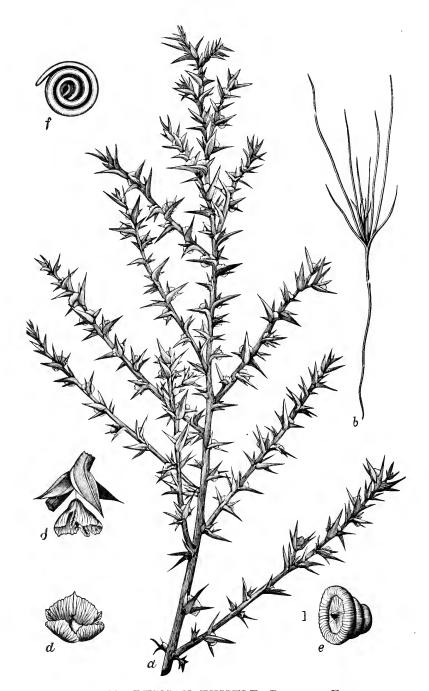


PLATE III.—RUSSIAN THISTLE—DETAILED FIGURES

Plate III.—Figure a, branch of mature plant, natural size; b, seedling about two weeks after germination, natural size; c, flower detached and remaining suspended by minute hairs, enlarged three times; d, flower viewed from above, enlarged three times; e, seed with flower removed, enlarged five times; f, young plant in seed, removed, enlarged seven times.

are single, and very narrow, % to 1½ inches or more long, soft and downy, but with a spine at the point, dropping off more or less. (See Fig. b, Piae III.) The leaves of the mature plant are in threes, ¼ to ½ an inch long on upper branches, with broad base making hard, stiff spines. The flowers open from August to October, and are single and without stalk, one above each cluster of spines, ¼ to % of an inch across, thin and papery, bright rose color or dull white. (See Fig. a, c and d, Plate III.) The seeds come singly at the base of each flower about 1-12 of an inch long; much broader above than below, of coiled appearance. (See Fig. e, Plate III.) Young plant in seed, green and coiled. (See Fig. f, Plate III.) Seeds mature from about September 5th to October. A plant like the one in Plate II will contain 10,000 to 20,000 seeds. With winter the plants break off at the surface of the ground and roll before the wind, scattering the seed. The Russian Thistle can be readily known from the Plates, and by remembering that it has no broad thin leaves like common plants. In general appearance it somewhat resembles the common tumble weed, but it is darker colored, and when maturing can easily be distinguished from the tumble weed by the sharp stickers or spines.

HOW INTRODUCED AND DISTRIBUTED.

The Russian Thistle has so far appeared in Montana principally along the lines of railroad and at or near stations. It is brought to some extent in seed procured from infected regions and in emigrant cars; in other instances it was brought by graders in feed for their animals and in one instance each it is reported to have been brought in garden seeds and the roots of fruit trees. The old bedding and litter of infested stock cars removed at shipping points before the cars are reloaded is deemed another method of transmission. It is a safe plan not to buy seed or hay in infected regions for importation to Montana. The Russian Thistle grows with one small tap root. The plant matures in September and October. The root is easily snapped off by the winds and the bush sent rolling like a vertiable tumble weed often traveling, when no ofstacles interpose, many miles before the wind distributing its seed over the entire distance. Frequently the seeds are carried by flowing streams or irrigating ditches into new localities and lodged where they germinate and grow in disastrous luxuriance. A surface of crusted snow and a strong propelling wind are favorable conditions to distribute the seeds of plants until a fence or like obstacle stops them.

NATURE AND MEANS OF DESTRUCTION.

This Russian Thistle exhausts the soil and unless plowed under renders no return. It chokes wheat, flax, barley and rye frequently rendering fields not worth harvesting. and being left to mature obtains large size and finally gains possession to infect other localities. Late and continuous cultivation of potatoes, corn and like products keeps down the plant, and rank growing grasses and heavy crops of oats sometimes chokes them out, but where the crop is light or uncultivated the thistle generally ruins the crop. The mature plant is rigid and full of sharp spines that interfere seriously with both men and horses in harvesting and threshing, causing irritating sores to both, and rendering the crop unfit for seed. It seems to grow in all kinds of soil and in dry as well as wet seasons. While young it has some value as a forage crop, sheep especially feeding on the young plants, and grazing is one of the methods of keeping the plant in check, although it has proven futile when the plant is well established. The Russian Thistle is an annual. The young plants are somewhat susceptible to frost and when first starting are easily destroyed by pulling up, plowing under or cutting them off. The seeds will not probably mature here before late in August or September and any time prior to that the weed if pulled will die and do no injury. After the seeds mature the only safe method of destruction is to pull the plants, let them dry sufficiently and burn them. It is stated the seeds lose their germinative quality in two or three years and if care is exercised in destroying the plants their spread may be readily checked and the pest extirpated.

North and South Dakota have each passed laws for the destruction of noxious weeds, having especial reference to the Russian Thistle, but the results have not yet been entirely satisfactory. The "abandoned farms" in some states where there is no one whose especial interest it is to destroy these weeds, have been the nurseries that have done most to propagate the weed and render ineffective the efforts of those who sought to destroy them on their own lands. Areas cleared are again infested by weeds blown in from infected localities. This difficulty will not be met with in Montana as we have no abandoned farms. Concerted and earnest action in newly infected localities will doubtless be undertaken and prove effective.

Care exercised by farmers in selecting seed and in destroying plants, if supplemented by instructions to station employes and section men on railroads, and to road supervisors as to public highways, would doubtless result welll, and this Bureau will use its best efforts in 1896 to disseminate information so the pest will be readily distinguished in all infested or exposed localities. Its effects are so injurious and its spread so rapid after once established that too much care cannot be exercised in keeping it out or exterminating it where it has gained foothold.

CERTAIN WEEDS DECLARED A COMMON NUISANCE

LAW PROVIDING FOR THEIR DESTRUCTION.

Secs. 1197-1200 Penal Code of Montana, approved March 18, 1895.

Sec. 1197. Be it enacted that the weeds known as the Canada thistle, the Scotch bull thistle and the Russian thistle are hereby declared to be a common nuisance for all the purposes of this Act.

Sec. 1198. Any person or persons owning any lands within this state, or occupying or having control of any lands, whether within the plat of towns, villages or cities, or otherwise within this state, knowingly permitting or suffering any Canada, Scotch bull or Russian thistle or thistles to go to seed on any land or lands thus owned, occupied or under control of such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of supporting and maintaining a common nuisance, and upon conviction thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, of the offence shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty nor less than five dollars.

Sec. 1199. In case any person or persons, railroad or other corporation, owning or occupying any lands within this state, under his or her or their control, as the case may be, shall refuse or neglect to destroy any Canada. Scotch bull or Russian thistle or thistles growing or standing upon any land or lands so owned, occupied or controlled, on or before the fifteenth day of August, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners, road supervisors or other person or persons having control of the public highways, streets or alleys where any such thistle or thistles may be found growing or standing, to immediately destroy or cause the same to be destroyed, and pay therefor at the same rate that is paid for road labor: and every supervisor or other person hereinbefore authorized to destroy said thistles shall keep a correct account of all moneys paid out for that purpose, and charge the same to the person or persons or corporation owning, occupying or controlling the land or lands upon which such thistle or thistles were destroyed, and the person or persons or corporation owning, occupying or having control of such lands shall be liable in a civil action for the amount so charged against them and the costs of suit: Provided, that if any supervisor or other person having, under the authority of this Act, destroyed any of the said thistles, and is unable to find the owner of the land, or is unable to collect such money, the same shall be paid by the authorities of the town, village, city or county where such thistles were destroyed; and provided further, that in case any railroad company becomes chargeable under the provisions of this Section, the supervisors of the township where the same has become chargeable may certify to the same to the county attorney of their county, whose duty it shall be to bring and prosecute a civil action against the railroad company for the amount so charged, and costs of suit aforesaid.

Sec. 1200. It is hereby made the duty of every person having knowledge of any Canada, Scotch bull and Russian thistle or thistles growing or standing upon the lands of another to immediately destroy the same, or give the person owning or occupying such lands immediate notice thereof.

PART II.

ECONOMIC STATISTICS OF COUNTIES, ETC.

In the following pages will be found a series of statistical Tables by counties, including many features that have not heretofore been prepared and presented in Montana. The value of these to officers of the County and State, to legislators and to the people generally will, it is believed, be apparent to all, and that their value will increase if they are continued to be prepared and published in this, or some approximately similar form for succeeding years. Up to the year 1895 when the State Examiner act was passed and provision made for uniform system throughout the State there was great diversity of keeping County books. In devising the reports from which these Tables are prepared the plan had necessarily to be adjusted to the methods in which County accounts and records were kept, and that form of report adopted which could be made up in all. Therefore the original plan had in many respects to be materially modified and less complete and detailed showing made than was possible in some Counties in order that all might be presented. This difficulty it is presumed will be to considerable extent obviated under the uniform system now adopted throughout the State, and the labor of County officials in preparing these reports be greatly lessened.

The tables following show for the several Counties in 1894 the sources of revenue from licenses and the amounts paid out by the Treasurers for certain classified expenses, the Civil and Criminal cases and the Administrations and Guardianships begun, pending or disposed of, and the Executions and Foreclosures issued; also Real Estate Transfers, Mortgages and Satisfactions, Chattel Mortgages and Mechanics Liens.

The Tables also show the number of Divorces granted and Marriage Licenses issued; the number of Final Naturalization papers issued and the nativity of persons obtaining them; the number of Jail Incarcerations and the nature of offences charged; commitments to the State Prison and nature of offences; and the commitments to the State Insane Asylum with the forms of disease of persons committed thereto. The indebtedness of the several Counties for the year ended February 28, 1895, and the Increase and Decrease for year is also given.

In so far as it has been practicable the percentages of these statistics have been computed by this Bureau. These statistics comparatively and as a whole, will prove an interesting and valuable study and will no doubt have a salutary influence on public economies. In fact in some instances, through the advance publication in local newspapers, it has already been made manifest.

The thanks of the Commissioner are hereby tendered to all County officers who kindly and with much labor prepared the reports of their respective Counties.

TABLE NO. I—Showing Sources of Revenue from Licenses, by Counties, During the Calendar Year 1894, as reported by County Treasurers.

Counties.	Attorneys Physicians & Dentists.	Butchers.	Gamb- ling.	Hotels.	Laun- dries.	Liveries & Hacks.	Mer- chants.	Peddlers and Pawn- brokers.	Power and Light Co's.
Beaverhead	\$ 36 00		\$1,666 52	*	\$ 85 00	\$ 120 00	\$1,275 00	\$ 30 00	
Cascade	532 00		1,606 57	\$287 50	65 00	522 50	3,200 00	340 00	\$40 00
Choteau	36 00	60 00	820 34	62 50	60 00	15 00	695 00	40 00	
Custer		<i></i>	913 55	62 50	70 00	120 00	721 00	70 00	40 00
Dawson	28 00			20 00	15 00	80 00	410 00	10 00	
Deer Lodge	286 00	237 00	6,426 37	217 50	152 50	240 00	2,534 00	285 00	90 00
Fergus		35 00	1,426 55	20 00	15 00	195 00	540 00	105 00	
Flathead	96 00	65 00	195 00	80 00	85 00	180 00	660 00		100 00
Gallatin	436 00	130 90	1,434 05	55 00	120 00	160 00	1,555 00	20 00	40 00
Granite	136 00	105 00	1,093 26	20 00	80 00	125 00	895 00	10 00	40 00
Jefferson	16 00	250 00	860 00	150 00	60 00				
Lewis and Clarke	1,188 00	415 00	8,539 63	492 50	290 00		6,315 00		
Madison	148 00	140 00	1,873 18	112 50	5 00	210 00	875 00		
Meagher	264 00	80 00	480 00	85 00	45 00	405 00	1,030 00	.55 00	
Missoula	S0 00	150 00	1,426 64	70 00	45 00	250 00	1,605 00	295 00	80 00
Park	239 00		795 08	85 00	40 00	105 00	1,779 50	25 00	180 00
Ravalli	104 00	80 00		50 00	35 00	120 00			
Silver Bow	634 00	800 00	4,843 00	122 001	448 00	448 00	6,080 00	940 00	160 00
Teton	100 00	20 00	533 60	57 50	25 00		175 00	15 00	1
Valley	84 00	60 00	133 40	45 00		15 00	250 00	25 00	
Yellowstone	160 00	55 00	2,827 70	52 50	70 00	135 00	1,140 00	30 00	200 00
Total	\$4,603 00	\$2,962 00	\$37,894 44	\$2,147 00	\$1,810 50	\$4,491 50	\$33,719 50	\$3,625 00	\$2,543 33
Per Cent of total amt. of licenses paid by		0.80	10.25	0.58	0.49	1.21	9.13	0.98	0.69
severa! Businesses.	1.24	0.80	10.20	0.50	0.49	1.21	9.13	0.90	0.09

^{*} Included in Restaurants.

TABLE NO. I—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Real Estate and Insurance.	Restau- rants and Lodging Houses.	Saloons.	Theaters.	Wholesale and Ketail Liquors.	All Others.	Total.	Per Cent of Total Amt. of Licenses paid byeach County.
Beaverhead		8 60 00	& 5 622 AA		\$ 562 00		\$ 9,467 52	2.56
Casaada	9149 00	387 50	26,195 00			\$1,337 00	36,366 07	
Choteau	16 00	45 00	6,520 00		93 75	30 00	8,503 59	
Cheten	10 00	40 00	6,980 00		625 00	290 00	9,932 05	
Custer Dawson	32 00		1,675 00			50 00	2,349 00	
Deer Lodge	32 00		28,520 00			1,428 00	42,615 12	
Forcus	5× 00	101 50	20,520 00		3,757 50		6,224 05	
Fergus Flathead	32 00	27 50	7,815 00	8 00	· '	200 00	9,543 50	
Gallatin	80 00	187 50					12,054 05	
Granite		52 50	3,150 00				8,460 26	
Jefferson		190 00	10.112 00		50~ 50	100 00	13,394 00	
Lewis and Clarke	228 00		34,420 00		3,018 75	463 00	58,996 21	
		7 50	4,965 00				9,384 68	2.54
Madison	44.00		5,095 00	~0000	125 00		7,888 00	
Meagher	44 00	87 50	16,605 00				21,497 64	
Missoula Park			9,390 00			58 00	13,322 33	
Danille		22 50	3,955 00		312 50		5,424 00	
Ravalli	480 00	240 00					75,136 00	
Silver Bow								
Teton		40 00				~1 00	2,792 40	
Valley	76 00				890 00	224 00		
Yellowstone	10 00	127 50	6,920 00	128 00	690 00	224 00	13,035 70	3.53
Total	\$1,172 00	\$1,780 00	\$246,615 00	\$898 00	\$19,209 50	\$6,204 00	\$369,674 77	100.
Per cent of total amt. of								
Licenses paid by several Businesses.		0.48	66.71	0.24	5.20	1.68	100.	

TABLE NO. 2—Showing by Counties, amounts paid on account of Classified Expenses, exclusive of amount expended for Public Schools for Fiscal year ended Feb. 28, 1895, as reported by County Clerks.

Counties.	Salaries and Expenses of County Officers	Jurors and Witnesses in Criminal Cases in District Court.	Board of Prisoners in County Jail.	Building and Repairing Roads and Highways.	Building Bridges.	Public Buildings and Repairs on Same.
Beaverhead	(b) 44,285 26 23,844 53	7,591 10 7,600 60	\$ 1,304 40 4,929 28 1,003 20	15,964 19 7,798 21	\$ 72 90 1,397 00	\$ 716 00
Custer	24,054 27 14,682 95 43,253 26	3,939 90 1,105 80 7,788 40	1,234 00 167 30 6,244 05	2,406 60 23,692 46	140 00	533 47
Fergus	21,146 33 22,012 36 20,666 85		673 20 1,242 40 1,060 80	8,157 80		264 00
Granite	16,769 54	3,226 40	603 75 411 94 3,889 20	4,416 21 5,291 73	575 00 2,598 55 9,909 87	
Madison Meagher	17,724 37 26,557 92 37,136 24	2,257 50 2,905 10 6,175 70	383 60 190 20 12,181 71	5,019 72 16,638 25	4,049 88	520 23 568 81 833 83
Missoula	17,790 00 17,240 26	7,662 80 4,903 50	794 40 397 05	26,644 53 3,786 24	(h)	
Silver Bow Teton Valley	70,058 47 19,255 71 12,109 06	27.248 80 3,549 30 1,277 10	9,657 00 474 56 1,523 75	4,676 40 523 80	4,965 52	7,038 05 1,557 50 7,312 34
Yellowstone	\$547,906 68	\$123,653 94	1,391 40 \$49,757 19			\$28,027 99
Per Cent expended for the several items.	28,69	6.47	2.66		18.28	

TABLE NO. 2—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Maintenance of Poor at Poor Farms.	Aid of Poor other than at Poor Farms.	Medical Attendance and Medicines for County Poor.	Printing, Advertising, Books and Stationery.	Election Expenses in 1894	County Bonds Redeemed.
Beaverhead Cascade Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Loege Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula Park Ravalli Silver Bow Teton Valley Yellowstone	(c) 2,006 05 2,044 39 3,474 18 1,130 53 1,633 96 928 60 5,585 05 2,004 38 3,775 50 2,756 11 8,371 45 688 10 875 50	(d) 11,013 80 4,344 89 744 35 655 75 13,084 77 8,013 67 836 45 1,488 39 4,433 30 340 00 13,370 97 5,568 47 451 31 891 70 1,062 29 29,865 93 156 45	2,105 00 216 63 140 00 2,118 65 1,368 82 849 34 420 50 124 50 300 00 1,360 60 959 50 2,174 76 552 00 431 95 3,819 63 950 00 800 00	1,688 15 2,720 24 1,345 76 2,614 77 2,174 71 1,966 93 3,681 40 1,060 12 1,894 21 5,621 65 1,112 73 1,862 02 2,793 95 2,487 68 2,170 67 8,400 40 2,336 24 1,052 05	5,064 13 2,015 83 3,220 90 668 19 3,529 37 2,203 34 2,087 29 2,014 15 2,500 00 2,186 53 3,617 654 1,543 88 2,345 86 3,076 54 1,601 86 13,257 50 1,974 66 1,976 27	25,000 00
Total	\$36,388 25	\$97,170 21	\$20,279 38	\$50,859 73	\$60,278 83	\$44,150 00
Per Cent expended for the several items.		8.06		2.66	3.15	2.31

TABLE NO. 2—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Interest Paid on outstanding Bonds.	Amount credited to Sinking Fund.	Justices' Court Expenses in- cluding Wit- nesses, Jurors and Constables Fees.	All other Expenses.	Total.
Beaverhead Cascade Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula Park Ravalli Silver Bow Teton Valley Yellowstone	5,472 50 11,155 00 16,595 15 11,450 00 3,750 00 6,250 00 3,604 50 5,425 00 11,382 99	\$596 55 28 34 5,048 47 2,612 05 6,348 16 2,259 61 11,298 71 6,496 18 15,700 82 5,564 65	1,721 55 143 80 6,385 76 2,101 09 4,556 56 1,367 20 882 05 1,177 60 6,025 80 509 35 505 75 8,281 70 2,921 45 1,077 18 16,911 90 977 70 1,982 20	\$5,296 18 9,552 70 3,330 80 4,937 17 2,016 12 (f) 20,874 66 11,669 48 9,639 39 20,055 86 40,661 74 23,293 18 1,782 31 2,792 64 5,992 31 19,070 35 952 13 20,841 95 5,144 74 1,200 50 11,233 95	\$42,691 18 124,024 80 65,762 49 85,284 48 34,846 38 139,497 67 94,546 11 88,080 70 75,226 13 54,627 33 96,270 47 189,078 31 47,562 14 83,409 34 124,815 25 96,225 56 47,196 94 265,730 95 55,455 33 34,423 07 73,411 17
Total	9.38	\$55,985 54 2.81	3.28	\$231,645 80 12.13	\$1,909,169 80

TABLE NO. 3-Showing by Counties, Amounts Collected and Expended for Public Schools, Bonds Sold During Year and Outstanding February 28, 1895, ETC., AS REPORTED BY COUNTY CLERKS.

Beaverhead County. (a) Included in "Building and Repairing Highways."

Cascade County. (b) "Printing" included in this item.
(c) County Poor Farm Improvements and Furniture.
(d) Maintenance of Poor.
(e) Including Balance in Treasury March 1, 1894.

Deer Lodge County. (f) \$6,430—expense for treating contagious diseases included.
Fergus County. (g) Included in "Building Bridges."

Park County (h) Included in "Building and Repairing Roads and Highways."

TABLE NO. 4—STATEMENT SHOWING, BY COUNTIES, CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CASES, ADMINISTRATIONS AND GUARDIANSHIPS, BEGUN, PENDING OR DISPOSED OF, EXECUTIONS AND FORECLOSURES ISSUED DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1894, AS REPORTED BY CLERKS OF DISTRICT COURTS.

Counties.	Civil Cases begun during year.	Civil Cases disposed of during year.	Civil Cases pending at end of year.	gunoy	finding in-	Criminal Cases pend- ing at end of year.	Convictions for Felony.
Beaverhead	54	53	32	9		4	2
Cascade	327	332	245	38	3	6	18
Choteau	48	31	17	18		i	10
Custer	54	45	41	23	23	5	7
Dawson	7	13	11	2	2	2	1
Deer Lodge	127	99	38	32	Í		18
ergus	91	57	34	9			4
Iathead	102	68	34	44		1	1
allatin	158	149	90	15		6	3
Franite	71	52	42	14		1	3
efferson		86	76	12		5	1
ewis and Clarke	446	338	945	41		17	12
Iadison	39	25	25	11		4	4
leagher	118	142	67	2		2	
lissoula	132	157	305	12	7	3	9
ark	121	165	83	20		11	7
avalli	51	59	31	4		4	3
ilver Bow	559	639	554	65	15	31	28
eton	38	35	27	15		1	l ĩ
alley	4	5		2			1 1
Tellowstone	61	78	25	26	1	4	10
Total	2,706	2,628	2,721	414	51	108	149

TABLE NO. 4—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Convictions for Misdemeanors.	Adminis- trations pending at beginning of year.	Letters of Adminis- tration granted.	Estates settled dur- ing year.	Guardian- ships pend- ing at beginning of year.	Guardian- ships dis- posed of during yeur	Executions issued during year.	Decrees of Foreclos- ures issued during year.
Beaverhead Cascade Choteau Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis & Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula Park Ravalli Silver Bow Teton Valley	9	46 60 37 23 4 30 14 13 72 17 130 37 55 191 22 1 192 1 22	10 15 4 10 6 29 6 7 18 10 13 50 21 13 15 12 5 5	9 28 2 6 7 7 3 8 15 1 4 4 5 7 1 38	18 23 16 7 2 3 4 4 37 5 5 74 10 13 51 5 2 18 1	43 3 43 4 1	8 75 5 13 1 37 6 32 40 114 20 25 4 33 42 9 89 10	2 51 5 2
Yellowstone	73	871	307	173	292	59	515	290

TABLE NO. 5—Statement Showing, by Counties, Real Estate Transfers made by Administrators, Guardians and others: Real Estate Mortgages and Satisfactions; Chattel Mortgages and Mechanics Liens filed during Calendar Year 1894, as Reported by County Clerks.

COUNTIES.		DEEDS. y, Quit Claim, etc.	TRA	ORS, ADMINISTORS AND DIAN'S DEEDS.	SHERIF	F's DEEDS.	TAX TI	rle Deeds
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
Beaverhead	162	\$38,508 00		\$2,600 00	3	\$3,645 31		\$172 0
Cascade	851	987,492 00	4	3,189 37	25	48,859 34	3	75 4
Choteau	117	64,736 00		480 00	2	1,750 00	1	4 0
Custer	96	74,841 13			8	7,032 02		55 2
Dawson	57	34,111 47	1	1 00			14	77 1
Deer Lodge	↑ 485	351,787 08		10,692 00	24	84,798 11		51 5
Fergus	348	3,146,063 29	6	535 00	5	2,847 26		
Flathead	369	255,305 35	1	1,500 00	5	6,080 00		
Ballatin	288	355,061 20		10,796 00	12	43,364 39	8	27 9
Granite	*271	371,112 72						
lefferson	935	835,000 00		2,000 00	, 18	54,000 00		17 1
Lewis and Clarke	557	962.168 39		3,416 00	40	91,258 84		337 5
Madison	276	575,225 00	4	6,519 00	10	45,744 62		76 2
Meagher	238	237,464 51	9	63,050 87	13	58,732 40		138 1
Missoula	434	365,272 18	11	5,113 27	23	28,996 70		62 2
Park	328	525,768 00			12	22,219 00	6	97 0
Ravalli	324	1,693,908 53		3.951 00	3	1,111 60		
Silver Bow	1,073	1,486,974 00		3,436 00	30	55,433 00		2,178 0
reton	108	27,813 86			8	3,960 72		
Valley	136	13,617 50						
Yellowstone	227	115,101 04	2	1,201 00	1	1,000 00	12	55 1
Total	7,680	\$12,517,334 24	98	\$118,480 51	242	\$560,833 31	131	\$3,424 7

^{*} All Deeds included.

TABLE NO. 5—CONTINUED.

Counties.	of Re Tran-fe	AND AMOUNT AL ESTATE RS MADE DUR- 3 YEAR.		STATE MORT- RECORDED.		SFACTIONS NTERED.	Per cent. of Mortgages satis- fied, relatively, in each County as compared with No. of Mortgage
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	recorded during
Beaverhead	176	\$44,925 31	26	\$53,560 O	5 4	\$10,903 65	20.36
Cascade	883	1,039,616 13	275	502,876 0	0 101	152,480 25	30.32 .
Choteau	121	66,970 06	41	30,167 0	0 23	16,934 00	56.13
Custer	109	81,928 39	56	53,776 2	5 49	57,597 00	107.29
Dawson	72	34,189 57	16	12,012 7		9,545 12	
Deer Lodge	524	447,328 701	163	168,907 9	4 109	101,845 38	
Fergus	359	3,149,445 55	175	362,246 9	5 98	187,473 34	51.76
Flathead	375	262,885 35	166	195,728 7	4 87	38,107 90	19,46
Gallatin	315	409,249 55	139	158,360 4	3 148	226,718 00	143.17
Granite	271	371,112 72	53	55,270 9		12,127 54	21.94
Jefferson	960	891,017 18	102	60,000 0	0 37	12,950 00	21,58
Lewis and Clarke	617	1,057,180 78	207	1,199,181 3	6 194	903,561 07	75,35
Madison	293	627,564 83	72	123,348 5	0		
Meagher	266	359,385 91	108	210,830 4	5 37	50,602 56	24,00
Missoula	472	399,444 37	165	223,170 0		163,826 06	73,40
Park	346	548,084 00	150	358,914 0		6,905 00	1.92
Ravalli	332	1,698,971 12	146	130,480 7		83,296 15	63,80
Silver Bow	1,166	1,548,021 00	275	610,193 0		596,958 00	97,83
Teton	116	31,774 58	441	51,060 3		14,149 21	
Valley	136	13,617 50	21	6,442 4		415 00	
Yellowstone	242	117,360 17	104	99,594 0		93,260 29	93.64
Total	8,151	\$13,200,072 77	2,504	\$4,666,121 9	6 1,768	\$2,739,655 52	58.79

TABLE NO. 5—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Снатті	EL MORIGAGES FILED.	тате . Мон	No. REAL ES- AND CHATTEL RIGAGES RE- ED AND FILED.		HANICS LIEN FILED.	s	Per Cent. of Total No. of Real Estate and Chattel Mortgages re- corded and	Per Cent of Total Amount in- vested in al Mortgages
	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.		filed by each County.	filed by each County.
Beaverhead	146	\$110,279 50	172	\$163,839 55	1	\$250	00	2.47	1.56
Cascade	483	400,825 39	758	903,701 39	26	8,532			8.63
Cho eau	156	345,851 00	197	376,018 00	4	304			3.59
Custer	230	913,745 37	286	967,521 62	3	101	96		9.24
Dawson	72	621,894 45	88	633,907 17				1.26	6.05
Deer Lodge	139	75,981 96	302	244,889 90	15	4,237	44	4.33	2.33
Fergus	379	715,921 03	554	1,078,167 98	94	36,534		7.95	10.29
Flathead	263	123,551 03	429	319,279 77	15.	6,214	96	6.15	3.04
Gallatin	303	147,593 73	442	305,954 16	3	516			2,92
Granite	92	68,604 55	145	123,875 52	49	8,849	25	2.03	1.18
Jefferson	161	102,800 00	263	162,800 00	99	11,500	00	3.77	1.55
Lewis and Clarke	256	241,045 17	463	1.440,226 53	24	3,191	99	6,64	13,75
Madison	121	121,460 00	193	244.808 50	7	13,916	66	2.77	2.33
Meagher	225	327,213 78	333	538,044 23	37	6,252	31	4.78	5,13
Missoula	226	203,799 41	391	426,969 44	5	1,045	00	5.61	4.07
Park		290,138 00	433	649,052 00	2	188	00	6.21	6.19
Ravalli	164	44,331 08	310	174,811 83	10	784	49	4.45	1.66
Silver Bow	386	288,899 00	661	899,092 00	64	10,239	00	9,49	8.58
Teton	94	202,989 68	138	254,050 02	2	1,565		1.98	2.54
Valley	40	115,645 40	61	122,087 82	12	3,047	80	0.87	1.16
Yellowstone	242	341,558 13	346	441,152 19	7	1,643		4.96	4.21
Total	4,461	\$5,804,127 66	6,965	\$10,470,249 62	479	\$118,914	04	100.	100.

TABLE NO. 6—NUMBER OF DIVORCES GRANTED IN CALENDAR YEAR 1894, AND WHETHER UPON COMPLAINT OF WIFE OR HUSBAND, AS REPORTED BY THE CLERKS OF THE DISTRICT COURTS.

Counties.	Granted upon com- plaint of Wife.	Granted upon com- plaint of Husband.	Total Number Grauted.	Per Cent of Divorces Granted in the several Counties.	Marriage Licenses is- sued during year.	Relative Per Cent of Di- vorces Grant- ed as com- pared with Marriage Li- censes issued during year.
BeaverheadCascade.	26 4	9 6 3	6 32 7	2.63 14.04 3.07	37 162 39	16.22 19.75 17.95
Custer Dawson Deer Lodge	6 0 10	0 3	7 0 13	3.07 5.70	47 15 80	14.89
Fergus Flathead Gallatin	4 7	1 3	4 5 10	1.75 2.19 4.40	42 41 76	9.52 12.19 13.16
Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke	5 20	1 4 9	4 9 29	1.75 3.95 12.72	24 30 222	16.67 30.00 13.06
Madison Meagher Missoula	2 4 17 6	1 3 5	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 5 \\ 20 \\ 11 \end{array}$	1,75 2,19 8,77 4,82	38 28 97 118	10.53 17.85 20.62 9.46
Park Ravalli Silver Bow	3 33 0	11 1	5 44 1	2.19 19.30 0.44	54 358 19	11.11 12.29 5.26
Teton Valley Yellowstone	4 7	0 1	4 8	1.75 3.51	11 60	36.36 13.33
Total	167	61	228	100.	1,598	14.26
Per Cent	73,25	26.75				

NATURALIZATIONS IN MONTANA, 1894.

TABLE NO, 6-Statement Showing the Number and Nativity of Persons to whom Final Naturalization Papers were Issued

IN THE CALENDAR YEAR 1894, AS REPORTED BY CLERKS OF THE SEVERAL COURTS,

O.	F AGRICULTURE, LABOR AND	INDUS	11(1				37
Per Cent. of Persons nat- uralized in each County.	0010040010418000014500 88488888888888888888888888888888888	100.					
Total	9.24 9.24 9.24 9.25 9.25 9.25 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.0	782,6	392 39	66 80 80	656	9,934	100.
All others	ದದೆ ಬರ್ಚ4 ನಾರಿ 'ಕ್ರಮೆಕ 'ನಾರಿಯ 'ಚ	06	9 :	9	22	103	1.03
Wales	. δ 4 . L L L Ω O 4 . ω L ω P L L . ω	141	10	1 :	°≟	153	1.54
Switzerland	1001 400000480 0410 : 3	147	4 :	# :	2	162	1.63
Sweden	1.74 2.00 ET 8 20 ET 8	950	91.	41	99	1,016	10.33
Scotland	:84r,004H0r4F18005088	363	13	CS.	121	378	08.3
Russia	- c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c	***************************************	7 :	₩	9	76	0.95
Norway	48212xxxx8x-144-1578xx8 : 0	403	ထလ	13	83	455	4.35
Italy	01 :8: 32 :8: 32 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0 :0	318	30		88	356	3.58
Ireland	- F242 F28 B 7 E 1 5 C 8 8 8 8 E 7 S	1,382	69	- 2 :	100	1,482	14.92
Germany	11952 0 8 12 12 0 8 1 4 4 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	182	33	## : :	57	784	7.90
France		09	T :	eo :	7	3	0.65
Finland	:2 :1-18 : :16:00 S : :7:1111 : :28	305	13	9	83	358	3.30
England	2727348 28867488 2188848 1	1,511	103	35 m	128	1,639	16.49
Denmark		113	4-1	9 :	Ξ	133	1.34
Canada	256 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2,152	55	239	75	2,246	32.61
Bohemia	::::::;ਜ:::ਖ਼ਜ:::;*	9	- :	: :	1	ž-	0.07
Belgium	:H :H@8 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	જ્ઞ	- :	: :	1	31	0.31
Austria	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 09	65	£ :	51	655	6.60
COUNTIES.	Beaverhead Cascade Cas	Total	In District Court. In Circuit Court	In District Court	Total	Grand Total	Per Cent of different Nationalities

JAIL INCARCERATIONS IN MONTANA, 1894.

TABLE NO. 7-STATEMENT SHOWING, BY COUNTIES, THE NUMBER, SEX AND NATURE OF THE OFFENSES CHARGED AGAINST Persons Confined in the Jails of Montana, during the Calendar Year 1894, as Reported by Sheriffs.

										: \					
		WHITE.			COLORED			INDIAN.			DAYS C	CONFINED.	NATURE OF OF-	NATURE OF OF-	
Counties.	Male	Female Total.	Total.	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Total Number confined during year.	Total Number of days all confined.	Average Number of days each confined.	Misde- meanors.	Held for Felonies for action of Dist.	Insane Tempo- rarily in Custody of Sheriff
Beaverhead	34		34	-	:				ಣ	SS	1,905				
Jascade	119	9	135		:	1	35		3₹	138	3,339			ਧ	:
Inotean	946	:	940	3≀ =	:	G₹ G	:	:	:	2 :	1,774				:
Jameson	5	:	3	* -	₹	0 -	:	:	:	<u></u> 5 *	1,91.				:
Deer Lodge	188	: :	* 66°	1	:°?	- C8				91 10	6.456	80.00 50.00		2000	:
en.	≋				:	-				32	206				
head	Ξ:				₹	4	18	≎१	ଝି	138	3,588				
alln	0.7	:	9	-	:	-	: : : : : :	:	74	9	2,352				~
Infantie	S 20	:	9 2	:	:	:	:	:	:	9 9 1	900			:	: "
Lewis and Clarke	394		- - - - -	31	: -	:68	01		-01	100	18.524			ž ž	ī
Madison	19	G₹	£	:	:					55	628				4
Meagher	oc ș	:	œ		:	:	:	:	:	œ	192				4
Missoula	498 5	2	510	E	œ (3}	i -	68	570	2.850		(a)		:
Park	110		113	9		G	:	:	:	157	446		116	30 Ç	:
Silver Bow	3 5	64	9 6	- G		30	:	:	:-	605	15 069		*		110
Jeton	9		200	2	2	3	_	:	٦	200	10,000		÷		CF.
Valley	9		9			:	:	:		9	38			₹ 00	:
Tellowstone	576		9.5	6 +		6			-	98	1,798		85	46	. en
Total	2,611	131	25,732	66 	98	116	55	6	99	2,914	59,345	20.36	2,387	£9F	159
Per cent of Total Incarcerations	89.60	4.15		3.09	0.89		1.96	0.31		:		:	:	:	:
_	_	_	_		_	_		_						=	

* Witnesses, 23; +6 Chinese; (a) includes Vagrancy, Petty Larceny, Disturbance.

TABLE NO. 8—STATEMENT SHOWING, BY COUNTIES, THE OFFENSES FOR WHICH PRISONERS WERE COMMITTED TO THE STATE PRISON AT DEER LODGE, DURING CALENDAR YEAR, 1894.

		AGA		тне	PEF	SON.			Aga	INST	PR	OPE			AGA Pur Ori	BLIC	Total	Per C sent Coun
Counties.	Assault to kill	Assault with deadly weapon	Manslaughter.	Murder Second Degree	Rape	Mayhem	Robbery	Burglary	Embezzlement	Forgery	Felonious Branding	Grand Larceny	Obt. prop'y un- der false pret.	n pro	Escaping from Prison	Selling whis- ky to Indians	1	Per Ct. of Prisoners sent from several Countles
Beaverhead		1 1						2 7 4	1	i		4 4 3				i	16 10	11.86 7.41
Custer. Dawson. Deer Lodge. Fergus.							2	3		 _i		4 3		1			5 1 11 4	0.74 8.15 2.97
Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson							2	l l							3		1 4 2	2.97
Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula	3		 1				5 2 2	1	1	2		3					14	2.97
Park Ravalli Silver Bow Teton	3			2 i		····i	i	10	1	 2 1		3 3 4	1				3 25 7	2,22 18.51 5,18
Yalley Yellowstone Total	<u></u>		• • • •	i	1		2 19	35	4	$-\frac{2}{9}$		37		····· 1	5	1	10 135	
Per Cent of Total Commitments				30.37							65.1	9			4.	44		

TABLE NO. 9—STATEMENT SHOWING, BY COUNTIES, THE FORM OF DISEASE OF PERSONS COMMITTED TO THE INSANE ASYLUM AT WARM SPRINGS, DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1894, AS REPORTED BY CONTRACTORS.

COUNTIES.	Chronic Manla	Acute Mania	Melancholia	Demenua	Idiocy	Monomania	Epileptic Insanity	Imbecility	General Paralysis of Insane	Puerperal Insanity	Chronic Alcohol- ism	Not Insane	Total	Per Cent. of Patients by the several Counties
Beaverhead Cascade Cascade Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula Park Ravalli Silver Bow Teton Valley Yellowstone Total	1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1	1 3 4 2 1 6 1 10	1 1 1 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2	1	2		1	1 1 2	1 2 5 2 1 10 5 2 7 2 2 7 2 1 10 4 4 1 2 5 4 1 1 2 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4.85 1.94 0.97 9.71 4.85 1.94 6.80 1.94 0.97 9.71 4.85 3.89 9.71 3.89 9.71 3.89

TABLE NO. 10-Indebtedness of Counties March 1, 1895

BEAVERHEAD COUNTY.

DEBTOR.

March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To Bonds outstanding (Issue of 1887). To Bonds outstanding (Court House). To Bonds outstanding (Refunding). To accrued interest on same. To Warrants outstanding. To accrued interest on same.	\$20,000 00 40,000 00 20,000 00 833 33 5,812 71 140 00
	- -	\$86,786 04
	CREDIT.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Balances in all County Funds. \$27,223 70 By Net indebtedness. 59,562 34	86,786 04
March 1, 1894. March 1, 1895.	Net indebtedness	72,813 84 59,562 34
Decrease.		\$13,251 50
	CASCADE COUNTY.	
	DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness. To Interest accrued on same. To General Fund Warrants outstanding. To Road Fund Warrants outstanding. To Poor Fund Warrants outstanding. To Contingent Fund Warrants outstarding.	\$340,000 00 3,616 66 616 90 12 25 86 00 101 50
	CREDIT.	\$344,433 31
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Balance General Fund \$ 40,308 00 By Balance Contingent Fund 7,737 13 By Balance Road Fund 7,172 91 By Balance Poor Fund 23,740 04 By Balance Bridge Fund 2,392 80 By Balance Sinking Fund 10,934 41 By Balance Energency Fund 31 13 By Balance District Court Fund 14,408 90 By Net indebtedness \$337,707 99	344,433 31
March 1, 1894. March 1, 1895.	Net indebtedness	260,373 39 237,707 99
Decrease		\$22,665 40
	CHOTEAU COUNTY.	
	DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To Warrants outstanding To Interest accrued on same. To Bonds outstanding. To Interest accrued on same.	\$ 48,643 35 2,877 10 126,500 00 1,295 83
	CREDIT.	\$179,316 28
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Cash in County Funds. \$ 23,143 19 By Net indebtedness 156,173 09	179,316 28
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1894.	Net indebtedness Net indebtedness	156,173 09 140,019 41
Increase		\$ 16,153 68
	Custer County.	
	DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To County Bonds outstanding To Interest on same to March 1, 1895. To Warrants outstanding (unclaimed). To Warrants and Interest outstanding	\$274,100 00 3,197 83 415 91 780 72
	-	DOTE 101 10

\$278,494 46

CREDIT.

March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Balance General Fund \$ 20,913 87 By Balance Contingent Fund 10,751 75 By Balance Road Fund 1,76 6 By Balance Interest fund 7,258 33 By Balance Sinking Fund 704 71 By Balance Bridge Fund 192 10 By Balance Bond Funding Account 780 72 By Net indebtedness 235,654 78	278,494 46
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1894.	Net indebtedness	235,654 78 223,892 51
Increase.		\$ 11,762 27
	Dawson County.	
	DEI TOR.	
March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	\$62,000 00
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To accrued interest on same. To General Fund Warrants outstanding. To Poor Fund Warrants outstanding	2,409 56 273 07 11 12
	CHEDIT.	\$64,693 75
March 1, 1895.	By Balance in General Fund	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Balance in Contingent Fund 15 57 By Balance in Poor Fund 1,731 66 By Balance in Road Fund 1,629 34 By Balance in Sinking Fund 3,966 68 By Net indebtedness 54,756 27	64,693 75
March 1, 1895.	Net indebtedness	54,756 27
	Net Indestedness.	\$ 2,777 74
14010400		φ ~,111 14
	DEER LODGE COUNTY.	
	EBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To Bonds outstanding (Issue 1890) To Interest on same to date. To Overdraft Road Fund. To Overdra t County Warrants.	\$150,000 00 1,250 00 21,052 01 27,422 66
	CREDIT.	\$199,724 67
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Balance in Poor Fund. \$ 6,220 47 By Balance in Contingent Fund. 9,045 83 By Balance in Bridge Fund. 1,931 81 By Indebtedness of Granite County 16,993 11 By Net indebtedness 165,533 45	100 504 05
Manch 1 1905	Not indeb educas	199,724 67
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1894.	Net indeb edness Net indebtedness.	165,533 45 109,988 32
Increase,	••••••	\$ 55,545 13
	Fergus County.	
	DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To County Bonds outstanding. To Interest on same. To Registered Warrants outstanding. To Interest on same. To Warrants outstanding ont registered).	\$103,000 00 1,030 00 400 00 15 00 2,699 56
	CREDIT.	\$107,144 56
March 1, 1895.	By Cash on hand	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Warrants cancelled by limitation 279 50 By Net indebtedness 82,915 61	105 111 56
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1894.	Net indebtedness. Net indebtedness.	107,144 56 82,915 61 79,944 82
		\$ 2,970 79

FLATHEAD COUNTY.

DEBTOR.

March 1, 1895. To Bonded indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To accrued interest on same. March 1, 1895. To General Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Road Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Interest on outstanding warrants.	\$100,000 00 1 00 0 0 0 26,313 03 16,999 65 1,055 30
	\$145,367 98
CREDIT.	
March I, 1895. By Cash on hand. \$ 19,780 44 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness. 125,587 54	145,367 98
March 1, 1895. Net iudebtedness. March 1, 1894. Net indebtedness.	125,587 54 95,333 02
Increase	\$30,254 52
GALLATIN COUNTY.	
DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. To Bonded indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Interest accrued on same. March 1, 1895. To General Fund Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Contingent Fund Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Bridge Fund Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To koad Fund Warrants outstanding. Mardh 1, 1895. To linterest accrued on Registered Warrants.	\$ 95,000 00 1,850 00 12,959 21 9,024 15 19,448 41 22,454 37 625 36
e e	\$161,361 50
CREDIT.	
March 1, 1895. By Balance Sinking Fund. \$ 6,148 16 March 1, 1895. By Balance in General Fund. 5,934 11 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Contingent Fund. 7,279 08 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Bridge Fund. 10,805 62 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Road Fund. 10,877 80 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Poor Fund 4,858 17 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 115,398 56	161,361 5 0
March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness	115,398 56 95,667 04
Increase.	\$ 19,731 52
GRANITE COUNTY.	
DEETOR.	
March 1, 1895. To Indebtedness County Fund. March 1, 1895. To Indebtedness Contingent Fund. March 1, 1895. To Indebtedness Road Fund.	\$55,821 71 1,567 18 1,669 42
	\$59,058 31
CREDIT.	
March 1, 1895. By Balance Poor Fund \$ 4,223 72 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 54,834 59	\$59,058 31
March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness	\$54,834 59 37,837 84
Increase	\$16,996 75
Jefferson County.	
March 1, 1895. To County Bonds outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Jail Bonds outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Court House Bonds outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Warrants outstanding.	\$135,000 00 7,000 00 40,000 00 3,775 73 \$185,775 73
	φ100,110 10

CREDIT.

	CREDIT.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	Ry Balance General Fund \$ 10,512 63 By Balance Contingent Fund 13,195 59 By Balance Road Fund 3,600 82 By Balance Sinking Fund 7,682 07 By Balance Poor Fund 1,221 07 By Net indebtedness 149,563 55	185,775 73
March 1, 1894. March 1, 1894.	Net indebtedness. \$160,338 90 Approximate interest 1,800 00	162,138 90
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	Net indebtedness. \$149,563 55 Approximate interest. 1,800 00	151,363 55
Decrease.		\$ 10,775 35
	Lewis and Clarke County.	
	DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To County Bonds outstanding To Interest on same To County Warrants outstanding	\$190,000 00 1,900 00 1,901 70
	CREDIT.	\$193,801 70
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	By Cash in General Fund \$2,095 51 By Cash in Contingent Fund 1,043 29 By Cash in Road Fund 2,782 25 By Cash in Bridge Fund 993 40 By Cash in Poor Fund 2,043 04 By Net indebtedness 184,904 21	193,801 70
March 1, 1895.	Net indebtedness.	184,904 21 119,425 92
		\$ 65,478 29
	Madison County.	w,
	MADISON COUNTY.	
	DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.		\$100,000 00 925 00 507 64
March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	925 00
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness To accrued interest on same To County Warrauts outstanding	925 00 507 64
March 1, 1895. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness. To accrued interest on same. To County Warrants outstanding. CREDIT. By Balance in General Fund. By Balance in Contingent and 10 400 84	925 00 507 64 \$101,432 64
March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness. To accrued interest on same. To County Warrauts outstanding. CREDIT. By Balance in General Fund. By Balance in Contingent rund. By Balance in Poor Fund. By Balance in Poor Fund. By Balance in Road Fund. CREDIT. 36,912 78 By Balance in Poor Fund. 10,490 84 By Balance in Poor Fund. 361 06 By Fees for credit Contingent Fund. 334 61 By Net Indebtedness. 77,055 20	925 00 507 64 \$101,432 64 101,432 64 79,061 50
March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	925 00 507 64 \$101,432 64 101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20
March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	925 00 507 64 \$101,432 64 101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20
March 1, 1895. Decrease. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	925 00 507 64 \$101,432 64 101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20
March 1, 1895. Decrease. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness To accrued interest on same. To County Warrauts outstanding. CREDIT. By Balance in General Fund	\$101,432 64 \$101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20 \$ 2,006 30 \$ 50,000 00 1,380 00 15,545 44
March 1, 1895. Decrease. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	\$101,432 64 \$101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20 \$ 2,006 30 \$ 50,000 00 583 54 138,000 00 1,380 00 15,545 44 600 00 \$206,109 20
March 1, 1895. Decrease. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness	\$101,432 64 \$101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20 \$ 2,006 30 \$ 583 54 138,000 00 1,380 00 15,545 44 600 00 \$206,109 20 178,915 63
March 1, 1895. Decrease. March 1, 1895.	To Bonded indebtedness To accrued interest on same	\$101,432 64 \$101,432 64 79,061 50 77,055 20 \$ 2,006 30 \$ 50,000 00 583 54 138,000 00 13,545 44 600 00 \$206,109 20

MISSOULA COUNTY.

DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. To General Fund indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Contingent Fund indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Poor Fund indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Road Fund indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Bridge Fund indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Bridge Fund indebtedness.	\$ 77,229 76 6,042 95 1,059 95 3,714 29 71 30
March 1, 1895. To Bitter Root Fund indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Current expense.	51 00 7 18
March 1, 1895. To Current expense. March 1, 1895. To County Bonds 5%. March 1, 1895. To County Bonds 6%. March 1, 1895. To County Bonds 7%. March 1, 1895. To County Bonds 7%. March 1, 1895. To Guit Bonds 7%. March 1, 1895. To County Funding Bonds 6%.	$\begin{array}{c} 44,850 & 00 \\ 1,690 & 00 \\ 50,000 & 00 \\ 13,000 & 00 \\ 150,000 & 00 \end{array}$
	\$347,716 43
CREDIT.	
March 1, 1895. By Cash in General Fund \$ 1,102 75 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Contingent Fund 2,360 01 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Road Fund 1,187 82 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Poor Fund 2,524 08 March 1, 1895. By Amount due from Ravalli County 1,451 46 March 1, 1895. By Amount due from Flathead County 493 18 March 1, 1895. By Cash in State Fund 2,333 75 March 1, 1895. By Cash in School Fund 8,808 04 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 327,455 34	347,716 43
March 1, 1895 Net indebtedness. March 1, 1894 Net indebtedness.	327,455 34
Increase	\$ 37,491 03
	• ,
PARK COUNTY.	
DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. To Bends outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Interest on same. March 1, 1895. To County Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Unclaimed Warrants.	\$200,000 00 2,133 00 13,342 68 253 95
	\$215,729 63
CREDIT. March 1, 1895. By Cash on hand	
March 1, 1895. By Cash on hand. \$ 16,925 63 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 198,804 00	215,729 63
March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness	198,804 00 180,236 23
Increase	\$ 18,567 77
RAVALLI COUNTY.	
DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. To Bonded indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To accrued interest on same. March 1, 1895. To General Fund Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Same (per County Clerk). March 1, 1895. To Contingent Fund Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To Road Fund Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To accrued interest on Warrants outstanding.	\$75,000 00 750 00 13,305 64 1,427 30 2,927 66 3,248 90 520 05
	\$97,179 55
CREDIT.	
March 1, 1895. By Balance in General Fund. \$ 2,250 60 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Contingent Fund. 1,404 89 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Road Fund. 330 36 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Poor Fund. 462 90 March 1, 1895. By Balance in Interest Fund. 2,748 18 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 89,882 62	97,179 55

March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness. March 1, 1894. Net indebtedness. 89,982 62 78,850 34 \$11,132 28

SILVER BOW COUNTY.

DEBTOR.

DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. To Bonds outstanding	\$125,000 00
March 1, 1895. By Cash in County Fund. \$ 22,734 17 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 102,265 83	125,000 00
March 1, 1894. Net indebtedness.	106,053 22 102,265 83
March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness.	\$ 3,787 39
TETON COUNTY.	
DEBTOR.	
March 1, 1895. To Gross indebtedness	\$63,053 19
March 1, 1895. By Cash in General Fund \$ 1,774 09 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Contingent Fund 97 89 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Road Fund 1,103 03 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Poor Fund 2,002 96 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Sinking Fund 1,960 15 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 56,115 07	6 3, 05 3 19
March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness	56,115 07
March 1, 1894. Net indebtedness	35,787 57 \$20,327 50
VALLEY COUNTY. DEBTOR. March 1, 1895. To Bonded indebtedness. March 1, 1895. To Warrants outstanding. March 1, 1895. To accrued interest. March 1, 1895. To State Treasurer.	\$67,000 00 17,143 46 1,172 50 260 96
	\$85,576 92
March 1, 1895. By Cash in General Fund. \$ 2,927 34 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Contingent Fund 246 58 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Poor Fund 408 77 March 1, 1895. By Cash in Road Fund 71 48 March 1, 1895. By C sh in Sinking Fund 3,620 20 March 1, 1895. By Cash in State Fund 260 96 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness 78,641 59	85,576 92
March 1, 1895. Net indebtedness	78,641 59 $60,581$ 35
Increase	\$18,060 24
YELLOWSTONE COUNTY.	
March 1, 1895. To Bonds ontstanding March 1, 1895. To Interest accrued on bonds March 1, 1895. To Registered Warrants outstanding	\$150,000 00 1,540 83 6,483 30
-	\$158,524 13
CREDIT. March 1, 1895. By Cash on hand	
March 1, 1895. By Cash on hand. \$ 34,581 22 March 1, 1895. By Net indebtedness. 123,942 91	158,524 13
March 1, 1894. Net indebtedness	126,046 42 123,942 91
Decrease	\$ 2,103 51

RECAPITULATION.

Showing the Total Net Indebtedness of the Several Counties of the State, and Increase or Decrease of the same for the Year ended Feb. 28, 1895.

Counties.	Indebtedness March 1, 1894.	Indebtedness March 1, 1895.	Increase.	Decrease.
Beaverhead	\$72,813 84	\$59, 562 34		\$13,251 50
Cascade	260,373 39	237,707 99		22,665 40
Choteau	140,019 41	156,173 09	\$16,153 68	
Custer	223,892 51	235,654 78	11,762 27	
Dawson	51.978 58	54.756 27	2,777 74	
Deer Lodge	109,988 32	165,533 45	55,545 13	
Fergus	79,944 82	82,915 61	2,970 79	
Flathead	95,333 02	125,587 54	30,254 52	
Gallatin	95,667 04	115,398 56	19,731 52	
Granite	37,837 84	54,834 59	16,996 75	
Jefferson	162,138 90	151,363 55		10,775 35
Lewis and Clarke	119,425 92	184,904 21	65,478 29	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Madison	79,061 50	77,055 20		2,006-30
Meagher	178,915 63	177,399 17		1,516 46
Missoula	289,964-31	327,455 20	37,491 03	
Park	180,236 23	198,804 00	18,567 77	
Ravallt	78,850 34	89,982 62	11,132 28	
Silver Bow	106,053 22	102,265 83		3,787 39
Teton	35,787 57	56,115 07	20,327 50	
Valley	60,581 35	78,641 59	18,060-24	
Yellowstone	126,046 42	123,942-91		2,103 51
Total	\$2,584,910 11	\$2,856,053 71	\$327,249 51	\$56,105 91

PART III.

FRUIT GROWING IN MONTANA.

ITS INCEPTION AND DEVELOPMENT IN MISSOULA, RAVALLI AND FLATHEAD COUNTIES.

WITH TABLES SHOWING NUMBER OF BEAR-ING AND YOUNG TREES, PRODUCTION OF TREE AND SMALL FRUITS, AVERAGE CROPS, AND HOME MARKET VALUES, 1895.

ADAPTABILITY OF OTHER LOCALITIES.



FRUIT GROWING IN MONTANA.

Development of a Valuable Industry Showing Statistical Results in Ravalli, Missoula and Flathead Counties.

The possibility of growing fruits on the farm is a matter that presents itself alike to those engaged in, and those who contemplate engaging in agricultural pursuits in every country, determining in many cases the question of location, and in instances rises to the importance of a commercial question effecting materially the economies and revenues of the farms. Until within the past few years the question: "Are tree fruits grown in Montana?" would have been given an adversely qualified affirmative, if not a general negative answer, and the question: "Can they be grown?" would probably have been given as unfavorable a reply. In all new communities bordering the limit of the fruit zone there have been like experiences until patient, persistent and intelligent effort by the few has finally demonstrated the possibilities of the country, and shown the many how success may be attained and, as in the instance of apples, that nature rewards with the best and finest flavored fruits those who grow them nearest the line of forbidding frost.

It is not claimed that all Montana is adapted to the growing of tree fruits, for its area covers too great an extent and diversity of altitude and climatic conditions to render that possible, but it is demonstrated by results, after years of experiment and effort, that cultivated small fruits grow and bear splendidly in nearly every county in the State: that Ravalli, Missoula and Flathead counties are admirably adapted for a large number of the most desirable tree fruits, and that other and larger areas along the Yellowstone and Missouri rivers and tributaries will doubtless develop very favorably as greater attention is given to the industry, and growers have learned what to plant and how to care for.

Three years ago one of the most prominent and successful fruit growers of the State wrote this Bureau: "I do not suppose five per cent of the trees planted in Missoula County in the past twenty years are now alive, although, had the proper varieties been set out and properly cared for, 95 per cent should and would now be bearing. The climate can only be held responsible for a small proportion of the failures." An experienced orchardist would not take a so called fruit tree that had been transported one or two thousand miles by slow freight, with roots dried up: thrust it carelessly into a post hole in a gravel bar or alkali bed, or other unfavorable location, leave it to be swayed by winds, baked by summer suns, mangled and injured by stock. rabbits or dogs, and expect it to thrive and bear fruit. And yet, aside from being imposed upon in many instances by tree agents who sold trees unadapted to the climate, these were the conditions under which many in the earlier days flattered themselves they were demonstrating the capabilities of favorable localities in Montana for fruit growing, and pronounced the experiment a failure or but a partial success. through all this there were those who profited by experience, who labored diligently, intelligently and resolutely, achieved success for themselves and for others, and now, to say nothing of other fruit growing localities, the three counties formed from what was then Missoula, have as fine orchards as are found anywhere and produce fruits that cannot be excelled, if they are equalled on the continent. Their fruits are an important marketable commodity, more remunerative than grain, and on their merits bring higher prices than any imported into the State.

In 1893, in order that it might have data to answer inquiries concerning specified localities by intending settlers, this Bureau addressed inquiries to a large number of fruit growers and others interested in different parts of the State, and received replies from nearly every county. The responses were too voluminous for presentation here, but are summarised as below to show the general opinions, and while some counties are generally too high for standard fruits the responses there given, and the better selection of trees, locations and methods since prevailing, seem to vindicate the assertion then made by the editor of the Rocky Mountain Husbandman that "every valley in Montana will grow fruit." The responses were as follows:

Beaverhead County.—The Beaverhead is one of the highest large valleys in the State: altitude 5,000 to 5,500 feet. Small fruits and crab apples do well; one upland orchard 6,000 altitude reports standard apples successful; believe with proper attention and selection of rich land in sheltered localities a good portion of the valley uplands are adapted to fruit growing of the hardier varieties.

CASCADE COUNTY.—In this County the Missouri, Sun River and Chestnut Valleys. Altitude of orchards reported 3,600 to 3,800 feet. All small fruits do well. Orcharding in experimental stage. Splendid apples grown in Chestnut Valley; some failures in

apples reported: believed proper varieties and care will result successfully.

Choteau County.—Not much attention given to fruit growing, but intelligent opinion is that along the Missouri and Milk Rivers (alt. about 2,800 to 3,000 feet) fruit growing will eventually be successful. Lack of water for irrigation hitherto about Chinook has prevented effort but that is now obviated. An experienced fruit grower believes it will be successful in vicinity of Benton; sheltered localities, irrigating facilities and intelligent industry being requisites, but experiments so far not successful.

CUSTER COUNTY.—The average altitude along the Yellowstone River in Custer County is about 2,300 feet. All small fruits do well. There are a number of young apple orchards in the County bearing well, and there is every reason to believe effort in

that direction will result in Custer being a good fruit growing County.

DAWSON COUNTY.—Fruit growing either large or small has been little experimented with as yet. An old and reliable resident expresses the belief that fruits of almost every variety could be successfully grown in almost every part of Dawson County. The altitude of Glendive is 2,067 feet.

DEER LODGE COUNTY.—The altitude of Deer Lodge Valley is 4,300 to 5,300 feet. Small fruits grow and bear abundantly, some varieties requiring winter protection. Crab apples bear prolific crops.—There has been very little effort to raise standard apples, but some of the hardiest varieties do well in sheltered localities.—James Perkins is making a success of Crab and Standard apples on Race Track Creek.

Fergus County.—No reports have been received from Fergus County in relation to

fruit-growing.

Granite County.—Flint Creek and Hell Gate Valleys, altitude of 3,800 to 5,000 feet, are very fertile and the small fruits and crab apples grow well. In some sheltered localities the hardier apples can be grown successfully but not much attention has been given to the industry.

FLATHEAD COUNTY. (Formerly part of Missoula County.)—Altitude of principal valleys 2,800 to 3,000 feet. County comparatively new, but climate mild and humid. Where experimented with in favorable localities west of mountains, the cultivation of apples, plums and cherries has been successful. All small fruits grow abundantly.

GALLATIN COUNTY—Altitude Gallatin Valley 4,600 to 5,000 feet. All small fruits are very successful; require lots of water; raspberries are laid down in winter and covered with earth. All crabs, hardier varieties of standard apples, plums and cherries are successfully grown by those selecting properly sheltered localities and giving them intelligent care. The same facts prevail in the lower Madison and Jefferson Valleys. Considerable attention has been given to the industry and it is believed fruit growing will become remunerative.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.—Altitude of Boulder City 4,900 feet. Small fruits well cultivated grow well and yield largely: blackberry and raspberry canes are laid down in winter and covered with earth. Hardy varieties of apples and plums can be grown in sheltered localities in the valley uplands. An experienced and careful farmer believes fruit

growing would be successful with proper varieties and treatment.

Lewis and Clarke County.—Helena (altitude of valley about 4,000 feet) and the neighboring uplands are adapted to apples and a number have trees yielding fine fruit in considerable quantity—so much that fruit has to be picked as it grows to prevent the branches from breaking. Cherries are also grown, and all small fruits do well. One grower reports: "First trees I tried all died with dry rot: since then I irrigate late in the fall and have not lost one." Another: "Mulch heavily with saw dust in winter." Believe favorable conditions exist in other valleys.

Madison County.—Experience shows that apples, both hardy standards and crabs, and all small fruits can be grown to perfection in any of the valleys in Madison County. Murillo Cherries do well at Ennis at an altitude of 5,000 feet. Low bottom lands not adapted for orchards. Fruit trees do better sheltered from winds by forest trees.

Meagher County.—At Canyon Ferry, altitude 4,100 feet, standard and crab apples, cherries and plums grow and bear well. J. V. Stafford and James Philips have fine orchards on uplands. Apples do well at Townsend, Canton and all the Missouri River Valleys east of Boulder Mountains and west of the Belt range. "The bardy varieties of apples grow as readily as potatoes." Bench lands near Diamond City equally favorable: 90 per cent of the trees grow and bear. All small fruits do well and bear. Missoula County.—Altitude of valleys about 3,200 feet. The cultivation of fruit

Missoula County.—Altitude of valleys about 3,200 feet. The cultivation of fruit in Montana was first started in the bottom lands of Missoula County proving a failure; the bench lands were then tried successfully. What is now Ravalli County was formerly in Missoula County, but they are many fine orchards in the Hell Gate and Clarke's Fork valley and at Horse Plains in the present county where standard apples grow abundantly. There is a measure of success with cherries, plums and pears, and the introduction of better adapted varieties and better methods within the past few years is resulting in fine success and greatly increased acreage of orchards. The apple orchards of Missoula County are a source of pride, pleasure and profit.

of Missoula County are a source of pride, pleasure and profit.

Park County.—Those portions of Park lying along the Yellowstone at an elevation of 4,000 to 5,000 feet produce abundantly of all the small frults, and although large fruit growing is yet in its infancy, success has been had with the crabs and standard

apples, and it is expected in a few years large quantities of fruit will be raised.

RAVALLI COUNTY.—The Bitter Root Valley is the Montana fruit paradise. All along the valley are fine orchards, nearly every farmer having one and all are successful. The fruit is very superior quality and markets higher than any imported fruit. All small fruits are prolific bearers. Peaches and grapes are grown but not very successfully. Fruit growing is believed to be more remunerative in the valley than grain growing.

YELLOWSTONE COUNTY.—The altitude along the river varies from 3,000 to 3,600 feet. A number of fine young orchards of standard and crab apples are reported and all doing well and bearing heavily as they come in. Believed the entire valley favorable. All small fruits are prolific bearers and a considerable quantity is exported. Raspberries need laying down and earth protection in winter. In some instances grapes and peaches have been grown.

(Carbon and Sweet Grass Counties have since been formed from Park, Yellowstone and Meagher Counties.)

The consumption of fruit in Montana is very large, and but a small proportion of that which could be grown in the State, is now produced here. In fact it is only very recently that our people, and especially the fruit dealers, are awaking to realization that a superior quality of fruit is being grown in marketable quantities in our own With the view therefore of showing approximately the amount of tree and small fruits grown in the three principal fruit growing counties of the State, the number of orchard trees in bearing and their product, and the number of young trees recently set out and not yet bearing; that some facts in this respect might be presented, and the attention of purchasers directed to the product and Montanians in other like favorable areas be encouraged to greater interest in fruit culture and profit by the experience of their neighbors in the western part of the State, this Bureau in 1895 undertook to obtain and present these facts in statistical form. The name and address of each person in Ravalli, Missoula and Flathead counties, who in 1895 raised 20 or more bushels of tree fruits, or who had 25 or more fruit trees set out, or who grew small fruits in quantity for market, was solicited from assessors of these counties. were then mailed to each of these persons covering the inquiries necessary to elicit the information desired, with request to fill and return the same. When not returned in 30 days another request was sent, and again in 30 days another more urgent. not practicable except by special agents whom the Bureau could not employ to obtain complete statistics covering the smaller orchards. A number of those to whom reports were sent, failed to report after repeated solicitation by mail. The results as obtained from those reporting are given in the following tables. Although the product for 1895 was very light on account of unusual frosts, and other exceptional conditions, the product and especially the number of young trees set out but not yet bearing, will be a revelation to the people of the State, and an incentive to those where the general conditions are highly favorable, or where there are sheltered localities in the higher valleys, to add to the health and happiness of home life by growing fruits for domestic consumption, if not for market. In making up the exhibit from Ravalli, Missoula and Flathead Counties, five per cent has been added to cover those who had a less number of trees than 25, or who failed to report. The remarks accompanying the individual reports demonstrate that in 1895 the most disastrous late frosts ever known in these Counties prevailed

generally and that not half (perhaps not one-third) an average crop was grown. should further be borne in mind that nearly all the fruit trees are young—just coming into bearing—and that Flathead county is so newly settled that only a few orchards have been planted, or small fruits set out. Yet notwithstanding these facts, the tree fruits of these three counties in 1895 had a market value at home of \$32,642, and the small fruits a home market value of \$18,324—total \$51,966; and this was less than a half crop of the trees and small fruits in bearing. A most significant fact in connection with the industry appears in the number of "young trees not yet bearing" as compared with the "number of trees of bearing age". In the matter of standard apples there are "33,340 trees of bearing age,, and "118,350 young trees not yet bearing," showing that fruit growing has been demonstrated a practical business success, and general attention has recently been directed to orcharding as a remunerative industry. The standard apple crop of 1895 was 28,391 bushels. When the entire 151,690 trees now planted are bearing an average crop of standard apples, that alone will be a very important product, and it is less than half the total fruit product of these Counties. It will be seen that crab apples, cherries, plums, prunes, pears, peaches and grapes are also grown—although the latter do not generally mature satisfactorily—and quite a number of apricots are reported, the typographical limitations of the table preventing presentation of that product.

The growing of small fruits for market will also be noted as highly successful. The product of strawberries alone was 28,479 gallons, while raspberries, blackberries, currants and gooseberries go to make up a total product of 60,022 gallons, having a home market value of \$18,324.09, and this with less than half a crop. Surely this showing in these three counties should be an incentive to Montana farmers in other localities where favorable conditions exist (and they do exist in many places) to make judicious and earnest effort to grow fruits. As an important matter in getting started under favorable conditions it would be wise to procure the stock from Montana nurseries, or at least obtain from successful Montana growers advice as to varieties, place of purchase, location of orchards, and methods of culture. The space at disposal here does not permit further mention of the many details that will be found of interest in the tables on succeeding pages.

It may be stated that the fruit growers of the counties named are intelligently promoting the culture and sale of these fruits by local exhibitions where the productions of their orchards and gardens are exhibited, attracting most favorable attention, and by conventions where experiences are given by practical and successful growers, and the best varieties and best methods of selecting, cultivating and marketing are discussed. These have already done much to promote the industry and will do more.

It has been deemed best in presenting these statistics for the first time to precede them with these general observations relating to fruit growing in the State, and they would be incomplete without the following from the pen of Hon. W. B. Harlan, of Como, one of the most active and intelligent of those who have labored to bring the industry to the prominence it has attained and who was worthily honored by his associates in 1892 by electing him First, as he is the present, President of the Western Montana Fruit Growers' Association.

FRUIT GROWING IN MONTANA-CONTRIBUTED BY HON. W. B. HARLAN.

While fruit growing in Western Montana upon a scale large enough to attract general attention throughout the State, and to be of commercial importance, is an industry of only a few years, the first trees were planted and the first experiments were made nearly thirty years ago.

In 1867 or 1868 a number of trees were set out in the Bitter Root valley, and near Missoula by Thos. Harris, of Three Mile, W. N. Smith, of near the present town of Victor, Robert Gray, of Skalkaho, Wm. McWhirk and James Miensinger, of Missoula, and perhaps others. These trees were brought from Washington Territory by Philip Ritz, but owing to their being of uusuitable varieties, or poor packing, or perhaps poor cultivation, all or nearly all soon died without having borne any fruit.

In 1870 Bass Bros., of near Stevensville, made the first intelligent and successful attempt at fruit growing. Their trees grew so well and began bearing so quickly and abundantly, that they were encouraged to set more and more trees as the years went by, and while others soon began successfully to grow orchards, they kept in the lead in the number of bearing trees and the quantity of fruit gathered each year: so, that while they were not the first to plant trees, they are entitled to the honor of being considered the pioneers in successful fruit growing in Montana.

But it is only within the last ten years that the planting of trees has become general in the Bitter Root and Missoula valleys, and it is hardly yet begun in the rest of the State, and only in the last three or four years has the successful and profitable growing of fruit in western Montana been generally admitted and proved. To-day scarcely a farm can be found in Ravalli county that has not from a few dozen to several thousand fruit trees, a large proportion just coming into bearing. The same may be said of portions of Missoula county, while in Flathead county many favorable locations and fine young orchards are found.

Trees come into bearing very early here and are very productive, too much so in fact for their own good. The fruit is of the highest quality and of fine appearance and is free from worms, scab or other blemishes. The hardy varieties are, and should be generally planted, yet many of the kinds called tender have been set out and are in bearing. Two or three winters in the past twenty-five have been severe enough to seriously injure all but the hardiest varieties but such destructive winters have occurred oftener in the eastern fruit growing states than here.

As to varieties, there are now being grown in Ravalli and Missoula counties, as shown by the exhibits at the fruit fairs over 100 kinds of apples, 50 of plums and prunes and a dozen each of pears, cherries and grapes. A large portion of these should be and will be dropped from the list of those grown for market.

For fall and early winter we need nothing better than the Duchess, Wealthy, Alexander and Snow: and for late winter and spring we are not yet agreed as to the best varieties, but among the large number now being experimented with we shall undoubtedly soon find just what we want.

Until the season just past we packed apples in a box containing a struck bushel of 2150 inches, but we have now adopted the heaping bushel box of 2375 inches, called "the standard box". The crop of 1895 was shortened in quantity by a late spring frost, and by local hail storms and the exceptionally dry season, and was not up to the usual standard of quality because of peculiar climatic conditions not fully understood. The prices also ruled much lower than ever before because of the unusually large crop all over the United States.

In 1892 the Western Montana Fruit Growers' Association was organized and did good work in securing a creditable exhibit of Montana fruits at the World's Fair at Chicago the next year. In September, 1894, it held the first Fruit Fair in Montana at Stevensville, which was such a success and surprise that it has caused almost a boom in fruit lands and fruit culture, and led to the holding of three successfull fruit fairs the past season, one at Hamilton by the Fruit Growers' Association, which was visited by over 2,000 people each day for three days: one at Stevensville under the auspices of the newly organized State Horticultural Society of that place and one in Missoula at the instance of the Board of Trade.

These Fruit Fairs have been and will be of much good in advertising the resources of the State, and in encouraging the fruit growers themselves to greater effort to produce only the best, and in showing them what the standard of excellence really is. There is room for improvement all along the line. From the care, cultivation and irrigation of the orchard, to the picking, sorting, packing and storing of the fruit as well as in the marketing of it to the best advantage.

All this will come with experience and acquired knowledge, and we can safely rest in assurance that the future has nothing but prosperity in store for the intelligent, industrious fruit grower of western Montana.

TABLE NO. II—Showing Number of the Several Varieties of Fruit Trees Ravalli, Missoula and Flathead, for the Year 1895, as Reported by

(1. The "Tracing Number" in this and following table refer to the same individual reports, nearly all growers if found desirable, but so many neglected to sign the authorization that all are omitted. 3. Where

Tr		Standar	D APPLES			CRAB A	APPLES.		1	Сне	RRIES.	
RAVALLI COUNTY	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in Bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bearing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of ('rop, market rate'	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895
1 Hamilton	No. 4,500 100 100 80 150	Bus. 1,586 200 50 10 300	Dols. 1,586 00 200 00 50 00 12 00 250 00	No. 28,570 250 600 920 100 300 300	No. 100 1 50 2	Bus. 400 3 20	Dols. 260 00 1 50 20 00	No. 480 6 50 12 20	No. 15 3 40 6 4	Bus. 10 3 2 5 4	Dols. 12 00 4 50 2 50 6 20 10 00	26
9 "" 10 "" 11 "" 12 "" 13 "" 14 ""	100 100 600 300 5 15 40 1,340	200 400 60 75 50	200 00 300 00 75 00 75 00 50 00 340 00	1,580 650 150 250 300 360 200	25 65 20 5 8	50 60 10	50 00 45 00 5 00 5 00	50	8 20 4 14 10 474	17 17 1 1 150	20 00 54 40 2 00 165 00	25 12 30
15 Victor	3,300 25 50 50	2,400 40 40 25	1,400 00 20 00 1,400 00 30 00 25 00	1,500 160 500 100 900 175	10	15	20 00	75 15 100 20	20 4 40 5 4	15 40 5 2	30 00 102 00 8 00 4 00	5
20 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	300 100 25 100 100 500	50 50 50 100	35 00 35 00 35 00 100 00	2,500 125) 400 400 25 40	50 50 33 35 25 25 6	20 60 10	15 00 42 00 5 00 	30 100 20	40 60 4 2 25	12	6 40 25 00 20 00 4 60	3 10
30 " 31 " 32 " 33 " 34 " 35 Florence 36 "	20 200 75 50 350	100 n. r. 4 75	50 00 n. r. 4 00 75 00	150 50 1,000 10 50 200 450 200	20 20 20 20	3 20 n, r.	20 00 20 00 n, r,	10 10 6	3	n, r.	1 00 n. r.	10 5 7 5
38 " 39 " 40 " 41 " 42 " 43 " 44 Grantsdale	50 50 200 50	150	150 00	75 100 150 200 260 250	20 11	3	3 00	25 40 40 32	6	5	15 00	6 50 10
45 " 46 " 47 " 48 " 49 " 50 Corvallis	300 10 50 300 500 1,100 75	700 15 25 100 125	700 00 18 00 25 00 75 00 125 00 350 00	150 20 150 600 500 750 1,800	25 15 30 25 100	250 10 50 20 65	125 00 5 00 25 00 15 00 15 00 48 75 40 00	15 10	10 2 6 10 70	10 2 20 20	25 00 6 00 4 00 50 00	30 10 125
58 " 54 " 55 " 56 " 57 " 58 " 59 "	75 26 30	75 175 175 15	37 50 200 00 15 00	125 300 50 70 4,000 60	30 10 12 10 10 10	50 65 5 5	2 00 20 00 60 00 3 00	25	12 10	2 1 2 11	10 00 2 00 6 40 36 00	10 12 10 50
60	101 9 	252 36 10 400 300 50 50	243 00 67 50 12 00 400 00 240 00 20 00 300 00	350 43 100 50 200 2,800 650 1,000	18 25 8 35 20 10	42 3 15 16 30 10 10	32 00 3 75 10 00 12 00 20 00 4 00	25 35		31/2	3 00 3 00	75 6 10 7 10 22
68 " 69 " 70 " 71 " Stevensville 73 " 14 " " 14 " 15 " 16 " 17 " 17 " 17 " 17 " 17 " 17 " 17	20 210 210 20 1,400 2,100	500 8 15 7 600 4,000	5 00 15 00 7 00 450 00 3,000 00	1,000 80 175 3,500 10 40	30 10 10 20 325	5 10 21½ 20 660	4 00 10 00 2 30 15 00 4 50	20	12 20 8 25	5 8 8		

BEARING AND YOUNG, WITH PRODUCT AND MARKET VALUES, IN THE COUNTIES OF THOSE HAVING 25 OR MORE TREES PLANTED OR 20 OR MORE BUSHELS OF FRUIT.

raising small as well as Tree fruits. 2. Growers were asked to state on the reports if their names might be used those reporting did not insert value of Crop it was estimated at the prevailing rate in that locality.)

PLI	UMS A	ND PRUM	ES.		F	EARS.			PEA	CHES.			PES.	Тотац.
P Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Number of Vines	Pounds of Grapes	Home Value of Crops at pre- vailing mar- ket rates
No. 40 3 10 6	Bus. 55 3 5	Dols. 44 00 4 50 5 00	11	No. 37	Bus. 5	Dols. 5 00	No. 13,000	No.	Bus.	Dols.	No. 140	No. 25		Dols. 1,907 00 210 50 77 50 18 25 277 00
40 3 10 6 16 3 10 6 50	6 10 	5 00 25 00	50 65	12	15	37 50	115 40 1	3	3	7 50	4	200	300 n. r.	165 00 275 00 444 40 75 00
10 10 600 50	1 85 50	93 00 100 00	12 20 30 170 100 35	10		2 50	5 12 10 4	i			(a) 14	150 40 1,800	n. r.	50 0 671 0 252 5 20 0
15 10 	13 10	15 0	15 4 	5	5	10 00	15				1			1,547 00 53 00 30 00 54 40
100 35 50 25 125 25 30	10		10 10	5										106 0 40 0
25 30 25	5 6 5	9 00 8 00 10 00	50	11			5	11			10	24	400	253 6 54 0 30 0
15 8	n. r. ½	n. r. 50	2	2	n. r.	n. r.	3 6	1	n. r.	n. r.	1			50 0 5 0 75 0 53 0
24		15.00	25 50 100 175	15			6 25 5	12		~ ±0	6 3	6	125	150 0
300 300 2 10 25	600 2 1		5	15 	30	120 00	16	10		5 00	70	25 10 30	200	85 7 2,202 0 30 0 35 0 111 0 195 8
4	5	10 00	20 50 10	2 2	4	8 00	40				25	300		401 ± 168 0 4 0
11 3 6	50 50 3 3	6 00	100			1 00	9 10 150 81							69 3 371 0 18 0 84 0 293 2
			6 15	2			6							71 2
300 12 20 6	100	50 00 10 00	10	2			18 10 2	2				30		24 0 362 0 9 0 35 0 9 3
12 150 6	200 200 6	18 00 300 00 12 00	20	100	20	20 00	10	1	1	2 50	10	20	80	499 00 3,812 50 127 00

TABLE NO. 11

Tra		8	TANDAR	D APPLES			CRAB A	APPLES.			Спе	RRIES.	
Tracing Number	RAVALLI COUNTY (P. O. Address)	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bearing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rate	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895
75767777880188288888888888888888888888888888	"" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	No. 366 5000 177 175 15000 1500 1500 1500 1500	Bus. 10 500 500 250 250 250 360 20 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	Dols. 21 00 350 00 20 00 15 00 350 00 350 00 350 00 175 00 175 00 150 00 5 00 100 00 33 00 5 00 20 00 100 00 10 00 21 00 22 00 35 00 25 00	No. 150 400 501 150 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 2	No. 40 655 655 655 655 655 655 655 655 655 65	Bus. 35 100 20 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Dols. 31 50 75 00 15 00 75 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 100 00 20 00	8 20 15 15 15 5 5 10 10	No. 10 3 3	Bus. 4 4 3 3 1 1 8 1 1 1 8 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Dols. 14 00 2 00 3 00 3 00 4 00 25 00 6 00 3 00 18 00	No
	Total reported. Add 5 per cent	25,673 1,284	20,771 1,039	16,951 15 847 56	73,142 3,657	2,077 104	3,016 151	1,758 80 87 94	1,517 76	1,245	434 22	926 70 46 34	1,040 52
	Total for County	26,957	21,510	17,798 71	76,799	2,181	3,167	1,846 74	1,593	1,307	456	973 04	1,094

$\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{ISSOULA}}$

	١	250	00	00.00	1	1 .	5	3 75	12	1 7	01	42 00	
111	Missoula	27	60	60 00		10		72 00		5	21 5		
112		 100	50	100 00		24	75	50 00		12	5	10 00	
113		 1,000		1,000 00	1,200	24				13	3		
114	66	 	6	6 00			4	4 00	190		0	6.00	
115	66	 10	4	4 00						2			2
116	66	 27		7 00		3	3			1			
117	66	 200	300	300 00		15	2			21	35		
118	**	 110	340	272 00		14	55	50 00		4	1/2	2 00	
119	64	 50	60	70.00		8			75	15			25
120	+ 6	 50	150	150 00		10	50	25 00		5			
121	66	 							100				20
122	66	 20	7	7 00	500					3			33
123	6.6	 14	5	5.00		2	1.2	50	1	5	1/2	50	1
124	6.6	 			745				5				50
125	6.6	 			700				25				20
126	6.6	 150	100			3	3	~ W		6	2	4 00	3
127	6.6	 85	30	45.0	1	1	2	2 00		5			
128	6.6	 25		26 23	5 250	8	5	5 00	!	12	1	2 80	
129	6.6	6	5	7 50	500				20				25
130	4.4	 25			75	6			4	3			6
131	66	 			70				2				12
132	4.	 	880	880.00	0		270	270 00	8				
133	6.6	 500	200	300 0		5	25	50 00		15	20	75 00	6
134	6.6	 200	20	100.00	300	20	2	3.00		15			
135	6.6	 25	15	22 56	75	8	2	1 50	12	6	112	3 50	13
136	6.6	 20	12			10	2						
137	6.6	 200	100	200 00		50	5	15 00		5	1	4 00	10
138	6.4	 			25				10				
139	6.6	 			500								20
140	6.6	 275	320	320 00	20	6	15						
141		 20				10	50		1		2	6.00	
171	,	 											

-Continued.

Tra	PLU	MS AN	ND PRUN	TES.		Pr	EARS.			Pea	CHES.		GRA	PES.	TOTAL.
Tracing Number	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush-	llome value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Number of Vines	Pounds of Grapes	Home value of Crops at pre- vailing mar ket rates
755 766 777 778 789 881 882 883 885 885 887 889 991 992 993 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	No. 10 3 3 16 4 15 20 14 16 8 8 15 3 6 15 15 15	Bus	10 00 6 00 4 00 3 00 1 00 15 00 98 00	3 	3	1	2 00 40 00	100 13948		999	22 50 1 18	No.	20 22 33 33 33 33 33 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	10s	Dols. 52 50 485 00 20 00 36 50 475 00 58 50 41 30 175 00 14 50 279 00 143 00 16 00 4 00 29 00 29 00 39 00 147 50 46 50 10 00 42 00 22 00 23 40 143 00 12 00 23 40 143 00 12 00 24 143 00 12 00 25 10 00 15 10 00 16 20 00 17 10 00 18 10 00 19 10 00 19 10 00 19 10 00 19 10 00 19 10 00 19 10 00 19 10 10 00 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	2,564	2,669	2,626 83	3,054	297	113	279 30	14,635	67	9	23 63	349	2.938	2,352	24,118 71

COUNTY.

111	7	28	56 0	0 2		2									165 75
112	6	18	40 0	0	2		2 00								244 00
113	12	12	24 0	0	2	1	2 00		1			5		50	1,086 00
114								100							16 00
115	2			. 2	2		<i></i>	2							4 00
116	10				1					l					10 00
117	21				10	5	10 00	11	2				12		382 00
118	7	2	2 0	5									11	90	326 00
119	10			. 175											70 00
120	12	15	30.0	5	2	3								l <i></i> .	209 50
121								20							
122				34				18						12	7 00
123	5	1/2			9			7							7 00
124		/2						50							
125				24				20							
126	8	4	8.8		1	2	3 00	3							167 80
127	9	•		-	1	_									47 00
128				~=				25					12		34 05
129			2 0					1 46							9 50
130	1														
131								2				2			
132	12														1,198 00
133	20		125 0						3	5					590 00
134			125 0								15 (4)				103 00
				20	12			15				6			27 50
135															12 00
136															219 00
137								28							519 00
138															
139								50							367 00
140	30	5	4.0		8	2	4 00								
141	20	10	18 0	0]	II]			'	L	J			٠		64 00

TABLE NO. 11
MISSOULA COUNTY

Tracing	3		Standar	D APPLES			CRAB A	A PPLES.			Сне	RRIES.	
oing ivamber	Missoula Co. (P. O. Address.	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush-	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bush- els	Home value of Crop, market rates	not yet bearing, 1895
1434 144 143 144 144 150 153 153 153 154 160 163 163 163 164 163	Lo Le " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	No. 6 75 1088 1090 1090 2800 1000 100 366 500 50 10 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	100 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	10 of s. 50 00 280 00 100 00 450 00 25 00 150 00 5 00 5 00 30 00 10 00 5 00 5 00 10 00 5 00 10 00 5 00 5	No. 3000 12 7800 3,000 620 1,2000 700 750 400 100 500 500 500 1,000 500 8000 1,000 8000 8000 8000	No. 10 6 144 14 10 18	Bus. 1/2 10 84 3 75 10 10 11	Dols. 500 15 000 62 000 90 00 6 000 6 000 12 000 10 000 3 000 25 00	No. 20 12 10 7 6	No. 400 41 22 44 122 4 9 7 6 100 122 122 124 500 122 124 20	Bus. 1/2 22 1/2 44 10 4 22 2 22 1/2 1/4 600 55 10 3 3 5 5	Dols. 1 00 5 00 1 00 10 00 30 00 7 20 5 00 3 60 2 00 1 00 15 00 15 00 15 00 6 00	No. 10 14 10 10 3 40 6 10 25 50
	Total reported. Add 5 per cent	5,603 280	6,108 350	6,743 25 337 16	35,993 1,800	729 36	S61 43	863 25 43 16		464 23	220 11	500 60 25 01	969 48
	Total for County	5,883	6,458	7,080 41	37,793	765	904	906 41	S00	487	231	525 61	1,017

FLATHEAD

Kalispell	6			9		4	6 00					
				65				4				i
	· · · · · · · · ·			40								
	50			250	12		• • • • • • • •	12	24			j
	ĐÜ			115	1							
				300				24				
	19		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	70	· · · · · e			24	12			
	8	2	8 00	24	0	;;	1 00		122		4 00	
Holt	250	50	75 00		1	.4	1 00	12	12	9		
11016	~50	50	15 00	475				20	13	~	10 00	
46	19	214	2 50	300	10		1 00		12		50	
66	40	12	30 00		4	4	10.00		1 6	14	10 00	
66	62	25	60 00		3	1 3	12 00		l ĕ	~ 3	27 00	
**	0.~	~	00 00	200		*	1~ 00		"	٠,	~1 00	ĺ
Columbia Falls	1			42				14				i
	-			50				10				1
	6			60				10				í
Demersville				60				10				ı
Creston	15.	6	12 00	118				22				
T-1 DI-:				300				50				ı
Total reported.	476	117	187 50	2,627	48	13	30 00	186	74	8	51 50	
Add 5 per cent	24	6	9 37	131	2	1	1 50	9	4		2 57	ĺ
Flathead County	500	123	196 87	3,758	50	14	31 50	195	78	8	53 07	-
Missoula County	5,883	6,458	7,080 41	37,793	765		906 41	800	487	231	525 61	1.
Ravalli County	26,957	21,810	17,798 71	76,799	2,181	3,167	1,846 74	1,593	1,307		973 04	1,
Grand Total	33,340	28,391	25,075 99	118,350	2,996	4,085	2,784 65	2,588	1,872	695	1,551 72	2,

—CONTINUED.

—CONTINUED.

Trac	PL	UMS Al	ND PRUM	ves.		F	EARS.			PEA	CHES.		Gra	PES.	Тотаг.
Tracing Number	Trees, be ring age, 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age, 1895	Yield in bashels	Home value of Crop, market rates	Young trees, not yet bear- ing, 1895	Trees, bearing age 1895	Yield in bushels	Home value of Crop, market rates	not yet bearing, 1895	Number of Vines	Pounds of Grapes	liome value of ('rops at pre- vailing mar- ket rates
142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 153 154 155 156 157 160 161 162 163 164 166 166 166 166 166 166	No. 5 109 6 3 3 400 5 2 2 100 100 10 15 20 50 50 50 575 29	Bus, 5 2 3 3 100 2 1 1 1 20 5 5 1 1 20 20 5 1 1 1 20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	5 00 5 00 10 00 3 00 1 50 40 00 10 00 3 00	No. 24 60 700 40	No.	1	1 50 2 00	No. 12 2 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 7 12	No		Dols.	No.	No		Dols, 2 00 73 00 73 00 125 00 576 50 576 50 173 20 89 00 144 10 29 00 7 00 116 00 50 00 17 00 17 00 17 00 17 00 17 00 17 00 185 00 176 00 176 00 176 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00 178 00
••••	604	259	571 51	2,771	102	33	70 35	612	7	5	15 75	21	113	160	9,170 07

County.

167					l							l	Ī		6 00
168				. 6											
169				. 5				2				5	15		
170]												1		
171					11			5				İ 	2		
172	l i														
173				. 40				6					12		
174	3				2								1		
175	5	2	8 (0 30	i i			5							21 00
176	10	10.	30 (i i	1	3.00	10				4			118 00
177	-~			90		_		6				20			
178	6	2	4 (ğ	1			2	92	30	8 00
179	ı	$\tilde{4}$	- š č					"	1			~			58 00
180	4	3	14 4		1			5					• • • • • •		113 40
181	*	•		0.5	1			9							119 40
182				. 13											
183	'				• • • • •			1							
				. 25				О					24		
184					'										
185															
186				. 6			[2				1	5		12 00
187				. 30				20				5			
				-											
	32	21	64 4	0 252		1	3 00	83	1			37	247	30	336 40
	2	1	3 9	2 13		. 	15	4				2	12	2	16 82
	34	22	67 6	2 265	11	1	3 15	87	1			39	259	32	353 22
	604	259	571 5	1 2 771	102		70.35	612	7	5	15 75	21	113	160	9,170 07
	2,564	2,669	2,626 8		297	113	279 30	14,635	67	9	23 63	349	2,938	2,352	24,118 71
, .			,										~,000	~,50~	~1,110 11
	3,202	2,950	3,265 9	6 6,090	410	147	352 80	15,334	75	14	39 38	409	3,310	2,544	33,642 00

TABLE NO. 12—Showing Product and Value of Certain SMALL and Flathead

(The "Tracing Numbers" in this and preceeding table refer to the same individual reports, many growers planted, to estimate what would

RAVALLI COUNTY.	s	TRAWBERR	ies.	I	Raspberri	ES.	В	LACKBERR	IES.
RAVALLI COUNTY. (Post Office.)	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of	Estimated (a) yield per acre	Total yield in gallens, 1895.	llome value of	Estimated (a) yield per acre	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of Crop	Estimated (a) yield per acre
	Gals.	Dols.	ı 1	Gals.	Dols.	Gals.	Gals,	Dols.	Gals.
Hamilton	4,375	875 00	Gals. 2,500	250	100 00	1,000			
		6 00		10 50	5 00 25 00				
"	100		1,200	50	15 00	800			
44				200	100 00		100	50 00	
44				10	5 00		20	10 00	
"				60	24 00		40	16 00	
44	2,000	800 00	1,000	500	200 00		100	50 00	
44	. 75	30 00	500						
66	300	120 00	600	1,000	400 00	500	100	40 00	. 4
Victor	. 50		250	200	16 00	1,000	10	4 00	5
44	. 40	16 00	240	\$500		1,000			
"	. 25	12 50							
	. 50 900	15 00 250 00	600	15	7 50	400	5	2 50	
	. 30			30	12 00		9	≈ 50	
44		1		75	37 50	600			
44									
"	. 80	24 00	700	20	8 00		20	8 00	ي. ٠٠٠٠٠٠
Florence	150	37 50	100	100	25 00 20 00	500	100	30 00 7 50	. 5
64	10	25 00		50	20 00		25 20	7 50 8 00	
"	. 300	150 00							
"	. 500			600	140 00				
Grantsdale	1,000	400 00	333	50	20 00	800	15	6.00	······································
Grantsdate	100	40 00		100	25 00	300	75	6 00 18 75	
	30	15 00	500						
	. 25	15 00		10	7 00			25 90	
	400	120 00	640	10 200		1,000 600	100 100	25 90 40 00	8
Corvallis	100		600	90		1,080	5	2 50	
				75	40 00				
				20	10 00				
"	100 15			190	76 00	800	4	2 00	
66	1	11 ~3		40	20 00				
Woodside	100	40.00		100	50 00				
	25	10 00							
	. 40 20						12	6 00	
Stevensville	1,200	600 00	200	50	25 00		200		
	75	30 00							
Stevensville				50					
		1 20		50	20 00	200	T	1 75	1
64		1 ~"							
44				25	6 00	500			
				150	60-00	600			
44		30							
	130			60	30 00				
		1			3				
**	40	20 00			5 00				
44	. 125	48 75	2,000	10	5 00	1,500			
				50 35	10 00 7 00				
44	10	5 00	500				12	3 00	
**	40	20.00	1,280	30	15 00		1/2	25	
46	10	6 00	400	30	12 00				
	50	10 00		50 50			40	10 00	
							-10		
	30			50			10	2 50	
Darby	15	6 00		100				10.00	
		1		1 75	45 00		20	10.00	
Barry	10	4 00		6	2 40		4		

FRUITS GROWN IN QUANTITY FOR MARKET IN RAVALLI, MISSOULA COUNTIES IN 1895.

raising both tree fruits and small fruits. (a) Growers were asked, judging from the yield of the ground be the yield per acre in gallons.

	CURRANTS.			Gooseberries.		TOTAL.	
Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of	Estimated (a) yield per acre	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of	Estimated (a) yield per acre	crop at pre- vailing mar- ket rates	
Gals.	Dols.	Gals.	Gals.	Dols.	Gals.	Dols.	
400		1 600	250 20	50 00 4 00		1,1	
10	2 50		40	8 00 10 00			
100 50	$\begin{vmatrix} 10 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{vmatrix}$	1,500	100 50	10 00	2,000	18	
	1		40	7 50 10 00		5	
200		2,000				6	
200 50	50 00 10 00	1,000	200 50	50 00 10 00 20 00	1,000	1,1	
50	10.00		100	20 00		5	
1,000		2,000	100 300	20 00 30 00	1,500	2	
75							
			75	15 00		20	
40 10	10 00 2 00 12 50		30 2	4 50		2	
50	12 50	1,500	25	4 00 7 50	1,200	Ĩ	
50 40	12 50		100 60	20 00 12 00			
750 40	100 00	1,000	500 20	75 00	1,000	2	
50			ž0	12 00 75 00 4 00 4 00			
300	75 00		200	40 00		15 50	
250	l		100	12 50		40	
1,500	150 00		1,000 10	100 00		33 22 1	
1,500 20 10	150 00 5 00 3 00	300	10 50	100 00 2 00 12 00			
100	10 00	800	75	15.00			
75 150	15 00	600	30 125	4 50 25 00	500	20 1	
25 100	5 00 10 00		50 100	10 00 20 00			
50	12 00		24 20	6 00		15	
50 12			20 25	4 00 5 00			
100 10	10 00	400	200 15	40 00 4 50		1	
100	20 00	400	200	30 00 60 00		(
10 150	2 50 45 00	400	300 200	60 00 40 00	600 400	96	
10 7	2 50	180	40	40 00 S 00 1 60	180	96 6 1	
65	1 75 13 00	325		1 60		;	
40 50]	
30 160	5 00 40 00	600	10	1 50	125	10	
7	1 75		6	1 20		10	
10 50	8 00		60	8 00 15 00		10	
50	10 00		75	15 00			
75	10 00	1,800	40	6 00	1,600	(
100	20.00		95			5	
25 50	6 00 5 00	600	25 20 50	5 00 2 00 10 00	300	1	
				10 00		Ē	
25 50	9 60 5 00		100	25 00 1 00 2 00		4	
150	30 00	1,240	10	2 00			
25 4	1 00					1	
200	60 00		100 50	25 00 5 00		14	
50	10 00		30	5 00		15	

TABLE NO. 12

_								174	JEE 14	
Tra		s	TRAWBERR	IES.]	RASPBERR		F	BLACKBERI	RIES.
Tracing Number	RAVALLI COUNTY. (Post Office.)	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of Crop	Estimated (a) yield per acre	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of	Estimated (a) yield per acre	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of	Estimated (a) yield per acre
109 110	Darby	Gals.	Dols. 5 00	Gals.	Gals. 6 100	Dols. 2 40 50 00		Gals. 300 50	Dols. 30 00 30 00	
	Total reported Add 5 per cent	13,211 661	4,322 50 216 12	avg. 780	5,002 250	1,831 30 91 56	avg. 743	1,794 90	785 35 39 2 9	avg. 739
	Total for County	13,872	4,538 62	avg. 780	5,252	1,922 86	avg. 743	1,884	824 62	avg. 739
									Mis	SOULA
115 118 119 120 122 123 124 126 127 128 131 133 134 135 137 140 141 145 146 148 149 150 153 156 160 161 162	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	100 30 60 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	10 00 12 00 18 00 18 00 18 00 19 00 10 00 40 00 8 00 60 00 25 00 1,440 00 25 00 160 00 210 00 25 00 110 00 210 00 25 00 140 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00 210 00	2,000 750 400 1,000 8,00 1,500 1,500 1,500 2,200 320 1,600 1,600	25 10 200 180 30 100 12 180 14 25 600	10 000 10 00 8 00 8 00 120 00 6 00 121 00 6 00 375 00 4 00 120 00	1,300 300 1,000 384 600 240 400 500 360 200 200	2000 44 66 100 750	2 000 400 000 4 000 10 000 100 000 100 000 2 000 3 000 225 000	550 150 200
	Total reported Add 5 per ceut	12,238 612	3.645 50 182 28	1,157	4,341	1,478 20 73 91	566	2,579 129	923 50 46 10	334
	Total for County	12,850	3,827 78	avg. 1,157	4,558	1,552 11	avg. 566	2,708	969 60	avg. 334
							ı	1	FLA	THEAD
$\frac{173}{175}$	11olt	150 est1,000	60 00		100	75 00				
$\frac{179}{180}$	Columbia Falls	150 25 344	60 00 12 50 165 00	300 200 1,032	15 25 100	8 00 15 00 48 00	750 960			
184	Creston	4	2 00	850	4	2 00	800			
	Add 5 per cent	1,673			244	148 00 7 40				
	Flathead, Total Missoula, Total Ravalli, Total	1,757 12,850 13,872	839 48 3,827 78 4,538 62	avg. 1,157	256 4,558 5,252	155 40 1,552 11 1,922 86	avg. 566	2,708 1,884	969 60 824 62	avg. 334 avg. 739
	Grand Total Total for Tree Fruit	28,479	9,205 88	avg. 844	10,066	3,630 37	avg. 715	4,592	1,794 22	avg. 536
	Total for all Fruits									

	CURRANTS.			Gooseberries.		TOTAL.
Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of crop	Estimated yield per acre	Total yield in gallons, 1895.	Home value of crop	Estimated yield per acre	Home value of crop at prevailing market rates
Gals. 5	Dols. 5 00 25 00	Gals.	Gals. 50	Dols. 5 00 10 00	Gals.	Dols. 47 40 115 00
7,64 37	3 1,230 70 2 61 54	avg. 991	5,505 275	927 30 46 37	avg. 955	9,097 15 454 86
8,01	5 1,292 24	avg. 991	5,780	973 67	avg. 955	9,552 0
UNTY.						
10	0 6 00 5 3 00	400	10 10 25	5 00 2 00 5 00 1 50	300	41 00 28 00 27 00 50 50 25 00 15 00 23 50
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10 10 1 20	0 25 00 0 2 00 0 30 00		2 10 50 50 50	1 00 5 00 12 50 12 50 7 50	500	32 00 350 00 307 5 34 00 103 50 110 00 167 00
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2,88	4 673 57	avg. 800	961	257 25	avg. 533	7,983 70
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2,8 8,0	23 235 9 54 673 5 15 1,292 2	7 avg. 800	652 961 5,780	258 30 257 25 973 67	avg. 971 avg. 533 avg. 955	1,488 38 7,283 70 9,552 03
11,4	2,201 0	avg. 988	7,393	1,489 22		18,324 09 33,642 00
						\$51,966 09

REMARKS ACCOMPANYING FRUIT REPORTS.

RAVALLI COUNTY.

Hamilton. No. 1, This was an off year for apples and cherries. 4, also raised some apricots; 6, fruit trees and bushes all young and not bearing yet; will bear next year; 9, all apple trees except 28 are young; pears as fine as produced in any country; large and prolific: 10, all young trees: grape vines not good success: 12, the orchards in this locality are young, just beginning to bear. Fruit will be the chief product here in the future: 13, only small percentage of my fruits in bearing this season; have 10 acres planted in small fruits: 14, winter and crab apples mostly killed by frost just as blooms

were opening.

Victor. No. 15, The returns given you show a very short yield—not one-tenth crop. Causes: Late frosts and freezes in 1895—greater than for the past 26 years of a crop. of my residence here: other localities have full crops; this (The Curlew) orchard bore 800 bushels in 1894 and 1600 bushels in 1895; 19, owing to late frosts have only one-fourth crop; 21, about one-third crop this year; 23, small crop this year; heavy last year; 24, about one-fifth crop; frost; 25, late frost ruined apple, plum and strawberry crops; 27 and 28, late frosts destroyed crop: 34, my orchard is only seven years old, and I think the highest elevation and closest to the mountains of any in the valley.

FLORENCE. No. 35, Frost this spring killed nearly all my fruit when in bloom. have lived on my present farm over ten years and crop never was injured materially by frost before: 36, fruit crop almost entire failure owing to late frost in spring; 37 and 38, all young trees; 40, expect my trees to begin bearing next year.

Grantsdale. No. 44, Trees bore too heavy last year to give an average crop this year; 48, the prices given are little more than half they would be if I picked and peddled fruits: the neighbors come and pick them; 49, my trees are mostly young; grapes do not ripen with me.

CORVALIS. No. 53, Fruit trees all young and just beginning to bear: 55, prices ruled lower this year than any previous one since we began growing fruit, and the crop was shorter: 63, my orchard is all young yet; 64, this is the second year my trees have borne fruit: 65, the hard freeze in May destroyed fully two-thirds of my fruit, including all the plums and pears and most of the cherries: 66, all my trees will be bearing in 1896.

WOODSIDE. No. 71, My orchard is on a north slope which location I credit for no loss from the prevailing frost this year. Trees three and five years old and heavily

loaded for young trees.

Stevensville. No. 72, Strawberry and crab apple crop reported short; 73, frost injured bloom and hail destroyed much half-grown fruit, rendering crop very short; 88, a young orchard; frost killed nearly all blossoms: 90, injured by frost: 92, the poorest year I have had for fruit; '94, trees are all young; I have but just undertaken to raise small fruits; 95, orchard was set out in the spring of 1893, and yielded a few apples this year: 97, trees are all young, bearing their first fruit in 1894; 100, late spring frosts damaged crop very materially; trees planted last spring are doing exceedingly well; 102,

frost injured crop; 104. my crop was nearly a failure this year.

DARBY. No. 105, My fruit crop was nearly a failure this year on account of frost; ground that yielded 1200 gallons of small fruit last year produced less than 400 gallons this year; 109; my small fruit did not do so well this year; did not raise more than half

a crop.

MISSOULA COUNTY.

Missoula. No. 112, Early frost killed the blossoms: 115, trees are but three years old: 116, trees are all young; have quite a number of currants and gooseberries, but can not estimate quantity or value; 117, cherry trees are thriving: plums are bearing too much: pears are doing well: grapes are not a success; currants and gooseberries yield heavily: 118, this is an off year for plums: 119, orchard is five years old: 1,000 trees were planted in 1890, 100 in 1891 and 350 in 1894: 121, we have just started in fruit growing; 122, this is the first year any of our trees have borne fruit; we have many small fruits planted but not bearing as yet: 166½, this is the third season for my orchard and the yield too light for special mention: 123, orchard is four years old: 124, orchard is but three years old: no crop yet: 125, trees were all set out in 1893 and have not yet yielded: 128, my bearing trees are all four years old: most of my orchard is but one year old, and all the trees are thriving: 130, trees are all young and just beginning to bear: 132, some of our fruit trees are twenty years old and from that down: we had a good crop of small fruit: 134, my orchard was planted in 1893: 135, this part of Missoula county is well adapted to fruit, and we think in a few years we will have a fine orchard: our trees all look well and thrifty: we do not irrigate, as our land is low and close to the river: the crop this year was somewhat injured by frost: 137, frost nipped the blossoms greatly

injuring the apples and totally destroying the plum and prune crop; 139, orchard was set out in 1894: 140; this was an off year for plums and pears, as the trees were too heavily loaded last year; 141, trees are young and just beginning to bear; it is hard to give correct figures on strawberries and raspberries; I have grown strawberries that yielded 10,000 boxes per acre; 142, fruit crop was cut short by frost; strawberries an entire failure; 144, most of my trees are young and I did not allow part of them to bear;

crop does not equal by half that of 1894.

Lo-Lo. No. 145, Most of my trees came into bearing this year; a large proportion of my 800 prune trees will bear next season; 147, orchard is all young, just beginning to bear; 150, although my orchard is young I have to prop some of the trees; the yield per tree was not as good as last year, but a greater number of trees bore fruit; 152, fruit was

almost an entire failure owing to the late frost.

Plains. No. 156, A late May frost killed nearly all of our apple blossoms; orchard

is young and is not bearing much as yet.

CARLETON. No. 159, Frost injured all early fruit, this has been an off year for fruit of all kind; 160, my standard apple crop was almost an entire failure on account of frost in May.

No. 164, All large fruit was injured by frost; an estimate of this year's FLORENCE. small fruit would be no criterion; as frost reduced the normal yield from one-half to

three-quarters.

THOMPSON. No. 165; My orchard is young and the yield was small; expect to raise a profitable crop next year; as my trees are doing finely; 167, orchard is young and just beginning to bear; expect a good yield next season.

FLATHEAD COUNTY.

KALISPELL. No. 169, Entered land on west side of Flathead Lake and started in fruit growing in 1894; expect to raise all kinds of fruit; hope to market strawberries and gooseberries by another year; 170, my orchard is too young to bear to any extent; I am setting out three acres of small fruits; 171, fruit was killed by frost; 173, have apple trees large enough to bear, but crop was destroyed by the late frost; 174, frost killed the

Holt. No. 177, Orchard is too young to yield; the same with reference to small fruit; 179, four-year-old apple trees are just coming into bearing; 180, frost cut short my crop of small fruits; 181, orchard is three years old and bore meagrely for the first time this season; trees are thrifty and I expect a fair crop next year.

COLUMBIA FALLS. No. 182, My trees are but two years old; 183; have only a small orchard, but will set out 500 trees in the spring; 184, first year apple trees bore; cherries are a failure with me; had a good yield of small fruits.

DEMARSVILLE. No. 185, Have just started an orchard.

No. 186, Orchard and small fruits are just beginning to bear.

AINS. No. 187, Orchard started in 1893; not bearing as yet. CRESTON. Tobacco Plains.



PART IV.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORIES.

UNITED STATES AND STATE OFFICERS.—STATE BOARDS.—FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

COUNTY DIRECTORIES.



Official Directories.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

Office.	Name.	Residence.	Te Exp	rm ires.
United States Senator	Lee Mantle	Butte(b)	Mar.	3, 1901 3, 1899 3, 1897

Washington Residence—(a) No. 1432 Stoughton Street.
(b) Hotel Page.
(c) No. 1734 R Street N. W.

DIRECTORY OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS IN MONTANA.

Name.	Residence.
Hiram Knowles Preston H Leslie George F. Shelton Geo. W. Sproule William McDermott. John S. M. Neill Ambro-e W. Lyman David G. Browne Eugene B. Brsden Charles Rumley W. E. Cox Jeremiah Collins C. P. Blakely	Missoula Helena Helena Itelena Butte Helena
James G. Ramsey George W. Meyers John M. Evans W. C. Murphy David Hilger	Miles City. Miles City. Missoula. Missoula Lewistown
	Hiram Knowles Preston H Leslie George F, Shelton Geo, W. Sproule William McDermott. John S, M. Neill Ambro-e W. Lyman David G, Browne

COMMISSIONERS U. S. CIRCUIT COURT, DISTRICT OF MONTANA. Acting as Such, December 31, 1895.

Name.	Residence.	When Appointed.	Name.	Residence.	When Appointed.
Avery, E S. Barbour, J E Brown, T. A. Burton, C. W. Campbell, A. Catlin, J. B. Confort, J. R. Conlin, M. Cockrill, W. M. Cook, Fred. W. Davis, J. H. Dingevon, James. Dyns, J. P. Everett, T. M. Fleischauer, W. G. Garrett, E. C. Garrett, E. C. Gray, F. L. Hall, C. E. Hall, C. E. Hart, A. P. Hart, A. P. Harter, J. H. Unter, F. A. Kinsley, J. W. Kriedler, F. M. Lewis, J. E. Logan, A. Logan, S. M. Meagher, D. A. Meeyer, W. F.	Hamilton J Lima M Big Timber S Boulder A Pondera F Billings A Hamilton O Twin Bridges F Holt A Great Falls N Helena J Virginia City N Butte A Great Falls A Harlem D Rozeman A Piegan B Rozeman B Raispell F Glasgow J Brillings J Butte V Poplar Creek A Ovando J Helena A Miles City A	an. 22, 1895 day 2, 1898 day 2, 1898 ept. 13, 1892 ept. 15, 1890 ebt. 16, 1890 ect. 16, 1890 day 2, 1890 day 3, 1891 day 4, 1892	Russell, E. C. Rainbolt, W. S. Ray, J. H. Robbins, S. B. Solleder, G. W. Sproule, Geo. W. Swaney, A. W. Sullivan, Jere Smith, Wallace P. Sweet, Geo. W. Stam J. W. Smith, D. F. Trescott, C. E. Van Wyck, H. L.	Livingston Great Falls Libby Neihart Livingston Crow Agency Helena Chinook Glendive Great Falls Darby Helena A shlev Fort Benton Missoula Havre Chinook Columbia Falls Duppyer Libby Choteau White Sul. Springs	Jan. 4, 1892 Feb. 29, 1893 Apr. 3, 1893 Apr. 3, 1893 Apr. 15, 1896 My 17, 1894 July 24, 1895 Aug. 28, 1895 July 24, 1895 July 24, 1895 Apr. 15, 1896 Apr. 15, 1896 Aug. 28, 1893 Aug. 1895 A

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS FOR STATE OF MONTANA, DECEMBER 31, 1895.

Name and Residence.	Date Commiss on Issued.	Term Expires.
James L. King; San Francisco, Cal., No. 308 California St. George T. Knox. San Francisco, Cal., No. 144 California St. Livingston W. Cleaveland: New Haven, Conn., No. 69 Church St. John E. Mitchell; Washington, D. C., No. 1,321 F. St. N. W. Chas. S. Bundy; Washington, D. C., No. 458 Louisiana Ave. Philip A. Hoyne; Chicago, Illinois. Newton G. Rogers; Louisville, Kentucky, No. 341 Fifth Ave. Chas. Hall Adams; Boston, Mass., No. 23 Court St. Samuel Jennison; Boston, Mass., No. 23 Court St. Samuel Jennison; Boston, Mass., No. 16 Court St. Angustine H. Read; Boston, Mass., No. 50 Devonshire St. Frank D. Butrick; Boston, Mass., No. 20 Devonshire St. Frank D. Butrick; Boston, Mass., Ames Building C. D. Greene, Jr.; St. Louis, Mo., No. 311 Olive st. Chas. Edgar Mills; New York City, N. Y., No. 115 Broadway Edward F. Wellington; New York City, N. Y., No. 15 Broad St. Alfred Mackay: New York City, N. Y., No. 15 Broad St. Alfred Mackay: New York City, N. Y., No. 60 Wall St. George H. Corey; New York City, N. Y., No. 60 Wall St. Chas. F. Lunt; New York City, N. Y., No. 35 Wall St. Chas. R. Lunt; New York City, N. Y., No. 35 Wall St. John A. Hillery; New York City, N. Y., No. 36 Wall St. Thomas B. Clifford; New York City, N. Y., No. 169 Broadway. Leonard R. Kidder; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Doseph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N. Y., No. 170 Broadway. Usoeph B. Braman; New York City, N.	Nov. 14, 1893 Jan. 24, 1893 Oct. 17, 1892 Dec. 7, 1892 Apr 28, 1893 Apr 28, 1893 Apr 28, 1893 July 31, 1893 July 31, 1893 July 31, 1893 June 4, 1892 Jan. 12, 1893 June 13, 1893 May 10, 1893 Aug. 21, 1893 Aug. 31, 1893 Sept. 30, 1893 Aug. 31, 1893 Sept. 30, 1893 June 8, 1894 Mar. 2, 1893 June 8, 1894 Mar. 2, 1893 June 8, 1894 Mar. 4, 1892 June 18, 1894 Mar. 4, 1894 June 18, 1894	Nov. 14, 1896 Jun. 24, 1896 Oct. 17, 1895 July 20, 1896 Dec. 7, 1895 April 28, 1896 Aug. 17, 1895 July 31, 1896 July 32, 1896 July 32, 1896 July 32, 1896 July 32, 1896 Mar. 30, 1896 Mar. 30, 1896 Aug. 31, 1896 Dec. 7, 1895 June 8, 1897 Mar. 2, 1896 Feb. 28, 1897 Mar. 2, 1896 Feb. 28, 1897 Mar. 2, 1896 Feb. 28, 1897

U. S. PENSION BOARD.

Meets every Wednesday at 10 a. m. at office of Dr. Carmichael, Atlas Block, Helena.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	
W. L. Steele, M. D	residentSecretary. Treasurer.	Helena. Helena. Helena.	App. by U. S. Government App. by U. S. Government App. by U. S. Government

SUPREME AND DISTRICT COURTS STATE OF MONTANA—SUPREME COURT.

Office.	Name.	P. O. Address.	Elected.	Term Expires.
Chief Justice Supreme Court	Wm. H. DeWitt	Helena	Nov. 8, 1889	Jan. 4, 1897

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT, BENJAMIN WEBSTER. MARSHAL OF SUPREME COURT, JUNIUS G. SANDERS.

DISTRICT COURTS.

No. of District		Office		Name.	P. O. Address.	Counties Composing District.
1st. 2nd 3d 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th 10th 11th	District	Judge	Dept. 2 Dept. 1 Dept. 2	Frank K. Henry George R. Milburn Charles II. Benton Francis K. Armstrong	Helena Butte Butte Deer Lodge Missoula Boulder Livingston Miles City Grent Falls Bozeman Fort Benton	Lewis and Clarke. Silver Bow. Silver Bow. Deer Lodge; Granite. Missoula; Ravalli. Beaverhead; Jefferson; Madison. Carbon; Park; Sweetgrass. Custer; Dawson; Yellowstone. Cascade. Gallatin; Meagher. Chotean; Fergus: Valley.

Directory of State Officers of Montana.

ELECTIVE OFFICERS.

Office.	Name.	P. O. Addre	ss.	Politics.	Elected.	Term Exp.
Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State Attorney General State Treasurer State Anditor Sup't of Public Instruction Chief Justice Supreme Court Asso. Justice Supreme Court Asso. Justice Supreme Court Clerk of Supreme Court	Alexander C. Botkin. Lonis Rotwitt Henri J. Haskeil. Frederick W. Wright A. B. Cook Eugene A. Steere. Wm. Y. Pemberton Wm. H. DeWitt Wm. II. Hunt	(C		" " " " " " Dem. and Pop. Republican	66 66 66 66	Jan. 2, 1898 Jan. 4, 1897 Jan. —, 1901

APPOINTIVE OFFICERS.

Office.	Name.	P. O. Address.	Politics.	Term.	Date Appointed
Private Secretary to Governor. State Land Agent Register State Land Office. State Examiner Accountant to State Examiner. Veterinary Surgeon Inspector of Mines Deputy Inspector of Mines State Boiler Inspector Assistant Boiler Inspector Com'r Agri, Labor and Ind State Librarian Librarian Historical Society. Custodian Ft. Eliis Reservation Custodian Ft. Maginnis Reser.	James M. Page. S. A. Swiggett. David D. Bogart. E. W. Stetson Robert H. Bird. C. S. Shoemaker John H. Miles George Blina. A. H. Andrews James H. Mills. Miss Lou Guthrie Wilbur E. Sanders. J. P. Chrisman	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	nnex. 4 years to Dec. 31, '96 to Dec. 31, '96 2 years 4 years 2 years 2 years	July 31, 18 Mar. 23, 18 Mar. 21, 18 Jan. 23, 18 Feb. 13, 18 Jan. 10, 18 Jan. 10, 18 Mar. 2, 18 Jan. 11, 18 Jan. 11, 18 Jan. 27, 18

GENERAL STAFF.

J. E. RICKARDS, Governor and Commander-in-Chief. *

Rank and Name.	Office.	Station.		ate inted.
Brig. General, C. F. Lloyd. Brig. General, Chas. D. Curtis Brig. General, Chas. W. Hoffman Brig. General, Andrew J. Davis Brig. General, H. D. Pıckman* Colonel, John R. Miiller Colonel, Robert B. Wallace. Colonel, Hiram S. Blanchard Captain, C. H. Loud Colonel, Wm. M. Thornton Colonel, A. L. Babcock Colonel, John L. Sloan	Inspector General Quartermaster General Commissary General Surgeon General Ordnance Officer Ass't Inspec or General Mustering Officer Judge Advocate Aide de Camp Aide de Camp	Helena Bozeman Butte Dillon Helena Clearwater Miles City Anaconda Billings	Nov. Dec. Jan.	" " " 10, 1894 26, 1894

^{*} Died since Jan. 1, 1896.

NATIONAL GUARD OF MONTANA, DECEMBER 31, 1895.

GOVERNOR JOHN E. RICKARDS, - - - COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF. First Regiment Infantry, Headquarters, Butte.

Regimental Officers—Rank.	Name.	Residence.
Colonei Lieutenant-Colonel Major—1st Battalion Major—2d Battalion Major—3d Battalion Major—3d Battalion Regimental Surgeon—Major Assistant Surgeon—Captain Assistant Surgeon—Captain	Harry C. Kessler	Butte
Lieutenant-Colonel	Charles S. Shoemaker	Helena
Major—1st Battalion	J. W. Drennan	Bozeman
Major—3d Battalion	Byron H. Cook	Butte
Regimental Surgeon—Major	Josiah S. Hammond	
Assistant Surgeon—Captain	C. D. Freund	
Assistant Surgeon—Captain	W. C. Riddell	Helena
Adjutant—1st Lieutenart	George F. Marsh	Butte
Adjutant—Ist Lieutenart Quartermaster—Ist Lieutenant Shaplain—Captain	Alfred Seadorf	
Chaplain—Captain	George C. Stull	"

Non-Commissioned Staff,

Sergeant-Major F. W. Holme Quastermaster-Sergeant horizontal Chief Bugler—Sergeant A. W. Orton Hospital Steward—Sergeant W. C. Atherd Hospital Steward—Sergeant D. M. Newbr	Butte e Bozeman len Butte """ Bozeman """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """ """
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COMPANIES. LOCATION AND COMMANDING OFFICERS.

Companies.	Location.	Captains.	Companies.	Location.	Captains.
B C	Butte Helena	T. P. A. Howe	G H	Bozeman Helena	Wm. L. Hill. E. W. Wynne. James Keown Robert L. Fisk James McQuade.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES-STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.
Cornelius Hedges William E. Cullen Fred. Gamer Peter Koch Wilbur F. Sanders W. E. Sanders	Vice-President Secretary Treasurer Trustee	" "	66 66	"

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS OF MONTANA.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term Expires.
T. J. Murray, M. D W. M. Bullard, M. D W. C. Riddell, M. D C. K. Cole, M D. E. D. Leavitt, M. D J. M. Sligh, M. D. H. Chapple, M. D	Treasurer Chairm'u Ex. Com	Helena	Mar. 12, 1892 Apr. 6, 1892 Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 31, 1898 Dec. 31, 1897 Dec. 31, 1902

STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

J. E. Rickards		President of the Board
L. Rotwitt	Secretary of State	Secretary of the Board
H. J. Haskell	Attorney General	
	State Treasurer	
A B Cook	State Auditor: Clerk of Board, Emily Swar	n.

STATE BOARD OF PARDONS.

11. J.	Haskell	. Attorney General	of the Bo	ard
L. Rc	twitt	Secretary of State	Secretary of the Bo	ard
A B	Cook	State Auditor: Clerk of	Board, Lou Hathorn,	
21. 3.	COOM,,,	cross on .	20010, -0	

STATE BOARD OF PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

J.	E. Rickards		
Ľ.	Rotwitt	Secretary of State,	Secretary of the Board
11.	J. Haskell	Attorney General; Clerk of Boar	d, H. F. Batchelor.

STATE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR INSANE.

J. E. Rickards	Governor	President of the Board
L. Rotwitt	Secretary of State	Secretary of the Board
H. J. Haskell	Attorney General; Clerk of Boar	d; W. D. Gardiner.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

J. E. Rickards	Governor	President	of the	Board
L. Rotwitt	Secretary of State	Secretary	of the	Board
H. J. Haskell	Attorney General;	Clerk of Board, J. E. McIntire.		

STATE BOARD OF LAND COMMISSIONERS.

J. E. Rickards	Governor	President of the Board
E. A. Steere	Sup't of Public Instruction	Secretary of the Board
L. Rotwitt	Secretary of State	
H. J. Haskell	Attorney General; Clerk of Box	ard, Harry Cannon.
	• •	

STATE FURNISHING BOARD.

J. E. Rickards	Governor.
H. J. Haskell	Attorney General.
L. Rotwitt.	Secretary of State.

STATE BOARD OF ARBITRATION.

Name.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	When appointed.	Term.
Chas. F. Mussigbrod	Not Organized.	Warm Springs Butte Helena		Two Years

STATE CAPITOL SITE COMMISSION.*

E. D. Leavitt	Chairman	Butte	March 7, 1895	Indefinite
A. J. Davidson E. D. Ellis	Secretary	Helena	"	"
E. D. Edgerton	46	Helena	1.	"
E. H. Talcott	**	Livingston		"

^{*} Commission terminated with acceptance of State Capitol site.

STATE CAPITOL COMMISSION.

*J. E. Rickards. C. K. Cole. W. H. Flowerree W. M. Bickford. C. F. Lloyd.	Vice Chairman Member	Sun River Missonla	"	Indefinite """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
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^{*} By the provisions of the act creating this Commission the Governor of the State is a member of the Commission during his tenure of office; Geo. F. Marsh, Secretary to Commission.

STATE ARID LAND COMMISSION.

	T7 -1	M 00 100F	Ni
airman	Helena	mar. 23, 1895	Six years
ember	Great rails	44	
	Missenla	"	
	Dillia		
	Claudina	1 mail 0 100E	
Crelary	Glenaive	ADTH 9, 1895	
100	nirman mber 	nirman Helena	Mar. 23, 1895 Mar. 23, 1895 Mar. 23, 1895 Mar. 24, 1895 Mar. 25, 1895 Mar. 26, 1895 Mar. 26, 1895 Mar. 27, 1895 Mar. 28, 1895 Mar. 28, 1895 Mar. 29, 189

SOLDIERS' HOME.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

	1	1	1	
R. E. Fisk	Member	Helena	Ex-officio	
P. R. Dolman	Chairman	Butte	Apr. 18, 1895	Four Years
C. B. Miller, M. D. Lyman Loring.	Secretary	Helena		"
Lyman Loring	Member	Columbia Falls	**	Two Years
Ł. F. Ferris	**	Bozeman	"	

By provisions of the act creating this Commission R. E. Fisk, Helena, is a member ex-officio during the current year by virture of his being Department Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in the State for the current year.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

D. M. Newbro E. Starz Geo. W. Shoemaker	Treasurer	Helena	" Two Y	Years. ears
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STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

				1
J. W. Reed	President	Butte	Mar. 29,	1895 Four Years
W. E. Zuber W. F. Robinson	Secretary	Helena	46.	Two Years
W. F. Robinson	Treasurer	Missoula		Three Years.
Chos S Whitney	Mambar	Miles City	66	One Vear
Wm. A. Tudor	44	Bozeman		Five Years

COMMISSIONERS OF BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

			1			
*A. B. Clements	Chairman	Helena	Mar.	23, 1895	Dec.	31, 1896
Clarence Grange	Secretary	Butte	Mar.	19, 1895		"
c in the contract of the contr				,		

^{*} Appointed vice George L. Ramsey, Bozeman, appointed March 19th, 1895, resigned.

STATE BOARD OF GAME AND FISH COMMISSIONERS.

*H. Percy Kennett John F. Cowan W. B. Green	Secretary	Butte	Mar. 19, 1895	Two Years
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^{*} Vice John O'Connor, Belena, appointed March 19th, 1895, resigned.

State Board of Education.

UNDER ACT APPROVED MARCH 1, 1893.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.	Term Expires.
J. E. Rickards, Governor E. A. Steere, Sup't Pub. Inst. H. J. Haskell, Att'y Gen'l. James Reid J. A. Baker. J. E. Morse T. E. Collins J. M. Hamilton H. H. Grant O. F. Goddard R. G. Young					

The State Treasurer is Treasurer of the Board; C. C. Wylie, Helena, Clerk of the Board. Semi-annual meetings at Capitol—first Monday, June and December. No compensation.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA.

Located at Missoula by Act approved February 17, 1893—(The Government of the University is vested in the State Board of Education.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Term.	Term Expires.
J. H. T. Ryman T. C. Marshal Hiram Knowles	President Secretary Member	Missoula	3 years	Feb. 1, 1897 Feb. 1, 1898 Feb. 1, 1899

FACULTY OF UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA.

Oscar J. Craig, A. M. Ph. D., President,	Professor of History and Literature.
S. A. Merritt, B. S	Professor of Natural Science.
Miss Cynthia E. Reiley, B. S	Professor of Mathematics.
W. M. Aber, A. B	Professor of Latin and Greek.
Fred. C. Scheuch, M. E.; A. C	Professor Modern Languages; Applied Sciences.
Mary Olive Gray	Instructor of Music.
Mary A. Craig, B. S	

THE MONTANA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS AND THE EXPERIMENT STATION.

Located at Bozeman by Act approved February 16th, 1893. (General control and Supervision vested in the State Board of Education.)

EXECUTIVE BOARD.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.	Term I	Exp.
Lester S. Willson. George Kinkle, Jr Peter Koch. Nelson Story. Walter Cooper.	President Vice-President Sec'y and Treas	Bozeman	Mar. 21, 1893 Feb. 6, 1896 Mar. 21, 1895 Feb. 1, 1895	4 years 5 years 2 years	Feb. 1 Feb. 1 Feb. 1	, 1897 , 1900 L, 1898 I, 1897

FACULTY OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

James Reid, A. B. President	Engineering and Mining.
S. M. Emery	Horticulture.
Luther Foster, M. S. A	Agriculture and Botany.
F. W. Traphagen, Ph. D. F. C. S	Chemistry and Natural Sciences.
R. E. Chandler, M. E	Mechanical Engineering and Mathematics.
W. L. Williams, V. S	Veterinary Science.
Miss K. P. Calvin	Music.
Prof. Albert Wright	Violin, etc.
B. F. Maiden, A. B. Principal	Preparatory Department.
H. G. Phelps	Business Department.
Mrs. F. E. Marshall	Freehand Drawing and Wood Carving.
W. M. Cobleigh, E. M	Assistant in Chemistry and Physics.
Miss Jennie Jones	Instructor in Stenography and Typewriting.
Miss Jennie Jones	Assistant Librarian.
College opened September 18, 1895.	

EXPERIMENT STATION STAFF.

S. M. Emery, Director	Horticulturist.
Lnther Foster	Agriculturist.
F. W. Traphagen	Chemist.
F. W. Traphagen W. L. Williams, V. S	Veterinary Science.
H. G. Phelps	Accountant.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Established and Located at Dillon by Act approved February 23, 1893—(Control and Supervision vested in State Board of Education).

COMMITTEE ON CONSTRUCTION.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.
B. F. White Frank Eliel W. M. Oliver	President Secretary Treasurer	Dillon	June 1, 1895 Feb. 1, 1895	Not Specified

STATE DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM.

Established and Located at Boulder, by Act Approved February 23, 1893—(Control and Supervision vested in the State Board of Education).

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND MANAGEMENT.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.
Jesse M. Patterson M. H. Parker G. H. Barbour, M. D	President	Boulder Helena	Feb. 12, 1896 May 2, 1895	Three Years One Year Three Years
J. A. Tillinghast. Mrs. J. A. Tillinghast. L. A. Vawter, M. D.	MANAGEMENT. Superintendent Matron Visiting Physician	Boulder	Sept. 1, 1895	Two Years One Year

INSTRUCTORS.

J. A. Tillinghast	Teacher of Deaf and Dumb.
L. A. Devine	Asst. Teacher of Deaf and Dumb.
Miss Daisy Doyle	Teacher of Blind and Music.

MONTANA STATE SCHOOL OF MINES.

Located at Butte by Act approved February 17, 1893.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Memters.	Organization.	P O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.	Term Expires.
F. E. Sargent E. H. Wilson J. H. Leyson C. W. Goodale *W. W. Dixon	Treasurer		May 26, 1893 May 26, 1893	One Year Three Years.	Jan. 1, 1898 Jan. 1, 1896

^{*} Appointed to fill unexpired term of M. Kirkpatrick

Home for Orphans, Foundlings and Destitute Children.

Established and Located at Twin Bridges by Act approved March 2, 1893.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed,	Term.	Term Expires.
Patrick Carney John R. Comfort John Wilhart *Mortimer H. Lott	Secretary	Twin Bridges	Mar. 29, 1895 Mar. 29, 1895	Four Years Four Years	Mar. 27, 1897 Mar. 29, 1899 Mar. 29, 1899 Mar. 27, 1897

^{*} Appointed to fill unexpired term of R. O. Hickman, deceased.

THE STATE REFORM SCHOOL.

Established and Located at Miles City by Act approved March 1, 1893.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND MANAGEMENT.

Members.	Organization.	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.
J. W. Strevell Howard B. Wifey Chas. R. Middleton	President. Secretary. Member. MANAGEMENT.	66	Mar. 29, 1895 Mar. 29, 1893 Mar. 29, 1893	Four Years Four Years Three Years.
A. J. Hylton Mrs. A. J. Hylton	Director	Miles City	Jan. 22, 1894 Aug. 1, 1894	Not specified

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES AND REFORM.

Semi-Annual meetings at office of Secretary of State, January and October: No Compensation.

Members.	Organization	P. O. Address.	Appointed.	Term.	Term Expires.
*Rev. E. J. Groeneveld.	President	Butte	Dec 1895	Unexpired	Mar. 27, 1899
Mrs. M. S. Cummins.	Secretary	Helena	Mar. 6, 1895	Six Years	Mar. 6, 1901
Rev. W. W. Van Orsdel.	Member	Great Falls	Mar. 25, 1893	Four Years	Mar. 25, 1897

^{*} Appointed to fill unexpired term of Rev. Galen Wood.

State Board Stock Commissioners.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

President	John T. Murphy	Helena.
Vice-President		
Secretary	W. G. Prenitt	Helena
Clerk of Board		Helena.

COMMISSIONERS.

County.	County. Name.	
Cascade Carbon Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Park Sweet Grass Silver Bow Teton Valley Valley	. C. J. McNamara	Cascade. Red Lodge Big Sandy Miles City Glendive. Deer Lodge Utica. Toston Helena. Puller Springs. Fort Logan Livingston Hunter's Hot Springs. Butte. Sun River Malta

STOCK INSPECTORS.

Name.	P. O. Address.
R. P. Heren J. H. Lander H. E. Bourdette Harry Lund W. D. Smith R. H. Rickard J. W. Collins	Chicago, Ill Chicago, Ill St. Paul, Minn Fort Benton, Mont Miles City, Mont Omaha, Neb Butte, Mont

Deputy Sheep Inspectors. Appointed by State Veterinary Surgeon.

Name.	County.	Residence.
Frank Landon H. H. Nelson D. H. Bowman C. H. Williams D. Hilger L. S. Briggs C. W. Cook J. D. MicGregor, V. S S. L. Potter	Beaverhead Cascade Custer Deer Lodge Fergus Madison Meagher Silver Bow	Dillon Cascade Miles City Garrison Lewistown Ennis Unity Butte

State Prison.

Title.	Location.	Located by	Contractors.		
*Eastern State Prison Western State Prison	Billings, Yellowstone County Deer Lodge, Deer Lodge County	Act approved March 3, 1893. Act approved March 3, 1893.	Conley & McTague		
* Not completed.	STATE INSANE	Asylum.			
State Insane Asylum	Warm Springs, Deer Lodge Co	Not located	Mitchell & Mussigbro		

Officers and Members Fourth Legislative Assembly. (With Corrections to December 31, 1895.)

REGULAR SESSIONS CONVENE AT 12 O'CLOCK (NOON) EACH ODD NUMBERED YEAR—LIMIT OF DURATION, 60 DAYS.

JOHN E. RICKARDS, GOVERNOR.

SENATE.

ALEXANDER C. BOTKIN, LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE. DAVID E. FOLSON, OF MEAGHER, PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

Counties.	Names of Senators.	*Politics.	P. O. Address.	Elected.	Term	Exp.
2 Madison 3 Gallatin 4 Jefferson 5 Deer Lodge 6 Missonla 7 Lewis and Clarke 8 Choteau 9 Meagher 10 Silver Bow 11 Custer 12 Yellowstone 13 Dawson 14 Fergus 15 Park 16 Cascade 17 Granite 18 Flathead 19 Ravalli 20 Valley 21 Teton Carbon	George M. Brown Alexander Metzel. Charles W. Hoffman George D. Greene Charles H. Eggleston W. H. Smead William L. Steele John W. Power David E. Folsom Charles R. Leonard Reno Swift Albert L. Babcock Thomas P. Cullen Edward P. Chandler George M. Hatch. (a) Timothy W. Brosnan James M. Sligh William R. Ramsdell Oliver C. Cooper Charles S. Hurd William K. Flowerree None yet elected None yet elected	Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Democrat Republican Gemocrat Republican Gemocrat Republican Gemocrat Republican Gemocrat Republican Gemocrat Gemoc	Puller Springs Bozeman Boulder Anaconda Missoula Heiena Fort Benton White Sul. Springs Butte Ekalaka Billings Glendive Maiden Big Timber Great Falls Grantie Columbia Falls Grantsdale Glasgow Sun River	Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1884 Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1884 Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 6, 1894 """ """ """	Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov.	4, 1896 9, 1898 4, 1896 9, 1898 4, 1896 9, 1898 4, 1896 9, 1898 4, 1896 9, 1898 4, 1896 9, 1898 b) b) b) b)

⁽a) Now a resident of Sweet Grass County. (b) During the session of the Fourth Legislative Assembly the Senators of Granite, Flathead, Ravalli, Valley and Teton Counties drew lots for the number of their respective Districts, but the length of their respective terms was not determined. There is uncertainty as to the terms of Senators from above Counties, (See Constitution and Sections 153 and 154 Political Code.) Lientenant Governor Botkin, President of the Senate, has advised that a test case be made and a decision obtained from the Supreme Court at an early day.

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS—SENATE—FOURTH REGULAR SESSION.

James B. Wells Mrs. Maud Davis Baker C. E. Wight	Assistant Secretary Enrolling Clerk	M. E. Hotchkiss	Janitor
C. E. Wight	Engrossing Clerk		Night Watchman
J. M. Hartley	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms	John W. Chandler	Page

House of Representatives.

County.	County. Names of Representatives. Politics.		P. O. Address.	Elected.	Term Exp.	
Beaverhead	W. A. Jones	Republican	Dillon.	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896	
	H. Knippenberg (a)		Glendale	"	"	
	D. J. Tallant		Great Falls	"	66	
	Joseph E. Reynolds			44	**	
	Wm. R. Glasscock		Sand Conlee	66	4.6	
	John A. Harris		Cascade	66		
	Andrew H. Reser		Chinook	11	• •	
	Samuel Gordon		Miles City	11	46	
	James S. Hopkins	Democrat	Forsyth	66	66	
	J. B. Losee				"	
2 co. 2 cago	O. Leiser	"	4.6		"	
46	James Warshall	Populist			"	
- 46	James Marshall	Topanst	"		66	
	Wm. Edwards	66	Garrison		46	
Ferans	Willis A. Hedges	Republican			66	
Flathand	I J Ryan	Populist.	Kalienall	66		
f.	J. J. Ryan	100011186	Kanspen		"	
Gallatin	Walter Cooper	Domograf	D zomen		46	
44	W. W. Alderson	Republican	D Zeman			
66	T. J. Lynde	hepublican	Salesville	16	"	

House of Representatives-Continued.

County.	Name.	Politics.	P. O. Address.	Elected.	Term Expires.
Granite	Willard Bennett Roland T. Rombauer	Republican	Princeton	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896
Jefferson	Charles R. Burkett	64	Pipestone Springs	٤.	44
66	Albert L. Love	64	Toston	"	6.6
44	H. E. G. Winter	66	Basin	66	**
Lewis and Clarke	Arthur J. Craven	66	Helena	66	- 6
44	John Horsky	6.6	"	"	44
"	C. K. Brown	Populist	**	4.6	66
"	John H. Huseby	- 66	"	44	6.
66	John H. Shober	6.6	**	"	
	Joseph Oker	11	Marysville	66	4.
	Mart. Mitchell	44	Helena	• • •	6.6
Madison	Nelson J. Isdell	Republican	Pony		66
	Henry D. Rossiter		Sheridan	"	66
Meagher	James T. Anderson	Dem and Pop	White Sul. Springs		66
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A. E. Spriggs	Populist	Townsend	"	"
Missoula	E. E. Hershey	Republican	Missoula	66	66
"	A. Hollensteiner	- "	66		66
66	J. R. Latimer	Populist		66	"
Park	Allan R. Joy(b)	Republican	Livingston		44
**	William F. Meyer c)		Red Lodge	66	"
66	William T. Collins	66	Hunter's Hot Sprs.	44	66
	Geo. T. Baggs	66	Stevensville	66	44
66	Joel J. Bond	Populist	Victor	66	66
Silver Bow.	Edwin S. Booth	Republican	Butte	66	61
	Edwin Bray	Trop and troub.	66	66	66
	Geo. A. Cook	66	66	66	6.
	H. R. Cunningham	"	46	66	66
66	David Lawrence	66	6.	64	6.6
	E. H. Metcalf	46	44	44	66
	J. H. Monteath		66	66	6.6
	Howard Paschal			66	
		6.6		66	
	J. S. Shropsh!re				
		- "	,,	66	66
**********	Stephen Williams			- 66	
	John A. Kennedy		Choteau		
ellowstone	Christian Yegen		Billings		

JOINT MEMBERS.

⁽a) Resigned. (b) Removed from State. (c) Now a resident of Carbon County.

Note—Carbon and Sweet Grass Counties were created by Fourth Legislative Assembly and no Senators or Representatives are yet elected.

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS—HOUSE—FOURTH REGULAR SESSION.

	1		1
E. W. Stetson	Chief Clerk	N. J. Mvers	Doorkeeper
Cahs. D. French	Assistant Chief Clerk	Geo. W. Jones	Day Watchman
L. E. Manning	Engrossing Clerk	Frank Stradling	Night Watchman
J. B. Mitchell	Enrolling Clerk	B. F. Hooper	Janitor
John R. Eardley	Journal Clerk	Lawrence Peck	Page
Rev. W. C. Shippen	Chaplain	Walter Donnelly	Page
J. D. Taylor	Sergeant at Arms	J. G. Donavon	Page
Thos. Trevaille	Assistant Sergeant at Arms	C. B. Sligh	Page
		_] -

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS AND APPORTIONMENT.

Under Act approved by the Governor, March 10, 1893, to continue "until otherwise provided by law." Each County is entitled to one Senator.

Counties.	Representatives. Counties.		Repre sentative	
Beaverhead Cascade Choteau Custer Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke	Four — One — Two — Five — One — Two — Three —	- 2 Madison 4 Meagher - 1 Missonla 2 Valley and Fergus (joint). 5 Park 1 Ravalli 2 Silver Bow 3 Yellowstone 2 Dawson and Custer (joint). 8 Teton. 8 Deer Lodge and Missoula (joint). Totals.	Two Three One Three Two Eleven One One One	- 5 - 8 - 1 - 8 - 9 - 11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

County Directories.

DISTRICT, COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS HOLDING JANUARY 1, 1896.

In designating Politics that of the Party placing the Candidate in nomination is given. Abbreviations: Rep. Republican; Dem., Democrat; Pop., Populist or People's Party; N. K., Not Known. In a number of counties the Clerks reporting stated uncertainty existed as to the term of County Commissioners and omitted the same. In such cases a four years term has been inserted. Where there is a question as to date of expiration of term that which custom has sanctioned is inserted pending determination. Constables having only been reported from three counties they are omitted from all in publishing.

BEAVERHEAD COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, DILLON.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed			
Member of State Senate	Geo. M. Brown	Dillon	Rep	Nov. 8, 1892	Nov. 4, 1896		
Member Honse of Representatives	W. A. Jones H. Knippenberg	Dillon Glendale	"	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896 (Resigned)		
Judge 5th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Frank ShowersE. J. CongorR. J. Thomas	Boulder Dillon	D. & Pop Rep	Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 8, 1892	Jan. 4, 1897		
County Commissioner	Geo. Galbraith	Lima	46		""		
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	J. G. Shannon T. J. Murray A. J. Noyes Millie J. Coffin D. Cashmore J. Cashmore Josephus Rich	66 66 66 66	" · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sept. 6, 1895 June 5, 1895 Nov. 6, 1894	Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897		
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	J. R. Holden	BannacaLimaGlendaleDeweysBannack	Dem Rep	April, 1895 June 5, 1895 Nov. 6, 1894 Sept. 6, 1895 Nov. 6, 1894	April 1897		

⁽a) Elected to fill unexpired term; (b) appointed for unexpired term; (c) Police Magistrate and ex-officio J. P.; (d) appointed; (e) held over.

CARBON COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, RED LODGE. Established Under Act of Legislature enacted March 4, 1895.

Member of State Senate	None yet elected				
Member House of Representatives	W. F. Meyer(a)	Red Lodge	Rep	Nov. 6, 189	Jan. 4, 1897
Judge 6th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Geo. W. Pierson	Red Lodge	14	Nov. 8, 1899 Mar. 4, 1895	
County Commissioner	O. E. Millis	Red Lodge " Joliet	Dem Rep	Mar. 4, 1895	Jan. 4, 1897
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Chas C. Bowlen. E. J. McLean. Henry C. Provinse. Lizzie McDonald J. Il. Johnson. Gilbert Patterson.	"	Rep Rep	Mar. 4, 1896	Jan. 4, 1897 Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897
(1	G. H. Heywood. Henry McIntosh. Edward J. Boulden Orrin Clawson. W. R. Crockett. Harry Duffield. S. T. Simonsen. R. O. Morris.	Rock Vale Red Lodge Joliet Absorakee. Rosebud, Red Lodge	D. & Pop N. K	May 9, 1895	Jan. 4, 1897
		Joliet		"	

⁽a) Elected as Representative in Park County before establishment of Carbon.

CASCADE COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, GREAT FALLS.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed			
Member of State Senate	Timothy W. Brosnan	Great Falls	Р о р	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 9, 1898		
Member House of Representatives	D. J. Tallant John A. Harris Wm. R. Glasscock. Joseph E. Reynolds.	Cascade Sand Conlee	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896		
Judge 8th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	James W. Freeman		Rep Dem	Nov. 6, 1894	"		
County Commissioner	John J. Ellis S. N. Dickey A. G. Hay	Belt			Jan. 4. 1897		
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Auditor. Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor. Game Warden	Chas. D. Eliot. W. P. Beachly Geo. B. Swan. J. L. Weitman Samuel Dean John E. French	" " " Sand Coulee	Pop Rep		Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897		
66 66 66 66 66 66	W. B. Burleigh. W. H. Race. Wm. MacQueen W. C. Lee R. S. Ball John P. Fitzgerald R. M. Stickney. J. B. Traxier.	Belt Kibbey Sand Coulee Belt	 Dem	June 4, 1895 Mar. 5, 1895 Dec. 2, 1895	46		

CHOTEAU COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, FORT BENTON.

Member of State Senate	John W. Power	Fort Benton	Rep	Nov. 6	, 1894	Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	Andrew H. Reser	Chinook	Rep	Nov. 6	, 1894	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge 10th Judicial District County Attorne	Dudley DuBose	Fort Benton	Dem Rep Dem	Nov. 8 Nov. 6 Nov. 8	, 1892 , 1894 , 1892	Jan.	4, 1897 "
County Commissioner	Jere Sullivan	Fort Benton Harlem	Rep Dem Rep	Mar. 18 Nov. 8	, 1895 , 1892	Jan.	4, 1897
Sheriff. Trea-urer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	John C. Duff. E. Frank Sayre. A. G. Staton. Marjory Jacoby. Robert S. Culbertson. Daniel Dutro.	" · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	" · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Nov. 6		Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 1897 1, 1897 4, 1897
14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1	H. C. Reynolds George W. Crane. Henry J. Meili P. J. McIntyre. C. M. Everett. Ephraim Nottingham	Fort Benton Havre Harlem	Dem	46	•	Jan.	4, 1897

CUSTER COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, MILES CITY.

Member of State Senate	Reno Swift	Ekalaka	Rep	Nov.	8, 1892	Nov.	4, 1896
Member House of Representatives Joint Member (Custer and Dawson	Samuel Gordon	Miles City Forsyth Glendive	Rep Dem Rep	Nov.	6, 1894 	Nov.	4, 1896 "
Judge 7th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	George R. Milburn Charles H. Loud W. J. Zimmerman	Miles City	Dem Rep	Nov. Nov. Nov.	8, 1892 6, 1894 8, 1892	Jan.	4, 1897 "

CUSTER COUNTY—CONTINUED.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date elected or appointed.	Term Expires.	
County Commissioner	Judson W. Watson William Harmon T. E. Hammond				Jan. 4, 1897	
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	John S. Truscott	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Rep Rep Rep Rep Ind	" " " "	Jan. 4, 1897 Mar. 1, 1807 Jan. 4, 1897	
tt tt	John Gibb John A. DeBerge J. L. Joosten J. W. Saith Geo. Mendenhall C. E. Pierce	Rancher Terry Rosebud	Rep	66	Jan. 4, 1897	

DAWSON COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, GLENDIVE.

Member of State Senate	Thomas P. Cullen	Glendive	D em	Nov. 8,	1892	Nov.	4, 1896
Member House of Representatives Joint (Dawson and Custer)		Glendive	Rep	Nov. 6,	1894	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge 7th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Geo. R. Milburn Thon as C. Holmes Chas. F. Bean	Miles City Glendive	Dem Rep	Nov. 8, Nov. 6, Nov. 8,	1892 1894 1892	Jan. Nov. Jan.	4, 1897 4, 1896 4, 1897
County Commissioner	Harry Helms		Rep		1892	Jan.	4, 1897 "
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Ilenry Dieon. James McCormick. James M. Rhoades. C. R. A. Scobey. I homas J. Pollard. William Lowe.	66	Rep		1894	Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 1897 1, 1897 4, 1897
	Archibald Morton Benjamin F. Peer John B. Randall L. N. Allen	Sidney Pearmond	Dem	Nov. 6, June 6, June 4,	1895		4, 1897

DEER LODGE COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, DEER LODGE.

Nov.	8,	1892	Nov.	4, 1896
				-,
Nov.	6,	1894	Nov.	4, 1896
				46
	66			"
	0	1809	Lan	4, 189
Nov.	6, 8,	1894 1892	Jan.	"
. [6, "	1894	Jan.	4, 189
	6,	1894	Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 189 1, 189 4, 189
	Nov. Nov. Nov.	Nov. 8, Nov. 6, Nov. 6, Nov. 6, 100 Mov. 6	. Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 6, 1894 . Nov. 6, 1894	. Nov. 8, 1892 Jan Nov. 6, 1894 . Nov. 6, 1894 . Nov. 6, 1894 . Jan Nov. 6, 1894 . Mar Jan.

DEER LODGE COUNTY—CONTINUED.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed	Term Expires.
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	A. HardenbrookChas. B. TaylorJ. P. Mitchell	Anaconda Deer Lodge Anaconda Elliston Race Track Helmville Garrison Anaconda	RepRep	"" Nov. 6, 1894 "" Jan. 8, 1895 Mar. 13, 1895 Sept. 7, 1895 Nov. 16, 1895	Jan. 4, 1897

FERGUS COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, LEWISTOWN.

Member of State Senate	Edward P. Chandler	Maiden	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives Joint with Valley	Willis A. Hedges Rudolf Von Tobel	Yale Lewistown	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	.4 , 1896
Judge Tenth Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Frank E. Smith	Lewistown	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894		.4, 1897
	Clarence M. Goodell Henry O. Wareham A. W. Bower	Denton	Dem	Nov. 8, 1892		2, 1899 4, 1899
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	George W. Cook	Lewistown Alpine Stanford Grass Range Lewistown	44	*6	Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 189 1, 189 4, 189 " " "
Justice of the Peace		Ubet. Lewistown	Rep N. K Rep	Appointed	Jan.	4, 189

FLATHEAD COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, KALISPELL.

					1
Members of State Senate	William R. Ramsdell	Columbia Falls	Pop	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	J. J. Ryan W. J. Sparks	Kalispell	Pop	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896
Judge 11th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk Dtstrict Court	C. W. Pomeroy Sidney M. Logan Andrew W. Swaney	Kalispell	Rep Pop Rep	Mar. 8, 1895 Nov. 6, 1894	Jan. 4, 1897
County Commissioner	Fred Cooke	Columbia Falls Troy	Кер Рор Кер	Nov. 6, 1894	Jan. 2, 1899
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator Connty Surveyor	Andrew J. King	64 64 64 84	Rep	46	Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897

FLATHEAD COUNTY—CONTINUED.

Office.		Office. Names.		Official P. O. Addres s .	Polities.	Date elected or appointed.	Term Expires.	
Justice of	the Peace		C. H. Foot F. H. Nash	Kalispell	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Jan. 4, 189	
66	"		D. P. Boyle J. Z. Clark	Libby	Dem		66	
66	66		Maurice Downey	Troy	Pop	4.	46	
44	6.4		John Lang	Creston	66	4.6	66	
	66		George Paul					
6.6	44		II. H. Garr	Columbia Falls	Dem	44		
44			Wm. Valentine	Tobacco Plains	Rep			

GALLATIN COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, BOZEMAN.

Member of	State Senate	Charles W. Hoffman	Bozeman	D em	Nov.	8, 1892	Nov.	4, 1896
Member Ho	- 46	Walter Cooper W. W. Alderson T. J. Lynde	Bozeman Salesville	Dem Rep		6, 1894 	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge 9th J County Atta Clerk D istri	udicial District orney ct Court	Francis K. Armstrong W. L. Holloway John McLeod	Bozeman	Dem Rep Dem	Nov. Nov. Nov.	8, 1892 6, 1894 8, 1892		4, 1897
County Com	44	George W. Ellis. George Kinkle, Jr. Zadoc S. Morgan	Manhatton	**		.8, 1892 	Jan.	4, 1897
Freasurer Clerk and R Assessor Superintend Coroner Public Adm	decorder dent of Schools distrator	White Caldwell W. C. Newton W. H. Sales R. T. Barnett A. J. Walrath R. M. Whitefoot J. P. Martin C. M. Thorpe	66 66	R-p		6, 1894	Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 189' 1, 189' 4, 189' "
Justice of the	66 66 66 66	A. D. McPherson W. J. Stevenson T. G. Lemons Thomas B. Quaw W. P. Hancock J. H. Carls. Owen E. Thomas	Salesville Belgrade Manhattan Willow Creek.	Rep Dem Rep Dem		6, 1894 	Jan.	4, 189

GRANITE COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, PHILIPSBURG.

Member of State Senate	James M. Sligh	Granite	Rep	Nov. 6	, 1894	Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	Willard Bennett Roland T. Rombauer	Princeton	Rep	Nov.	, 1894	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge 3d Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court				Nov. 8	8, 1892 6, 1894	Jan.	4, 1897 "
County Commissioner	E. I. Holland Valentine Jacky Benjamin Pizer	Philipsburg	Rep Рет Rep	Nov.	6, 1894	Jan.	2, 1899
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools. Coroner Public Administrator. County Surveyor	A. A. Fairbairn (a) G. J. Reek A. S. Huffman C. B. Stevens II II. Briggs W. T. Allison	66	Rep Rep Pop	Nov. 6	i, 1895 5, 1894	Mar.	4, 1897 1, 1897 4, 1897
66 66	John II. Miller George W. Commons R. M. Ferguson. George Suppiger Peter Gallagher.	Drummond New Chicago Philipsburg	Rep Dem	Dec.	6, 1895		4, 1897

⁽a) In place of John Nixon, deceased.

JEFFERSON COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, BOULDER.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed	Terni Expires.
Member of State Senate	George D. Greene	Boulder	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	Charles R. Burkett Albert L. Love Harry E. G. Winter	Toston	66	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896
Judge 5th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	William L. Hay	66	D. & Pop Rep Dem	Nov. 6, 1894	44
County Commissioner	John F. Sheehy	Elkhorn	Dem Rep	Nov. 8, 1892	Jan. 4, 1897 "
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor.	William V. Meyers Eugene Picot James F. Wood Nannita M. V. Bagley Edgar I. Fletcher	66 66 66 66	Dem Rep Dem Rep Pop Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Jan. 4, 1897 Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897
66 66	William T. Sweet. D. G. Warner. C. W. Reynolds. Ross E. Deegan. John Ritchhart. Isaac Griffith T. C. Kelly. A. M. Williams.	Winston Radersburg Basin	Рор Rер кер	66 66 66 66	Jan. 4, 1897

LEWIS AND CLARKE COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, HELENA,

Member of State Senate	William L. Steele	Helena	Dem	Nov. 8, 1892	Nov.	4, 1896
26 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	C. K. Brown Michael Corbett. Arthur J. Craven John Horsky John H. Huseby Mart Mitchell Joseph Oker John H. Shober	46	Pop Rep Pop "	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	4, 1896 "" "" "" ""
Judge 1st Judicial District	Henry N. Blake	Helena	Rep	Jan. 17, 1895 Nov. 6, 1894		4, 1897
Connty Commissioner	Sherwood Wheaton Elizur Beach William Muth	Augusta	Dem	Dec. 4, 1894 Nov. 8, 1892		4, 1897
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Auditor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Eugene S. French John S. 100ker Jacob Fisher James S. Featherly Minnie A. Reifenrath T. H. Pleasants, M. D. John Workman	66 66 6. 64	Dem Dem	" " "	Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 1897 1, 1897 4, 1897 " " "
16	Alfred C. Votaw Benjamin F. Woodman. James F. Brady. George W. Padbury. S. T. Ramsey. J. L. B. Meyer Thomas Gibson.	Marysville East Helena Augusta	Dem Pop Dem Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Jan.	4, 1897

Madison County. County Seat, Virginia City.

Member of State Senate	Alexander Metzel	. Puller Springs	Rep	Nov.	6, 1894 Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	Nelson J. Isdell Henry D. Rossiter	Pony	Rep	Nov.	6, 1894 Nov.	4, 1896

MADISON COUNTY—CONTINUED.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.				
Judge 5th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Frank Showers Llewellyn L. Callaway Thomas Duncan	Boulder Virginia City	D. & Pop Rep	Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 8, 1892	",	
County Commissioner	Jacob S. Crisman. George Capp Joseph Smith	Sheridan	46	Nov. 8, 1892 May 22, 1895	""	
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Admin strator County Surveyor	Jacob Albright. Barclay Jones. William J. Foreman. Della II. Wilcomb. Charles A. McNulty. Julian A. Knight.	Laurin	Rep Dem	16 16 16 44	Jan. 4, 189 Mar. 1, 189 Jan. 4, 189	
Justice of the Peace		Virginia City Sheridan Twin Bridges. Fish Creek Pony Wash'gt'n Bar	D. & Pop Dem Rep Dem	Dec. 9, 1895 Nov. 6, 1894	Jan. 4, 189	

MEAGHER COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Member of State Senate	David E. Folsom	W. S. Springs.	Rep	Nov. 8, 1892	Nov.	4, 1896
Member House of Representatives	James T. Anderson A. F. Spriggs	W. S. Springs. Townsend	D. & Pop	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge 9th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	A. C. Gormley	W. S. Springs.	D. & Pop	Nov. 6, 1894		4, 1897
Connty Commissioner	J. A. McNaught Job Thompson, Sr William Tierney	Townsend	"	Nov. 8, 1892	Jan.	4, 1897 "
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Allen Pierse Charles W. Hill James Job Miss S. E. Curtis J. M. Kumpe (Vacant)		D. & Pop Rep D. & Pop	. 6 6 6 6	Mar. Jan.	4, 1897 1, 1897 4, 1897
	John L. Loyd H. L. Keene Cyrus Nelson E. G. Hartfield J. N. Harder W. W. Parker Frank S. Webster G. M. Gray Geo. L. McGibbon J. H. Williams John G. Lilly	Canton York W. S. Springs. Castle Winnicock Neihart " Barker	Dem Pop D. & Pop Dem Rep D. & Pop Dem	"	Jan.	4, 1897

MISSOULA COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, MISSOULA.

Member of State Senate	W. H. Smead.	Missonla	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives " " " Joint with Deer Lodge	E. E. Hershey A. Hollensteiner J. R. Latimer W. B. Rodgers	"	Рор	"	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge Fourth Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Joseph M. Dixon		Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	1	4, 1897
County Commissioner	Gaspard Deschamps John Rankin J. E. Marion	Missoula	Rep	66		.2, 1899 4, 1897

MISSOULA COUNTY—CONTINUED.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address	Politics.	Date elected or appointed.	Term Expires
6	Alfred Cave D. J. Bailey C. W. Berry W. R. Hamilton Sarah B. Maclay W. P. Mills W. B. Brooks E. S. Hathaway	"" Thompson Missoula "" "" Missoula "" "Nine Mile Superior Smead Hoise Plains Vermilion Thompson	"Ind	"" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	66 66 66 66 66 66

PARK COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, LIVINGSTON.

Member of State Senate	(Vacant)(a)				
Member House of Representatives	William T. Collins(b)				
Judge 6th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Frank K. Henry	Livingston	Rep Dem	Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 8, 1892	Jan. 4, 1897
County Commissioner	Geo. T. Chambers Maurice Roth J. E. Gustine	Livingston	Rep Dem Rep	Nov. 8, 1892	Jan. 4, 1897
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Samuel H. Holliday	:: :: :: ::	46 66	**	Jan. 4, 1897 Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897
Justice of the Peace	Samuel I. Wilson D. J. Rose Geo. M. Coe Henry B. Potter.	Livingston Meyersburg Crevasse	Rep Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	(Resigned) Jan. 4, 1897

⁽a) George M. Hatch, late member, now resident of Sweet Grass County. (b) Allan R. Joy, late member, has left state. (c) William F. Meyer, late member, now resident of Carbon County. (d) A. G. Alexander, late County Surveyor, now resides in Sweet Grass County.

RAVALLI COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, STEVENSVILLE.

Member of State Senate	Oliver C. Cooper	Grantsdale	Rep	Nov.	6, 1894	Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	George T. Baggs Joel J. Bond	Stevensville Victor	Rep Pop	Nov.	.6, 1894 	Nov.	.4, I896
Judge 4th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Frank H. Woody Henry L. Myers Allen E. Shappee	Missoula Hamilton Stevensville	Dem	Nov. Nov.	8, 1892 6, 1894	Jan.	4, 1897
County Commissioner	John F. Hendricks Ferdinand Wehr John W. Mayhew				6, 1894 "	Jan.	.2, 1899
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor	L. E. Williams		Rep	Nov.	66	Jan.	*6
Assessor	Anna Bond	Victor	**		66 66		66
Public Administrator	John W. Lancaster	stevensville			6, 1895		66

RATALLI COUNTY—CONTINUED.

	Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed	Term Expires.
Justice of	66 66	 W. B. Faulds W. D. Cunningham N. J. Myers A. H. Bradley Joseph M. Lenahan George Miles G. W. Solleder	Corvallis Hamilton Darby	Pop Dem Rep	"	Jan. 4, 1897

SILVER BOW COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, BUTTE.

dember o	f State Se	enate	Charles F	R. Leonard	Bu	tte.		Rep		Nov.	6,	1894	Nov.	9,	1898
Jember II	ouse of I	Representatives	Edwin S.	Booth	Bu	tre.		Rep		Nov.	6,	1894	Nov.	4.	1896
4.6	6.6	- "	Edwin Br	ay	4	٤.	<i></i>				44			'	
4.6		6.6		. Čook,				"			6.6			6.6	
6.6	4.6	44	H. R. Cur	ningham		٤.		66			6.6				
	**	4.6	David La	wrence		- ,		66			6.6			6.	
	4.6	**		calf										66	
	"	4.6	J. H. Mor	iteath		٠,		6.6			6.6			6 6	
6.6		66	Howard	Paschal		٠.		6.6			6.6			66	
6.6	6.6	4.4	J. S. Shro	pshire	6						6.6			66	
4.4	44	6.4	W. H. Sw	étt	'			66			66			64	
6.	**	6.6	Stephen V	Villiams	"	٠.					66			"	
ndee 2d J	ndicial f	District	John J. M	cllatton	Bu	itte		Dem		Nov.	8.	1892	Jan	4.	189
	44			er							46		0 44411	""	
County A	ttornev			ies				1.0		Nov.	6.	1894		6.6	
		rt	II. A. Nie	denhofen						Nov.	8,	1892		"	
lounty C	ommissic	ner	John E. I	lovd	Bn	tte		Ren		Nov	8	1892	Jan	4	189
14	66			rles				Tit.		1101.	"	100%	Jun.	ιί,	100
4.4	4.6			a		6		46		Nov.	6,	1894	Jan.	2,	189
Sheriff			S J Revi	olds	Rı	itte		Ren		Nov.	6.	1894	Jan.	4.	189
				1				1111			",		Mar.		189
		r						66			66		Jan.		189
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				nters				6.6			٤.			4.6	
		Schools									66			66	
											66		ļ	6.6	
		tor		neson		,		6.			46			66	
County Si	irveyor		Fred P. G	utelius	'						44			4.6	
Instica of	the Peac	e	S II Alm	non	Ru	tte		Ren		Nov	6	1894	Jan.	4	189
i delice of	1110 1 040		M. L. Hol	lland				111		app	oin		0 44111	167	100
6.6	4.4						rville					1894		44	
44	6.6					iike		Rep		1101.	""	1001		66	
4.6	6.6					nth					6.6			66	
44			Alfred Fi	nch	50	44	Dutte	n or	od P		66		1	44	
4.6	6.6										66				
			W E E	dd	Gr	HUC	15011	Det	d P						
6.6			T. Longle	KWOOU		leo.		Pon	iu F.		66			66	
	•••		J. Longie	y	116	:110	se	nep	• • • • •	1	. ,			. •	

Sweet Grass County. County Seat, Big Timber. Established under act of Legislature, approved March 5, 1895.

Member of State Senate	Geo. M. Hatch(a)	Big Timber	Rep	Nov. 8, 1899	Nov. 4, 1896
Member House of Representatives	(Vacant)(b)			} 	
Judge 6th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Frank K Henry Sydney Fox C. N. Skillman	Livingston Big Timber	Rep Dem Rep	Nov. 8, 1899 Mar. 5, 1895	Jan. 4, 1897
County Commissioner	J. W. Bailey P. O. Fallang A. C. Logan	Big Timber Melville Springdale	Rep Dem	Mar. 5, 1895	Jan. 4, 1897
Sheriff Treasurer Clerk and Recorder. Assessor Superintendent of Schools	Geo. F. Hudson	"	Pop Dem	"	Jan. 4, 1897 Mar. 1, 1897 Jan. 4, 1897
Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor					

SWEET GRASS COUNTY—CONTINUED.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed Expires.
Justice of the Peace	O. M. Lamphere	- "	Dem	Sept. 9, 1895

⁽a) Was elected Senator of Park County, from which Sweet Grass County was formed. (b) Members who represented the Counties of which Sweet Grass County was a part are all non-residents of Sweet Grass County.

TETON COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, CHOTEAU.

Member of State Senate	Wm. K. Floweree	Sun River	D em	Nov.	6, 1894	Nov.	9, 189
Member House of Representatives	John A. Kennedy	Choteau	Rep	Nov.	6, 1894	Nov.	4, 189
Judge IIth Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	C. W. Pomeroy James Sulgrove Sterling McDonald	Kalispell Chotean	Rep	Mar. Nov.	8, 1895 6, 1894	Jan.	4, 189 "
County Commissioner	C. Wallace Taylor John J. Miller Wm. D. Jones	Shelby	Rep	1 '	6, 1894 	Jan.	2, 189 "
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Cicero L. Bristol. J. E. Wamsley Wm. Hodgskiss Effie A. Hardin Jacob Schmidt Oliver G. Cooper	Choteau	Pop Rep D. & Pop Rep		6, 1894	Jan. Mar. Jan.	4, 189 1, 189 4, 189 "
44	Henry Beaupre Geo, W. Magee Wm. Dawes M. D. Cooper	Dupuyer Shelby	Rep · Dem		"		4, 189

VALLEY COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, GLASGOW.

Member of State Senate	Chas. S. Hurd	Glasgow	Dem	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	9, 1898
Member House of Representatives (Joint with Fergus)		Lewistown	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov.	4, 1896
Judge Tenth Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	Dudley DuBoseL. P. EvansW. W. Mabee	Ft. Benton Glasgow	Dem Rep	Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894	Jan.	4, 1897 "
County Commissioner	C. W. Hunter R. W. Garland C. S. Stafford	maita	11tcb		l	2, 1899
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder Assessor Superintendent of Schools Coroner Public Administrator County Surveyor	Chas. E. Hall O. D. Polley M. D. Hoyt George Harley Wm. II. Means	66 66	Pop Rep Dem Pop Pop	" " "	Jan.	4, 1897 "" "" ""
Justice of the Peace	John Kent S. W. Morrin Andrew Davidson H. A. Vagg Jacob Bauer	Malta	Pop	Appointed	Jan.	4, 1897

^{*} Special election.

YELLOWSTONE COUNTY. COUNTY SEAT, BILLINGS.

Office.	Name.	Official P. O. Address.	Politics.	Date Elected or Appointed	
Member of State Senate	Albert L. Babcock	Billings	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 9, 1898
Member House of Representatives	Christian Yegen	Billings	Rep	Nov. 6, 1894	Nov. 4, 1896
Judge 7th Judicial District County Attorney Clerk District Court	George R. Milburn Robert T. Allen Frank L. Mann	Miles City Billings	Dem Rep Dem	Nov. 8, 1892 Nov. 6, 1894 Nov. 8, 1892	"
County Commissioner	John C. Bond		Rep Dem Rep	Nov. 8, 1892	Jan. 4, 1897
Sheriff. Treasurer Clerk and Recorder. Assessor Superintendent of Schools. Coroner Public Administrator. County Surveyor.	Sidney F. Morse. Uri E. Frizelle Frank S. Whitney Martha E. Shoemaker J. H. Rinehart Engene E. Holmes.	"	Dem Rep	"	Mar. 1, 1597 Jan. 4, 1897
	James Kelly. Walter B. Chrysler L. Williams E. L. Fenton W. T. Hamilton E. A. Baldwin	Laurel	Rep Dem Rep Dem	66 66 66	Jan. 4, 1897

⁽a) Vice Henry Chapple, resigned.

PART V.

DIRECTORY OF LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.

EMPLOYED AND UNEMPLOYED IN STATE.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC AND WAGES.

NORTHERN PACIFIC SYSTEM.—GREAT NORTH-ERN.—MONTANA UNION.—MONTANA CEN-TRAL.—UTAH AND NORTHERN. BUTTE, ANACONDA AND PACIFIC.—BURLINGTON AND MISSOURI RIVER.—GREAT FALLS AND CANADA.

WAGES OF MINERS, MILL AND SMELTER MEN.

MANUFACTURERS AND GENERAL EMPLOYERS.

REPORTS OF PRODUCTIONS, INVESTMENTS, WAGES, ETC.

PUBLISHERS AND PRINTERS-FLOURING MILLS-LUMBER-COAL-BRICK-BREWING-CIGARS AND TOBACCO.



Labor Organizations of Montana.

Corrected to June 30, 1895.

On this and following pages will be found the Directory of Labor Organizations of the State for the year ended June 30, 1895, in substantially the same form as presented in preceding reports. In 1894 the Bureau was informed by recent members thereof that owing to the industrial depression and other causes some of the smaller local unions and lodges had not maintained their organization, while others had surrendered their charters and become merged in other organizations. For 1895 the number reporting is materially increased. It is not assumed this Directory embraces all the organizations in the state, but it does embrace all from the secretaries of which the reports could be obtained. It is exceedingly difficult to obtain complete reports of Labor Organizations in the state, to begin with, and while many Secretaries, when their addresses have been obtained, respond promptly to request for reports, other reports are almost impossible to obtain. It is believed, however, this Directory is the most nearly complete that has yet been published. The list of local unions of the American Railway Union, and local assemblies of the Knights of Labor, are given through the courtesy of the general officers of those Organizations, it not being in accord with the policy of those Associations to give detailed reports.

LOCAL UNIONS AMERICAN RAILWAY UNION.

Number.	umber. Location.		Location.
No. 32 No. 33 No. 88 No. 89 No. 93	Blackfoot South Butte Lima Anaconda Helena Great Falls Kalispell Missoula	No. 127 No. 128 No. 129 No. 146 No. 259	Livingston Billings Glendive Glasgow

Local Assemblies Attached to D. A. No. 98, Knights of Labor.

Place.	Name.	Number.	Date of Organization	
Anagondo	W. R. Morley	3711	Mar 27 1885	Mixed Assembly
Anaconda	Cooks and Waiters	3963	Dec. 4, 1891	Male Kitchen Employes
	Austro Slavonian	461	Nov. 19 1803	Austrian Language
	Juveniles	985	Inly 17 1894	Mixed under Age 18
		1321		Mixed under Age 16
	Anaconda	708		
	Copper City Clerks	1896	Dog 93 1885	Mixed Assembly
Buings	Billings	2330	Cont 19 1880	Mixed Assembly
Butte	Pioneer			
	Workingmen	223	1 miy 30, 1090	Mixed Workingmen
	Crispin	467		Shoemakers
	Cooks and Waiters	3918	Nov. 28, 1891	Male Kitchen Employes
	Clerks	5924	Nov. 2, 1890	Clerks
"	Brewers	488	Apr. 4, 1894	Brewery Employes
66	Bakers	1260		Bakers
Choteau	Chotean	1266		Mixed Assembly
	Miner Creek	749	May 6, 1894	ATRECT ASSEMBLY
	Columbia Falls	901	June 13, 1894	
	Cooks and Waiters	1235	1	Male Kitchen Employes
	Meaderville	3775		Mixed Assembly
	Gilt Edge	1289	11P11 20, 200	44
		3928	May 30, 1885	**
	Nonpareil	913	June 12, 1894	"
Kanspen	Kalispeli	1222	oune is, incr	11 11
Lewistown	Lewistown	864	Apr. 14, 1893	
Neinart	Belt Mountain			
Philipsburg	Philipsburg Women's Protective	2109	Sept. 18, 1891	
Philipsburg	Women's Protective	1144	35	
South Butte	Richard Griffith	3257		Carpenters
Whitehall	Whitehall	1276		

TABLE NO. 13—DIRECTORY MEMBERSHIP, ETC., OF

			_		
Tracing Number	Name of Organization.	Town or City.	County.	Date of Organization	Elect Officers.
1 2 3 4	American Federation of Labor No. 6512 Federal Labor Union No. 5759 Same, No. 5620 Same, No. 6402.	Anaconda	Deer Lodge	July 23, 1892	June and Dec. 1 Last Mon. June & Dec. January and June
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Butte Miners Union Granite Miners Union Belt Monntain Miners Union Basin Miners Union Belt Creek Miners Union Winston Miners Union Clancy Miners Union Wickes Miners Union Sand Coulee Miners Union Iron Mountain Miners Union	Granite Neihart Basin Belt Winston Claney Wickes Sand Conlee Pardee	Granite Meagher Jefferson Cascade Jefferson Cascade Missoula	Sept. 28, 1888 May 10, 1890 June 24, 1894 July 14, 1894 July 18, 1894 Oct. 13, 1894 June 13, 1894 Ang. 10, 1894	1st Tues. Mar. and Sept. March and Sept. 1st mtg Mar. and Sept. March and Sept. " " " " 1st April and October March and Sept.
15 16 17 18 19	Butte Typographical Union No. 126	Butte	Silver Bow Lewis & Clarke Deer Lodge Cascade Missoula	Aug. —, 1883 July 27, 1883 Oct. 16, 1880 Nov. 7, 1889 Feb. 2, 1891	Semi-annually
20 21 22	Order Railway Conductors No. 294	Butte Havre Livingston	Silver Bow Choteau Park	Oct. 11, 1890 Jan. 1, 1891 Mar. 17, 1895	January
24 24 25 26 27 28 29	1 11 11 11 No 909	Forsyth	Custer	Sept. 28, 1882 Jan. 20, 1885 Mar. —, 1885 Aug. 19, 1892 Feb. 13, 1893	April February Ist meeting April March " " April
30 31 32 33 34	Bro Loco Firemen Division No. 182	Glendive	Dawson	Nov 1882	
35 36 37	Bro. Railway Trainmen	Great Falls Helena Livingston	Cascade Lewis & Clarke Park	Sept. —, 1893 Sept. 23, 1893 Oct. 2, 1894	Last meeting Dec 1st meeting Dec January
38 39 40	Nat'l Ass'n Sta. Engineers No. 1	Butte Red Lodge Helena	Silver Bow Carbon Lewis & Clarke	Oct. 25, 1882 Dec. —, 1889 Apr. 12, 1890	Last meeting Dec January
41 42 43 44					June and Dec
45	Mill and Smeltermen's Union No. 2	Great Falls	Cascade	Sept. 21, 1892	August and Jan
46	Nat'l Bro. Boilermakers	Livingston	Park		December
47 48 49 50	International Ass'n Machinists No. 88	Butte Anaconda Livingston Missoula Great Falls	Silver Bow Deer Lodge Park Missoula Cascade	June 7, 1889 Oct. —, 1890 1889 Oct. 15, 1890 June 16, 1893	Semi-annually
52	International Bro. Blacksmiths				
53 54	Iron Monlders Union No. 276		ł .		June and December
55 56 57 58	" " No. 286 " No. 330				
59 60	Plumbers and Steam Fitters Union No. 41. "Local No. 1	Butte Great Falls	Silver Bow Cascade	Nov. 21, 1890 Feb. 22, 1893	December

Labor Organizations in Montana, June 30, 1895.

Tra		MEN	IBERSE	HP.		Volus	TARY	AND S	TIPULATED	BENEFITS.
Tracing Number	Dates of Meeting.	Male	Female	Total	Voluntary	Stipulated	For S ness of abil	r Dis-	For	At Death
mber	g				ıry	ted	Amt paid per week	For how many weeks.	Funeral Expenses.	or for Total Disability.
3	Every Thursday	165 243		145 165 243 225	٠.	yes			yes	50c. fr'm ea. mem
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Every Tuesday Every Saturday Weekly Every Tuesday 2d and 4th Saturday Every Tuesday Every Tuesday Every Tuesday Every Saturday Every Thursday Weekly	473 165 70 375 80 102 150 497		473 165 70 375 80 102 150 497		66 66 66 66 66	10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 3 00 10 00 10 00 5 00 5 00	10 10 10 10 16 10 10 10 10 24	90 00 90 00 90 00 40 00 90 00 90 00	
16 17 18 19	1st Sunday each month	25 8	i	45 40 25 9					60 00 60 00	
20 21 22	Every 2nd and 4th Sunday Every 1st and 3d Sunday	24		38 24 19						
24	Every 2d and 4th Sunday	76 33 31 16		24 76 33 31 16 17 28	No. R	1 "				N. R. \$1,500 to \$4,000 \$1,500 to \$4,500
30 31 32 33 34	2d and 4th Thursday	15 80 30		80 30 25	No. R	yes				\$500 to \$1,500 \$1,500
35 36 37	1st and 3d Sunday. 2d and 4th Friday. 2d and 4th Sunday.	53		00					150 00	\$400 to \$1,200 \$400 to \$1,200 \$1,200 to \$1,400
$\frac{38}{39}$	Every Saturday Every Thursday	40 14 13		40 14 15				1		
41 42 43 44	Every other Tuesday Every Tuesday Every Saturday	31 14		31	1 "			1		
	Every Thursday	498	3 1						85 00	
48 49 50	2d and 4th Tuesday 2d and 4th Thursday 3d Saturday 2nd and 4th Saturday	40 28 14 8	3	2	yes yes yes		3 00			
	1st and 3d Wednesday		3		gyes					
58	2d and 4th Monday2d and 4th Saturday	35	5	. 3	5	yes.	5 00	is	100 00	
56 57	Every Thursday Every Wednesday Every Saturday	130	5 0 1	13/8	5		7 00 7 00 5 00	15	1	\$200 \$100 to \$400
	9 Semi-monthly 1 1st and 3d Tuesday	,	0	. 4	yes	· :		.		

TABLE NO. 13—Continued.

Tracing Number		? Organization.	Town or City.	County.	Date of Organization	Elect Officers.
61 62	Bricklayers and M	asons Int. Union No. 1	Butte Anaconda	Silver Bow	Apr. 4, 1890	June and December
63	46	" No. 3	Great Falls	Cascade	Apr. 14, 1891	June January and July
64 65		10, 4	Helena Great Falls	Cascade	June 23, 1891 Dec. 10, 1891	Semi-Annually June and December
67 68	Lathers Protective Plasterers Interna	Cutters Ass'n N. A Union No. 1 tional Ass'n No. 110 rators Union of A	"	"	June —, 1892 Jan. 22, 1892	January and July December and July January and July June and December
70 71 72			Great Falls	Cascade	Sept. 1, 1891	April and October January and July September
73 74	Cigar Makers I. U	of A. No. 361	Butte Great Falls	Silver Bow Cascade	Nov. 3, 1894	January
75 76 77	Musicians M. P. U	No. 50 No. 76	Great Falls	Cascade	July 31, 1892	November
79 80 81	Deliverymen's Uni Butchers Union No Building Laborers	. A. No. 75 ion No. 1 o. 1 Union No. 2	Great Falls	"	June -, 1894 July 2, 1892	December July and December January and July January and July
_	Total		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Trac		ME	MBERSI	пъ.		Volu	NTARY	AND S	STIPULATED	Benefits.
Fracing Number	Dates of Meeting.	Male	Female	Total	Voluntary	Stipulated	ness o	Sick- r Dis- ity. For how weeks.	For Funeral Expenses.	At Death or for Total Disability.
62 63 64	Every Frid a y Every Wednesday Weekly Every Monday	45 21		45 21 15	yes	yes	7 00		100 00	
67	1st and 3d Saturday. Every Monday. Every Thursday	7		7	ves	. .	1			\$50 to \$150
70 71 72	1st Monday in month	42 7 13		7					50-100	
73 74	Semi-monthly	42 6	1 1	43 7		yes	5 00 5 00		50—500 50	\$200
76	2d Sunday in month	120 34 21		131 41 21						
79 80 81	Every Monday Every alterna e Thursday 1st and 3d Thursday Every Thursday Alternate Saturdays	23		52 15 23 30 30	66					
	Total	9,150	36	9,186						

Employed and Unemployed.

In an industrial community or commonwealth the proportion of wage earners employed at fair remuneration to those unemployed is a reliable index as relates to their prosperity, and approximately so as relates to the industries of the State. It is therefore proper to take this factor into account in considering and presenting conditions relating to both. This was attempted for a previous report but the unsettled conditions succeeding the acute industrial depression which began in July, 1883, rendered it impracticable to secure complete and reliable data. It is also of value to ascertain the number engaged in farming and stockgrowing pursuits, and by continuance of the inquiry ascertain and record the growth or retrogression of those industries. The inquiry on both these lines was therefore taken up this year through the Assessors, Labor Organizations and others well informed on these subjects and the results, either as primary reports or as averaged from the reports of all reporting from a County, are presented below. The average wages paid in the several principal avocations are given with the productive or of er statistics elsewhere, and while slight decrease is noticeable in some instances, wages as a rule are well maintained and will compare favorably with those in any other state. It is also a graitiying feature of the exhibit that so large a proportion of wage earners are, or were on July 1st, 1895, employed. It is fair to assume that at the date mentioned all persons following farming or stockgrowing pursuits were working. These were, with two exceptions, reported by Assessors, and in most instances from careful examination of the tax rolls and computation based thereon. Including these, 89 per cent of all persons in the State considered were employed, and of wage earning classes is large as compared with those who were necessarily out of employment prior to July 1st, 1893 (for up to that date the number of those who wished to work and could not obtain it was very small indeed) it shows a very marked impro

TABLE NO. 14—ESTIMATE OF EMPLOYED AND UNEMPLOYED IN MONTANA, BY COUNTIES, JUNE 30, 1895, PRESENTING AGRICULTURISTS AND WAGE EARNERS OF OTHER AVOCATIONS SEPARATELY.

Counties.	Number of Wage Earners Employed Farmers and Stockgrowers.	Number of Farm Owners and Male Mem- bers of Family over 18 Em- ployed.	Number of Other Wage Earners Em- ployed in County (includ- ing Miners, Mechanics, Clerks, Labor- ers, Etc.	Total of all Classes Employed.	Number of Wage Earners of all Classes out of Employment.
Beaverhead Carbon Cascade Chotean Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flaihead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missonla Park Ravalli Silver Bow Sweet Grass Teton Valley Yellowstone	650 40 400 500 1,000 100 400 688 115 900 200 875 400 145 560 340 100 500 120 600	520 700 1,300 600 1,200 45 603 663 810 1,000 235 1,350 200 500 52 420 600 1,400 90 350 500 900 400	600 481 1,587 400 450 500 2,800 305 645 600 800 2,050 b 2,000 450 2,050 1,500 2,250 300 8,862 50 75 300 500	1,770 1,321 3,287 1,500 2,650 645 3,803 1,656 1,570 2,500 1,335 4,275 2,660 1,095 862 2,260 2,290 9,072 540 875 1,330 1,500	150 500 590 100 75 a
Total	9,193	14,438	27,755	51,386	6,113

a. It is stated generally by those making above estimates that where "no unemployed" are reported they refer to those who will work if opportunity is offered and do not refer to the element existing to greater or less extent in all communities that will not work if it has opportunity.

b. Includes 500 females "employed" and 100 "unemployed".

RAILWAY WAGES AND TRAFFIC.

Statistics of Railway Employment and Wages.

TABLE NO.15—Number of Employes on Railroads in Montana June 1894

AND JUNE 1895, (RECEIVING COMPENSATION OF LESS THAN \$2,000 PER ANNUM)

WITH AVERAGE MONTHLY WAGES OF EACH CLASS IN JUNE 1894

AND 1895 (WITHOUT BOARD) AS SHOWN BY THE PAY

ROLLS OF COMPANIES NAMED.

Note—Where reports could not be obtained in this form they are presented in the form prescribed by the Inter-State Commerce Commission. There being no R. R. Commission in the State of Montana, and no law requiring R. R. Companies to furnish any statistics to the state, this Bureau is wholly indebted to the courtesy of general officers of the several R. R. Companies for all statistics ob ained from them and necessarily lock them in such form as could be obtained.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD—By Divisions.

Missouri Division: each to Glendive. Length 42 miles. Pay 20th for preceding month.

Class of Occupation.	No. of EM- PLOY- EES. June June 30,	AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.	Working days pe	Class of Occupation.	No. of EM-PLOY-EES. June 3	1904 100	ing days p
STATION SERVICE. Operators	1 1 1 1 8 7 16 15	\$ 70 41 47 28 36 60	30	Machinery Department, Engineers, Locomotive Firemen, "Pumpers and Repairers Total	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	\$120 60	- 1

N. P. R. R.—CONTINUED.

Yellowstone Division: Glendive to Billings. Length 225.8 miles. Pay 20th for preceding month.

TRANSPORTATION DEP'T.								Work Train Conductors		1		9	
Superintendent's Clerks	3	3	\$ 82	17	\$ 82 5	50	30	Work Train Brakemen W. B. &. T. Watchmen	3	3	69 71		2
Train Dispatchers	5	4	104		129			Carpenters and Helpers			70 38		3 3
	١	- 1			1,44			Painters		1		115 9	
STATION SERVICE.								Wood Pilers & Coal H'v'rs	11	9	45 95	46 8	3 3
		- 1		- 1				Pumpers and P. Repairers	6	6			
Agents, Station	2 4	2	90	00	80 0	00	30	Masons and Helpers		1			
Clerks, Station	4	3	58		56 6		30	Store Laborers		1		48 80	
Operators	13		61		58 8		30		1		1		
Agents and Operators	5	5	68	00	69 €		30	MACHINERY DEPARTMENT.			i		
Station Laborers		1			55 (30						1
S'men, Fl'gmen, Wch'men	5	4	80		81 7		30	Foremen Mo. Power	1		81 00		
Other Station Employes.	2	1	25	33	30 (-30	Shop Messenger	1	1	5 00		30
Linemen		1			70 ()0[30	Blacksmiths and Helpers.	2	3	51 00		
								Boilermakers and Helpers.	2	2	64 78		3
TRAIN SERVICE.								Carpenters		1	62 75		22
Canducton	10	10	0.4	or.	00.6	20		Machinists and Helpers		6	70 71		2:
Conductors	13 26		94 55		98 8 59 6		30	Tinsmiths and Helpers	1 7	1	54 60		
Brakemen Miscellaneous Trainmen	20	20	99 47		45 (Car Builders & Repairers.		1	58 61		2 25
miscenaneous frammen.	~	~	9.4	90	49 (χ,	90	Engineers & Firemen (sta) Wipers and R. H. Helpers		1	66 50 47 19		
MAINTENANCE.	l					- 1		Hostlers and Despatchers.			60 67		
MAINIE A CE.				- 1			1	Laborers, Shop, Yard, etc.	4	3	48 37		
Road Masters	9	- 9	103	50	105 (20	30	Watchman Shop	1	i	53 20		30
Supt. & Foremen B. & B.	2	$\tilde{4}$	112		86 (30	Watchmen, Shop Engineers, Locomotive	17	15	117 50		
Clerks and Storekeepers.	i	í	67		65 (30	Firemen, "	17	15	63 65		
Track Foremen	41	-37	52		51 8		30	Foremen, Car Department		1		0000	
Track Laborers		118	37		36 (27	zoroza, car beparenene				1 30 00	1
								Total	394	360			
							1					1	

N. P. R. R.—CONTINUED.

Montana Division: Billings to Helena. Length, including Branch Lines, 507½ miles. Pay 20th for preceding month.

Class of Occupation	No. 6 EM PLO EES		AVE WAGE MON	S PER	Working month	Class of Occupation.	No. of EM- PLOY- EES.		Ave: Wage Mo:		Working month
Class of Occupation.	June 23, 1894	June 30, 1895	*1894	1895	days per	Class of Occupation.		June 30, 1895	1004	1895	days per
TRANSPORTATION DEP'T. Superintendent's Clerks Train Despatchers STATION SERVICE.	3 4	4 5	\$110 00	\$ 80 62 117 00	30 30	Carpenters and Helpers Painters and Helpers Masons and Helpers Wood Pilers & Coal He'vrs Pumpers and Repairers	····i		\$ 50 68	\$ 64 68 53 67 100 25 49 88 59 38	27 27 27 30 30
Agents, Station Clerks, Station Operators Agents and Operators Baggagemen Station Laborers S'men, Flg'men, W'ch'men Other Station Employes Linemen Mail Carrier Miscellaneous	9 17 21 23 1 8 20 2 2 	7 23 21 28 2 13 21 3 21	61 82 54 82 72 34	86 68 63 42 60 01 61 79 60 00 52 88 69 92 41 66 70 00 85 00 45 00	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	MACHINERY DEP'T. Master Mechanics Foremen M. P. Dep't Foremen Car Dep't Messenger, Shops Apprentices Blacksmiths & Helpers Boilermakers & Helpers Carpenters Wachinists and Helpers Painters and Helpers	1 8 2 6 5 8 1 27 2 2	8 2 1 4 5 9 3 34		160 00 95 63 85 00 5 00 47 27 55 30 54 36 55 86 58 99 55 67	30 30 30 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
TRAIN SERVICE. Conductors	19 39	24 48	98 67 59 95	93 65 61 05	30 30	Tinsmiths and Helpers Car Builders & Repairers Engineers & Firem n (sta) Wipers, R. H. Laborers. Hostlers and Dispatchers. Laborers, Shop, Yard, etc. Watchmen, Shop.	18 1 24 7 3	28 25 4 5	61 48 54 19	70 80 58 85 59 75 49 03 62 83 36 81 57 00	25 30 25 30 25 30
Roadmasters B. & B. Clerks and Storekeepers Track Foremen Track Laborers Work Train Conductors Work Train Brakemen W. B. & T. Watchmen	4 1 7 67 260 2 5 5	4 1 7 74 278 1 2 6		103 50 112 50 65 70 79 06 37 91 110 25 78 62 38 88	30 30 30 27	Engineers, Locomotive Firemen, Locomotive Store Laborers DINING CAR DEP'T. Lunch Counter, Helena Total		3	61 17	120 00 65 00 40 53	30 30

^{*}Comparative data incomplete, owing to different classification in report of 1894.

N. P. R. R.—CONTINUED.

Rocky Mountain Division: Helena to Hope. Length, including Branch Lines, 568 miles. Pay 30th for preceding month.

TRANSPORTATION DEP'T.						Maintenance, Etc.					
Superintendent's Clerk's .	47	4	\$ 84 37	\$ 79 37	30		2	3	\$116 13	\$112 50	30
Train Despatchers	7	6	109 92	115 04		Sup't. & Foremen B. & B.	1	1	135 00	135 00	30
Outside Agents & Clerks		10		99 50	30	Clerks and Storekeepers	7		67 58	38 93	
S						Track Foremen	76			56 52	
STATION SERVICE.			`			Track Laborers	690	220	40 58	36 82	27
		ĺ		-		Chinese Laborers			31 05		
Agents	7	8	89 03	84 06	30	Work Train Conductors		3	97 34	111 65	27
Clerks	22	26	68 16	63 23			48	3	72 80	67 96	27
Operators	25	35	64 05	70 14	30	Pile Driver Men	31	1	72 55	61 75	
Agents and Operators		28 2	63 28	62 58			1		109 75		27
Baggagemen	3	2	52 30	60 00			19		48 48	43 34	30
Mail Carriers	1	1	60 00	60 00	30	Carpenters and Helpers	151	26	70 66	69 55	27
Laborers at Stations	14	16	52 61	49 05	30	Wood Pilers & Coal H'v'rs	16	16	50 00	53 13	30
S'men, Fl'gmen, W'chmen		24	65 33	66 96			10	6	56 45	60 83	
Other Employes	5	7	46 48	41 64	30		2	3	117 33	98 90	
Manager and Wire Chiefs.		1		110 00	30	3 77 1		3		54 91	27
Linemen		3		70 00	30	Painters and Helpers	2	2	57 70	60 87	27
						F					
TRAIN SERVICE.						MACHINERY DEP'T.					
Conductors	26	31	98 71	96 44	30	Master Mechanics	1	1	135 00	135 00	30
Brakemen	53	65	60 22	59 70	30	Foremen Mo, Power	4	4 2	94 50	97 50	
Miscellaneous	1	1	47 50	45 00		Foremen Car Dep't	2	2	90 00	90 00	30
	į į					•		i			

N. P. R. R.—CONTINUED.

Class of Occupation.	No. of EM- PLOY- EES.	AVERAG WAGES P. MONTH.	ER E	Class of Occupation.	No. of EM- PLOY- EES.	AVER WAGES MON	S PER
	June 30, 1895 June 23, 1894	1894 1	days per		June 30, 1895 June 23, 1894	1894	1895
Apprentices	3 2 5 5 4 3 3 2 1 20 20 25 31 2 2 2 2 45 42 11 8	47 28 60 98 66 07 58 51 16 28 49 75 49 53 45 84	36 10 25 54 29 25 53 65 25 57 55 25 63 52 25 58 42 25 58 42 25 54 21 50 31 25 71 55 30	Watchmen, Shop Engineers, Locomotive Firemen, Locomotive Painters and Helpers	6 1 52 51 52 51 2 3	47 51 55 23 120 77 65 55 57 70	42 10 68 20 120 00 65 00 64 05 38 93 57 00

MONTANA UNION RAILWAY.

Butte and Garrison: Length, including branch lines, 72.23 miles. Pay 7th for preceding month.

GENERAL OFFICE.						MAINTENANCE, ETC.					
General Office Clerks		3		98 33	30	Roadmaster		1 1 6	01.50	135 00 40 00 80 60	30
TRANSPORTATION DEP'T.						Carpenters	1 12	1 12	125 00 67 08	$\frac{125}{67} \frac{00}{08}$	30 30
Train Despatcher	1	1	150 00			Section Laborers Coal Heavers		41 4	45 80 60 00	45 80 60 00	26 30
STATION SERVICE.						R. H. Foremen		2		123 75	30
	7	6	112-14		30	Machinists	2	6 2	108 00 90 00	$\frac{93}{62} \frac{60}{12}$	26 26
Agents Clerks Operators	22 5 3	14 5 2	94 77 80 00 60 00	80 00	30	Boilermakers Helpers	2	3	108 00 75 00 108 00	108 00 75 00 93 60	30 30 26
Laborers, (Sta.) Swm. Flagmen, etc	16	11	102 37			Blacksmiths Helpers Car Repairers	10	2 2 8		$64 00 \\ 80 31$	26 30
TRAIN SERVICE.				!		Pumper	8	1 8 8	67 50 144 90 91 26	67 50 128 42 78 80	30 30 30
Conductors and Brakemen	9	10	92 77	92 40		Total		163	91 ~0	10 00	30

BUTTE, ANACONDA AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Butte to Anaconda: Length including Branch Lines 42.6 miles. Pay 8th for preceding month.

Transportation Dep't. Train Despatcher	1	1	150 00	150 00	30	Carpenters	3	5 2 3	78 00 60 00 60 00	65 50	26 30 30
STATION SERVICE.						MACHINERY DEP'T.					
Station Agents	6 2	6 1 1 30	112 50 81 70 87 45 65 00 81 90 91 00 65 00	95 00 76 16 95 00 65 00 96 60 115 09 75 00	30 30 30 30	Blacksmiths and Helpers. Boilermakers and Helpers Curpenters. Machinists and Helpers. Car Repairers Car Cleaner	1 2 2 5 7 1 14 3	1 11 3	78 00 72 40 65 00 67 50 60 00 75 00 125 25	81 20 81 20 91 00 76 70 65 00 67 50 60 00 85 00 123 25	26 30 30
Roadmaster Foreman B. and B. Storekeeper Track Foremen Truck Laborers	1 1 6	1 1 1 6 36	110 00 100 00 115 00 68 00 40 75	110 00 100 00 100 00 68 33 52 50	30 26 30		344	3 182		106 66	26

UTAH AND NORTHERN RAILWAY—UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Idaho Division: Monida to Silver Bow: Length including Branch Lines, 1251/2 miles; Pay 21st for preceding month.

Class of Occupation.	PLOYES. WAGES I			AVERAGE VACES PER MONTH. Class of Occupation. No. of EM. PLOYER PLOYER PLOYER 1865.3.		Morking day		Class of Occupation.				M- TES.	AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.			Working days Month	
	£	5	189	1	1898	5	ays in			5 5	1894	189)5	:			
STATION SERVICE.								MECHANICAL DEP'T.									
Station Agents	6 2	6	\$77 70	67 00	\$77	58 00	30 30	Engineers Fireman	16 15				37				
Operators Switchmen Messengers	6 2 5 3	2 5 4	69 85 15	$\frac{10}{00}$	69 85	10 00 00	30 30	*M. P. & C. DEP'T. Division Foreman		1		12	5 00)			
TRACK DEPARTMENT.			10				9.0	Clerk		3		7	00 00 00 00 00 00	3			
ection Foreman Laborers Watchmen Roadmasters	23 77 2	22 78 1	43	00 50 50	d 1	00 45 45	30 30	Boilermaker and Helpers. Engineers (Sta) Latorers Hostlers and Helpers		2 1 2		. 7	1 87 3 25 0 00 1 85	5			
TRAIN SERVICE.	1	1	120	00	1~0	00	30	Car Inspector Eng. Watchman		6 2		6	33 0 00 0 00	3			
Conductors	5 10	6 13	138 88		13I 76	74 93	30 30	Pumpers	<u> </u>	_			50				

^{*} Not reported for 1894.

GREAT FALLS AND CANADA RAILWAY. (NARROW GUAGE.)

Great Falls to Sweet Grass; Length including Branch Lines, 133 miles; Pay 22d for preceding month.

Class of Occupation.	Ė	or June 30, 1895	Average wages per	No. of working days per month	Class of Occupation.		. of M- YES. June 30, 1895	Average wages per month	No. of working days per month
TRANSPORTATION DEP'T.					Maintenance, Etc.				
Train Despatchers		1	\$125 00	30	Roadmaster		1 7	62 50 51 53	15 28
STATION SERVICE.					Section Laborers		18	39 00	26
Agents and Operators		4	67 38	26	PumpersCarpenters		1	50 00 65 00	30 26
Agents Clerks Sw. men and Watchmen		i	54 65	25		ļ	- 1		
		2	56 25 56 50	30 26	MACHINERY DEP'T.				
Other Station employes		9	50 50	20	Car Repairers		2	62 50	26
TRAIN SERVICE.					Wipers		1	37 50	30
Conductors			00.09	96	Wipers		4 5	113 00 63 50	26 26
Conductors Brakeman		3	92 93 51 54	26 25	Fireman, Loco			00 00	~0
			31 01	~0	Total		61		
	1					1			

Note.—Former statements of the G. F. & C. Ry having included that portion of the road operated in Canada and the above being for Montana only, comparative figures cannot be given this year.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,

Comparative Montana Force Report for years ended June 30, 1894 and 1895.

Class of Employes.		nber en.		Davs rked.	Total Comper	Average Daily Compensation.		
	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
General officers Other Officers General Office Clerks Station Agents Other Station Men Engineers Firemen Conductors Other Trainmen Machinists Carpenters Other Shopmen Section Foremen Other Trackmen. Switchmen, Flagmen & Watchmen Tel. Operators and Dispatchers. All other Employes & Laborers. Total	3	34 43 77 83 74 165 52 40 297 141 833 47 59 176	732 7,988 7,424 18,394 18,956 11,439 23,383 7,872 13,848 56,563 38,215 115,222 8,308 12,908 25,337 369,589	730 9,694 10,845 29,137 29,061 17,773 35,554 5,231 14,683 53,083 44,297 172,912 18,904 36,690 491,074	\$ 5,853 37 15,929 09 12,045 86 74,946 07 43,813 37 40,089 35 48,070 31 24,367 77 34,628 82 107,485 55 60,166 33 180,122 73 20,789 56 28,503 62 40,717 29 737,529 09	\$ 6,227 19 20,164 23 18,978 10 117,130 46 66,818 73 57,230 83 71,464 41 16,111 62 40,526 94 71,760 94 71,760 94 71,760 94 64,940 69 988,442 72	\$8 00 1 692 1 692 1 692 1 693 1 693 1 906 1 90 1 592 2 50 1 592 2 20 1 61 2 00	2 08 1 75 4 02 2 30 3 22 2 01

DISTRIBUTION OF ABOVE.

General Administration Maintenance of Way & Structures. Maintenance of Equipment Conducting Transportation	508 200	1,014 849 758	739 170,285 64,435 134,137	730 231,892 58,314 200,138	5,853 37 274,917 88 131,813 32 324,904 52	375,114 01 116,438 56	8 00 1 61 2 05 2 42	1 62 1 99
Total	1,086	2,123	369,589	491,074	737,529 09	988,442 72	2 00	2 01

MONTANA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY,

Comparative Force Report for years ended June 30, 1894 and 1895.

General Officers	6	6	2,190	2,190	\$ 5,178 80	\$ 7,720 01	\$2 36	\$3 59
Other Officers	3	2	1,080	730	7,091 01	6.183 38	6 56	8 47
General Office Clerks	15	18	5,334	6,540	10,934 66	13,803 65	2 05	2 11
Station Agents	14	20	5,392	6,155	12,884 36	14,710 47	2 39	2 39
Other Station Men	20	33	7,468	12,808	14,991 34	26,129 78	2 01	2 04
Engineers		53	8,426	14,500	33,945 35	56,697 64	4 03	3 91
Firemen	24	60	8,644	14,765	18,864 69	33,659 55	2 30	2 28
Conductors	16	54	5,613	8,911	18,822 76	28,872 42	3 35	3 24
Other Trainmen	36	146	12,905	20,221	28,064 41	44,081 55	2 17	2 18
Machinists		5 i	708	6,304	2,175 53	17,652 57	3 07	2 80
Carpenters	29	31	10,308	4,023	27,908 93	11,868 11	2 71	2 95
Other Shopmen	23	63	11,393	39,054	29,163 72	83,575 41	2 56	2 14
Section Foremen	35	46	13,061	15,685	22,776 56	26,977 51	1 74	1.79
Other Trackmen	125	434	44,726	44,472	73,727 17	65,374 33	1 65	1 47
Switchmen, Flagmen & Watchmen	16	56	6,608	10,509	16,977 76	26,379 11	2 57	2 51
Tel. Operators and Dispatchers	12	28	4,756	5,561	9,452 48	12,067 57	1 99	2 17
All other Employes & Laborers	33	86	12,187	22,104	27,621 04	44,430 61	2 27	2 01
Employes acct Floating Equipm't.								
Total	433	1,141	160,799	234,532	361,580 57	520,183 67	2 25	2 22

DISTRIBUTION OF ABOVE,

General Administration	189 25	26 511 68 536	8,604 68,095 12,101 71,999	9,460 64,180 45,358 115,534	\$ 23,204 47 124,412 66 31,339 25 182,624 19	27,707 04 104,219 95 101,227 98 287,028 70	2 70 1 83 2 59 2 54	1 62
Total	433	1,141	160,799	23-1,532	361,580 57	520,183 67	2 25	2 22

BURLINGTON & MISSOURI RIVER RAILROAD IN MONTANA.

Employes and Salaries, Montana, year ended June 30, 1895.

Class of Occupation.	No. of Employes June 30, 1895	Total No. of Days worked during year	Total yearly Compensation.	Average Daily Compensation
General Officers General Office Clerks Station Agents Other Station mcn Engineers Firemen Conductors Other Trainmen Machinists Carpenters Other Fromen Other Traicmen Section Foremen Other Trackmen Section Foremen All other Employees and Laborers All other Employees and Laborers	1 3 4 4 5 5 4 7 1 1 16 32 1 1 2	365 939 1,460 1,552 1,825 1,825 1,460 2,555 313 5,008 1,252 5,840 10,016 365 626	\$2,400 00 3,420 00 3,000 00 2,940 00 7,774 28 3,903 29 5,261 37 6,512 44 1,200 00 10,309 97 2,646 25 10,620 00 13,433 42 780 00 1,085 02	3 64 2 05 2 35 4 26 2 14 3 60 2 60 3 83 2 06 2 11 1 82 1 34 2 14 1 97
Total Less General Officers	106	35,466 1.304	76,105 95 5,820 00	2 15
Total Less General Officers	102	34,162	70,285 95	2 06

Note.—The length of line operated by the above Company is as follows:

Montana line to Huntley (owned by B. & M. R. R.)	101.74 miles 12.90 miles
•	
Total	114.64 miles

The Company began operating the road in Montana, Au gust 1st, 1894; completed through to Billings, October 28, 1894. No traffic statistics were obtainable.

RECAPITULATION.

	Division or Terminals.	Length	No.	Pay of		
Name ef Road. (Including Branch Lines.)		in Miles.	June 30, 1893	June 23, 1894	June 30, 1895	Employes for Month of June, 1895.
	TO 1 ME 4 to TO 2 2 - 2 - 1	42.00 225.80 507.50 568.00	397 1,008	No. 34 394 760 1,700		
Montana Central Ry	Butte-Garrison ButteAnaconda Silver Bow-Monida	1,343.30 801.90 256.00 72.23 42.60 125.50 b 101.74 133.00	e 1,086 e 433 442	1,086 433 176 344 166	2,123 1,141 163 182	a 82,370 22 a 43,348 64 12,309 36 14,419 17 13,103 69 a 6,342 16
	Totals	2,876.27			6,237	306,866 74 3,682,400 SS

a, One-twelfth yearly compensation: b, does not include 12.90 miles leased line from Huntley to Billings; e, Estimated. *There are slight discrepancies in the number of men reported employed by some Railroads for 1894 in their reports last year and this.

*Statistics of Railroad Traffic.

TABLE NO. 16—CLASSIFIED STATEMENT SHOWING CERTAIN COMMODITIES RECEIVED AND FORWARDED FROM ALL STATIONS IN MONTANA ON NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD DURING THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1894 AND 1895.

	RECEIVED FROM			FORWARDED TO.				
Commodities.	Points in Montana.		Points Outside Montana.		Points in Montana.		Points outside Montana.	
	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Wheat	5,626	10,710	720	202	5,626	10,710	847	702
Other Grain	17,674	20,346	814	495	17,674	20,346	6,168	10,234
Flour	6,691	9,242	5,607	4,958	6,691	9,242	119	212
Other Mill Products	2,979	2,699	970	1,507	2,979	2,699	324	359
Hay	12,266	12,525	88	154	12,266	12,525	600	190
Fruit and Vegetables	4,200	3,832	1,760	1.826	4,200	3,832	143	8,294
Live Stock	5,535	8,757	1,555	4.852	5,535	8,757	71,332	63,510
Other Packing House Products	159	398	1,120	997	159	398	15	7773
Poultry, Game and Fish	- 6	6	23	66	6	6		12
Wool	89	451			89	451	4,573	4,888
C'oal	n. r.	195,551	n. r.	2,657	n. r.	195,551	n. r.	246

TABLE NO. 17—STATEMENT SHOWING TONS OF COMMODOTIES SHIPPED FROM STATIONS ON NORTHERN PACIFIC Ry. IN THE STATE OF MONTANA DURING THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

C mmodity.	Tons. Commodity.		Tons.	
Wheat Other Grain Flour Other Mill Products Hay Fruit and Vegetables Live Stock Dressed Meats Other Packing House Products Poultry, Game and Flsh Wool Hides and Leather Anthracite Coal Bituminons Coal Coke Ores Stone, Sand, etc	11,412 30,580 9,454 3,688 12,715 12,126 72,267 267 904 18 5,389 631 195,166 25,357 94,023 25,312	Lumber Other Forest Products Petroleum and other oils Sugar Iron, Pig and Bloom Iron and Steel rails Other Castings and Machinery Bar and Sheet Metal Cement, Brick and Lime Agricultural Implements Wagons, Carriages and Tools Wines, Liquors and Beers Household Goods and Furniture Merchandise Miscellaneous Foreign Co's Equipment	133,790 79,167 718 76 918 177 1,963 368 7,333 261 366 637 1,320 26,387 14,655 54 —————————————————————————————————	

^{*} A principal object in view originally in requesting statistics of Traffic from Railroad Companies was to ascertain by this means the amount of Farm Products, Stock, etc., shipped into or out of the State. Schedules designed to elicit that information, such as reported on by the Montana Union Co. were forwarded to all Railroad Companies. Lack of uniformity in keeping the statistics, and other causes, prevented the full accomplishment of the purpose. Some companies approximated what was requested while others gave such statistics as were conveniently available, and they were presented as received. Responses to the inquiry, however, gave promise that through the courtesy of Railroad Officials, there being no statute requiring them to furnish the same, some general exhibits of the Railroad Traffic of the State, might be secured and year by year the Bureau has succeeded in obtaining better results, approximating the best that can be done until the State sees proper to enact a law requiring complete and uniform reports from Railroads.

TABLE NO. 18—Statement Showing Pounds of all Commodities Shipped from Stations on Great Northern (including Montana Central) Railway Line in the State of Montana, During Years ended June 30, 1894 and 1895.

	Weight-	-Pounds.		Weight-Pounds.			
Commodity.	1894	1895	Commodity.	1894	1895		
Wheat Rye Oats Corn Rye Oats Corn Barley Flour Mill Stuff Hay Foultry Wool Fruit and Vegetables Tallow Hides Other Farm Products Beans Game and Fish Potatoes Butter Dressed Hogs Dressed Heg Dressed Beef Lard Pork and Beef Other Provisions Cattle Horses Hogs Sheep Lumber, Lath, Shingles Ties Wood Miscellaneous Lron and Steel	790, 170 130 3,314,260 25,070 36,270 4,949,930 1,394,020 5,311,890 14,630 6,530,520 1,658,770 177,920 187,490 103,880 887,480 104,570 10,200 100,970 135,740 31,050 16,150 392,740 60,348,470 1,927,880 104,570 14,205,150 21,302,180 14,719,230 148,841,980 10,223,480 10,223,480 10,223,481	9,582,940 4,120 167,339 9,446,500 3,631,040 5,289,850 37,700 7,331,390 1,911,700 137,490 802,300 270,690 55,5200 4,562,190 66,520 100,050 175,340 56,620 37,980 222,990 67,955,850 1,882,744 42,880 7,449,050 38,778,950 4,674,420 154,544,110 11,861,640	Iron Ore Copper Matte Copper Matte Copper Ore Copper Bar and Ingots silver and Lead Ore Silver Bullion Copper Bullion Stone Brick Lime Cement Sand Salt Hard Coal Soft Coal Coke Machinery Wagons, Car., Tools, etc. Agricultural Implements Household G'ds & Fur Other Manufactures	135,330 173,170 1,196,010 194,620 447,518,520 437,054,370 63,733,520 6,430,580 64,131,040 152,504,750 6,276,360 1,122,140 132,160 466,480 439,140 252,850 810,316,900 1,047,890 686,030 2955,920 148,480 282,720 332,130 909,070 2,617,130 1,839,370 7,984,770 784,520 7,984,770 784,570 7,984,770 7,984,770	5,757,97C 81,646,14C 12,290,68C 2,034,60C 383,61C 6,996,56C 489,63C 4,775,18C 1,224,218,08C 1,725,599 270,433 109,590 1,773,20C 580,90C 1,151,388 2,127,344 1,107,925 8,956 8,146,332 161,016		
Castings	843,070	825,890	Grand Total	1,757,250,620	2,277,489,99		

TABLE NO. 19.—CLASSIFIED STATEMENT OF FREIGHT TRAFFIC (COMPANIES MATERIAL EXCLUDED) AT ALL STATIONS ON MONTANA UNION RAILWAY DURING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1894.

Commodity.	Originating on this Road	Received from con- necting Roads and other Car- riers	Total.	Commodity.	Originating on this Road	Received from con- necting Roads and other Car- riers	Total.
Products of Agriculture.	Tons	Tons 3,195	Tons 3,364	Concentrates	Tons 6,529	Tons	Tons 6,529
Flour Other Mill Products Hav Tobacco	113 86	2,699 941 7,240 42	2,812 1,027 7,584 42	Products of Forest. Lumber	3,261	104,716	107 977
Cotton Fruit and Vegetables		6,547	6,991	Manufactures. Petroleum and other Oils Sugar	37	1,434 1,368	1,498 1,405
Products of Animals Live Stock Dressed Meats Other Packing House Products	- 25	8,447 49 1,028	8,586 74 1,086	Naval Stores	114 620 483	2,743 714 252	
Other Packing House Products Poultry, Game and Fish Wool Hides and Leather	8 235	31 27 5	31 35 240	Bar and Sheet Metal Cement, Brick and Lime Agricultural Implements Wagons, Carriages, Tools, etc Wines. Liquors and Beers	530 18	179 5,401 89 65	5,931 89 83
Products of Mines. Anthracite Coal Bituminous Coal	2,605	404 199,035 448	405 201,640 448	liousehold Goods & Furniture Merchandise	123 221 1,451	1,744 501 7,722	1,867 723 9,173
Coke. Copper and Copper Matte Ores Stone, Sand & like articles	10,086 30,672 4,710	1,602	10,086 32,274	Miscellaneous; other articles not mentioned above Total Tonnage	3,453 66,602	57,328 427,092	60,781

TABLE NO. 20—CLASSIFIED STATEMENT SHOWING CERTAIN COMMODITIES RECEIVED AND FORWARDED FROM VARIOUS STATIONS ON BUTTE, ANACONDA & PACIFIC RAILWAY DURING 12 MONTHS ENDING JUNE 30, 1895.

	Receiv	ED FROM	FORWARDED TO		
Commodities.	Points in Montana.	Points Outside Montana.	Points in Montana.	Points Outside Montana.	
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	
Grain	156		156		
Flour	431	52			
Other Mill Products	57				
Hay	10		10		
Fruit and Vegetables	61	78	6I		
Live Stock	154		157		
Other Packing House Products	20	49			
Poultry, Game and Fish Miscellaneous	11		11		
Miscellaneous	77,766	7,547	77,766	661	
Total	78,669	7,726	78,161	661	
		1			

TABLE NO. 21—STATEMENT OF FREIGHT FORWARDED FROM ALL STATIONS ON GREAT FALLS AND CANADA RAILWAY DURING YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1894 AND 1895.

Description (Rovenue Freight.)		nating on this	Freight recei necting road carr	ls and other
(1894	1895	1894	1895
Wheat Barley Oats. Corn Flour Other mills products. Root Crops (Potatoes, Turnips, Onions, etc) Ilay Peas and Beans Tea. Other Farm Products Dressed Meats Hides and Leather Wool. Other Packing House Products. Poultry and Game Other Dairy Products (Eggs, butter, cheese, etc.). Canned Fish, and all products of the sea. Lumber, feet. Other Forest Products. Coal. Salt Ores. Bricks. Lime and Cement Rails (new) Agricultural Implements. Petroleum and other oils Wines, Liquors and Beers Household Goods and Furniture Emigrants Movables and Stock. Miscellaneous [See Sheep and Lambs Horses. Other Animals.	Pounds. 11,510 42,750 800 62,990 22,230 38,060 71,100 2,430 110 54,960 5,030 50,577 614,866 15,945 230,400 850 240 26,310 8,600 12,830 100 9,460 9,460 15,140 28,210 43,905 11,995 4,340 98,000 3,500	Pounds. 37,155 11,000 71,766 96,334 143,850 27,760 27,540 3,440 132,668 6,414 15,201 30,377 50 3,596 3,596 3,596 3,596 3,596 3,596 3,596 3,597 60,665 9,010 9,410 24,670 55,373 20,018 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428 20,000 176,428	Pounds. 300 70,050 312,650 84,960 9,490 3,600 32,146 40,920 640 750 2,890 75,400 65,926,900 400 56,500 24,690 85,360 3,000 70	Pounds. 48,450 34,080 148,750 7,440 1,200 12,280 16,780 170 1,300 9,130 2,196,120 25,930 61,189,340 227,250 8,130 32,820 199,070 42,560 350 40
Total of Revenue Freight (Free Freight.)	1,585,548	2,480,273	66,731,406	64,103,970
Coal Lumber, including telegraph poles Ties. Rails Iron, Scrap Miscellaneous	51,220	340,400 7,800 183,000 76,000 6,000 219,155	1,710,500 3,550,000 4,460,000 92,480 24,120 522,990	* 1,440,710 2,556,188 1,563,860 320,380
Total of Free Freight	340,995	832,355 3,312,628	10,360,090 77,091,496	5,938.561 70,042,581

^{*} Anthracite.

TABLE NO. 22.—CERTAIN CLASSIFIED COMMODITIES RECEIVED AND FORWARDED FROM STATIONS ON MONTANA UNION, DURING 12 MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

		Rece fro Poi	om	For to Poir	0	Red fro Poir	m	For to Poin	o	Red fro Poir	m	For to Poi)	Received Poin	l from ats.	For to Poi	o
Commoditie	s.	In State	Out of State.	In State	Out of State	In State	Out of State.	In State	Out of State.	In State	Out of State.	In State	Out of State.	In State	Out of State.	In State	
			Butte).		Si	ilver	Bow	·.		Stu	art.		P	nacond	ì.	
lorses, Head		16	100	34									18	240		3	1.
		$1,220 \\ 1,600$	8,620			820	$\frac{440}{240}$				• • • •			305	200		
тоор		1,440	1,220 1,880			520	240							500	700		1:
heat Tor	ns		1,000							1				100	72		1.
orn "			102	6		1	. l			4				57	471		١.
ats "		1,240	134	45		18								720	312		
urey		610	30 612			120				····i				2,000	22		
otatoes " ay "		$\frac{610}{4,489}$		75						1		283		500	700		1.
our "		4,400	296					10		4	····i			150	45		1
orn Meal "			485											79	18		١.
at Meal "														5	100		.
ork and Dacon		20	506							;				90	71 88		1
noked Meats " utter "		;;	204	8						1				44	70		ŀ
eomagarine "		1/2	11/2											4.7	19		ľ
reese " "			16	···i	l									18	12		I.
oultry "		2	45	4						1				2	17		1
ggs, Gross		160	75,890	1150	!					20	;			209	1,100		ŀ
ruits Tor	ns	38 196	2,019	760		····				1 3	1 1			39 200	711		
egetables " 'ool "			1,495			°			····	9			8	200	111	• • • •	ŀ
oal "			219000				8966	8966		1			l	49	30,000		l:
re "		1,295 3,112						'				70		5,000	165		١.
umber, Car Loads Yood		3,112 958	18					42 922		10		2		2,700 1,680			
		Wa	arm Sp	ring	s.	D	eer I	Lodg	е.		Garr	ison			Total.		_
		1			!	<u> </u>		7		d '	1	1		11	1	Γ.	Ī
orses, Head					10	20	li	16	14	ا ا				276	100		
attle "		290	<u>:</u>		10	20		16	14					2,635	9,086	1	
attle "		290	26											2,635 2,920	9,086 1,660	1	
attle " neep " ogs "			26			40								2,635 2,920 1,980	9,086 1,660 2,580		
attle " neep " ogs " heat Top	ns	290	26			40 30								2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68	9,086 1,660 2,580	1 3	3
attle " heep " ogs " Theat Ton orn " ats "	ns		26			40 30 7 53	15 7							2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68 2,063	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453	3 6 169	3
attle " heep " ogs " heat Tor orn " ats " arley "	ns	20 32				40 30 7 53 20	15 7	3			21/2			2,635 2,930 1,980 151 68 2,063	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 541/	3 6 169	3
attle " heep " ogs " Theat Tor orn " ats " arley " arley totatoes "	ns	20 32 3				40 30 7 53 20	15 7	3 124	80					2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68 2,063 140 2,621	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 54½ 1,313	3 6 169	8
attle " heep " ogs " Theat Too orn " ats " arley " otatoes " ay "	ns.	20 32 3 66				40 30 7 53 20 7	15	3 124 60 140	80		21/2			2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 541/ ₂ 1,313 1,162	3 6 169	8 8 8
attle "	ns	20 32 3				40 30 7 53 20 7	15 7	3 124 60 140	80		21/2			2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 54½ 1,313 1,162 405½ 508	3 6 169 96 498 38 30	8 8 8 8 8
attle "	ns	20 32 3 66 84				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2	15 7 60 5	3 124 60 140 10 2 3	80		21/2			2,635 2,920 1,980 1511 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 54½ 1,313 1,162 405¼ 508 610¾	3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15	333
attle "	ns	32 32 32 366 84 2				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2	15 7 60 5 11 13	3 124 60 140 10 2 3	80		21/ ₂ 1 31/ ₄ 23/ ₄			2,635 2,920 1,980 1511 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 1,313 1,162 40514 508 61034 101	3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15	889
attle "	ns.	20 32 3 66 84				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2 9	15 7 60 5 11 13 5	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2	80		21/ ₂ 1 31/ ₄ 23/ ₄			2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 54½ 1,313 1,162 405½ 610¾ 101	1 3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15	859
attle "heep "ogs "Too on "ats "arley otatoes ay "oork and Bacon noked Meats at Meal utter ""	ns.	32 32 32 366 84 2				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2	15 7 60 5 11 13 5	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		2½ 1 3¼ 234			2,635 2,920 1,980 1511 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112	9,086 1,660 2,580 573 453 541/4 1,313 1,162 405/4 101 105 275	1 3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15	859
attle " heep " Ogs " Theat Tor orn " ats " arley otatoes " ay oratoes " ork and Bacon " moked Meats at Meal utter " leomargarine "	ns.	32 32 32 366 84 2				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2 2 9	15 7 60 5 11 13 5 1	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		21/ ₂ 1 31/ ₄ 23/ ₄			2,635 2,920 1,980 151 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10	9,086 1,660 2,580 573 453 54½ 1,313 1,162 405½ 405½ 101 105 275 21½	3 6 169 169 38 38 30 15 2 1	889
attle "heep "ogs "	ns.	32 32 32 366 84 2				400 300 7 533 200 7 1000 12 2 2 9 1	15 7 60 5 11 13 5 1 1	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		2½ 1 3¼ 2¾			2,635 2,920 1,980 1,980 1,51 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10 17 45½	9,086 1,640 2,589 573 453 54½ 1,313 1,162 405¼ 610¾ 101 1055 275 21½ 612 30	3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15 2 1 8 	859
attle " heep " ogs " Theat Tor orn " ats " arley " otatoes " iour orn Meal " ork and Bacon moked Meats " at Meal " utter " leomargarine " heese " oultr " ggs, Gross "	ns	32 32 32 366 84 2				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2 9 1	15 7 60 5 11 13 5 1	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		21/ ₂ 1 31/ ₄ 23/ ₄			2,635 2,920 1,980 1,1980 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10 17 45½ 	9,086 1,660 2,550 899 573 4533 541/ ₂ 1,313 1,162 509 610 ³ / ₄ 105 211/ ₂ 215 216 62 76,990	1 3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15 2 1 8 1	859 5550 5513
attle " heep " Ogs " Theat Tor orn " ats " arley " otatoes " ay " orn Meal " ork and Bacon " moked Meats at Meal utter " leomargarine heese " oultr " ggs, Gross " Truits Tor	ns	32 32 32 366 84 2				40 30 7 53 20 7 100 12 2 9 1	15 7 60 5 11 13 5 1 1 2	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		2½ 1 3¼ 2¾ 1 1½			2,635 2,920 1,980 1,980 2,663 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10 177 45½ 	9,086 1,660 2,550 899 573 4533 541/ ₂ 1,313 1,162 509 610 ³ / ₄ 105 211/ ₂ 215 216 62 76,990	1 3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15 2 1 8 1	859 5350 5313
attle " heep " ogs " Theat Tor orn " ats " arley " otatoes " ay " lour Meal " ork and Bacon moked Meats " at Meal " leomargarine " heese " oultry " eggs, Gross	ns	32 32 32 366 84 2				100 12 29 11 100 20 4	15 7 60 5 11 13 5 1	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		2½ 1 3¼ 2¾ 1 1½			2,635 2,920 1,980 1,1980 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10 17 45½ 	9,086 1,660 2,550 899 573 453 541½ 1,313 1,162 405¼ 101 105 275 211½ 62 76,990 2,255 2,255	1 3 6 169 96 498 38 30 15 2 1 8 1	859 5350 5313
attle "heep "Ogs "Theat Tologs "All Tologs	ns.	32 32 32 366 84 2	1			100 12 20 100 12 20 4	15 77 600 5 111 133 5 5 1 1 2 225	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		2½ 1 3¼ 2¾ 1 1½			2,635 2,920 1,980 1,980 2,063 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 45 45 489 100 411 83	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 453 1,313 1,162 405½ 405½ 101 105 21½ 2,76,990 2,258½ 2,208	1 1 3 6 169 169 169 18 8 300 15 1 4 1162 762 307 8969	359 5350 5313
heep "	ns.	32 32 33 666 844 22 	1 282			100 12 29 11 100 20 4	15 600 5 111 133 5 1 1 2 2 25 120	3 124 60 140 10 2 3 2 1	80		2½ 1 3¼ 2¾ 1 1½			2,635 2,929 1,980 151 68 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 93 112 10 17 45½ 44 489 99 100 411 	9,086 1,660 2,580 89 573 453 1,313 1,162 4054 101 105 275 211 20 2,258 2,208 2,258 25,368	1 1 3 6 169 966 4988 380 155 22 1 1 44 1162 762 307 8969 270	333
attle "heep "Ogs "Theat Toron "ats "arley "totatoes "ay hour orn Meal "oork and Bacon moked Meats at Meal "teleomargarine heese "ggs, Gross "Truits Torol "Gegetables "Gool "Gool "Gross "Torol "Gool "Gross "Torol "Gross "Gool "Gross "Gross "Torol "Gool "Gross "Gross "Gross "Gool "Gross "Gr	ns.	32 32 33 66 84 2 1 3 3	1 282			40 30 7 53 20 100 12 2 2 9 1	15 7 600 5 111 133 5 1 1 2 25 	33 124 600 140 100 2 3 3 2 1 1 	80		2½ 1 3¼ 2¾ 1 1½			2,635 2,920 1,980 1,980 2,063 2,063 140 2,621 5,075 354 45 45 489 100 411 83	9,086 1,666 2,580 89 573 453 54½ 1,313 1,162 509 6103 101 105 21½ 2,258 2,258 2,258 2,258 165 62 258,368	1 1 3 6 169 966 4988 380 155 22 1 1 88 1 142 762 307 8969 270	359

TABLE NO. 23.—Statement of Classified Commodities Forwarded and Received by each Station on Union Pacific SYSTEM (UTAH & NORTHERN) IN MONTANA DURING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895. (Tons 2,000 lbs).

Miscellane -	11	1,247	33 33 361 361 361 361 361 1365 1365 1365
Wines and Liquors .			15. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Wheat, oats Barley, Rye. etc	8 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	8,5% 8,508 8,508	250 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
Wagon Car- riages Ag Imp'm'ts	9	35	<u> </u>
Sheep	86 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	286	8
Stone and Brick	100 11781 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	6,128	21 15 65 83 838 838 838 838 838 838 838 838 838
Steel Rails & R. R. Ma		::	32
Provisions.		1 : :	149 H
Petts and Wool	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	<u>888</u>	
Ore Silver.	0.54 0.54 83.68 83.68 83.11	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	
Machinery and Cast- ings		<u>x</u> =	88: 88: 650 469
other for- est prodts	99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99	10,999	28.88.99.11.10.11.00.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.
Horses and Mules	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	212 212	÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ † ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷ ÷
Hogs		28	
Hides and Tallow		<u> </u>	
Нау	137 556 556 7 198 198 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	5,980 4,508 5,080	89 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Hardware, Nails, etc	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	31 051 32 051	134 110
Groceries		≘ :	528 663
Vegetables, Fruits etc	90 91, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	2, 25, 12, 12, 13, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14	28 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Flour, Wheat, Bran, Etc	01	9,8	89 841 101 136 842 852 853 853 853 853 853 853 853 853 853 853
Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, etc			98
Drugs, paints glass Oil, atc			65 - 88 - 88 - 1988 1989 - 89 - 1988
Bullion, Lead and Matte	1,452	1,452 1,628	
Cement, Plaster & Lime	1	215 210	88.84 8.83 8.84
Cattle	(55.8) 10. 28.5 1. 3.75 1. 3.75 1. 3.75	3,135 2,560	518 1,350 550 550 1,489
Coke			
Coal		:8	839 839 13 142 835 42 835 11,188 835 83,111,11,885
Commoditues. Forwarded by each Station.	Apex. Barrett's Barrett's Barnett's Crab Banadine Crab Tree Daly's Dyer's Dyer's Dyell Dillon Divide Feeley's Gerayling Grayling Grayling Grayling Grayling Grayling Grayling Grayling Grayling Red Hock Shurden Maiden Maiden Maiden Maiden Monida.	Total forwarded 1895 . Total forwarded 1894 .	

TABLE NO. 24—AVERAGE WAGES, HOURS WORK PER DAY, ETC., OF EMPOYES IN AND AROUND MINES, MILLS AND SMELTERS IN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYING COUNTIES, AS TAKEN FROM REPORTS MADE BY EMPLOYERS OF 7,600 MEN—FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

Occupation.	Deer Lodge County.	Granite County.	Jefferson County.	Lewis & Clarke County.	Madison County.	Missoula County.	Park County.	Silver Bow County
Blacksmiths Blacksmiths' Helpers Carmen Carmen Carpenters Clerks and Bookkeepers Clerks and Fookkeepers Engineers Firemen Foremen Laborers Miners Pumpnien Ropemen Shift Bosses Station Tenders I'mbermen Fool Sharpeners Foamsters	3 00 3 70 day 5 33 2 69 3 33 4 00 4 50	3 00 3 50 4 00 mo 140 00 4 00 3 00 mo 191 00 3 00 3 50 4 00	4 00 mo 150 00 4 00 4 75 3 00 4 25 3 40 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00	4 00 3 00 5 00 3 00 4 00 3 50 3 50	2 93 mo 127 00	4 00 3 50 5 66 2 50	\$ 3.00 3.50 4.00	3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

MILLS AND SMELTERS. Silver Lewis & Deer Madison Cascade Granite Jefferson Park Clarke County. Occupation. Lodge Bow County. County. County. County. County. County. County. Amalgamator Assayer Blacksmiths Blacksmiths' Helpers Bookkeepers and Clerks m \$133 00 m \$150 00 150-200 4 00 2 50 mo100-150 3 75 4 00 $\frac{4}{3} \frac{00}{25}$ 2.50 125-150 Bricklayers 6 00 4 16 2 82 4 00 4 50 $\frac{6}{4} \frac{00}{50}$ \$ 4 00 Carpenters... Carpenters' Helpers... Concentrator Men Crusher Men 2 50 2 75-3 50 3 00 4 00 3 50 Ordener Men Dippers Dynamo Tenders Electrolytic Men Electric Crane Men Electricians 4 00 2 62 3 25 4 00 4 00 2 87 4 00 3 22 3 00 4 00 3 35 4 00 Engineers..... 4 00 3 25 5 83 Firemen 3 30 5.50 3 00-6 00 3 25 Foremen 105-990 3 50 Feeders 3 56 Jigmen..... Laborers..... 2 25 3 00 2 25 2 50 3 00 3 00 4 88 Lead Burners.....Lead Burners' Helpers..... 2 37 3 87 2 75 5 00 2 50 4 00 5 00 2 25 Masons Masons' Helpers Mill and Battery Men Pokers and Graters 6 00 4 00 4 00 3 66 3 00 Pullers.... 2 25 4 00 $\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 37 \end{array}$ 2 37 3 50 Roasters Samplers Skimmers Skimmers Helpers Tappers 2 37 4 00 3.75 3 50 3 25 3 50 2 50 Teamsters..... Trammers Vanners Weighers 2 75 4 00 2 93 2 66 Weighers 2 66 3 50 Hours work per day 10 & 12 8-12 Av. No. days' pay withheld pay day 10 10 0.1 50 Hospital dues per man \$1 00-1 50 \$1 00-2 00 Board and Lodging per week 5 50 7 00 3 50 8—12 10-12 8—12 8—i2 10 & 12 10-20 15 \$1 00-2 50 \$1 00 \$6 50 6 25

Beaverhead County: Miners' average wages per day, \$2.66; 10 hours work per day; 15 days' pay withheld. Choteau County: Miners' average wages per day, \$3.50.
Missoula County; Mill men: 10 yours work per day; hospital dues, \$1.00 per month; board and lodging, \$7.00 per week.

TABLE NO. 25.—Reports of Newspaper Publishers and Printers for the Year ended June 30, 1895.

	Numbei				No. plo	Hon a da	Day a w	Sui	W ₂	Paid Mer	l be N	Cu.	of	Are	perc	Inc	1
Male	Female Adults.	Boys	Girls.	Total	No. of weeks ployment gi	Hours constituting a day's work	Days constituting a week's work	Are employes required to work Sunday	How often are Wages paid	aid in Casl Merchandise	pays	No. of floors	Total square fee of floor space oc cupied	Are sanitary conditions good:	perous as compared with preceding y'r.	Increase	
Adults	lts.	:	:	:	93. S	ork	wor	oye	nid.	Cash ndise	day	floors	spa	good	om	Per	
ılts.	:				eks em- given.	ting	ting	work	: ar	h or	with	oc	feet ce oc-	con-	pared g y'r.	Cent	
	4	1		5	52	9	6	no	Wkly	1	-	T	1	1	I	<u> ∓</u> 	1
		2		3	52 52	9	6 6	"	M'Iv.			5) "		50	
	3	Î		4	52	9	6		Wkly	1.6	none		est 450	j	"	100	ı
- 5	2	1		2	52 52	8 9	6 6			66	""	1 1	1,000 1,500	yes	"		ı
2	5 3	18		39 10	52 52	9	6	no	W&M Wkly	66	46	4	8,400) "	"		
				5 5	52 52	9 9	6 6	"	64	"	"	1	840	/	no		l
	أ	1		3	52	9	6	"	M'ly. Wkly		"	1 1	3.000	Fair.	yes		ŀ
	3	· · · · i		4	 52	8	6	 no	M'ly.	Cash	none,	1	606	lves			ŀ
- 4	3	1		4	52 52	9	6	"	Wkly	4.6	44	1 1	2,700	6	yes	15	ŀ
2	3	2		4	52	10	6		WKIY	Both.		1 1					j.
9	1	·····i		2 5 2 2	52 52	10	6 6	no	Wkly	**	none.	1 1		"	yes	10	
ì	í 			22	52 53	10	6 6		M'ly.	"	none.	1	900	yes			
$\frac{36}{16}$		8 19		44 36	52	8&9	6.	yes	Wkly	Cash.	none.	3	1.287	64	yes		
3	3			3	52 52	10	6	no	M'ly.	66		3	2,280	64	yes	15	
1 3				1 3	52 52	10	6 6		Wkly	66	none.	î	494	66	**	25	
37 4		5	4	46	52 52 52	8-10 9		yes	66	44 Th + 42	"	3	14,500		"	33	
3		1		4	52	91/2	6	"	6.6	Both.		1	3,000 1,750	64	46		
2		2		3	52 52	9	6		"	Both. Cash.	none.	1	2,400		61		
2		2		11	52 52	7 8	6	no		16	"	î	4,000		"		
2				2	25 52	10	6	64	**			1	600	""	yes	100	
2 9 2 2 2 2 2 2				ય ભ ભ ભ ભ	52	10	6		Wkly	Cash.	none.	1	1.500	Fair.	yes	···iò	٠
14		4		18	52 52	10	6		Wkly	Cash.	none.						:
1					21 52	9 8	6	"	""	"	10116.	1	4,500 400	66	same.		:
2 3				1 2 2 5	30	10	6	٠.		6.6	"	2	1,100 300	66	no		
4		2		4	52 52	9 10	6	""	66	66	"	1	2,000 2,000	66	yes		
9 4	1	·····i	1	11	52 52	9	6	"	m'ly.	"	"	1 2 2 1			yes		:
1				1 .	52	10	6 .	["		1	1,500 450		same.		
1, 2, 1		1		3	52	9	6	**	Wkly	46	none.	1	500	yes	no yes		•
3	1	1		3	52 52	9	6	**	"			1	1,750 900	46	"	20 20	
2 1		1 1		3	52 52	10	6	46	"	"		i i		46	same.		
2		1		3	52	10	6.		"	66	none.	1	576 720	44	yes	: : : :	٠.
10		1	2	13	52 52	10	6	no	"	"	**	1 2	875 3,620	rair.	"	$\frac{1}{25}$.	
3				3 3 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	52		$\cdots \stackrel{\cdot}{_{6}}$.	no ;	Wkly	Cash.	none.	$\cdots \widetilde{i}$			"		
15 6	1	1 3		17	52	8&9	6	"	" KIY	Cash.	none.	1	960	yes .	no yes	··io	
3				3	52	8	6	" (D. D.	"	"	1	400	"			
3	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$	1		5	52 52	9 10	6	** []	M'ly.	"	"	1	2,500 900	"	yəs	10	
2		1 .		3	52 52 .	10	6	- 1	Vkly		none.	1	1,200	"	"	20	
1				1	52	10			i'ly.		none.	····i	400	yes		-	
2				3	52	9 10	6.			Cash.	16	1 1	1,750	air.	res		
1		1.		2	52	10	6		M'ly.	66	٠.	1	1,5 0	yes	, ,		

PUBLISHERS AND PRINTERS.

Reports were received from 67 Publishing and Printing establishments issuing 11 Daily, I Semi-Weekly, 63 Weekly and I Monthly publications. The amount of capital invested by them is stated to be \$924,325; amount of business done \$670,775; amount paid for labor \$395,447; amount of paper used 1,389,195 lbs. or 694.59 Tons. Seven Publishers are using 16 type-setting machines; the average number of compositors to which

each machine is the equivalent is reported at 3 5-6, the 16 machines thus taking the place of 61 compositors by hand. Total number of persons employed by those reporting is 416—301 male adults, 14 female adults, 93 boys and 8 girls. The average number of working hours of employes is reported to be 8\frac{a}{2} hours.

AVERAGE WAGES (WITHOUT BOARD) OF PRINTING EMPLOYES, AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

Classification.	No. report- ed.	Av. Wages.	Time.	Classification.	No. report- ed.	Av. Wages.	Time.
Editors (Dailies). Editors (Weeklies). Solicitors (Larger Papers). Solicitors (Weeklies, etc). Bookkeepers. Foremen (Dailies). Foremen (Weeklies). Compositors (Dailies). Compositors (Meeklies). Compositors (Weeklies). Compositors (Weeklies).	15 6 3 8 25 21 62 11 22	26 60 110 82 68 00 98 12 30 00 22 26 26 32 47 18 62	Month. "" Week "" 1,000ms	Reporters Stereotypers Pressmen. Bookbinders Rulers Machinists (Typesetting Mach.) Proof Reader. Folders, etc. (Female) Helpers (Feeders, Pressmen, Stereotypers, etc) Apprentices Carriers	29 3 1 1 1 9	27 00 27 25 24 00 27 00 30 00 30 00 6 44 12 00 5 80	66 66 66 66

TABLE NO. 26—FLOURING MILLS, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

Abbreviations: W, Wood or Water; I, Iron; S, Stone; d, donble; o. d., demand; e, estimated.

Tracing Number	Material of Building	Height in stories		Runs of Stones.	Power used	Number of Horse Power	Maximum capacity in barrels in day of 24 hours	Weeks mill operated during year	Why operations were suspended.	Average number of Employes	Hours in day's work	Days in week's work	How often wage- paid	Paid in Cash or Merchandise	Amount paid for Labor in year	If any accidents occurred past year; nature of same
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	W W W W W W W W W W W W W	54 55 33 32 43 44 55 3	14 d d 12 26 12 26 12 1 1 10 6 5 d	1	W & S W W S W W W W W S	150 75 200 75 30 50 50 30 45 45 125 45	150 18 125 40 75 25 40 50 100 200 80	35 52 12 (b) 50 52 36 12 43 20 45	E	14 13 18 17 28 22 22 22 22 24 4 8	10-11 11 10-12 10 11 10 12 10 10 10 10	6 6 6 6 6 6 6	W'kly Mth'ly. W & M	Both. Cash. Cash.	e 17,100 00 e 2,770 00 e 480 00 e 6,600 00 2,500 00 2,000 00 750 00 e 800 00	No No Yes. No

a. Lack of business, no sale for product; (b) Custom mill; (c) No grain; (d) Repairs.

Tracing	No. Bushe Gro	LS WHEAT	No.	Value of	No.	Value of	Total Value	Capital	Average Monta per Mill .	Average wheat at Mil
Number	Montana.	Imported.	Pounds Flour Produced.	Same at Mill.	Pounds Feed Produced.	Same at Mill.	of all Products for Year.	Invested in Business	Weight of una wheat bushel at	Value of per bushel
1	200,000		8,000,000	\$100,000	4,000,000	\$25,000	\$125,000	\$200,000	lbs. 60	cts. 40
2	61,000		* 000,000			10,000		20,000		50
$\tilde{3}$	115,000		12,058,712			20,000		e 100,000		75
4	18,750	210,000	746,000	9,750	379,000	1,894				45
5	1,714		68,596		76,099	761				50
6	100,000					4,000		30,000	59	45
7	9,786		381,640		176,140	1,582				60
8	23,000		920,000			2,450				45
9	5,040		141,220	2,117	e 175,000	1,550		25,000		80
10	9,000		369,000	5,535	360,000	3,600	9,135			50
11	25,000		1,025,000				16,400	e 20,000		45
12	6,000		216,000		85,000	350			60	64
13	200,000		9,090,000			12,500				45
14	e 35,000		1,500,000	20,000	350,000	2,300	22,300	4,000		
	809,290	149,000	40,926,168	573,188	13,232,247	85,987	\$659,175	\$635,000		

TABLE NO. 26—CONTINUED.

Tracing Number	Per Cent in- creased Produc- tion of Flour as compared with year ended June 30, 1894	Estimated increased Consumption of Flour in State as Compared with Year ended June 30, 1894.	Does Montana Flour appar- ently give satisfaction? Does the de- mand increase with use?	Is the quality of Montana Flour improving?	Is the best Montana wheat as good flour- ing grain as best Minnesota or Dakota wheat?	Will it average with	Is Business prosperous as compared with preceding years.
1 2 3	10 10	None.	Partially. Yes,	Not lately. Yes.	No. Yes,	No. Yes. No.	No. (1) Yes.
4	n. r.	n, r,	n. r.	n. r.	Not quite.	Not quite.	No. (2)
6	40	25	Yes.	Yes.	Think it is, Yes.	Yes. Very nearly.	Yes.
7	60		"	"	66	No.	
8	None.	None.		"		Yes.	Same.
9 10		50	"		No. Think not.	No.	
11	n. r. None.	n.r.	Yes-No.	44	Yes.	n. r. Yes.	No.
12	n. r.	16	n. r.	n. r.	n. r.	n. r.	n. r.
13	30	35	Yes.	Yes	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
14	[20			No.	No.	1,1
							l

⁽¹⁾ Declining market; General depression. (2) Competing mills with better freight rates. n. r.: no report.

Reports were received from 14 milling companies, believed to be all mills operated in State; they employ 82 persons; the maximum capacity of all is 1678 barrels of flour in 24 hours' run. The total capital invested by them in the milling business is 635,000; amount paid for labor in year \$59,700; total number bushels of wheat ground is 958,290 (809,290 of Montana wheat and 148,000 of imported wheat); No. bushels of wheat ground as reported for year ended June 30, 1895, was 640,741—an increase of 317,549 bushels for 1895. Pounds of flour produced for year ended June 30, 1895, 40,926,-168; value of same at mill \$573,188; pounds of feed produced 13,232,247; value at mill \$85,987; total value of all products \$659,175, as against a total reported product of \$483,-092 in 1894, an increase of \$176,083.

Comparative Wages of Employees of Flouring Mills for Years ended June 30.

	1895 1894 1893		1895	1894 1893
Bookkeepers, per mo	97 30 82 42 82 42 3 10 71 50 57 10 55 12 55 12	Millers, 2nd per month	2 50 66 75 2 31	2 00 2 00

THE FLOURING INDUSTRY-VIEWS OF MANUFACTURERS, ETC.

With a view to obtaining from the best authority expression as to the conditions and flouring qualities of Montana wheat: the quality of flour now being produced by Montana mills as compared with former product; the reasons why so much flour is imported into and sold in Montana, and what would tend to develop wheat growing and consumption of Montana made flour in the State, letters were addressed a few months ago by the Commissioner of this Bureau to proprietors of leading flouring mills in the State requesting their views on these matters. Following are responses direct, except as to the Royal Mill, items concerning which are given from reliable sources:

BIG BLACKFOOT MILLING COMPANY-BONNER, MISSOULA COUNTY.

In reply to your communication of 30th. September will say there are several difficulties which confront the Montana miller in meeting competition from neighboring states. Owing to the low market value of wheat that has prevailed for the last two years the farmer complains that he cannot raise it at a profit and has restricted the acreage of wheat, thereby compelling the local miller to shut down his plant a large portion of each year. His period of idleness is a dead loss and adds to the cost of production, thereby placing him at a disadvantage in competing with the outside miller with an abundant wheat supply at his door.

The wheat raised in this State lacks uniformity. This is caused by too many varities of seed being used. Without uniformity in wheat it is a difficult matter to mill a uniform grade of flour, that is, a flour which requires no change in method of baking from time to time. This is our greatest difficulty. Before local mills were established throughout the State, Dakota, Minnesota, Missouri and Washington mills supplied Montana with flour and the consumer became accustomed to using the flour from these states. When local mills placed their output on the market they found a strong prejudice existing against home made stuff and the only successful method that could be adopted was to manufacture a flour, not only as good as the outside article, but one that required similar treatment in baking. To do this it is necessary to have wheat similar to that milled by our competitors. What the millers of Montana require is a good variety of winter wheat and also a sufficient quantity of Hard Spring wheat to meet the requirements of consumers of flour made from this variety. Almost anything is preferable to Almost anything is preferable to the soft spring wheats so largely raised at present.
Until the Montana farmer raises a better variety of wheat it will be impossible to

entirely shut out the product of other states.

A great many of the farmers who ship to this mill have raised Hard Spring wheat from seed obtained in Dakota, and have been fairly successful and with a little more experience in its cultivation we think it will be raised more generally. From careful observation we are satisfied that the "Fultz" winter wheat, commonly raised in Missouri, is very well suited to conditions as they exist in Montana. This wheat is an excellent milling wheat and we have been informed by parties raising it that it yields well.

The flour mills of Montana are fully as well equipped as any to be found, and there is enough capacity within the state to feed our entire population. It is all handi-

capped by lack of suitable raw material.

We have endeavored to give you a comprehensive idea of the chief difficulties and if we can be of any further service to you in the matter of promoting home enterprises we shall be glad to do so. We may add that we have given the two varieties of wheat (Fultz and Hard Spring) a fair test as to results as flour producers and we can recommend them as being very satisfactory.

BOZEMAN MILLING CO., BOZEMAN, GALLATIN COUNTY.

It is only within the last three years that the farmers of Gallatin Valley have devoted any attention to raising hard spring wheat. This is largely due to the fact that until lately no suitable mills were at hand to grind hard wheat flour properly. Two modern roller mills were erected and put in operation here at Bozeman about the beginning of 1893, Nelson Story & Co. re-building their mill, it having a capacity of three hundred barrels per day, and the Bozeman Milling Co. built their plant with a capacity of two hundred barrels per day. These are both modern roller mills, the best that money two hundred barrels per day. These are both modern roller mills, the best that money could build. Up to the time these mills were built Dakota and Minnesota flour had full sway in Montana markets. While there were some small mills in the State, their prosway in Montana markets. While there were some sman mins in the State, then products were consumed locally. On the completion of our plant we went into every town and city in the State where we were not barred by excessive tariff rates to find a market for our products. We discovered that a deep seated prejudice existed against Montana flour, and it was generally believed that Montana wheat would not make good flour. The impression existed that wheat could not be grown in Montana without irrigation, and that irrigation softened wheat to such an extent that starch took the place of cluster. It is quite unprecessary here to discuss the irrigation problem and its relative gluten. It is quite unnecessary here to discuss the irrigation problem and its relative bearing on hard wheat culture, for the reason that the great bulk of hard wheat as well as winter wheat that comes to our mill is grown on the high foot hills and is not irrigated. In the Flathead district, which is known as the "wheat belt of Gallatin," none of the wheat is irrigated. It is now getting to be understood that Montana grown hard wheat reaches the highest state of perfection, and is the richest and finest hard wheat grown in the world.

In your question No. 14, you ask: "Does Montana flour give perfect satisfaction, and the demand increase with use?" Yes, when we once get a foothold and the consumer gives our flour a trial it generally results in our favor, and the consumer becomes an enthusiastic advocate of the home product. In your question No. 15 you ask us: "Is the quality of Montana flour improving?" We answer yes. We are producing better quality of flour than can be found elsewhere. No. 16 you ask: "Is the best Montana wheat as good flour grain as the best Dakota or Minnesota wheat?" We again answer yes. Our best Montana wheat is graded one grade higher in Minnesota market than the best Minnesota or Dakota wheat. No. 17 asks: "Will it average with it in grade?"

We again answer in the affirmative.

I enclose herewith set of resolutions adopted at a farmers convention held in Bozeman in 1894, in which Dr. Traphagen, the chemist at the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts of Montana, compares by chemical analysis No. 1 Dakota hard wheat

and Montana grown hard wheat with the result that the Montana product is found to contain 2 per cent more nitrogenous substance than the best Dakota No. 1 hard wheat. It seems to me that it does not require a very great stretch of imagination to predict that in the near future the people of Montana will not only appreciate the efforts of her people in erecting large and expensive milling plants for the manufacture of her cereals into flour, the quality of which is found to be superior to any imported article found in our markets by the most critical scientific tests, but will recognize the home product and will put aside their prejudice and adopt the use of our home products ex-

clusively.

A few years ago barley grown in Gallatin Valley was tested for brewing purposes. From this moment a demand was created until to-day the present crop is being exported to Germany and other countries. This barley is recognized far and wide as the finest barley for malting and brewing purposes grown in the world. Every cereal grown in this state when thoroughly tested has been found to thoroughly mature and reach the Our Montana hard wheat for instance matures, the grain highest state of perfection. is uniform in size, ripens thoroughly, in fact fully matures. In Dakota and other states very frequently visited by drouth, fully one-half of the grain is dried up and does not reach maturity. The grain is shrunken and cannot make as good bread stuff as grain which fully matures even in the same climate; therefore, in many instances to make a flour that is popular for family use it is necessary for the millers to put upon the market what is called blended flour, using the Dakota flour for strength and mixing winter wheat flour to get the necessary color. We are manufacturing a hard wheat flour made exclusively from hard wheat which for color, purity, strength and milling excels anything that has ever reached this market.

These are facts that can be ascertained by any who desire the truth and care to

undertake a scientific investigation of these products.

NELSON STORY & Co., BOZEMAN, GALLATIN COUNTY.

In reply to your favor of the 30th ult. would say that there are several reasons for

the large importation of foreign flour into Montana:

First. We must reluctantly admit that, generally speaking, flour made from Montana hard wheat contains more starch and less gluten than flour made from Dakota wheat, hence is not so desirable for bakers use as the Dakota flour, which will absorb more water and make more bread to the same quantity of flour.

Second. There is a strong tendency in the mining camps, and especially among miners who have steady employment at good wages, to buy the best, and they select an article more because it is high priced or of foreign manufacture, than of any real known merit of This is probably characteristic of people who have the wherewith to buy in quality. general, but in Montana it is more noticeable among the mining class than any other.

Third. The merchant or dealer who handles flour has very much to do with the importation of the outside article. Here in Montana almost every dealer has the exclusive control or sole agency of his town or vicinity, of a flour manufactured by some Dakota or Minnesota mill. When a customer comes in to buy, unless he inquires for Montana flour and insists on having it, he is told: "We have Bozeman flour at so much, a very good flour, but we do not guarantee it: and we have a brand of Minnesota (or Dakota, as the case may be) which costs more, but we guarantee it. We know this is good and if it should not prove satisfactory return it." This little speech on the part of the dealer results in the customer taking the Minnesota flour. The reason that the dealer prefers to sell the Dakota flour is that he makes a larger margin on it. He has no competition on that particular brand, or mill's flour, and by making people believe that it is better than all others, especially of Montana manufacture, he makes the sale at a higher price. The Montana mills require a more general patronage than one dealer in a town or place, and can not give sole agencies, thus the different dealers handling the same goods cut the prices until there is not a sufficient margin left to induce them to make any effort to sell it, but rather the contrary.

There was a time 12 or 15 years ago when the quality of Montana flour was not as good as it might have been, and that is used as an argument to prejudice the people

against the products of our mills of more modern construction.

The principal mills of Montana are located near the center of the State, and to reach the outskirts on either side, a distance of nearly 350 miles, freight rates are against us, as well as cheaper wheat in Western Dakota and Eastern Washington. The mills at Dickinson, Gladstone and Mandan, Dakota, with hard Scotch Fife wheat ranging from 38 cts. to 42 cts. per bushel can ship their flour to Miles City, Montana, on a 32 cts. per cwt. freight rate, while we, here at Bozeman, who pay 45 cts. per bushel for hard wheat, pay 36 cts. per cwt. freight rate to Miles City. The freight rates from Bozeman to Missoula and Montana points west, are about the same as from Spokane, but wheat at Spokane last year was 10 cts. to 12 cts. per bushel lower than the same grade of wheat at Bozeman, and this year about 5 cts. per bushel lower. You may

wonder why farmers cannot raise wheat as cheaply in Montana as in Dakota or Washington. Perhaps they can, but they have not raised it one year with another right along, because previous to this year barley has been the better paying crop.

And occasionally there has been a year when oats paid better than either wheat or barley. Montana barley commands a premium in the eastern markets of 8 cts. to 12 cts. per cwt. over barley from any other state. This is why barley as a rule has been the best crop for the Montana farmer. Oats have ranged in price during the last ten years from 50 cts to \$2.00 per cwt., owing to the supply and demand, high prices one year meaning almost to a certainty a low price the following year because everybody sowed

oats.

We hope we have made ourselves clear on the situation as it appears to us.

The same to know what to say It seems to be one of the same to be one o suggesting any remedies we are at a loss to know what to say. It seems to be one of those cases that nothing but time will decide. We believe our milling capacity ample for Montana and our machinery used and work performed of the very best, but we are sandwiched in between two of the greatest wheat growing states in the Union, North Dakota on the east, and Washington on the west, and they are constantly making war as it were, on this neutral territory.

RELATING TO THE ROYAL MILL, GREAT FALLS, CASCADE COUNTY.

The Royal Milling Company's mill at Great Falls has a daily capacity of 500 barrels. It is a modern one in every particular. Prior to starting it in 1893, the company distributed to the farmers in the vicinity of Great Falls, three cars of hard Dakota seed wheat and during the next two years placed with them about 6,000 bushels of seed wheat each year. They are now receiving as a result as choice hard wheat as is raised in any section of the Dakotas, and it is just as wholesome and high a quality of flour as is made in those states. The company still imports a great portion of its wheat from Dakota, as wheat growing in Cascade County is yet in its infancy and the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the supply insufficient of the company still depend on the company still ficient for the requirements of the mill, but that is a matter production will soon adjust.

STILES & WALDORF, LEWISTOWN, FERGUS COUNTY.

"Owing to careless farming and late seeding much of our wheat is either frosted or smutty. From these causes not over 50 per cent of wheat offered for sale is fit for flour. Wheat raised on bench land without irrigation makes good flour and compares favorably with Dakota flour. In fact choice spring wheat grown on bench land makes better and more flour to the bushel than Dakota wheat. Farmers should fall plow their land: seed early; use blue stone and not irrigate too much. If this were done there is no reason why Montana wheat should not be used almost entirely to bread the State.

TABLE NO. 27—MANUFACTURERS OF

Abbreviations: O. D., on demand; N. M., no market; S, Steam; W, water; B. W., bad weather.

Tracing Number.		te of port.	Kind of Power	No. of Horse Power	Average No. of Employes	Number of hours constituting day's work	How often wages	How many days pay withheld	Pay in Cash or Mer- chandise	Number of weeks mill run past year	Why operations were suspended.	Are employes required to work Sunday	y accider red, nat	Capital invested in Business.	Expended for Labor year e n ded June 30, 1895.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Oct. Oct. Oct. Sept. Oct. Oct. Ang.	26 17 20 21 24 25 21	S.&W S. S. S. S. S.	1,000 700 40 16 20 38 40 45 20	30 20 8	11 10 10 10 10 11 10	0. D	None.	Both. Cash. Both.	40 12 36 12 8 28 24 14	B. W. N. M. B. W. N. M.	no no no	no " " no … no … no … no	\$300,000 731,000 30,000 2,000 3,000 5,000 16,000 10,000	e 3,000 e 3,500 1,800 e 1,200 8,800 e 7,500 600
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept. Sept.	25 19 28 21 31 19 30 20	W. s.	16 20 20 20 20 30 17 25 80 100	3 5 31 3 8 18 58	10		none.	Dast	50 6 44 13 5	B. W.		66 66 66 66 66	e 500 1,700 2,000 1,500 10,000 3,000 e 3,000 14,000 100,000	e 1,100 1,800 270 8,010 321 e 2,500 e 15,000
20 11 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	Sept. Aug. Aug. Sept. Sept. Aug. Sept. Sept.	9 20 27 23 30 20 19 25	s. s. s. w. s. w.	18 25 14 20 15 8 16 20 25 30	6 9 10 12 12 2 7 35	10 10 11 10 11 10	M'ly. ". O., D.	93 da 15 da 15 da 	Both. Cash.	12 30 6 12 13	N. M.	"	yes no "" ""	1,200 3,000 900 1,500 4,500 800 e 2,500 2,000 6,000	e 1,500 2,145 2,900 90 4 1,140 e 1,350 2,000
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Sept. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Aug. Oct. Sept.	19 23 18 26 24 26 1	S.&W S. S. S. S. W. W.	35 30 30 13 25 15 25 28	15 4 20 6 6 1 5	10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10	M'ly. M'ly.	none.	Cash. Cash.	8 6 5	N. M. N. M. N. M.	no "	no "	1,500 1,000 3,000 2,000 850 30,000 2,000 2,500 300 e 2,000	e 400 e 150 e 1,200 155 5,573 e 250 340 30
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	Sept. Aug. Oct. Oct. Sept. Sept. Oct. Oct. Oct.	1 31 7 10 26 3 10 12	s. s. s. s. w.	16 18 25 115 40 20 30 28	6 6 20 40 20 18 5 12	10 11 10 10 11 10 11	Irreg O. D. O. D. M'ly. O. D. M'ly. O. D.	none,	Both. Cash. "Both. Cash.	27 42 32 26 36 16	N. M.	66 66 66 66 66 66	 	1,500 2,500 8,000 46,000 30,000 3,000 4,000 3,000	e 1,500 5,460 12,000 5,000 3,600 e 1,750 e 2,000
47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Oct. Sept. Sept. Aug. Oct. Aug. Oct. Oct. Oct. Oct.	15 6 24 21 12 16 19 28 7	x s s s s s s x x x x x x x x x x x x x	40 18 15 40 16 40 100 21 e 100	30 4	10 10 10 10 10 11 10	M'ly. " " " " " " D.	10 30	Cash. Both. Cash. Both.	14	B. W.	66	" " " " " "	10,000 500 2,000 2,500 4,000 80,000 30,000 2,000 200,000	18 900 1,500 2,000 20,775 10,000 900
55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	Oct. Oct. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov. Nov.	28 6 1 20 20	S.&W S.&W S. W. S. S.	50 13 16 8 16 58 16 20	9 9 9 4 4 3 2	11 10 10 10 10 11 11	O. D. M'ly. Daily M'ly.	none. 15 da none.	" Mdse. Both	28 10 38	B. W. N. M. B. W.	"" "" "" "" "" "" ""		est 20,000 1,500 4,000 800 3,000 5,000 2,000 3,000	12,000 815 800 350 800 2,200 1,600
03	Dec.	3	s. 	3,563	1,265	1014					•••••			\$1,764,550	\$443,991

Reports were received from 63 Saw and Shingle Mills: the amount of capital invested by them is \$1,764,550; amount expended for labor \$443,991; they produced 86,967,203 feet of rough lumber: 16,794,532 feet of finished lumber: 15,250,000 shingles and \$40,036 of other manufactures; the total value of all manufactures at mill is stated at \$803,983.

The total number of employes is reported at 1,265; 50 mills use steam for motive power; 3 steam and water and 10 water, their combined horse power being 3,563; 17 employers pay in Cash and Merchandise, all others pay in cash; the average number of working hours is 10½, two accidents were reported, finger and foot cut.

LUMBER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

_		PROUDCT FOR	YEAR ENDED	June 30, 1895		Is Indus perous pared v ended 1894	
	Feet of Rough Lumber	Feet of Finished Lumber.	No. of Lath and Shingles.	Value of Sash, Doors and other Manufacture.	Total value of all Products.	Industry proserous as com- ared with year nded June 30,	If not, why?
	25,474,720	7,934,114 1,935,418	1,200,000 1,500,000 6,650,000	\$8,000	\$173,949 149,941	yes	
	12,980,544	1,935,418	1,500,000 6,650,000	15,000	149,941 7,315	no	Low Price
ľ	400,000			1,200	7,315 5,200	yes	
	600,000 850,000	••••			3,500 3,500	no	No demand for lumber
	2,500,000				19,000	yes	
	3,000,000				25,000	66	
					2,000 450		•••••
	2:25,000				2,700	yes	
	300,000				3,600		
	1 881 519	••••		3,286	1,512 16,455	yes	••••••••
	50,000	15,000 175,000	50,000		1,135	,	
	1,000,000	107 000			8,000		
	1,044,257 2,294,823	1,5,000			6,533 22,948	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*************************
	140,000				1,000		
	300,000	100,000	40,000		2,750 2,100	yes	•••••
	225,000				2,100 3,375		
	1,250,000	600,000			10,600	no	
	100,000				\$00 2,500	yes	
e	600,000				3,500		
ě	1,000,000		. .		6,000	no	No sale for product
	80,000		95,000		4,500 1,300	yes	
	100,000	300,000	25,000		1,600		
	300,000				4,800	no	
	75,000 700,000	300.000	60,000	150	900 4,700	vos	
	190,00H				1,500	yes "	
	235,000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2,467 600	no -	No demand for Lumber
	50,000 300,000	40,000	100,000		5,025	no	No demand for Lumber
	50,000		100,000		600	yes	
	125,000 2,000,000	40,000	100,000	500	2,800 12,000	-"	
	4,000,000				30,000	yes	
	2,000,000				10,000	no	
	1,000,000 460,000	••••			6,000 2,500	no	
	500,000				3,500	yes	
	2,500,000	40,000		ļ	15,000		
	250,000 250,000	40.000			350 4,550		
	200,000				2,400		
	200,000 2,000,000			300	3,300	yes	Under competition
	1,000,000			5,000 6,000	53,000 13,000	no yes	Undue competition
	150,000				1,500		
	7.000.0001	2,250,000 1,500,000	····		84,595 e 25,000	**	
	3,000,000 175,000	1,500,000			3,450	yes	
	160,000				1.600	l .	
	200,000 125,000	5,000	••••		2,000 2,000	no yes	Scarcity of money
			5,400,000		6.048		
	150,000	60,000	125,000		4,775 720	yes	
	60,000 40,000			[720 540		
	<u> </u>						
	86,967,203	16,794,532	15,250,000	\$40,036	\$803,983	1	

COMPARATIVE AVERAGE WAGES OF SAW MILL EMPLOYES, AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS.

No. of employes reported in 1893, 1,086; in 1894, 589; in 1895, 1,265.

Classification	AVE	RAGE W	AGES	Per	Clearifontion	Ave	RAGE W.	AGES	Den
Classification.	1895	1894	1893	rer	Classification	1895	1894	1893	Per
Bookkeepers Foremen Engineers Laborers Edgers Off-bearers Teamsters	\$83 46 112 78 85 54 *35 38 *40 58 *39 28 *39 17	92 10 87 94 *31 71 80 08 64 75 41 11	102 14 89 09 *36 50 75 14 76 00 44 19	Mo.	Ratchet Setters Sawyers Carpenters Blacksmiths Machinists Shingle Sawyers Packers	*8 51 *3 46 *2 84 *3 37	*2 25	*3 71 4 44 *2 41 2 85	Mo. day " 1,000 1,000

^{*} With Board and Lodging.

TABLE NO. 28.—Producing Coal Mines Reported for year ended June 30, 1895.

Abbreviations: St.: Steam; C. A: Compressed Air; H.: Horse; E.: Electric.

Tracing Number	Acres of Coal Land owned	Acres of Coal Land worked	Character	of Coal	Seams.	Total Thickness of Seams	Dip of Vein in Degrees	Worked Through Drift, Slope, or Shaft.		Slope		Greatest vertical depth of present workings	Kind of Power used	Number of Horse Power
	Acres				No.	Feet	Deg.			Feet			1	Н. Р.
1	1,080		Semi-Bitu			5		Drift	6,275				St CA	
2			Bituminou	us	. 3	17	45	Drift and Slope	1,000	900		1,200	St'm.	200
3	3,300 .		Semi-Bitn			48	20	**	6,560	1,275		450		320
4	1,800	200	Bitumino	us	. 1	10	80	Drift	2,300			600		
5	1,680	45	4.6			634		66	1,800				St'm.	est600
6	40	1	66		. 2	3	İ		300	l i				
7	160		Lignite			4		Shaft and Drift	150		64		H.	1
8	107	1	Bituminor	ns	. 1	7		Drift					44	1
9			44		1	4		46	200		ļ			
10	- 00		66			6		Drift and Slope	125	100		25	11.	1
11	120	2	Lignite		1 1	3	Level	Slope		300			11.	5
12			Bitumino	18	1	5	45	Drift						
13	40		Liguite			41%	Level							
14	0.201					5		44						
15			Bituminou			5		Slope and Drift		1,200			St'm.	350
16	4,000	33			3	18		Drift						
- ''	2,550	00			. "	1 -0			3,000			100		

TABLE NO. 28.—CONTINUED.

Gr	bove ound.	Be Gro	low und.	T otal	Hours in day's work	No. days in week's work	No. days' pay with-	Paid in Cash or Merchandise	Average price paid miners per Ton	For "screened" or "all mined".	Is miner charged for powder, oil and smithing	Average cost per man per day	Average output per man per day	Average Net daily wages of Miners
3 4 5 16 7 8 6 10 11 12 13 14 15	20 44 46 4 6 6 55 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	No. 648 92 2022 75 436 2 1 1 44 1 150 1,732	10	No. 810 142 242 81 611 3 3 5 5 3 1 1 7 7 250 2,304		6666666666	20 25 15 None None	Cash.	1 00 90 80 85 1 00 1 50 70 1 00 2 00 2 25 1 00 90	Screened All mined Screened Screened All mined Screened All mined All mined "" ""	Yes. " " No. Yes. Oil. Yes. Oil. No. Yes.	06	Tons. 3½ 3 4 2-5 3½ 4 2 3½ 3 23½ 4 2 31½ 4 31-12	\$ cts. 3 50 2 70 3 50 3 50 3 60 2 75 2 50 2 50 3 60 3 60 3 60 2 75 2 50 2 50 2 90

TABLE NO. 28.—Conti	T	ABLE	NO.	28.—Continued.
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Tracing Number	Days mine work- ed during year	Why Operations Suspended.	No. Tons of Coal Mined 12 Mo's ended June 30, 1895.	Value of same at Mine.	No. Tons Coke Man- ufactured.	Value of same at Mine.	Amount paid for Labor year ended June 30, 1895.	Is business prosperous as compared with previous year?
	Davs.	,	Tons	Dols	Tons	Dols	Dols	1
1	264		512,612	1,025,224				
2	303		54,268					
3	170	Want of cars	135,218					No
4		Lack of orders	14,648	29,396			est 15,000	Yes
5	336		198,492	343,054	3,990	29,925	307,297	
6		Want of cars and accident		est 3,000			est 1,200	Yes
7		No demand		800			est 300	
8	200		600				} 600	
9		No demand						No
10	250		300					
11	255							
12	30	No market	100					
13	100	No demand						
14		No market						
15	335					156,492		
16	300		120,000	240,000	40,000	320,000	est 200,000	
		Totals	1,104,854	\$2,300,360	61,378	\$506,417	\$1,552,570	

Three miners who returned to a live fuse were killed by the explosion at Belt mine. No other accident 8 reported.

Reports were received from 16 companies and individuals engaged in the Coal Mining industry with an invested capital in lands, buildings, machinery and other improvements of \$3,573,514. The output of coal during year was 1,104,854 tons; the value of same at mine being \$2,300,360; 61,378 tons of coke were manufactured, the value of same at ovens stated at \$506,417.

The total average number of employes employed during year was 2,304—of whom 2,239 were adult males and 65 boys; 59 of the latter employed below ground and 6 above ground.

The total amount paid for labor in year by operators of coal mines and manufacurers of coke was \$1,552,570. All pay in cash.

(Reports Nos. 6 to 14 incl. are from mines operated only to supply local markets, being away from railroads).

AVERAGE WAGES OF CERTAIN EMPLOYES IN AND AROUND COAL MINES IN PRINCIPAL COAL PRODUCING COUNTIES, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895, AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS.

Class of Occupation.	Per	Carbon County	Cascade County.	Gallatin County.	Park County	Class of Occupation.	Per	Carbon County	Cascade County.	Gallatin County.	Park County
Blacksmiths. Blacksmiths' helpers. Carpenters. Drivers. Engineers. Fire Boss. Firemen.	"	\$3 50 2 25 3 15 2 75 3 10 3 25 2 25	4 00 3 13 3 50	3 25 2 50 3 50	2 60 4 00	Foremen Laborers Miners Timber Men Track Layers Trappers	day	\$2 40 80 2 60 2 75 1 20	\$2 50 1 00 3 50 3 50	100 00 \$2 37 8S	\$2 30 90 3 00

TABLE NO. 29.—Brick and Sewer Pipe Manufacturers—Reports for year ended June 30, 1895.

Tracing Number	Kind of Power Used.	Number of Horse Power	Average No. of Employes	No. of Hours in Day's work	Do Employes work Sunday?	How often wages paid	How many days' pay withheld	Pay in Cash or Me chandise	No. weeks works operated in past year	inve	apital ested in siness.
1	Horse	2	9	10	No	O. D.	None.	Cash.	20) ;	\$ 2,000
2	Steam	185	140	10	46	m'thly.	10	44	40	'	100,000
3	Horse	1	14	10	**	"		44	12		5,000
4	Steam	50	30	8	Yes	6.6	15		10		50,000
5	66	125	11	10	occs'ly.	**	10	44	10		100,000
6	_ "	est 50	19	8	No	44	5	**	13		10,000
7	Hand and Horse		8	10	44	O. D.	None.	**	8		500
8	Steam	75	15	10	"	m'thly.	20	Both.	10	1	25,000
9	Hand and Horse		8	10	**	O. D.	None.	Cash.	8		1,200
10	Horse	3	16							est	2,500 3,000 700
11	"		15	10		m'thly.		Cash.	16	ì	3,000
12		1	6	10	No	w'kly.	None.	- "	8		700
13	Horse and Steam		20	9	"	S. m.	66	Both.			15,000
14	Steam		est 12	12		m'thly.				est	15,000
15	***************************************	2	18	P. work	Yes	, ··	None.	Cash.	10	Ι.	17,000
16			16					1		est	10,000
17	Steam	60	14	10	No	m'thly.	. 2	Cash.			38,000
18		10	20	10			None.		20		5,000
19		1	4	10		m'thly.			12		500
20	Steam	40	18	10		w'kly.	None.	"	24	l	25,000
	Totals and Averages	604	413	934						-	\$425,400

TABLE NO. 29.—BRICK, ETC., CONTINUED.

Common Brick. Pressed Brick. Fire Brick. Feet Sewer Pipe. Value of Product at Yards. Common Brick. Pipe. Pipe. Pipe. Product at Yards. Common Brick. Pipe. P	Tracing		PRODUCT YEA	R ENDED JUN	ve 30 1895.		Is Industry perous as pared wit ceding yea	Per cent in Bus	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Number					Product.	atry as with year	increas	If not, Why?
25,965,000 2,653,000 5,088,000 27,000 \$316,072	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	12,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 1,650,000 115,000 175,000 1,000,000 120,000 230,000 600,000 700,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	12,000 1,441,000 600,000	38,000 50,000	15,000 8,000 * 4,000	e 202,000 4,000 14,240 10,087 9,075 2,905 10,500 1,200 3,500 1,200 1,840 3,900 4,000 3,560 9,350 8,000 1,200 1,200 1,200	Yes. " No. " Yes. No. " Yes. No. Yes. Yes. No. Yes.	30	No demand for product

^{* 8,000} feet Flue Lining.

Reports were received from 20 manufacturers of brick, etc.; capital invested by them is \$425,400; No. of common brick manufactured 25,965,000; No. pressed brick 2,653,000; No fire brick 5,088,000; No. feet sewer pipe 27,000; No. feet flue lining 8,000. The total value of product at yard reported at \$316,072.

The total number of employes is given at 413; the average number of working hours per day 9\\(^4\); 15 manufacturers pay in cash, two in Cash and Merchandise and three do not report on this point.

AVERAGE WAGES OF EMPLOYES IN AND ABOUT BRICK YARDS, BY COUNTIES IN WHICH EMPLOYERS GIVE CLASSIFICATION OF DIFFERENT CLASSES OF EMPLOYES, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

Classification of Employes.	Cascade County.	Choteau County.	Deer Lodge County.	Flathead County.	Lewis and Clarke County.	Silver Bow County.
Burners Dumpers Engineers Firemen Foremen Laborers Off Bearers Pitmen Pressmen Sanders Setters Strikers Temperers Truckers Teamsters Wheelers Yardmen	* 40 00 * 40 00 * 50 00 * 65 00 * 70 00 * 40 00 * 40 00 * 40 00 * 40 00	2 00 2 50 4 00	3 83 3 17 Mo 140 00 2 35 3 00	3 00 4 00 2 12 3 00 Mo *35 00	* 175 00 * 40 00 * 40 00 * 78 00 * 52 00	3 50 4 00 4 00

^{*} With Board and Lodging.

REPORTS OF CLAYS AND GYPSUM ACCOMPANYING BRICK AND COAL REPORTS.

- J. A. Riddell, Missoula, Mont., writes: "There are large bodies of common brick clay, and press brick clay, also sewer pipe and pottery clay; I do not know to what extent the fire clay exists."
- J. N. Brown, Bozeman, Mont., writes: "Plenty of potter's clay within one mile of the city of Bozeman; also acres of clay suitable for making drain tiling. I know this from experience through actual manufacturing of same."
- J. L. Rice, Great Falls, Mont., writes: "There is a body of fire clay underneath the main vein of coal, but of what extent I do not know."

Lewistown Coal Co., Lewistown, Mont., writes: "Immediately under the coal vein there is a clay that all men say is a good quality of fire clay; but as to its quality I know nothing, except that it has been used in backs of stoves."

 ${\bf John\ Matheson,\ Chinook,\ Mont.,\ writes:} \quad \hbox{``About\ twenty-five\ feet\ above\ the\ coal\ there\ is\ considerable\ quantity\ of\ gypsum.''}$

Rocky Fork Coal Co., Red Lodge, Mont., writes: "We have large deposits of fire clay, but believe it contains too much iron to be valuable for manufacturing purposes."

Richards & Boston, Kalispell, Mont., write: "There is a good clay here; think it would be very good for tile or crockery."

Nick. Kessler, Helena, Mont., writes: "There is a very fine body of fire clay two miles from the city of Helena, known as the John Quirk mine. This is not developed and may be of limited amount. Above Rimini there is a very large body of fire clay; I do not know how extensive, but Prof. Swallow says it is very large. We have a very fine shale within our city limits of which terra cotta can be made. I have some very fine urns in my garden which we made three years ago, and stand the most severe weather."

Busbee & Oechsli, Philipsburg, Mont., write: "We have a 12 foot bank of common clay at our yard."

McKay Bros., Great Falls, Mont., write: "There are large deposits of fire clay in this vicinity, also potter's clay, gypsum beds, etc."

Mullan Fire Brick Co., Blossburg, Mont., writes: "Fire clay exists all around Blossburg in large bodies, and the average analysis is: Silica, 70 per cent; Aluminum, 20 per cent; Iron. 1 per cent; Magnesia, —; Lime, —; Potash and water 9 per cent."

Jacob Switzer, Blossburg, Mont., writes: "We have potter's clay, also clay suitable for sewer pipe."

T. C. King, Sand Coulee, Mont., writes: "There are large bodies of good fire clay about four miles south of Great Falls, near R. R. siding, suitable for fire brick."

TABLE NO. 30—Brewers, Reported for Year ended June 30, 1895. Abbreviations: St., stone; B., brick; Fr., frame; W., wood.

Power used.	Material of Bailding No. of Horse Power	Height in stories	Hours in day's work	required to work Sunday Days in weeks work	How often are Wages paid	Pay in Cash or Merchan- dise	No. Days pay withheld	Per cent Increase Crease Was busi, prosperous as comperous as compared with '94	Per cent De-	Av. cost of Barley per bu Av. weight of Barley per bu
1 Steam	12 B. & F 6 St. & F 8 t. & F 125 B St. & F 25 St. & F 12 B. & St. & F 12	r	12	6 no 6 cc 6 no 6 cc 6 no 6 cc 7 yes 6 no 6 cc 6 no 6 no 6 no 6 no 6 no 6 no 6 no 6 no	o. D. Mly o. D. Mly o. Mly o. Mly o. Mly	66	" 10 da none. 10 da none	" 40 " 10 " 32 " yes " yes "		48 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 48 52 50 50 47 48 38 50 40 50 50

The aggregate capital invested by Brewers in Montana is reported at \$747,000: the number of employes in their employ is 120; the average number of working hours per day is 10: Number Barrels of Beer manufactured for year ended June 30th, 1895, in Montana, is 53,645—number manufactured in year ended June 30th, 1894, was 40,758—an increase of 31.61 per cent over production of previous year: value of same \$509,627: the amount of barley purchased in year 103,176 bushels: amount of malt bought outside of State 33,326 bushels.

WAGES (WITHOUT BOARD) OF BREWERY EMPLOYES, AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS, FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

Class of Occupation		MONTH.		Class of Occupation.	AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1895	1894	1893	class of cocupation.	1895	1894	1893		
sartenders. tottlers (Head). tottlers (Ass'ts) tewers toppers Cngineers	81 50 48 00 80 96 89 85	79 11 90 50	65 75 	Firemen Superintendents Foremen and Supt's Kettlemen Laborers Maltsters Teamsters Watchmen	\$95 \$225 50 00 50 00 89 75 79 35	\$188 57 59 50 86 66	81 3		

TABLE NO. 31—Street Transit Lines—Electric, Cable and Horse, Year ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

Location.	System.	Length of Line.	*No. EM	Hours Work per	
docavion.	2,2002		1895	1894	Day.
1 Butte	Electric	24 " 4 " 8 ¹ / ₂ " 3 ³ / ₄ "	39 16 5 14 2	32 16 5 14 2 2	10 10—11 10—12 10—10½ 12 10
Totals		5734 miles	78	71	-

^{*} This only includes employes actually employed on Street Railways and not those engaged in Electric Power and light Departments. Widne on Funtages

Total Cost of Plants is \$1,261,000.

WAGES OF EMPLOYES.			
Motormen	\$2.15— 2.50—	\$3.00	per day
Conductors			
Engineers	2.25-		
Electricians		4.00	**
Machinists	2.50-		"
Car Repairers	2.50-		
Trackmen	2.25-	3.50	44

TABLE NO. 32—MANUFACTURERS OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO, YEAR ENDED June 30, 1895.

C., self; D., self and wife.

Material of building	Floors occupied by factory Height in Stories.	E	Are sanitary conditions good	Ave Male		No. of YES. Boys	Em-Total	Number of apprentices	No. of hours constituting day's work	Do employes work Sundays	How often are wages paid	Paid in Cash or Merchandise	No. weeks factory run in past year.	Prosperity of Industry as compared with 1984
2 Brick	1 1st 1 1 1st 1 1 1st 1 1 1st 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	420 200 195 690 480 200 720 140 192 150 384 120	yes "" yes "" yes "" yes "" yes ""	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 22 1	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	24 11 11 11 23 99 11 12 22 23 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1	.300 :0000000 :00000 :000000000	no	Wkly Wkly Wkly Wkly	Cash.	44 52 52 52 52 7 7 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	Same Decrease Same Not prosperous Same Not prosperous Same Not prosperous Same Not prosperous Same Not prosperous Saune Not prosperous Not prosperous Not prosperous Not prosperous Prosperous Not prosperous Not prosperous

Reports were received from 25 Manufacturers of Cigars and Tobacco employing 50 Cigar Makers and 6 Apprentices. Capital invested by them \$39,900; amount paid out for labor during year (proprietors of Factories doing their own work computing their labor at regular rates) \$27,566; Number of Cigars manufactured during the year in the State 1,594,415 as against 1,325,450 in year ended June 30th, 1894—an increase of 20.29 per cent. Value of product 1895, estimated at \$80,000. All employes are paid in cash and weekly. Average number of working hours per day 8 1-7.

TABLE NO. 33—Reports of Foundries and Machine Shops for Year ended June 30, 1895.

Abbreviations: St., Steam; El., Electric.

Tracing	Kind of Power used.	No. Power	No. Em	PLOYES.	How hours in work	How days in t work	How wages	How m Days withheld	Pay in or Me dise	Have any cidents curred
N 0		Horse	1895	1894	many day's	many week's	often paid	many pay ld	Cash rchan-	ny ac- oc-
18	Steam	40	24	19	10	6	Mily.	15	Cash.	no
21	Electric	75 10	50 18	40 11	10 10	6 6	Wkly	15	66	
4 8	Steam	150	313	260	10	6	M'ly.	8	66	66
5]	El. and Steam	20	27	27	10	6	4		**	"
6,1	Electric	15	10	8	10	6	44			"
7	Steam	12	1	1	10	6	"		"	"
8	"	10	1	1	10	6				"
	Total	332	444	367	10	6				

Reports received from eight Foundries and Machine Shops; total capital invested by them \$757,825; total amount paid for labor in year \$417,868. Total number of employes for year ended June 30th, 1895 was 444, in previous year the number was 367; all are paid in cash and monthly with one exception, where wages are paid weekly. No accidents have occurred during the year.

AVERAGE DAILY WAGES OF FOUNDRY EMPLOYES.

Foremen, \$5.00; Machinists, \$4.00; Moulders, \$4.00; Pattern-makers, \$3.97; Boiler-makers, \$4.00; Blacksmith, \$3.89; Engineers, \$3.30; Cupola Tenders, \$2.95; Helpers (Machinists, Moulders, Blacksmiths, Boilermakers and Patternmakers) \$2.61.

TABLE NO. 34.—Showing Certain Statistics Reported by SEVENTY BUTCHERS IN THE STATE, FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1895.

verage No. Employes	Hours in days wo	quired to v Sunday	low often are wages paid	Pay in Cash Merchandise	No. days' pay with-	Capital invested in Business.	Amount paid for Labor.	No. of Cattle	No. of Calves	No. of Sheep	No. of Hogs
: of	0 2	work	are	or	: ip			attle	ıIves	еер.	ogs
!	5 15	yes	M'ly.	Cash.	none.	25,000	3,500		350 15		
	1 10	yes	Wkły	Cash		2,500	150	100	60	50	
	1 10	no	M'ly.	Cash.	none.	3,000	140	24	35 10	16	i
:	3	occ.	Wkły			4,200	est 2,340	212	204 57		
	1 13 4 S. to S.	no	O. D. M'ly. O. D.	Cash.	none.	2,000 75,000	900 12,060	300	50 700		
	1 10		O. D. Mily.	6.6	none.	5,000	900 400	150	30 75	50	
17			0. D.	44		10,000 30,000	est 400	200	150 1,200	400	
15	5 13	6.	M'ly.	66	**	10,000	12,600	1,500	1,800	2,100	
:	2 11	4.6	6.6	66	none.	1,000	900 1,320	177	85 93	243	
1	1 10		O. D. Wkly	"		500	480 720	93	40 21	12 13	
1 1	3					est 2,000	est 1,200		16 150	2	
3	2 10	occ.	M'ly.	Cash.		2,000	350 est 1,800	156	104 175	200	
	10	yes	M'ly.	Cash.	none.		220	60	10	10	
8	3	J-8				2,000 600	est 1,620		17 150	325	
i	10	no	M'ly.	Cash.	none.	2,000	600	100 288	50 96	50 240	
3		Yes.	Ö. D.	Cash.	none.	2,300	est 900 2,160	150 260	9 156	50 400	
1 1		occ.	М,1у.	44	6.	500 8,000	480 900	72 255	48 75	192	
1	10	no	66	66	15	1,500	600	180 280	100	175	
i ŝ			"		none.		est 1,320	492	150 250	400 900	
11	10		1 44		none.	10,000 25,000	6,000 8,000	700 600	250 400	2,000 2,600	
14	10	no	4.6	46	66	4,000 13,000	1,200 11,000	312 960	200 370	4,800	
1 1		yes	"		"	700 3,000	600 925	30 160	5 40	14 225	
								175 100	50 25	50 75	
2	12	no occ.	O. D. M'ly.	Cash.	none.	6,000	1.200	275	125 40	250 300	
2						7,000	est 1,300 1,260	130 203	22		
1 2	10	no	O. D. M'ly.	Cash.	none.	2,500	1,200	$\frac{41}{250}$	200	525	
3	12	ves	4.6	66	""	6,000 12,000	1,960 3,000	624 180	260 12	520	
1	12 10	1/2 da	Wkly M'ly.	"	44	3,000 9,000	'800 800	365 320	240 25	400 125	
1 1		no		Cash.			est 600 1,620	. 158 125	103 100	120 1,200	1
3	10	yes	M'ly.	"	none.	8,000	720	274	61		,
. 1	10	no	M'ly.	Cash.		500	est 600 300	250 150	150 100	150 75	
2	SS.	yes	Mily.	Cash.	none.	6,000	est 700 1,560	235 360	125 144	175 300	
13		no yes	**	"	"	5,000 45,000	4,774 9,660	624 4,125	364 2,210	1,300 9,600	2
6 2			M'ly.	Cash.			est 3,000 est 1,500	175 200	75 75	200 250	
								96 50	40 10	180	
· · · · · i			Miller	Coch		1 000		80	20	50	
1	10	no	M'ly.	Cash.	none.	1,000	500 480	75 44	15 15	100	
<u>.</u>						10,000	2,000	300 125	250 10	250	
3	12	no	M'ly.	Cash.	none.	5,000	1,500	200	90	50	

Assessors reported 88 Burchers in the State; reports were received from 70, 18 failing to respond. All items are for year auded June 30, 1895. The working hours of employes range from 10 to 15 hours per day. The capital invested by 41 reporting was \$380,800; amount paid for wages by 59 employing labor to the number of 190 men, was \$138,079. Total number of stock killed by those reporting; Cattle 23,256; Calves 12,752; Sheep 38,713; Hogs 22,185. Average wages paid several classes of employes, per month, including Board and Lodging; Butchers, \$66.27; Meat Catters, \$66.82: Sausage Makers, 60.70; Deliverymer, \$43.40; Foremen, \$88.33; Cattle Buyers, \$55.0. Eleven report increased business; 7 decreased; 10 the same and 42 did not respond to this inquiry.

PART VI.

PRECIOUS AND SEMI-PRECIOUS METALS.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD PRODUCT OF MONTANA IN 1894—OFFICIAL.

PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES 1894—INCREASE AND DECREASE AS COMPARED WITH 1893.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER. 1894

PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE WORLD 1873 TO 1894. INCREASE AND DECREASE OF GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCTION OF DIFFERENT COUNTRIES IN 1894 AS COMPARED WITH 1893.

ESTIMATED GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD PRODUCT OF MONTANA, 1895.

MISCELLANEOUS TABLES.

Metal Products of Montana, 1894.

The statistics of Gold, Silver, Copper and Lead in Montana for the calendar year 1894 appearing in the following pages are taken, as heretofore, from the reports of the Assayer in charge of the U. S. Assay Office who collects them under authority of and reports to the Director of the Mint, and so far as they relate to Gold and Silver, the revised estimates of the Director of the Mint are also given. This revising authority has continuously been recorved and averaged by the Director and every reserved an has continuously been reserved and exercised by the Director and was referred to in previous reports. As heretofore the revision diminishes the gold product of Montana as reported by the Assayer, and in 1894 also diminishes the silver product. In 1893 the revision increased the net product of these two metals in Montana \$2,443,246.35. In 1894 the revision decreased the net product of these two metals in Montana \$1,275,780.65. This statement is necessary to explain the apparent inconsistencies between the estimated products of gold and silver made by the Assayer, and those made by the Director of the Mint, the latter being carried into the national and international tables. The effect of this revision may be seen in the following. For the year 1892 and 1893 W. D. Wheeler, Esq., was in charge of the U. S. Assay Office; for the year 1894 E. B. Braden, Esq., was Assayer in charge.

Estimate by U. S. Assayer. Calendar Year 1892. Gold	Estimate by Director of Mint. Calendar Year 1892. Gold a \$ 2,891,386 Silver a 24,615,822 Copper c 19,678,564 Lead b e 990,035
\$45,565,775.23	\$48,175,807
Calendar Year 1893. Gold	Calendar Year 1893. Gold
\$39,994,377.69	\$42,437,624
Calendar Year 1894. Gold	Calendar Year 1894. Gold
\$39,466,919.13	\$38,191,138.48

Estimate of Director of the Mint.

Estimate of Assayer in charge of U. S. Assay Office. h

Estimated Product by Director of Mint at same price as assayer.

No revised estimates available.

* The value of Copper for 1894 is averaged at .091/4 cents per pound, and of Lead .03 1-10 cents per pound.

The value of Copper for 1894 is averaged at .09¼ cents per pound, and of Lead .03 1-10 cents per pound.

Note—From report of Director of the Mint: The United States no longer holds the first place as a gold-producing country, its output of gold in 1894 having been exceeded by that of Australasia (2,020.180 ounces, fine, of the value of \$41,760,827) and by that of Africa (1,951,739 ounces, fine, of the value of \$40,346,025). The gold product of South Africa alone was 1,920,310 ounces of the value of \$39,696,330. The gold product of the United States in 1894 was 1,910,813 ounces, fine, of the value of \$39,500,000, or 171,490 ounces, fine, valued at \$3,545,000 more than in 1893. The yield of gold from the mines of the United States in 1894 was the largest since 1878, when it amounted to \$51,200,000.

ESTIMATED METAL PRODUCT OF MONTANA DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1895— SUBJECT TO REVISION.

Metal.	Quantity.	Value of Product in 1895.	Value of Product in 1894.	Increase for 1895.
Silver Copper	Fine ounces. 209,321 Fine ounces 17,701,658 Pounds 201,093,992 Pounds 24,139,504	(a) 22,886,992 (b) 21,114,869 *	\$ 3,651,410 16,575,458 17,233,719 730,552	\$ 675,630 6,311,534 3,881,150 23,808

⁽a) At Coining value; (b) At 10\% cents per pound; (c) At .03\% cents per pound.

^{*} Copper is computed for 1894 at .091/4 cents per pound, and Lead at .03 1-10 cents per pound.

TABLE NO. 35.—PRODUCTION OF GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD IN MONTANA, BY COUNTIES, FOR CALENDAR YEAR 1894.

As estimated by E. B. Braden, Esq., Assayer in charge U. S. Asssy Office, Helena, Montana.

	GoL	D.	Silver.			
Counties.	*Ounces, fine.	Value.	†Ounces, fine.	Coining Value		
Beaverhead	2,572,082	\$53,169 65	836,545.17	\$1,081,593 75		
Cascade	61,383	1,268 90	2.75	3 55		
hoteau	206,323	4,265 07	18.62	24 07		
Deer Lodge	28,167,950	582,283 20	36,394.36	47,054 86		
'ergus	3,770,880	77,950 90	349.85	452 32		
ranite	9,528,935	196,980 57	469,162.12	606,593 44		
efferson	8,111,464	167,678 84	765,483.04	989,715 44		
ewis and Clarke	46,844,379	968,359 25	1,007,025.02	1,302,012 14		
Iadison	8,733,388	180,535 15	87,854.42	113,589 59		
leagher	3,995,542	82,595 18	1,212,890.53	1,568,181 69		
Iissoula	3,895,361	80,524 25	286,842.50	370,867 07		
ark	1,747,440	36,122.79	196.98	254 68		
ilver Bow	36,768,015	760,062 33	7,561,124.46	9,775,999 30		
nstom Smelters, Mints and Assay Offices, not elsewhere enumerated	32,732,111	676,632 79	1,375,077.47	1,777,877 98		
Total	187,135,253	3,868,428 87	13,638,967.29	17,634,219 78		

^{*} The quantity is stated in ounces and thousandths of an onnce.

PRODUCTION OF COPPER AND LEAD IN MONTANA, BY COUNTIES, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1894.

Summary by Counties.	Copper.	Lead.
	Pounds.	Pounds.
eaverhead	362,897	3,110,070
offerson	30 000	448,311
ewis and Clarke		6,952,304
eagher		98,094
issoula		2,663,720 50,227
lver Bow	185,194,385 . 723,190	
astom Smelters not included above	723,190	10,243,469
Total	186,310,472	23,566,188

TOTAL METAL PRODUCTION OF MONTANA DURING CALENDAR YEAR 1894.

Metals.	Quantity.	Value per Pound.	Total Value.
Gold, ounces (fine) and thousandths. Silver, ounces (fine) and hundredths. Copper Pounds Lead Pounds Estimate of E. B. Braden, Esq.	13,638,967 29 186,310,472. 23,566,188.	\$0.09 ¹ / ₄ 0.03 1-10	\$3,868,428 87 17,634,219 78 17,233,718 66 730,551 82 \$39,466,919 13
Revised estimate by Director of Mint.			
Gold Ounces Value 176,637 \$3 t61,410 00 Silver 12,820,081 16,575,458 00 Net decreased estimate by Director of Mint			1,275,780 65
Revised estimated product of Montana, 1894			\$38,191,138 48

[†] The quantity is stated in ounces and hundredths of an ounce.

\$109,599,899

\$65,969,926

TABLE NO. 36.—AGGREGATE PRODUCT GOLD AND SILVER REPORTED BY MINT OFFICERS AND AGENTS FOR THE INDIVIDUAL STATES AND TERRITORIES, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1894.

From report of the Director of the Mint.

s, Fine. 194 62,047 96,313 670,636 513,571	Value. \$ 4,007 1,282,623 1,990,966 13,863,282 10,616,463	Ounces, Fine. 66 4,422 1,539,453 220,967	S 5,717 1,990,404	* 4,09:
62,047 96,313 670,636	1,282,623 1,990,966 13,863,282	4,422 1,539,453	5,717 1,990,404	1,288,340
96,313 670,636	1,990,966 $13,863,282$	1,539,453	1,990,404	
670,636	13,863,282			
		229,967		3,981,370
513 571	10 616 463		297,331	14,160,615
		23,747,915	30,704,375	41,320,839
4,772	98,652	343	443	99,09
111,687	2,308,775	3,774,349	4,879,966	7,188,74
47	976	1 ~	2	978
2,150	41,444	35,122	15 410	89,85
	3,868,429	13,638.967	17,634,220	21,502,649
59,051	1,220,700	771,504	997,500	2,218,200
40,128	829,519	214,060	276,764	1,106,288 52,92
2,330	48,167	3,682	4,760	
102,234	2,113,356	8,006	10,351 397	2,123,70° 98,76
4,758	98,366			
187,122	3,868,155	82,256	106,351	3,974,50 32
16	329	100.914	555 0°0	559,39
209				9,576,29
F 4 FCO				9,576,29
54,570	1.0%1			245,28
	209 54,570 369	54,570 369 1,128,062 7,621	54,570 1,128,062 6,534,182	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

TABLE NO. 37.—APPROXIMATE DISTRIBUTION BY PRODUCING STATES AND TERRITORIES OF THE PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1894, AS ESTIMATED BY THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

From report of Director of the Mint.

\$43,629,973

51,023,617

2,110,599

Total..

			1		
	Go	LD.	SIL	ER.	
State or Territory.					Total Value
	Ounces, Fine.	Value.	Ounces, Fine.	Coinage Value	
Alaska	53,868	\$ 1,113,550	22,261	\$ 28,782	\$ 1,142,332
Arizona	86,324	1.784.475	1,147,204	1,483,254	3,267,729
California	656,468	13,570,397	717,368	927,506	14,497,903
Colorado	459,152	9,491,514	23,281,399	30,101,203	39,592,717
Georgia	4,728	97,736	325	420	98,156
Idaho	100,682	2,081,281	3,288,548	4,251,860	6,333,141
Michigan	2,150	44.444	35,122	45,410	89,854
Montana	176,637	3,651.410	12,820,081	16,575,458	20,226,868
Nevada	55.042	1.137,819	1,035,151	1.338,377	2,476,196
New Mexico	27,465	567,751	632,183	817,368	1,385,119
North Carolina	2,254	46,594	352	455	47,049
Oregon	68,792	1,422,056	26,171	33,837	1,455,893
South Carolina	4,733	97,839	305	394	98,233
South Dakota	159,594	3,299,100	58,973	76,248	3,375,348
rexas			429,314	555,073	555,073
Utah	41,941	868,031	5,891,901	7,617,812	8,485,843
Washington	9,438	195,100	113,160	146,308	341,408
Alabama	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		· ·		
Maryland					
Cennessee	1,495	30,903	182	235	31,138
virginia	1,100	00,000	10%	1	01,100
Vermont					
Wyoming					
Total	1,910,813	\$39,500,000	49,500,000	\$64,000,000	\$103,500,000

Coinage Executed in the United States during the Calendar Year 1894.

Description.	Pieces.	Value.
Gold	6,055,395 3,093,972 18,320,451 22,165,264	\$79,546,160 00 3,093,972 00 6,106,378 55 438,177 92
Total	49,635,082	\$89,184,688 77

TABLE NO. 38.—Showing the Product of Gold in the Several States and Territories in 1893 and 1894, and the Increase or Decrease of each in the latter year.

From Report of Director of the Mint.

State or Territory.	1893	1894	Increase.	Decrease.
Maska	\$1,010,100	\$1,113,550	\$103,450	
Arizona	1,184,200	1,784,475	600,275	
California	12,080,000	13,570,397	1,490,397	
Colorado	7,527,000	9,491,514	1,964,514	
leorgia	97,200	97,736	536	
daho	1,646,900	2,081,281	434,381	
dichigan	42,000	44,444	2,444	
Montana	3,576,000	3,651,410	75,410	
Nevada	958,500	1,137,819	179,319	
New Mexico	913,100	567,751		\$345,349
Vorth Carolina	53,600	46,594		7,006
Oregon	1,645,300	1,422,056		223,244
outh Carolina	124,000	97,839		26,161
outh Dakota	4,006,400	3,299,100	1	707,300
tah	853,600	868,031	14,431	
Vashington	222,100	195,100		27,000
labama)	224, 1110	100,100		11,0
Aaryland	1		1	
enne-see		22.000	45 000	
Irginia	15,000	30,903	15,903	
ermont				
Vyoming				
, yourng)				
Total	\$35,955,000	\$39,500,600	\$4,881,060	\$1,336,060
Net Increase	6,01,41,11,41,01,	£ 31,000,100	3,545,000	\$1,000,000

TABLE NO. 39—Showing the Product of Silver in the Several States and Territories in 1893 and 1894 and the increase or Decrease of the Production of each in the latter Year.

From Report of Director of the Mint.

7	1893	1894	Increase.	Decrease.
State or Territory.	Ounces, fine.	Ounces, fine.	Ounces, fine	Ounces, fine.
Alaska Arizona California California Colorado Georgia Idaho Michigan Montana Nevada New Mexico North Carolina Gregon South Carolina South Carolina South Dakota Texas Utah Washington Alabama Maryland Tennessee Virginia	9,600 2,935,700 470,100 25,838,600 3,910,700 43,500 16,906,400 1,561,300 11,800 11,800 140,400 7,196,300 7,196,300 7,196,300 7,196,300 7,196,300 7,196,300	22,361 1,147,204 * 777,368 23,251,399 325 3,258,548 35,122 12,820,081 1,035,151 632,183 352 26,171 305 58,973 429,314 5,891,901 113,160	12,661 247,268 173,783 14,371 79,914	1,788,496 2,557,201 175 622,152 8,378 4,086,319 526,149 13,048 195 81,427 1,304,399 39,540
Vermont	60,000,000	49,500,000	527,997	11,027,997 10,500,000

STATEMENT SHOWING, BY CUSTOMS DISTRICTS, THE QUANTITIES AND VALUES OF GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD CONTAINED IN ORE. AS FAR AS COULD BE ASCERTAINED, IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES DURING THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31; 1894.

Customs Districts.	Go	GOLD.		Silver.		Copper.		LEAD	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity	Value.	
ArizonaBangor, Me		\$237,128 700	Ounces. 1,162,936	\$671,983	Pounds. 176,409	• ,		\$22,61	
Corpus Christi, Texas Detroit, Mich	2,843	58,200		597,248	1,711,078	131,808	1,819,066	22,32	
Montana and Idaho New York, N. Y		84,711	36,723 a 4,418,187	22,034 2,650,912					
North and South Dakota			198,099	995			32,101,412		
Paso dél Norte. Tex		264,209 67,525 14.135	336,084	221,643			3,483.790	350,40 33,59	
San Diego, Cal		970 8,966	530	334 327,097				22,58	
Total			12,887,226	7,578,690			39,495,957	451,47	

a, Estimated at 60 cents per ounce.

U. S. GOLD IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DURING CALENDAR YEAR 1894.

Gold Imports—Items.	Amount.	Gold Exports-Items.	Amount.
Foreign bullion Foreign Coin Foreign ores. Total Foreign United States Coin	14,610,965 743,046 17,668,112 3,682,495	United States bars Other Domestic bullion Domestic Coin Domestic Ores Total Domestic	\$ 45,988 163,494 87,624,515 149,501 87,983,508
Total Imports	\$21,350,607	Foreign Coin re-expor ed. \$13,985,917 Foreign ores re-exported. 19,328 Total Foreign. Total gold exports.	14,005,245 \$101,988,753

U. S. SILVER IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DURING CALENDAR YEAR 1894.

Silver Imports-Items.	Amount.	Silver Exports-Items.	Amount.
Foreign bullion (Commercial value) Silver in foreign ores "" Foreign Silver Coin	\$ 3.553,178 7,809,186 6,177,115	United States bars Other Domestic bullion U. S. Subsidiary Silver Coin Silver in Pig, Copper, etc.	\$ 110,233 39,241,272 58,829 312,381
Total Foreign	17,539,479	-	
United States Silver Coin	94,115	Total Domestic	39,722,715
Total Silver Imports	\$17,633,594	Foreign bullion re-exported\$ 61,490 Foreign Silver Coin re-exported 7,572,381 Silver in foreign ores 62,584	
		Total Foreign	7,696,455
		Total Silver export	\$47,419,170

AVERAGE MONTHLY NEW YORK PRICE OF FINE BAR SILVER, 1894.

Month.	Amount.	Month.	Amount.	Month.	Amount.
January	\$0.68980 .64664 .60513 .64065	May June July August	\$0 63610 .63780 .63290 .64810	September	\$0.65026 .64222 :64065 .61490
			Average N	New York price for year	\$0.64043

The highest New York price of Silver during the year was \$0.6975, which it reached Jan. 6th. The lowest New York price of Silver during the year was \$0.60, to which it fell on March 3d.

LOCATION OF MONEYS OF THE UNITED STATES, JANUARY 1. 1895.

From Report of Director of Mint.

In Treasury.	Outside of Treasury.	Total.
\$ 47,106,966 126,044,414 91,781,176 364,601,770 14,466,043 644,000,369	\$ 111,521 485,401,616 57,824,979 62,143,667 605,482,083	\$ 47,106,966 126,156,285 577,182,792 422,426,749 76,609,710 1,249,482,452
\$ 83,373,119 28,488,267 60,980 5,810,476 4,770,479 2,160,000	\$263,307,897 122,335,464 53,359,889 331,114,028 201,835,231 47,175,000	\$346,681,016 150,823,731 53,420,869 336,924,504 206,665,710 49,335,000
\$124,663,321	\$1,019,127,509	\$1,143,790,830
	\$ 47,106,966 126,044,414 91,781,176 364,601,770 14,466,043 644,000,369 \$ 83,373,119 28,488,267 60,980 5,810,476 4,770,479 2,160,000	\$ 47,106,966 126,044,414 91,781,176 364,601,770 14,466,043 62,143,667 644,000,369 \$ 83,373,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,387,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 83,3873,119 \$ 201,835,331 \$ 4,770,479 \$ 201,835,331 \$ 2,160,000 \$ 47,175,000

The total amount of money in circulation in the United States on Jan. 1, 1895, exclusive of the amount in the Treasury, was \$1,624,609,592, while on Jan. 1, 1894, the amount was \$1,728,038,375, showing a decrease in circulation on January 1, 1895, of \$103,428,783.

TABLE NO. 40—PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE WORLD FOR THE CALENDAR YEARS 1873 TO 1894, INCLUSIVE.

Report of Director of the Mint.

	Go	LD.	SILVER.			
Year.	Ounces, fine.	Value.	Ounces, fine.	Commercial Value.	Coining Value	
73	4 653,675	\$96,200,000	63,267,187	\$ 82,120,800	\$81,800,000	
574	4,390,031	90,750,000	55,300,781	70,674,400	71,500,000	
75	4,716,563	97,500,000	62,261,719	77,578,100	80,500,000	
76	5,016,488	103,700,000	67,753,125	78,322,600	87,600,000	
44	5,512,196	113,947,200	62,679,916	75,278,600	81,049,700	
78	5,761,114	119,092,800	73,385,415	84,540,000	94,882,200	
79	5,262,174	108,778,800	74,383,495	83,532,700	96,172,600	
80	5,148,880	106,436,800	74,795,273	85,640,600	96,705,00	
81	4,983,742	103, 23,100	79,02 (872	89,925,700	102,168,400	
82	4,934,086	101,996,600	86,472,091	98,232,300	111,802,300	
83	4,614,588	95,392,000	89,175,023	98,984,300	115,297,000	
84	4,921,169	101,729,600	81,567,801	90,785,000	105,461,40	
85	5,245,572	108,435,600	91,609,959	97,518,800	118,445,20	
86	5,135,679	106,163,900	93,297,290	92,793,500	120,626,800	
87	5,116,861	105,774,900	96,123,586	94,031,000	124,281,000	
88	5,330,775	110,196,900	108,827,606	102,185,900	140,706,400	
89	5,973,790	123,489,200	120,213,611	112,414,100	155,427,700	
90	5,749,306	118,848,700	126,095,062	131,937,000	163,032,000	
91	6,32 1,194	130,650,000	137,170,919	135,500,200	177,352,300	
92	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	133,404,400	198,014,40	
93	7,609,242	157,297,000	165,165,876	128,880,600	213,547,800	
94	8,705,836	179,965,600	166,601,995	105,757,300	215,404,600	
Total	122,204,141	\$2,526,183,800	2,128,320,400	\$2,150,037,900	\$2,751,767 800	

TABLE NO. 41—INCREASE OR DECREASE OF GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCTION IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES IN 1894 AS COMPARED WITH 1893.

GOLD PRODUCT.

Countries.	Increase in 1894 as compared with 1893.	Countries.	Decrease in 1894 as com- pared with 1893
United States Australasia Mexico Sweden Greece Great Britain Dominion of Canada Ecuador. Venezuela Gniana (French) Peru Central American States China Japan Africa. India (British	6,072,200 3,194,700 500 1,000 23,500 114,900 45,500 331,000 1,400 307,000 1,663,900 1,563,900	Russia Argentine Republic Guiana (British) Guiana (Dutch) Korea	\$3,674,800 45,200 257,300 57,000 120,700
Total	\$26,823,600	Total	\$4,155,000

SILVER PRODUCTS.

Mexico Norway Spaln Greece Great Britain Dominion of Canada Argentine Republic Bolivia Peru Japan	8,700 40,400 1,388,500 2,000	United States Australasia Russia Sweden Turkey Chile	\$13,575,700 3,139,300 63,900 66,600 200,200 359,700
Total	\$19,262,200	Total	\$17,405,400

PRICES OF SILVER PER OUNCE AT NEW YORK IN 1895.

Month.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Month.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.
January February March April May June	60,0000 60,3750 65,7500 67,5000 67,1250 67,0000	59,5000 59,1250 60,3750 65,6250 66,0000 66,1250	59.6875 59.8967 61.9760 66.6050 66.7548 66.6400	July	67,6250 67,0000 67,1250 68,5000 67,7500 67,1250	66,0000 66,2500 66,7800 67,0000 67,0000 66,0000	66,7452 66,6065 66,9000 67,6435 67,3950 66,4730
				Year	68.5000	59.1250	65,2824

THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER (IN KILOGRAMS AND DOLLARS).

(Following computations and estimates are from Engineering and Mining Journal, January, 1896.)

		189 1 Kg. Silve (63 cts.	R = \$20.26	3.	1895. 1 Kg. Silver = \$20.98. (65.3 cts. per oz.)			
Countries.	Gold.		. Silver.		Gold.		Silver.	
	Kilo- grams.	Value.	Kilo- grams.	Commercial Value.	Kilo- grams.	Value.	Kilo- grams.	Commerc'l Value.
United States	59,824 68,440 6,771 41,598 3,315 2,535	\$ 39,761,205 40,051,875 4,500,000 27,646,000 2,203,100 1,684,800	10,117 193,151	11,388,638 29,640,378 204,920 3,912,273	67,516 66,205 8,426 51,144 3,310 2,542	44,000,000 5,600,000 33,990,000 2,200,000	272,647	\$26,928,712 172,398

THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER-CONTINUED.

		1 Kg. Silvi	94. ER = \$2).20 per oz.)	6.		189 1 Kg. Silve (65.3 cts.	R = \$20.98		
Coun ries.	Gold.		S	Silver.		Gold.		Silver.	
	Kilo- grams.	Value.	Kilo- grams.	Commercial Value.	Kilo- grams,	Value,	Kilo- grams.	Commerc' Value.	
Sweden	94	62,500		58,112	94	62,500			
Norway			4,705	95,299					
taly	176	117,000		585,066	166				
Spain			85,000	1,721,675					
reece			35,436	717,756					
[urkey	12	8,000	1,516	30,707	12	8,000			
France	279	185,300	98,077	1,986,549	271				
Great Britain	. 99	65,800	7,932	160,662	99				
Dom. of Canada	1,648	1,095,261	20,202	409,192	1,189				
ArgentineRepublic	143	95,000	37,334	756,200	143				
Colombia	4,353	2,892,800	52,511	1,063,610	4,364				
Bolivia	101	67,000	684,418	13,862,888	101				
Equador	103	68,400	240	4,861	102				
Chili	698	464,400		1,796,213	707				
3razil	3,339	2,219,500			3,385	2,250, 00			
Venezuela	1,213				1,128				
Guiana (British)	4,308				3,089	2,052,500			
Guiana (Dutch)	872				873				
Guiana (French)	2,000	1,329,200		2.180.856	1,956 111				
Peru	112	74,400		2,150,550	213				
Truguay	513		48,123	974,731					
entral Am States	7. S 737	470,500			1,768 737				
apan	9,049	489,800		1,282,901	9.027	490,000			
'hina					67,333				
Africa	73,585				9,129			l	
ndia (British)	6,507	0,100,301			9,129				
xorea	100	401,300			001	400,000			
Total	293,535	\$179,316,504	5,205,065	\$105,429,034	305,741	\$203,120,590			
J. S. Coinage value			5,~05,065	216,358,937	505,741	\$~00,1~0,090			
J. S. COIHage value				~10,000,901					

The preceding table shows the gold production of the world and is of the greatest interest. The increase in output in all the principal countries is very marked. The total production is about 9,860,220 fine ounces, with a coin value of \$203,120,590. Naturally at this early date in the year 1896 some of the figures for the latter months from the more remote countries have been estimated, but they will be found substantially correct. This year the United States leads the world with a production of 2,170,827 ounces, value \$44,870,998. The whole of South Africa comes a very close second with \$44,750,000 in value, and Australasia close on the heels of the latter with \$44,000,000. Russia makes a good showing, producing in value \$33,990,000. The falling off in British Guiana amounts to more than \$400,000, leaving the total production for the past year \$2,052,500. This production shows an increase in this country of \$5,110,000, and in the world of \$23,775,000.

It should be noted that the weights of gold given in the column for 1895 are in fine ounces, while those in the column for 1894 are not in fine metal, which accounts for the apparent discrepancies in their values. The figures of production given in the preceding table are all from official reports, but they are nevertheless subject to correction.

COPPER IN 1895.

The production of Copper in 1895 reflected very nearly the general course of business. During the first half of the year there was little change in the output, but with July the production began to increase and continued heavy until the close of the year.

The production of copper in the United States from domestic ore, amounted in 1894 to 353,504,314 lbs. and in 1895 to 386,000,000 lbs. or 172,300 long tons, an increase of about 32½ million pounds, according to the statistics collected by Mr. John Stanton for the associated producers. These statistics are very carefully compiled, but the output of a number of somewhat important producers are only estimated, and the final figures which will appear later in the "Mineral Industry," Vol. IV, will give the final authoritative figures for those now estimated. The production has been as follows as compared with 1894, taken from the "Mineral Industry," Vol. III.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENTS OF COPPER PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

States	18	694.	1895.		
states.	Pounds.	Long Tons.	Pounds.	Long Tons.	
Arizona	44,531,108 114,526,555 183,094,755 11,851,896	19,880 51,128 81,739 5,067	48,000,000 130,000,000 185,000,000 23,000,000	21,429 58,036 82,589 10,246	
Total	353,504,314 \$31,815,400	157,814	386,0 0,000 \$39,603,600	172,300	

AVERAGE PRICE PER POUND OF LAKE COPPER AT NEW YORK.

Year.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.
	Cts.	Cts.	Cts. 1	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.
1890	14,800	14,333	14,500	14,400	15,125	16,000	16,800
1891	14,750	14,500	14,000	13,750	13,200	13,000	13,000
1892	11,000	10,625	10.375	11,500	11.625	11,875	11,500
1893	12,125	12,000	11,875	11.375	11,000	11,000	10,875
1894	10,125	9,625	9,813	9,500	9,800	8,938	9,000
1895	10,000	10,000	9,750	9,750	10,250	10,625	11,250

Year.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Year.
	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.
890	15,400	17,000	16,900	16,800	15,900	15,750
891	12,200	12,500	12,250	11,000	10,625	12,625
892	11.500	11.125	11,500	11,875	12,375	11,550
893	10,000	9.875	9.750	10,000	10,250	10,750
894	9.125	9,400	9,875	9,600	19,800	9,560
895	12,000	12,250	12,000	11,000	10,500	10,760

Coinage of the Mints of the United States.

Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Year.	Gold.	Silver.
1890	\$20,467,183	\$39,202,908	1892	\$34,787,223	\$12,641,078	1894	\$99,474,913	\$6,024,898
1891	29,222,005	27,518,857	1893	30,038,140	12,560,935	1895	59,596,357	5,698,010

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER, 1895.

Year.	Gold in	Ores.	Silver in Ores.		
lear.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	
1890 1891 1892 1893 1893 1894 1895 (Dec. estimated).	\$ 149,366 323,369 714,110 518,186 743,046 1,825,847	\$ 32,094 100,918 9,262 276,933 281,413 385,223	\$ 8,356,412 9,717,443 9,726,704 9,490,892 7,809,186 12,450,000	\$1,126,697 1,090,514 1,592,931	

Year.	Gold Coin a	nd Bulliou.	Silver Coin and Bullion.		
rear.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 (Dec. estimated).	\$ 24,063,074 79,086,581 76,532,056 79,775,820 101,819 924 95,939,630	\$20,230,090 44,970,110 17,450,946 72,762,389 20,607,561 32,829,563	\$26,539,789 27,692,879 35,975,834 46,288.721 47,044,205 52,877,148	\$22,426,119 18,192,750 21,726,252 18,274,804 9,824,408 10,509,548	

Coin and Bullion in Treasury of the United States on the last day of January in each year named. U. S. Treasury Statistics.

Year.	Gold Coin (excluding bullion) in Treasury.	Net Gold, not subject to draft, in Treasury.	Silver Bullion in Treasury.	
rear.	Amount.	Amount.		
879.	\$128,792,903	\$116,674,227	\$10,347,889	
880	96,463,601	143,340,027	4,888,036	
881	60,797,508	148,052,809	6,704,197	
582	81,266,312	159,972,569	3,258,926	
883	121,868,452	125,648,195	3,761.958	
r4.	154,882,129	144,350,736	4,674,433	
885	172,747,344	125,18~,595	4,613,582	
886	179,402,994	136,086,610	3,658,783	
387	189,122,038	168,475,361	4,877,039	
888	185,906,571	202,955,184	10,219,546	
	229,051,535	194,655,264	10,606,677	
889		177,386,285		
890	249,963,167		11,557,760	
891	229,942,686	141,728,097	21,277,979	
392	198,454,175	119,574,905	57,940,646	
898	147,375,054	108,181,713	99,282,961	
894	65,490,319	65,650,175	127,215,171	
95	51,343,230	-44,705,967	124,852,679	
Fractional Coin in the Tre	asury.	Total Silver in the	Treasury.	
			•	
anuary 31, 1893 anuary 31, 1894 anuary 31, 1895	15,932,847 1894.		143,148,	

PART VII.

AGRICULTURE AND STOCK-GROWING.

AVERAGE FARM PRODUCTIONS PER ACREWAGES AND WORKING HOURS OF FARMERS AND STOCK-GROWER'S EMPLOYES.

MARKET PRICES OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS.

COMPARATIVE CONSUMPTION OF 'IMPORTED" AND "MONTANA-GROWN" FARM PRODUCTS.

COST OF LIVING, BY PRICES OF GROCERIES AND MEATS.

CATTLE MARKETED-RANGE OF PRICES AND AGGREGATE.

LOSSES BY WILD ANIMALS AND WINTER-PERISHING--NUMBER OF BOUNTY CERTIFICATES ISSUED.

STATISTICS RELATING TO THE WOOL AND SHEEP INDUSTRY, ETC.



Agricultural and Stock Growing Statistics.

Under the law establishing this Bureau, the duty of collecting statistics relating to Agriculture, Stock Growing, etc., which for some eighteen years had devolved on the Auditor of Montana and Assessors, was transferred to the Commissioner of this Bureau and his assistants. But no provision was made to enable the Bureau to collect the same except by the wholly inefficient one of sending to Farmers and Stock Growers blanks by mail, a very large proportion of which are never returned. It is simply an impossibility, as has been demonstrated and admitted in all states where it has been tried, to obtain complete productive statistics by this method. As the best that could be done under the circumstances the Bureau undertook to collect from as many representative producers as possible in each county sufficient reports to enable an approximately correct presentation by averages, or per centages, of certain features, and thereby preserve the record as far as possible until such time as the Legislative Assembly would again make practicable provision for the maintenance of so valuable a record of its industrial development and productions.

Therefore in 1895, as in 1894, schedules requesting the necessary essential data were sent to large numbers of Farmers and Stock Growers in each County in the State. Very creditably to Montanians, about two-thirds of the number were returned, filled out more or less completely, being double the proportion usually obtained by this method where it has been so undertaken and reported in other States. These reports were then taken in hand by the Bureau and carefully tabulated, computed and prepared for the printer for presentation in detail in this report. Subsequent thereto it was ascertained by the Commissioner that the Fourth Legislative Assembly in adopting the Codes which took effect in July, 1895, had so enacted them that the duty of collecting certain statistics, as had been done since 1874, still devolved on the State Auditor and Assessors. The Attorney General of the State so held after examination of the laws. Thereupon forms were at once prepared and have been sent out in 1896 to the Assessors of the several counties, which contemplate the collection of complete statistics for the calendar year 1895, covering many lines of business and production which could not be reached by the system that had necessarily been adopted by this Bureau.

As this particular class of statistics as collected by this Bureau were also for the calendar year 1895, the Commissioner has deemed it best to eliminate from the tabulations in this report the detailed statistics which had not been put in type prior to ascertaining they would be taken up by assessors, and to present, pending the year that will intervene before the Assessors' statistics can be reported and subject to the revision the complete returns will render proper, the summaries, averages and percentages derived from the reports as above stated. It is a matter of gratification that the State will again have the benefit of the only system of obtaining these facts that seems practicable, except at enormous expense, in a state covering so large an area as Montana.

It may be proper to state in connection herewith that the year 1895 was, owing principally to the late cold spring, the worst year ever known for agricultural productions in Montana.

TABLE NO. 42.—Showing by Counties the Averages per Acre of Certain AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIONS, AS COMPUTED FROM THE STATEMENTS MADE BY FARMERS REPORTING.

	AVERAGE PRODUCTION PER ACRE BY ALL REPORTING.									
Counties.	Who	eat.	Oat	Oats.		ey.	Potat	oes.	Ha	ıy.
	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894
	Bus.	Bus	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Bus.	Tons.	Tons.
Beaverhead		30.56	30.00	37.83	35	40	70.78	130.56	0.92	1.12
Cascade		20.35	36.48	30.22	35.16	45.42	102 65	144.31	0.84	1.04
Carbon	21.26	30.77	46.03	45.33		1	112.50	178.13	1.37	1.53
Choteau	22 40	20.07	45.65	50.19	29.60	25.30	185.22	192.42	1.10	1.09
Custer	26.39	26,47	33.13	38.91	29	22	137.71	111.93	0.95	0.90
Dawson		1	21.24	25.25			156.50	179	1.10	1.00
Deer Lodge	30 94	34.05	28.60	36.42	20	31	114.90	158.33	0.88	1.25
Fergus	18.30	16.91	30.03	30.33			86.09	137	0.87	1.07
Flathead	21.62	24.26	40.57	45.59	40	38.75	140.85	182.97	1.19	1.35
Gallatin		33.77	43,41	44.62	33,70	43.13	68.89	161.13	1,25	1.41
3ranite		20.64	26,96	34.24			110	128.59	1.54	1.68
lefferson		37.82	40.65	34.27	22.50		103,14	206.70	0.98	1.1
Lewis & Clarke	22.26	25,26	27.95	29.20	20	33.64	111.16	152.66	0.65	1.19
Madison	18.34	27.85	36.59	40.67			71.11	162.85	1.07	1.3
Meagher		31.68	30.19	32.92			91.93	167	0.86	1.1
Missoula	22,75	22.06	27.74	31.93			108.79	217.50	1.36	1.77
Park		24.20	29.35	27.60			82.09	207.66	1.17	
Ravalli		30.33	31.84	47.65				188.88	1.71	2,28
Silver Bow		24	24.21	28.02			121 82	200	0.77	
Sweet Grass		20	29.30	42.91	19.35	28.72	81.09	197	0.71	
Teton		18.87	16.79	30.27			70,26	169.47	0.74	
Yellowstone		24.46	37.19	34.07			185.48	178.88	1 18	

TABLE NO. 43.—Showing by Counties, Average Wages and Working Hours, with Board and Lodging, of Farmers' and Stockgrowers' Em-PLOYES FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1894 AND 1895, AS SHOWN BY EMPLOYERS OF THE NUMBER REPORTED.

Counties.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYES.		Hours day	AVERAGE WAGES, WITH BOARD, PER MONTH, FOR EMPLOYES.									
			work (a)	Foremen.		Herders.		Range rid'rs		Farm hands		Cooks. (b)	
	1895	1894	k per	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894
	No.	No.	Hrs.		Dols.							Dols. m 34 00	Dols. 34 00
Beaverhead	137	135	101/2	46 66	46 66	32 57	32 92	34 17	34 17	30 60	31 40	f 23 00	21 16
Carbon	26	26	12			37 50	35 00	40 00	40 00	29 28			22 50
Cascade	146	1 40	101/2	56 25	52 50	30 00	29 64	35 71	35 71	29 21	30 00	m 35 00 f 19 25	35 00 20 25
Choteau	76	73	1114	62 50	62 50	30 50	30 50	41 43	41 43	31 50			20 00
Custer	117	115	103/4	62 77	62 77	31 43	32 86	39 36	39 36	30 95	31 43	m 42 86 f 16 66	42 86 16 66
Dawson	149	137	12	75 00	75 00	27 50	27 50	37 50	37 50	29 17	30 00		
Deer Lodge	47	43	1014			31 0				32 50	32 14	f 21 25	21 25
Fergus	161	149	1034	50 62	48 75	32 91		33 75	33 75	30 40			20 00
Flathead	19 64					30 00	30 00			27 22 26 04			20 00
Granite	45	45	1014			1			40 00	32 60	32 20	m 34 00 f 20 00	34 00
Jefferson	16	13	101/2			25 00	1	35 00		30 25		L ~0.00	
Lewis and Clarke	37	37	l '~			30 00	1			30 00	30 00	m 26 05	
						l						20 00	
Madison	73	73	11	55 00	55 00	32 50	32 50	35 00	35 00	30 35	1	f 16 14	16 14
Meagher	248	244	101/2	48 21	48 07	30 48	31 19	38 33	38 33	30 72	30 00	m 31 50 f 18 75	
Missoula	27	27	11					30 00	30 00			f 16 50	
Park	20					30 00	25 00			29 50 25 00			
Silver Bow	11	11	10			35 00	35 00			30 00	33 75		
Sweet Grass						30 92			35 00	29 00 28 84			
Valley	60			62 50	75 00								
Yəllowstone	112	113	11	53 00	54 00	31 06	31 25	36 11	38 38	28 56	29 50	m 41 14 f 22 00	
The State	1,732	1,663	1034	55 99	56 69	31 11	31 26	36 34	38 97	29 59			
(a) Those reporting (b) The average for M—male. f—female	"sun t female	o sun'	are a						3.				

TABLE NO. 44.—AVERAGE PRICES AT WHICH MONTANA FARMERS COULD MARKET PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS IN CERTAIN CITIES AND TOWNS IN THE STATE DURING THE 12 MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1894, AND 1895, AS STATED BY OR AVERAGED FROM REPORS OF PRINCIPAL DEALERS IN PLACES NAMED.

(In these calculations, prior to adoption of Code weights, Wheat was computed at 60 lbs. per bushel; Rye 60 lbs., Barley 50 lbs., and oats 32 lbs.)

Counties. Towns.	Who Ave. per	price	Barl Ave. per	price	Oa Ave. per		Potat Ave. per 10	price	Rutab Ave. per 10	price	Onions: Ave. price per 100 lbs.	
Towns.	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
BEAVERHEAD Co.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.
Dillon	.60	.4834 .60 .81		.37½	.40	.28½ .32 .40 .32	.65	$.48\frac{1}{2}$ $.75$ 1.00 1.00	.65	.45 .50 1.00 .90	2.50	2.25
CASCADE Co.	!											
Great Falls. Sand Coulee. Belt. Cascade. Monarch		.62½ .54 .60 .61½ .60		.51 ¹ ₄ .50 .50 .50	.41	.32½ .29 .29 .35 .32	1.08 i.00	.70 .70 .70 .67½ .75	.87½			$\frac{2.00}{2.00}$
Сноткаи Со.												
Fort Benton	.60 .50	.60 .75 .75		.50	.40 .50	.23 .32 .32	1.00 1.50	.75 1.00 1.00	1.00	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00$	2.00 2.50	$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$
CARBON Co.				}								
Red Lodge	.75	.66] .	.46	.391-5	.871/2	.721/2	.671/2	.50	1.75	2.00
Custer Co.		i			ì	İ			İ	Ì	i	
Miles City	.75 .75	.67½ .72				.371/3	1.25 1.25	$\frac{1.00}{1.00}$	1.00	1.00	$\frac{2.00}{2.00}$	$\frac{2.50}{2.50}$
DAWSON Co.		Ì		1		İ	Ì			١.		
Glendive						.32	1.37	.90	1.00		. 1.75	2.00
DEER LODGE Co.										1		
Anaconda. Deer Lodge Elliston Ovando Helmsville	.	75	1	621/			1.00	1.00		75	2 75	$\begin{array}{c c} . & 1.00 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$
FERGUS Co.												
Lewistown Utica Judith Ubet Stanford		.48 .60 .60 .51		.50		32	1.00	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00$				3.00
FLATHEAD Co.				1	1							
Kalispell	45	.40				35	.75	.71				
GALLATIN Co.												
Bozeman		.42½ .35	.45½ .41	.37½ .39	2 :20 :26	.221	$\frac{67}{2}$.67	.621/	1.00	50	2.00	. 2.00 1.50
GRANITE Co.												
Philipsburg New Chicago Drummond	63	.60		. 48	.35	0.0	.65		.50	35	1.50	$\begin{array}{c c} 1.75 \\ 2.00 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$
Jefferson Co.												
Boulder Basin Whitehall		.60				35		1.00		.1	.	1.70 1.50 2.00

TABLE NO. 44.—Continued.

Counties.	Ave.	eat: price bus.	Ave.	ley: price bus.	Ave.	ts: price bus.	Potatoes: Ave. price per 100 lbs.				Ave. price	
Towns.	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
Lewis & Clarke Co.	Dols	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.
Helena	.60	.53	.51½	.50	.38	.30	1.00	.75	.60	.70	1.50	1.25
MADISON Co.												
Virginia City						.27 .26 .30	.75	1.00 .50 .70	.75	.75 .50 .75	3.00	
MEAGHER Co.		ĺ	Ì		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ			İ	
White Sulphur Springs Townsend Neihart Castle	.45	.90 .48 .60 .90		.50	.37½	.32 .24 .32 .40	1.25 .85	1.00 .75 .75	.50	.50	3.00 2.00	3.00 1.50 2.75
MISSOULA Co.												
Missoula	.671/2	.421/2	.43		.371/2	.24	.87	.75	.75	1.00	2.00	1.50
Park Co.												
Livingston		.45			.35	. 21	.75	.55	.75	.65	2.00	1.50
RAVALLI Co.												
Stevensville	.40	.40 .45			.21	.22 .25½	.60	.45 .35	.50	.58	.90	1.25 1.13
SILVER BOW CO.												
Butte	.471/2	.60 .75	.53		.31	.32 .32	.96	.79 .75	.82		1.58	1.41 1.75
TETON Co.												
Choteau	.75	.75		.60	.55	.40	1.00	1,00		.75		3.00
SWEET GRASS Co.												
Big Timber		. 60		. 43		.27		.60				2.50
YELLOWSTONE Co.												
BillingsColumbus	.60 .45	.60 .60			.36 .32½	.32 .24		.75 .70	.50		2.00 1.50	$\frac{1.50}{2.00}$

TABLE NO. 44—Continued.

			(BALEI				Loose ce per		EG	GS:	Вит	TER:	Pour	TRY:
Counties. Towns.	1st C	lass.	2nd C	Class.	1st (Class.	2nd C	Class.	Per D	ozen.	Per P	ound.	Per D	ozen.
	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
BEAVERHEAD Co.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Dols.	Cts.	Cts.	Cts	Cts.	Dols.	Dols.
Dillon		12.00		9.00		10 00		1 9 00	1	.26½ .25 .20 .25	.25 	.26½ .25 .25 .30	4.00	4.50 4.50 5.00
CASCADE Co.														
Great Falls. Sand Coulee. Belt Cascade Monarch	11.00 12.50	12.87 12.00 10.75 12.00	8.00 10.00	10.25 10.00 8.50 10.00	10.66	10.40 10.00 10.00 8.00 10.00	7.50	8.00 6.00	.361/2	.24 .25 .25 .19 .25	.231/8	.22 .23 .25 .19 .25	5.10	3,50 4,00 4,50 6,00
Снотеаи Со.														
Fort Benton	15.00	12.00 11.00 10.00	10.00	9.00	10.00 8.00	11.00	7.00 4.00	5.00	.20	.25 .20 .20	.25 .20	.25 .20 .22½	3.50	4,50 3.00
CARBON Co.														
Red Lodge	14.50	10.00			10.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	.25	$.22\frac{1}{2}$.25	.221/2	4.00	3.00
Custer Co.									,					
Miles City	14.00 15.00	12.00 11.50		10.00 9.00	12.00 12.00	10.00 9.50		8.00 8.00		.22 .18¾	.22½ .25	.22 .21¼	3.00	3.60 2.62
Dawson Co.														
Glendive		14.00	••••		10.00	10.00		8.00	.171/2	.20	.25	.25	3,00	
DEER LODGE Co.														
Anaconda Deer Lodge Elliston Ovando Helmville				10.66 11.00 12.00		6.00	8.00	4.00	.25 .20	.30 .231/3 .20 .20 .20	.30	.28½ .23⅓ .25 .25 .25	4.00	3.50 4.00 4.00 4.00
FERGUS Co.														
Lewistown Utica Judith Ubet Stanford						6.00				.20 .20 .20 .20 .20	.30	.20 .25 .20 .25 .25		3.00 3.50 4.00
FLATHEAD Co.														
Kalispell Columbia Falls	12.50	8.50 9.50	10.00	6.00 7.50	11.00		7.00	5.00 4.50	.17	$.20^{17\frac{1}{2}}$.25	.18¼ .20	3,00	2.75
GALLATIN Co.														
Bozeman	12.00 10.50		10.00 8.00		11.00 7.00	8.50 6.00		6.50 5.00		.18 .18	.261/4 .25	$.22\frac{1}{2}$ $.22\frac{1}{2}$	4.00 4.00	
GRANITE Co.														
Philipsburg New Chicago Drummond	15.00	12.25 10.00 10.00	13.00	9.75 7.00 8.00	12.00	12:00 7:00 8:00	9.00	8.00 4.50 6.00	.25	.25 .20 .25	.25	.25 .20 .25		4.00 4.00 4.00
JEFFERSON Co.														
Boulder Basin Whitehall	10.00	13.00	7.00	-10.00		8.00	5.00	7.00	.25	.25 .20 .20	.25	.25 .25 .23½	5.00	4.35 4.50 4.50
LEWIS AND CLARKE Co.														
Helena	13.50	12.00	11.00	9,66	اا	11.00	اا	9.00	.21¼	.20	.261/4	.20	5.00	3.58

PRODUCTS IN CERTAIN CITIES AND TOWNS—CONTINUED.

		Baled ice per			Loose ice per		Eggs:		BUTTER:		Pour	TEY:		
Counties. Towns.	1st Class.		2nd Class.		1st C	lass.	2nd C	lass.	Per D	ozen	Per P	ound.	Per D	ozen.
	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
Madison Co.														
Virginia City Pony Sheridan		10.00		11.00 7.50 10.00		8.00	9.00	5.00	.22	.20 .20 .20	.25	.25 .25 .25	4.00	4.50 4.00 5.00
MEAGHER Co.														
White Sulphur Springs Townsend Neihart Castle	12,00	$\frac{12.00}{13.00}$	10,00	10,00	8.00	$\frac{8.00}{12.00}$	8.00 6.00	6,00	.30	.22½ .20 .25	.26¼ .20 .25	.25 .25 .25	3.50 4.00 6.00	4.00
MISSOULA CO.														
Missoula	17.50	12.50	14.50	10.00	12.50	11,50	9.00	9.50	. 25	.25	.271/2	.25	4,25	4.00
PARK Co.														
Livingston	16.00	12.00	13.00	10.00	14.00	11.00	10.00	9.00	$.22\frac{1}{2}$.20	.221/2	.20	4.25	3,75
RAVALLI Co.														
Stevensville	12.00	10.00 10.00		9.00 8.25	9,00	7.50 8.00		6.25 6.75	.15	.15	.20	.22½ .20	3.50	3.00
SILVER Bow Co.														
ButteMelrose					10.00		8,50		.25	.21 .25	.22	.21 .25		
TETON Co.												ĺ		
Choteau					5,00	7.50			.25	.20	.30	. 30	4.00	4.50
SWEET GRASS CO.														
Big Timber		11.00		8.00		9.00		6.00		.20		,25		
YELLOWSTONE Co.														1
Billings		10.00 9.50	6.50	9.50		8.00 7.00	4.00	6.00		.17½		.22½		

CERTAIN WEIGHTS ESTABLISHED BY LAW.

Sec. 3134, Political Code-Effective July 1, 1895.

Sec. 3134. The ton consists of 2,000 pounds, but a ton of mineral coal is expressed by the conventional quantity of 28 bushels of 80 pounds weight each. A bushel of each of the articles hereinafter named consists of the number of pounds opposite to each, to-wit;

. Pos	inds	Pounds		
pples and Pears	45 Corn Meal	50	Seeds.	Pound
Barley	48 flay, per ton	2,000	Blue Grass	I
Beans	60 Lime, unslacked	So	Clover	6
eets	50 Malt		Timothy	
ran	20 Oats		Flax	
uckwheat	52 Onions		Пешр	
arrots	50 Parsnips		Hungarian Grass	5
oal, mineral	80 Potatoes		Turnips	
orn, in the ear	70 Peas		Wheat	
orn, shelled	56 Rye			
orn, sacriou	Salt			
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ICU.	Cotton	1890	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Ависистике		1894	\$\frac{\pi}{2}\$\
r OF	<u>.</u>	1893	######################################
MEN	Hay (per ton).	1892	888888888888888888888888888888888488488
DEPARTMENT	Нау	1891	9-1-9-3-3-3-1-1-3-3-3-1-1-3-3-3-1-1-3-3-3-3
DE		1890	연속 전 점 부표 다 본다 등 보고 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로 프로
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ET 1	Barley (per bushel)	1890 1891 1892 1893 189	다. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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1894	Oats (per bushel).	2 189	[등 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AND	per	189	13 1 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1
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=	Corn (per bu	1892	0 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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SLE NO. 45.—FARM PR	States and Territories.		lampshire Junsetts Listand Carcina Carcina Carcina Carcina an an an an an an an an an an an an a
TABLE	Stare	1	Maine New Hampe New Hampe New Massachuset Rhode Islan Connection New Jersey Pennsylvani New Jersey Pennsylvani North Carol South Carol South Carol South Carol South Carol Herses North Carol Herses North Carol Herses Mississippi Loutisiana Habuma Mississippi Loutisiana Herses Mest Virgin Mest Virgin Mest Virgin Mest Virgin Mest Virgin Mississip Mississippi Loutisiana Mississippi Loutisiana Mississippi Loutisiana Mississippi

Comparative Consumption of "Imported" and "Montana" Farm Products in the State.

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS SENT OUT OF THE STATE ANNUALLY FOR PRODUCTS THAT COULD BE PRODUCED AT HOME.

The immense consumption in Montana of farm products imported from other states, which could and should be supplied by our own farmers, is an enormous and useless drain upon the wealth of the state, in gross violation of the established axioms of public economy, and Montana farmers from whom the state derives a large portion of its revenues will not enjoy that wholesome measure of prosperity to which other conditions contribute, and to which the farming element is entitled, until Montana more largely abandons the pernicious policy of annually sending millions of dollars of its money abroad for that which can be as well or better produced at home. The principle holds good as to all home productions and we reiterate here the statement made in a former publication that the extent to which this unnecessary importation of foreign productions is practiced by Montana is suicidal and it is not believed any other state would or could stand the enormous drain on its vitality which Montana has endured, and which she has only been enabled to do and prosper by reason of her other great resources. It is nevertheless a wrong and injurious policy and every sentiment of state patriotism and consideration for the welfare of our own people and the upbuilding of the state demands that it should be reversed.

There being no law of the state requiring common carriers to report their traffic shipments, exact importations of the several commodities into the state, upon which computations could be made in dollars and cents, could not be obtained from the majority of them as it involved an amount of clerical labor the officers did not feel warranted in assuming; and it will be readily comprehended that after distribution to dealers it would be still more difficult to obtain these results. So desirous, however, was the Bureau of keeping attention directed to this matter that in 1895, as in the year preceding, it again sent blank forms to all principal dealers in these commodities in every county in the state whose addresses could be obtained embodying inquiries to elicit information expressed in percentages as to the relative amounts of certain imported and domestic products sold by them, the increased or decreased sales of each during the year, and from whence imported products were procured. A large proportion of these forms were filled out without delay, and solicitation was continued to the point of importunity until what is believed to be a fair presentment of the relative amounts sold in the several places named in the table following was obtained. It should be borne in mind however that smaller communities where sales are limited have in the table the same weight as the larger communities and the showing is inaccurate to that extent. It will not be practicable, except at great expense, if at all, to obtain exact figures in quantities and values of imported commodities until there is a law requiring railroad and express companies to report their traffic to some state officer or commission. But the percentages shown in this table, special local investigations made at certain places and facts occasionally ascertained as to the quantity and value of some particular commodity imported into the state, are startling even to those who have devoted attention to the matter, and graphically illustrate the proposition that Montana is pursuing a reckless and ruinous policy toward home producers which she The millions of dollars we are annually sending out of the should be quick to reverse. state for farm products which could be and are produced of as good or better quality at home, to say nothing of the manufactured articles, if devoted to our own producers would devolop, multiply and build up into magnificent prosperity the agricultural interests of the state.

As instances of the importation of such commodities into Montana General Freight Agent Moore, of the Northern Pacific Railroad, recently stated that Montana sends annually to the packers of the Missouri and Mississippi valleys over \$1,250,000 for ham, bacon, pork and lard, of which 165,000 pounds having a value of \$250,000, came last year to Helena. Montana sent last year over \$500,000 to Iowa, Illinois and Nebraska for butter, eggs and cheese. Every year 150,000 bushels of apples are imported into the state from Missouri, Utah, California, Oregon and Washington. Montana brewers produce about 50,000 barrels of beer, but in addition to this there were imported into the state in 1895 nearly 1,000 car loads of beer made in the east, for which approximately \$750,000 were sent out of the state. At the same time Montana grown barley is conceded to be the best grown in the world and in evidence of this brewers of Berlin, Germany, have now contracted for 2,500,000 pounds of Gallatin Valley barley to be delivered next season. Although Montana wheat is certified by millers and chemists to be equal to any grown ou the continent, and the flouring mills of the state are equipped with the most approved modern machinery and produce the very best quality of flour, the Northern Pacific and Union Pacific railroads alone brought into Montana from neighboring states for the year ended June 30, 1895, 5,855 tons of flour having a market value of \$307.387. The cost of flour brought into the state last year doubtless exceeded in value \$450,000. For the few items enumerated above Montana last year sent abroad over \$3,000,000, nearly all which could and should be produced in the state.

Recently Mr. Sewell Davis of Butte City, made an investigation in Butte City to ascertain the aggregate consumption of certain products in Butte during the calendar year 1895, and the quantity and percentage of the same imported, with the following results. These figures, obtained through the courtesy of railroad and express companies, and dealers in the various lines, who made careful research of their books and computations for that purpose, have special importance from the fact that Butte and its environs contain about one-fifth of the population of the state. Mr. Davis has kindly placed these results at disposal of this Bureau, just as this portion of the report is going to press. It will be seen the percentage of imported products shown by this exhibit for the calendar year is even in excess of that reported by dealers to this Bureau for the year ended six months earlier.

Estimate of food, fuel and building products which can be produced in Montana, consumed by the City of Butte in the year 1895, and the amount of same that was shipped from points outside of the state.

	Total Consumption.	Amount Imported.	Per Cent Imported
Cattle	12,280 Head	8,620 Head	70%
Sheep	7,620 "	1,220 "	26%
Hogs	4,100	1,000	391/2%
rain	21,060,000 pounds	532,000 pounds	21/25
Potatoes	0,040,000	1,244,000	33 5-99
lour	10,000,000	0,010,000	57%
[eal	1,928,000 "	1,864,000 "	9623%
am and Bacon	1,537,000 "	1,533,000 "	9934%
Butter	1,014,524 "	987,424 "	971/3%
heese	92,000 "	92,000 "	100%
oultry	1,564,646 "	1,560,146 pounds	99235
ggs	1,800,000 dozen	1,710,000 dozen	95%
ruit	4,732,015 pounds	4,644,000 pounds	98 1-79
'egetables (except potatoes)	3,786,000 " "	3,215,000 ""	85%
oal	138,260,000 "	45,060,000 "	32%
nmber	33,260,000 feet	2,140,000 feet	6236

PROPORTIONATE SALES "MONTANA" AND "IMPORTED" PRODUCTS.

TABLE NO. 46—Showing Proportionate Sales expressed in Per Centages of Certain "Montana" and "Imported" Products, the Increased or Decreased Sale of Montana Farm Products, and States from whence Products are Imported, as reported by or Averaged from Reports of Principal Dealers in Places named, for Year ended June 30, 1895.

(A number of those reporting Market Prices, as reported in another table, did not fill in statement of relative sales, hence those places are necessarily omitted in this table. It is believed, however, to show closely the proportionate amounts sold throughout the State.)

Tra					FLOUR			Pork, Bacon, Ham.*						
Tracing Number	COUNTY. Place.	Per cent of Montana sold	Per cent of Imported sold	Per ct. increased Sales of Mon- tana Flour	Per ct. decreased Sales of Mon- tana Flour	From what States Imported product principally ob- tained.	Per cent. of Mon- tana sold	Per cent. of Imported sold	Per ct. increased Sales of Mon- ana Product	Per ct decreased Sales of Mon- tana Product	From what States Imported product principally ob- tained.			
1	BEAVERHEAD Dillon. Bannack Lima. Deweys	89 25 60	11 100 75 40	50		Idaho; Minn Nebraska Minnesota	1	99 100 90 100	n. r	n. r				
2	Carbon Red Lodge	75	25	n. r	n. r	Dakota		100			Nebraska			
3	CASCADE Great Falls Belt Cascade Monarch	9623 100 6742 100	31 ₃	n. r	n. r n. r	N. Dak. and Minn.	1 5	100 99 95 100	n. r	n, r	Kas.; Neb.; III III.; Ia.; Mo Nebraska Kansas			
4	CHOTEAU Ft. Benton Havre Chinook	100 00 67½ 95	321/ ₂ 5	n. r	n. r	Minnesota N. Dakota		100 100 100			Illinois Neb.; Mo Nebraska			
5	Custer Miles City Forsyth	7½ 25	92½ 75	5 n. r	n. r	Dakota		100 100			Nebraska N. D.: Mint.; Neb.			
6	Dawson Glendive Wibaux	30	70 100	20 n. r	n. r	N. Dakota Minnesota		100 100	· · · · · · ·		Ill.; Minn			
7	DEER LODGE Anaconda Deer Lodge Elliston Ovando Helmville	55 85 75 100 100	45 15 25	n. r 20 30		Minn; Dakota Neb; Dakota N. Dakota		100 100 100 95 100	n. r		Kas.; Neb Nebraska Missouri Kas.; Ill.; Neb			
8	Fergus Lewistown Judith Ubet Stanford	80 25 75 100	20 75 25	50 n. r	n. r	Dakota	 10 5	100 100 90 95	 11. r	n. r	Illinois			
9	FLATHEAD Kalispell Columbia Palls	90 100	10	90		Washington	io	100 90	n. r	n. r	Illinois			
10	Gallatin Bozeman Manhattan	100 100						100 100			Nebraska Missouri			
11	Granite Philipsburg New Chicago Drummond	100 50 100	50	25		Dakota	5 10 20	95 90 80	n. r 20	n. r	Ia.; Nebraska Nebraska			
12	JEFFERSON Boulder Basin Whitehall	100 100 95	 5	331 ₃ 		Minnesota	······	100 100 99	n. r	 n. r	Neb.; Mo Nebraska			
13	Lewis and Clarke Helena	58%	4613	10		Dakota; Minn	61 2	931 2	n. r	n. r	Ill.; Mo.; Neb			
14	Madison Virginia City Pony Sheridan	100 100 100					5 33 71 <u>6</u>	95 67 921 ₃	n. r 15 n. r	n. r 	Nebraska			

TABLE NO 46—CONTINUED.

Tracing				1	FLOUR			I	,		, Нам.*
cing Number	County. Place.	Per cent of Montana sold	Per cent of Imported sold	l'er ct. increased Sale of Mon- tana Flour	Per ct. decreased Sale of Mon- tana Flour	From what States Imported product principally ob- tained.	Per cent of Montana Sold	Per cent of Imported Sold	Per ct. increased Sales of Mon- tana Product	Per ct. decreased Sales of Mon- tano Product	From what States Imported product principally ob- tained,
15	MEAGHER White Sul. Springs. Townsend. Neihart Castle	94½ 75 25 100	5½ 25 75		n. r	Minnesota	25 25 25	95½ 80 100 75		n. r	Iowa; Nebraska Nebraska
16	Missoula	80	20	30		Dakota; Minn	10	90	10		Mo.: Ill.; Neb
17	Park Livingston	S6½	13½	100		N. Dakota	5	95	n. r	n. r	Nebraska; Mo
18	RAVALLI Stevensville Hamilton	50 75	50 25	n. r	n. r	Washington Minnesota	50 85	10 15	n, r	n. r	Illinois
19	SILVER Bow Butte Melrose	$\frac{421}{95}$	57½ 5	10 n. r	n. r	N. D.; Minn.; Neb. Illinois	5½	94½ 100			Kas.; Nebraska Nebraska
20	SWEET GRASS Big Timber	80	20	40		Dakota		100			Nebraska
21	Teton Choteau	80	20	30		Dakota		100			Nebraska
22	VALLEY Glasgow	10	90	n. r	n. r	Minnesota	1	99	n. r	n. r	Nebraska
23	YELLOWSTONE Billings Columbus	33 80	67 20	n. r	n. r	Dakota		100 100			Nebraska

^{*}The "Dealers" from whom these Reports were received do not include i utchers and Meat Markets. It is probable there would be shown a larger per centage of Montana cured meats sold if reports had been obtained from them.

Tracing			Витте	R.	Lard.					
ing Number	County. Town.	Per cent of "Imported" butter sold Per cent of "Montana" butter sold	Per ct. decreased Sales of "Mon- tana" butter Per ct. increased Sales of "Mon- tana" butter	From what States	rer ct. Increased sales of 'Montana' Lard Per cent of 'Inported' Lard sold Per cent of 'Montana' Lard sold	Torrettana, of 'Mon- Lard				
1	BEAVERHEAD Dillon	100			10 90 10	n. r Neb., III Neb., Mo n. r Nebraska				
2	CARBON. Red Lodge	75 25	n. r n. r	Dakota	100	Nebraska				
3	CASCADE. Great Falls Belt Cascade Monarch	75 25 100	n. r n. r n. r	Minn. and N. Dak. Minnesota	32/3 961/3 n. r 100 100 100	n. r Neb., Ia., I]l., Kan Ia., I]l., Mo Nebraska Kansas				
4	CHOTEAU. Ft. Benton Havre. Chinook		25	Minnesota	100 100 100	Illinois				
5	CUSTER. Miles City Forsyth	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25^{1} & 74^{1} \\ 27^{1} & 72^{1} \\ \end{array}$	n. r n. r n. r	Minnesota Minn. and N. Dak.	100	Nebraska				

TABLE NO. 46.—Continued.

Tracing				1	Butte	₹.	Lard.						
iug Number	County. Town.	Per cent of "Montana" butter sold	Per cent of "Imported" butter sold	Per ct. increased Sales of "Mon- tana" butter	Per ct. decreased Sales of "Mon- tana" butter	From what states imported product principally obtained.	Per cent of "Montana" lard sold	Per cent of "Imported" lard sold	Per ct. increased sales of "Montana" lard	Per ct. decreased Sales of "Mon- tana" lard	From what states imported product principally obtained.		
6	Dawson. Glendive Wibanx	60	40 100	n. r	n. r	N. Dak. and Minn.		100 100			Ill., Minn		
7	DEER LODGE. Anaconda Deer Lodge Elliston Ovando Helmville	85 100	881 ₃ 121 ₂ 15	25	n. r n. r	III., Iowa, Wash Minnesota	123	9813 100 100 95 100	n. r n. r	n. r	Kan., Neb Nebraska Missouri Kan., Ill., Neb		
8	FERGUS. Lewistown Judith Ubet Stanford	100 100 100 100			 • • • • • [100 100 100 100 90	n. r		Illinois		
9	FLATHEAD. Kalispell Columbia Falls	70 75	30 25	30 n. r		Minnesota	10 10	971 <u>/</u> 90	n. r n. r	n. r n. r	Illinois		
10	Gallatin. Bozeman Manhattan	100 100						100 100			Nebraska Missouri		
11	Granite. Pulipsburg New Chicago Drummond	25 100	75	n. r		Minnesota		100 100 100			Iowa, Neb Nebraska		
12	Jerrerson. Boulder Basin Whitehall	100 100 100					 1	100 100 99			Neb., Mo Nebraska		
13	Lewis and Clarke. Helena	47	58	5		Ill., Neb., Minn	8	92	n. r	n. r	Seb, Ill., Mo		
14	Madison. Virginia City Pory Sheridan	100 90 95	10 5	10 n. r		Minnesota	10 5	100 90 95	n. r n. r	n. r n. r	Nebraska		
15	MEAGHER. White Sul. Springs. Townsend Neihart Castle	100 100 37½ 100	621/2	n. r	n. r	Minneso a	10 25	100 90 100 75	10 n. r	n. r	Ia., Neb. Nebraska		
16	Missoula	25	75	15		Minnesota	10	90	10		Mo., III., Neb		
17	Park. Livingston	87	13	n. r	n. r	Minnesota, Dak	5½	941/2	n. r	n. r	Neb., Mo		
18	RAVALLI. Stevensville Hamilton	100		n. r	п. г	Minnesota	90 30	10 70	n. r n. r	n. r n. r	Illinois Missouri		
19	Silver Bow. Butte Melrose	9 10	91 90	n. r n. r		Ia.Neb. III.Min.Cal Illinois	121/2	871/2 100	n. r	n. r	Neb., Kan Nebraska		
20	SWEET GRASS. Big Timber	100						100			Minnesota		
21	Teton. Choteau	100						100			Nebraska		
22	Valley. Glasgow	5	95	n. r	n. r	Minnesota		100			Nebraska		
23	YELLOW TONE. Billings. Columbus	75 100	25	п. r 	n. r	Dak., Minnesota		100 100			Nebraska		

TABLE NO. 46.—Continued.

Traci					Сне ѕ	Е.		-		Eggs.	
Tracing Number	COUNTY. Town.	Per cent of "Montana" cheese sold	Per cent of "Imported" cheese sold	Per ct. increased sales of "Mon- tana" cheese	Per ct. decreased sales of "Mon- tana" cheese	From what states imported product principally obtained.	Per cent of "Montana" eggs sold	Per cent of "Imported" eggs sold	sales of "Mon- tana" eggs	saies of "Mon- tana" eggs	From what states imported product principally obtained.
1	BEAVERHEAD. Dillon Bannack Lima Dewey's	5	95 100 100 85	n. r	n. r n. r	N. Y., Ill	55 100 100 40	45 60	n. r	n. r	Utah
2	CARBON. Red Lodge		100			Minnesota	50	50	n. r	n. r	I akota
3	CASCADE. Great Falls Belt Cascade Modarch	i	100 99 100 100			Cal., Ill., Wis Minnesota	18½ 50 100 100	50	n. r	n. r	Dakota, Minnesota Minnesota
4	CHOTEAU Fort Benton Havre Chinook		97 100 100			Illinois	100 62½ 100	371/2	25		Minnesota
5	CUSTER. Miles City Forsyth		100 100			Minnesota	95 37½	5 62½	n. r n. r	n. r	North Dakota
6	Dawson. Glendive Wibaux		100 100			Minnesota	40	60 100	n. r		North Dakota
7	Anaconda	3½ 25 20 10	96% 100 75 80 90			N. Y. O. Wis. Wash New York	5½ 85 50 100 100	15 50	n. r 20 20	n. r	Kan Ida Wash Neb Idaho Nebraska
s	FERGUS. Lewistown Judith Ubet Stanford		100 100 100 50			Minnesota	100 100 100 100				
9	FLATHKAD Kalispell Columbia Falls		100 100			Wisconsin	80 95	20 5	10 n. r	n. r	Washington
10	GALLATIN. Bozeman		100 100			Illinois					
11	GRANITE. Philipsburg New Chicago Drummond		100 100 100			Minn., Wis Illinois Ill., Minn			n. r		Minn., Neb
12	JEFFERSON. BoulderBasin	 10	100 100 90			Illinois Utah Wisconsin	75 90 95	25 10 5	10 n. r n. r	n, r n, r	Utah
13	Lewis and Clarke. Helena	16%	83%	7.50		N. Y., Minn., Wis.	48	52	15		Neb., Minn , Utah.
14	Madison. Virginia City Pony Sheridan	25	100 75 100	n. r	n.r	New York Nebraska Wisconsin	95 80 97½	5 20 2½	n. r n. r n. r	n. r n. r n. r	Washington
15		25 25	75 75 100 100			N. Y., Pa	100 100 35 100	65	n. r	n. r	Minnesota
16	Missoula. Missonla		100			Minnesota	25	75	10	n. r	Wash., Minn
17	Park. Livingston	5	95	n. r	n. r	N. Y., Minn., Wis	741/2	251/2	n. r	n.	Dakota, Minnesota

TABLE NO. 46—CONTINUED.

Tracing				(НЕЕ	Ε.				Eggs.	
ing Number	County.	Per cent of "Montana" cheese sold	Per cent of "Imported" cheese sold	Per ct. increased sales of "Mon- tana" cheese	Per ct. decreased sales of "Mon-tana" cheese	From what states imported product principally obtained.	eggs sold	1: 5	increas of "Mo eggs	Per ct. decreased sales of "Mon- tana" eggs	From what states imported product principally obtained.
18	RAVALLI. Stevensville Hamilton					Illinois North Dakota	100 100				
19	Silver Bow. Butte Melrose		95 100	n. r	n. r	I. NY NP Cal W U Illinois	7 10	93 90	n. r n. r		I Kan Neb U Wash Utah
20	SWEET GRASS. Big Timber	10	90	n. r	n. r	Minnesota	100	ļ			
21	Teton. Choteau		100			Minnesota	100				
22	Valley. Glasgow		100			Minnesota	10	90	n, r	n. r	Minnesota
23	YELLOWSTONE. Billings Columbus		100 100			Minnesota		70 100			Dakota, Neb

		I	OULTH	Y.				I	OULTE	Y.
County. Town.	Per cent. of Mon tana sold	Per ct. increased Sales of Mon- tana Poultry Per cent. of Im-	Per ct decreased Sales of Mon- tana Poultry	From what States import- ed product principally ob- tained.	County. Town.	Per cent. of Mon- tana sold	Per cent. of ported sold	Per ct. increased Sales Montana Poultry	Per ct. decreased Sales of Mon- tana Poultry	From what States Import ed product principally obtained.
	: no]	Ion- Im-	used fon- y			ion-	Im-	ased ana	Ion-	
BEAVERHEAD. Dillon Bannack Lima Dewey's	90 100	10 n. r	n. r		GRANITE. Philipsburg New Chicago Drummond		10	n. r	n. r	Nebraska
CARBON. Red Lodge					JEFFERSON. Boulder Basin Whitehall		100		1	
Great Falls	100 100				Lewis & Clarke. Helena					Minn., Mo
CHOTEAU. Ft. Benton Havre					Virginia City Pony Sheridan	100				
Chinook CUSTER. Miles City Foreyth Dawson. Glendive	95 100	5 n. r	n. r		MEAGHER. White Sul. Sp'gs Townsend Neihart. Castle Missoula.	100 75			n. r	
Wibaux DEER LODGE.	1	00			Missoula Park.					
Anaconda	100			Nebraska, Utah	Livingston RAVALLI. Stevensville Hamilton	100				Dak., Minn Dout handle
Helmville FERGUS. Lewistown Judith	100 100				SILVER BOW. Butte Melrose SWEET GRASS.	75	91 25		n. r	I., N., K., W., U Utah
Ubet	100				Big Timber TETON. Choteau VALLEY. Glasgrow					Minnesota
GALLATIN. Bozeman Manhattan	100				Glasgow YELLOWSTONE. Billings Columbus	100				mmnesota

TABLE NO. 47—Cost of Living, by average prices of Groceries and Meats, at Wholesale and Retail, as averaged from the reports of Leading Merchants, Dealers and Butchers in principal Cities or towns of the respective Counties, during 12 months ended June 30, 1895.

Articles.	Quantity.	I	BEAVERHE <i>A</i>	D COUNTY	7.	Сно	TEAU COU	NTY.
Articles,	Quantity.	Dillon.	Banaack.	Lima.	Dewey's	Fort Benton.	Havre.	Chinook.
Flour: 1st Qual. 1mp	100 lb	3.00	1		3.50		2.371/2	1
Flour: 1st Qual. 1mp	rer lb	.031/4			l l		.0237	
Flour: 1st Qual. Mont	100 lbs	2.45			2.25	2.15	2.25	2,25
Flour: 1st Qual. Mont	Per 1b	-0234				.023/4	.021/2	
Flour: 2d Qual. Imp	100 lbs	2.25	2.25		3.00		2.15	
Flour: 2d Qual. Imp		.021/2	.021/2			1	.021/2	
Flour: 2d Qual. Mont	100 lbs	1.55			1.75	1.90	2.00	1.90
Flour: 2d Qual., Mont	Per lb	.01%			2	.0214	.021/4	
Corn Meal	100 lbs	2.41			3.00	2.25	2.25	1.95
Corn Meal		.03	.(3		0.00	.03	.021/6	
Rolled Oats		3.22	3.00		5.00	3,00	4.00	4.25
Rolled Oats	Per lb	.04	.031/3		.06	.04	.041/2	
Sugar		5.78	6.25		6.75	6.00	5.75	6.00
Sugar		.061/3	.061/4		.081/4	.061/2	061/4	
Tea		.3065	.40-1.00		.50	.30	.0074	.25
Tea		.4075	.50-1.25		.00	.50	.25-65	.~0
Coffee		.241/2	.34		.30	.20	.24	.25
Coffee		26^{2}	.25		.50	.25	.281,4	.~0
Lard		.101/3	.10		.15	1111/6	.0858	.11
Lard	Pot 1b	.10%	121%	• • • • • • • • • • •		113	.101/2	
Bacon		.10	.12 1		.15	.09	.0834	
	Ret. lb	.1111/	.13	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.10	.03	.1134	
Bacon			.13		.15	.10	.111/2	
		.11	.13		.15	.10	.1414	
Ham				· · · · · · · · · · · ·	.30		.20	
Butter	Wh. lb	. 25	.25		.50	.22	.23%	
Butter		. 26	.30		7.50	6.00		5.50
Eggs	Case	5,25		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	.25		4.75	0.00
Eggs	Dozen	. 241/3		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		.25		1 00
Potatoes	100 lbs. wh	.60	1.00		1.25	.75	.871/2	
Potatoes		.70				1.00	1.121/2	3.00
Canned Vegetables etc	Case	2.57	2.40		3.00	2.50	2.40	
Canned Vegetables etc	Can	.12	.11		.16%	.121/2	.13¾	
Canned Fruits	Case	3.83	4.20		4.50	4.25	3.80	4.50
Canned Fruits	Can	.181/2	.20		.20	.20	.25	
Boiling Meats	Wh. lb	.07	.07		.03		.05	
Boiling Meats	Ret. Ib	.09		.06	.07		.06	
Steaks		.10			.08		.10	
Steaks	Re t. lb	.121/4	.13	.10	.121/2	1	.12	l

Articles.	Quantity.		CAS	SCADE COUN	TY.		CARBON COUNTY.
Articles.	Quantity.	Great Falls	Belt.	Cascade.	Monarch.	Sand Coulee.	Red Lodge.
Flour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs Per lb	2.27 .02½	2.30	2.75 .03	2.00	.02½	2.35 .03 2.17
	Per 100 lbs Per lb Per 100 lbs	2.27° $62\frac{1}{2}$ 1.65	.021/2	$2.25 \ .02\frac{1}{2}$ 2.20	.021/2	.021/2	.02½ 1.95
Flour: 2d Qual. Imp Flour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per lb Per 100 lbs	.02 1.65	1.80	$02\frac{1}{2}$	1.60		$1.42^{1/2}$
Corn Meal	Per 1b Per 100 lbs Per 1b	1.77 1.77	$\begin{array}{c} .02\frac{1}{4} \\ 1.80 \\ .02\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ 2.00 \\ .023 \end{array}$	2.10 2.30	.021/2	$01\frac{34}{2.25}$ $00\frac{1}{2}$
Rolled Oats	Per 100 lbs	2.12	2,75 .04	$\frac{3.50}{.04\frac{1}{4}}$	3.00 .05	.03½	4.12
Sugar	Per 100 los Per lb	5.70	6,00 .07 .35	$\begin{array}{c} 6.00 \\ .061_{4} \\ .37\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	5.50 .07½ .40	.061/4	5,67 .06 .2575
Tea	Wh. lb Ret. lb Wh. lb	3060 .5085 .211/	.50 .22	.50 .221/2	.60 .21½	.50	.2575 .23
CoffeeLard	Ret. lb Wh. lb	$\begin{bmatrix} .25^{2_3} \\ .08^{3_8} \end{bmatrix}$.25 .10	$\frac{.25}{.10^{1}4}$	$.25$ $.10\frac{1}{4}$	25	.25 .101/4
Lard	Ret. lb Wh. lb Ret. lb	.10½ .10 .12½	$0.12\frac{1}{2}$	$.12\frac{1}{2}$ $.08\frac{1}{2}$ $.11$. 15 . 101/4 . 14	.14	$.11\frac{1}{2}$ $.10\frac{1}{2}$ $.13$
Ham	Wh. lb Ret. lb	.10 1/2	$.10$ $.12\frac{1}{2}$.11	.11 .15		$.11\frac{1}{2}$ $.13\frac{1}{2}$
	Wh. lb	.24 .28½ 4.22	.25 .30 4.25	.18 .20 3.80	.20 .25 6.00		.22½ .25 5.00
	Case	.21½ .67½	.25 .70	.75	.25 .75	.25	$.22\frac{1}{2}$
Potatoes	Ret. 100 lbs Case	.95 2.25	$^{.85}_{2.50}$	$\begin{array}{c} .90 \\ 2.40 \\ .11 \% \end{array}$	1.00 2.75 .15	1.00	$\begin{array}{c} 1.12 \\ 2.57 \\ .12 \end{array}$
Canned Vegetables, etc Canned Fruits Canned Fruits	Can Case Can	$\begin{array}{c} .11\frac{2}{3} \\ 3.38 \\ .18\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$	$\frac{137}{4.00}$	3.40 $18\frac{1}{2}$	3.75 .25		$\frac{3.67}{.18\frac{1}{2}}$
Boiling MeatsBoiling Meats	Wh. lb Ret. lb		06				.03
Steaks	Wh. lb Ret. lb		.10				3 .09

TABLE NO. 47—CONTINUED.

Miles City. Forsyth. Anaconda. Deer Ovando. Elli	Articles.	Quantity.	Custer	COUNTY.		DEER LOD	GE COUNTY.	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Atticles.	Quantity.	Miles City.	Forsyth.	Anaconda.		Ovando. Helmville.	Elliston.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Flour: 1st Ousl Imp	Per 100 lbs	9 17	9 191/	9 95	9.69		3.10
Flour: 1st Qual Mont. Per 100 lbs. $0.21/2$ $0.021/2$.031/
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				2.00				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							0037	2.75 .05
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.0~72			1.02/2	.04%	1.80
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					1.00		0017	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Flourt 2d Qual Mont	Por 100 1bc			1 00			.02
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								3.00
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	orn meai							.03
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								4.80
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.05
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ugar							6.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				06^{1}_{8}	.061/4	$.061_{6}$.071/3	.07
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.32	.35	,45
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	'ea	Ret. lb			.2590	.30-1.00	.50	. 55
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Offee	Wh. lb	.22	.22	.25	.24	.26	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	offee		.24	.23				.25
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ard	Wh. lb	.091/6					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				1112				.13
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.10
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Racon	Ret 1b						.13
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							101/	,10
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.13
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.10
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$. 25	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$. 20	5,20	.25
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								4.90
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.25
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								1.00
anned Vegetables, etc. Can.								1.24
Canned Fruits Case 4.02 4.37 3.25 4.17 4.43 anned Fruits Can .20 .20 .20 .21 .25 soiling Meats Wh. lb .06 .05 .07 .074 soiling Meats Ret. lb .07 .074 .074 .074								2,90
Canned Fruits Can .20 .20 .21 .25								.15
Notling Meats								4.25
Soiling Meats Ret. lb				.20			.25	.20
Soiling Meats Ret. lb	toiling Meats							
	Boiling Meats	Ret. lb			.07	.071/6		
Steaks Wh. lb 11 10	teaks	Wh. lb			.11			
steaks Ret. lb. 15 13½								

Articles.	Quantity,	Dawson	COUNTY.		FER	ous Cour	NTY.	
Articles.	Quantity.	Glendive.	Wibaux.	Lewis- town.	Ubet.	Utica.	Stanford.	Judith.
Tour: 1st Qual. Imp Tour: 1st Qual. Imp	er 100 lbs Per lb	2.25 .0234	2,40	3.00 .031/4	3.15 .031,4			
Tour: 1st Qual. Mont Tour: 1st Qual. Mont	Per 100 lbs Per lb			2.75	2.15 .02½	2.50	2.40 .02%	2.50
Tour: 2d Qual, Imp Tour: 2d Qual, Imp	Per 100 lbs Per lb			2,57		2.75		2.75 .03
lour: 2d Qual. Mont lour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per 100 lbs Per lb	1.60		1.65				
orn Mealorn Meal	Per 100 lbs Per lb		2.25	3.00 .03¾	$\frac{2.50}{.02\%}$	3.00	3.00	2.00 03
colled Oats	Per 100 lbs Per lb	3.90 .05	3.50 .05	4.00	3.75	4.00	3.50	4.00
ugar	Per 100 lbs Per lb	5.90 .06		6.50	6.15	6.25	5.85	6.50
ea'ea	Wh. lb Ret. lb	.45 .50	.45	.2565	.50	.40 .50	.35	.35
offee	Wh. lb Ret. lb	23	.25	.24	.221/2	.25	.25	.23 .25
ardard	Wh. lb Ret. lb	.10	$.12^{\rm L}_2$.12	.13	.111/4		.12
acon	Wh. 1b Ret. 1b.	.12	$.12^{i\frac{7}{2}}$.12	.11	10 11	.10	.10
lamIam	Wh. lb Ret. lb	.12	.14	.1214	.13	.13	.11	.12
utter	Wb. lb Ret. lb	.20		.221/	.25	.23	.25	.20 .25
ggs ggs	Case Doze n	5.40		4.50		6.00	6.00	
otatoes	Per 100 lbs wh Per 100 lbs ret	,90 1,00	.80	.50	1.00	1,50 1,50	.50	.75 1.00
anned Vegetablas, etc	Case		2,35	2.87	3,00	3.25	2.50	3,00
anned Fruits	Can Can		4.50	5.50 .25	3.75 .20	4.50 .25	3.50	4.00 .25
Soiling Meats	Wh. lb Ret. lb			.0512				
teaksteaks	Wh. lb Ret. lb			.1114				

TABLE NO. 47—Continued.

4	0	F1.ATHEAL	COUNTY.	GALLATIN	COUNTY.	Gra	NITE COUN	TY.
Articles.	Quantity.	Kalispell	Columbia Falls.	Bozeman	Manhat- tan.	Philips- burg.	New Chicago.	Drum- mond.
lour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs					2.75	2.25	2,00
lour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per lb					.0234	.021/9	.021
lour: 1st Qual. Mont		1.95	1.75	1.66	2.00	2.25	2.15	2.00
	Per lb	,0214	0214	1.02	~.00	.021/2	.021/2	.021
lour: 2d Qual. Imp		1.60	1.50	.0~		10.072	/2	1.65
lour: 2d Qnal. Imp		1.02	.01%				1	.02
lour: 2d Qual. Mont		1.37	.0174	1.20	1.60	1.87	1,40	
lour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per lh	.0134		.011/2	1.00	1.02	.01%	
orn Meal	er 100 lbs	2.15	2.00	2.15	2.60	2.50	2.25	2,45
orn Meal		.031/4	.03	.0234	7.00	.03	.023/4	.03
colled Oats		2.57	2.10	3.17	4.00	4.50	3.00	3.15
olled Oats	Per lb	.04	.03	.04%	.041/6	.0434	.031/2	.04
ugar		5.70	6.30	5.88	6.20 2	6.25	6.00	6.10
ugar	Per lb	.061/6	.0634	.06	.07	.063/4	.07	.06
'ea	Wh. lb	1 .00/2	.25	.2655	,	100,4	.40	.40
'ea	Ret. lb		.50	.4090	.52	.3575	.50	.50
offee	Wh. lb	.2134	.25	.4023		.331/6		.23
offee		.26	i .35	.25	.3216	.2050	. 25	.26
ard	Wh. lb	.091/3	.10	.102	.5.0	.10	.09	.08
ard	Ret. lb	.121/2		.1234	.121/6	.1214	. 121/2	.10
acon	Wh. lb	.083		.09	121/2	.13	.08	.08
Bacon	Ret. lb.	.1134	.121%	.101/3		.14	.10	.10
Iam	Wh. lb	.11	.12	ii "	.121/6	.13	.11	.12
Iam	Ret. lb	.14	.15	.13	.13	.14	.13	.13
8a ter	Wh. 1b	.20	.20	20		.24	20	
Butter	Ret. lb	231/9	.25	25	221/2	.30	.25	
lggs	Case	4.87	6.00	4.90		6,00	6.00	5.50
ogs		.171/2		.20	.18	.25	.25	.25
otatoes	Per 100 lbs wh		.50	.581/4		1.15	.50	
otatoes	Per 100 lbs ret		.60	.831/3	.75	1.50	1.00	1
anned Vegetables, etc		2.25	2.25	2,78	2.45	2.50	2,10	2.35
anned Vegetables, etc	Can	.1216		.1314	.121/6	.15	.15	.15
anned Fruits		4.80	3.50	4.17	3.95	4.07	3.75	3,40
	Can	.25	1624	.181/2		,22	.20	.20
Boiling Meats	Wh. lb		.061%		.06	.061/4	il	
Boiling Meats		.06	.08	.061/2		.071/3		.08
teaks					1	12		
teaks	Ret. lb			.121/4	.10	.121/	;	.14

A 42-1	0		Jefferson	N COUNTY.		LEWIS &	CLARKE Co.
Articles.	Quantity.	Boulder.	Basin.	Whitehall.	Wickes.	Helena.	Marysville.
Flour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs	2.10	2.50			2.50	
Flour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per lb	.021/4	.03	.03		.03	
Flour: 1st Qual, Mont		1.75	2,27			2,32	
Flour: 1st Qual. Mont	Per lb	.02	.021/2	.0214		.023/4	
Flour: 2d Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs	1.50				2,15	
Flour: 2d Qual. Imp	Per lb	.02				$.02\frac{1}{2}$	
Flour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per 100 lbs	1.55	1.87			1.67	
Flour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per 1b	.0134	$.021_{8}$.0134		.021/8	
Corn Meal	Per 100 lbs	2.30	2.25			2.12	
Corn Meal	Per 1b	.04	.03	.0214		.0234	
Rolled Oats	Per 100 lbs	2.87	3.00			2.75	
Rolled Oats	Per 1b	$.041_{4}$.041/2	.04		.031/2	
Sugar	Per 100 lbs	5.83	6.12			5.90	
Sugar	Per 1b	.06	.0634	.06		$.061_{4}$	
Tea	Wh. lb	.2250	.45			.32	
Tea	Ret. lb	.2575	.75	.4075		.40	
Coffee	Wh. lb	221/2	2334			.25	
Coffee	Ret. 1b	.25	.27	.25		.27	
Lard	Wh. lb	.10	.101/2			.091/2	
Lard	Ret. lb	.1114	.1234	.1214		.101/3	
Bacon	Wh. lb	.1118	.1034			.101/4	
Bacon	Ret. lb	.1234	.13	.121/2		.11	
Ham	Wh. 1b	.1118	.1034			.101/2	
Ham	Ret. lb	.1234	$.13_{-2}$.121/2		.11 1-6	
Butter	Wh. lb	. 25	.25			.21	
Butter	Ret. lb	.30	.30	. 221/2		.251/3	
Eggs	Case	6.25	5.75			6.66	
Eggs	Dozen	.25	$.221_{2}$,20		.221/2	
Potatoes	Per 100 lbs wh	1.00	1.00			.781/3	
Potatoes	Per 100 lbs ret	1.25	1.25	1.75		.95	
Canned Vegetables, etc		2.65	2,45		- 	2.25	
Canned Vegetables, etc		.121/2	.131/2	.12		.10	
Canned Fruits	Case	3,55	3.70			3.38	
Canned Fruits	Can	.:0	.19	.17		.161/2	
Boiling Meats							.041/2
Boiling Meats	Ret. lb	.07				.05	.061/2
Steaks	Wh. 1b						.10
Steaks	Ret. 1b	.1214				.10	.121/2

TABLE NO. 47—CONTINUED.

Articles.	Ougutita	MAI	oison Cour	NTY.		MEAGHER	COUNTY.	
Articles.	Quantity.	Virginia City.	Sheridan.		Wh. Sul. Springs.	Castle.	Town- send.	Neihart
Flour: 1st Qual. 1mp	Per 100 lbs		İ				2.50	3.00
lour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per 1b				.0314		.03	.04
lour: 1st Qual. Mont	Per 100 lbs	2.00	2.12	2.00	2.50	2,75	2.00	2.75
lour: 1st Qual. Mont	Per lb	.0214		.0214	.0234	.03	.021/6	.031
lour: 2d Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs	1.85		2			2.00	2.75
lour: 2d Qual. Imp	Per lb	.02					.021/2	
tour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per 100 lbs		1.87	1,75	1.75	2.25	1.50	2.47
lour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per lb		1.07	.02	.02	.0216	.02	.03
orn Meal	Per 100 lbs	2.95	3,00	2.15	2.75	3.25	1.90	3.50
orn Meal	Per lb	.03	.03	.03	.03	.031/2	.021/2	.04
Rolled Oats	Per 100 lbs	3,50	4.00	3,25	4.50	4.75	3.00	4.00
Rolled Oats	Per lb	.04	.05	.04	.05	.05	.041/2	.05
Sugar	Per 100 lbs	6.00	6.371/4	5.40	6.87%	7.00	6.00	6.75
ngar	Per lb	.07	.07	.06	.0734	.0714	.061%	.08
'ea	Wh. lb	.25	.01	.35	.421%	.45	.30	.00
'ea	Ret. lb.	.35	.40	.50	.571/3	.50	.40	.50
'offee	Wh. lb.	.22	.24	.27	221	.25	.22	
Coffee	Ret. Ib	.25	.25	.30	.25		.25	,25
ard	Wh. lb	.10	. ~.,	.1114	1216	13	.10	.~.
ard	Ret. lb	1 .12	. 14	.13	.131	.14	.10	. 14
Bacon	Wh. lb	10	. 14	.10	.10	.131/2	.11	. 14
	Ret. lb	.121 %	. 1316	.121/4	.1134	.14	.14	.15
Bacor.	Wh. Ib	.1214	, 10-2	.1112	.13	.14	.12	.10
lam	Ret. lb	114	.1416	.14	.14%	.1416	.15	.15
Iam	Wh. Ib.	.25	.11,5	.25	.211.	.20	, 25	.10
Butter	Ret. lb	.30	.271;	.30	.25	.22	.25	.27
Sutter	Case	6.00	-	5,75	6,00	5.00	6,00	5.87
ggs	Dozen	.25	.2834	.25	.25	3.00	.25	3.00
g28	Per100 lbs wh	1.00	.75	.50	1.00	.75	.75	1.35
otatoes	Per 100 lbs ret	1.50	1.00	.60	1.3716	1.00	1.00	1.50
otatoes		2.85	3.121	2.20	2.87	3.75	₹.50	3.2
anned Vegetables, etc	Case	.15	.1710	.1314	.14	20	.13	.18
anned Vegetables, etc	Can		4.87				4.00	5.00
anned Fruits	Case	4.25	.25	3.75 .20	5.00	4.50		
anned Fruits	Can	, 20	. 20	.20	. 22. 2	. ಅವ	.2012	. 27
Boiling Meats	Wh. lb						.06	
Boiling Meats	Ret. lb	.0712	.09	.08	.06		.08	
teaks	Wh. lb		40				.10	
steaks	Ret. lb	.1216	.13	.131/2	.1212		.121/2	

A . 47-1-	0	Missoula	COUNTY.	Park (OUNTY.	RAVALLI	COUNTY.
Articles.	Quantity.	Missoula.	French- town.	Livingston	Horr.	Hamilton.	Stevens- ville.
Flour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs	2,72		2,25		2.15	3.00
lour: 1st Qual. Imp.		.0314		.0214		.03	.031
lour: 1st Qual. Mont.		2.15		2.10		1.75	2.65
lour: 1st Qual. Mont.		.0214		.0214		.0214	.03
		2,00		.0~ 4		.0~-4	.00
		.0214					
		1.30		1.60		1.55	1.65
Clour: 2d Qual Mont	Per 100 lbs	.0113		.0134		.0134	.02
lour: 2d Qual. Mont	Per lb						2.87
orn Meal		2.00		2.15		2.00	
orn Meal		.0223		.03		.0214	.04
Rolled Oats		2.66		3.75		3.00	3,50
Rolled Oats		0323		.06		.0412	.05
Sugar	Per 100 lbs	5.80		5,75		5.87	6,00
ugar		.0614		.07		.0618	.061
rea		.31		.3313		.38	.40
Геа	Ret. lb	.50		.50		.50	.47
offee		,2214		. 23		.22	.23
Toffee	Ret. lb	.25		, 25		.25	.25
ard		.0923				,101%	.10
ard		1213		1216	İ İ	.12161	.12
Bacon		.11				.0937	.09
Bacon	Ret. lb	1223		.10		.12	.12
lam		.11		.13		.12	.11
Iam	W. 14	.13		.14		.15	.15
Butter		,23				.15	.25
Butter	W2 11	.28		.20		.20	.25
	Case	5.17		6.00		5.25	5.25
Eggs	Dozen	2223		.20		.17	.25
ggga		75		.75		.50	.40
ofators	40 400 40			1.00		.70	,50
Potatoes		3.33		2.60		2,40	2.55
anned Vegetables, etc		3.33		.12		.121/2	.12
Canned Vegetables, etc.	Can						4.50
Canned Fruits		3.75		3.50		3.66	.25
Canned Fruits		.21		.18		20	.25
Boiling Meats					.061.2	.06 1-6	
Boiling Meats		.0612	.08	.08	.08	.07	.06
Steaks	Wh. 1b				.10	.09	
Steaks	Ret. lb	. 121 5	.10	.10	121	.1114	.10

TABLE NO. 47—Continued.

Articles.	Quantity.	SILVER	Bow Co.	SWEET GRASS CO	TETON CO	VALLEY Co.	YELLOWS	TONE Co.
Articles.	Quantity.	Butte City.	Melrose.	Big Timber.	Choteau.	Glasgow.	Billings.	Colum- bus.
Flour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per 100 lbs	2.40	2.55	2.15	2.50	3.00	2,25	
Flour: 1st Qual. Imp	Per Ib	.03	.0314	.0213	0,50	.03	. 0216	
flour: 1st Qual. Mont		2.02	2.50	2.05	2.40		2.25	2.10
lour: 1st Qual, Mont		.0214	.0314	.0214	2.30		.021/6	.021
Plour: 2d (ual. Imp		2.17	1.75	.0~4	2,25	2.75	.0572	.0~-
Flour: 2d Qual. Imp		.0216	.0216		~.~0	.0234		.02
Flour: 2d Qual Mont		1.50	1.50	1.35	2.15	.02-1	1.60	.0~
Flour: 2d Qual. Mont		.02	.0214	.0134	≈.15		.0134	
Corn Meal	D n 100 1bs	1.95		2.20	2.00	3.00	2.00	
Corn Meal		,0234	2.00					
			.0234	.021/2	.021/2	.03	.021/2	
Rolled Oats		2.25	2.75	3.00	3.00	4.50	4.50	
Rolled Oats		.0314	.05	.04	.031.2	.05	.05	
ugar		5.75	5.85	5.60	6.00	6.00	5.50	6.50
Sugar		.06	$.061_{4}$.06	$06\frac{1}{2}$.06	.05%	.07
Դeā		.1850	.30	.3040	.40		.40~.65	
Геа		.20-1.00	.50	.4565	.45	. 40	.5075	
Coffee		.231/2	.22	$.221_{2}$.221/2	.25	.221/2	.22
Coffee		,27	. 25	.25	.25	.27	.25	. 25
ard	Wh. lb	.0814	.091/6	.101/2	.11		.101/2	
ard	Ret. lb	.11	.121/2	.13	.12	.10	.121%	
Bacon	Wh. lb	.09	.09 ~	.10	.10		.0914	
Bacon	Ret. lb.	.11	.121/6	.12	.11	.10	.1014	
Tam		.10	.101/6	.11	.12		.11	
Jani		.1114		.13	.13	.1214	.12%	
Sutter		.23	.20	.25	.25	12,7,2	.18	.18
Butter		.28	.30	.25	.30	.25	.20	.20
Eggs		4.70	4.25	6.00	6.00		4.50	5.20
		.20	7.20	.20	.30	20	.20	.20
otatoes		.85		.60	1.00	1.00	.75	.75
otatoes		1.15		1.00	1.50	1.25	1.00	1.00
anned Vegetables, etc		2.50	2,35	2.25	2.75	1.~0	2,25	1.00
		.15	.15	.12	1213	.12	.1214	
anned Vegetables, etc				4.25		.1~		· · · · · · · · · · · · ·
anned Fruits		3.50	3.40	.20	4.00		4.00	
anned Fruits		$.18^{1}_{4}$.19	.20	.20	.20	.20	· · · · · · · · · · ·
Boiling Meats	W n. 10				.051/2	.061/2	.051/2	
Boiling Meats	Ket. Ib	.05			.06	.08	.06	
teaks					$.09\frac{1}{2}$.08	.08	
teaks	Ret. lb	.12			.111/2	.11	.10	

Cattle, Sheep and Wool Industries.

MONTANA CATTLE, 1895.

The year 1895 was a favorable one for the Cattle industry, there having been, as shown by the report of the Montana Board of Stock Commissioners, 246,460 head shipped to eastern markets, where, as will be seen from tables following, the yearly average price for good to choice native steers weighing from 1,200 to 1,500 pounds was higher than for the best of the preceding five years although prices dropped low late in the season. Beside these about 60,000 head were slaughtered for home markets. The aggregate value of these 306,460 head, at \$36.00 per head, the estimated average value computed by the Board of Stock Commissioners, was \$11,032,560, the largest amount ever received for Montana cattle in one year. Green Preuitt, Esq., Secretary of the above board, states in the Annual Report, "In many respects the year 1895 was a remarkable one in the history of the stock industry. During the early part of the season the cry went up all over our land that there was an immense shortage of beef cattle and that the demand would far exceed the supply, the result being that the markets were higher than for some years; but as the season advanced and the west poured its cattle into the great markets, there was a total collapse; and, whereas the season opened with extremely high prices, the end was marked with as low a market as has been known for many years. The stockmen who made early shipments were extremely fortunate in securing unusually good prices, but the later shipments, especially the very late ones, fared worse than in previous years, as a rule. The early spring promised a very discouraging season on account of short feed and scarcity of water, but the late spring rains were effectual in producing feed and water, and as the cattle took on flesh very rapidly, they averaged up in better condition than usual, a large number of Montana cattle being considered good enough for the export trade." State Veterinarian Bird estimates the number of cattle brought to Montana at about 70,000 head.

Herewith appears the record and estimates by the State Board of Stock Commissioners, the most reliable authority in the state on the subjects covered. The number reported "inspected" in 1894 and 1895 includes the number shipped out of the state to market.

In reporting for 1894 many stock farmers were despondent on account of the great destruction of calves and colts by wild animals, especially wolves, and a number of large owners stated unless these losses could be diminished they would have to discontinue breeding cattle. The Fourth Legislative Assembly placed a bounty of \$3 each on wolves and coyotes and already the destruction of these animals has been so great that losses are materially decreased and it is believed the evil will be practically abated. A table presented herein, made up from reports to the Bureau by county clerks and recorders, shows that for the six months ended December 31, 1895, there were bounty certificates issued for 2,978 wolves and 11.245 coyotes, mostly killed in principal stockgrowing counties, and as poison is largely used doubtless many are killed the pelts of which are never recovered.

INSPECTION OF MONTANA CATTLE FOR MARKET.

(As reported by W. G. Preuitt, Esq., Secretary Board of Stock Commissioners.)

Years.	Number Inspected.	Number of Strays Recovered.	Amount Received for Estrays.	Estimated Value at \$35.00 Each.	Number of Arrests.	Number of Inspectors
1885	79,089	1,035	\$1,119	\$36,225	19	8
1886	119,620	1,730	9,699	60,550	43	Q Q
1887	82,134	3,160	15,825	110,600	13	Š
1888	167,602	3,790	39,337	132,750	6	5
1889	123,880	3,424	38,411	119,840	20	5
1890	174,035	3,991	29,629	139,685	21	9
1891	250,000	13,746	181,832	481,110	14	10
1892	203,000	11,110	214,648	388,850	7	13
1893	222,158	17,565	148,776	a 526,950	13	14
1894	302,655	19,855	150,900	694,925	23	15
1895	306,460	24,245	179,721	b 872,820	29	16

a Rated at \$30 per head; b Rated at \$36 per head.

ESTIMATED NET VALUE OF MONTANA CATTLE MARKETED AND CONSUMED 1891-5.

Years.	Number Shipped to Eastern Markets.	No. Killed for Home Markets and Indian Agencies.	a, Average net value per 11ead.	Total Net Value.
1891 1892 1893 1893 1894	225,000 203,000 222,158 242,655 246,460	50,000 60,000 57,000 60,000 60,000	\$40 00 35 00 30 90 35 00 36 00	\$11,000,000 9,205,000 8,625,982 10,592,925 11,082,560
Totals	1,139,273	287,000	\$35 38	\$50,456,467

a The average cost of freight and marketing, \$7.50 per head is excluded in computing these values.

TABLE NO. 48—MONTHLY RANGE OF PRICES PAID IN THE CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET FOR GOOD TO CHOICE NATIVE STEERS OF 1,200 TO 1,500 POUNDS AVERAGES, DURING EACH MONTH AND YEAR FROM JANUARY 1890 TO DECEMBER 31, 1895, INCLUSIVE.

(Prepared by Messrs. Horine Brothers & Co., Union Stock Yards, Chicago, for U. S. Bureau of Statistics, and for this Bureau.)

	189	90	189	91.	1892.			
Month.	1,200 to 1,350 pounds.	1,350 to 1,500 pounds.	1,250 to 1,350 pounds.	1,350 to 1,500 pounds.	1,250 to 1,350 pounds.	1,350 to 1,500 pounds.		
January February March April May June July August September October November December	\$2 85 to 4 85 3 10 4 60 3 30 4 80 3 35 4 85 3 85 5 00 3 50 4 65 2 85 5 500 2 75 5 500 2 75 5 00 2 80 5 00	\$3 45 to 5 25 3 30 5 25 3 70 5 10 8 85 5 30 4 15 5 25 3 70 5 00 3 70 5 00 3 25 5 25 4 4 00 5 37 3 30 5 25 3 25 5 25 3 25 5 25 3 25 5 25	\$3 58 to 4 89 3 58 5 01 4 23 5 36 4 50 5 72 4 88 5 96 4 4 60 5 80 3 11 5 60 3 11 5 60 3 23 5 71 2 91 5 28 2 88 5 510 3 14 4 91	4 34 5 28 4 74 5 46 4 96 5 91 5 40 6 14 5 34 6 13 5 01 5 99 3 93 5 90 3 90 5 93 3 56 5 91	\$3 00 to 4 75 3 00 4 60 3 45 4 70 3 65 4 50 3 50 4 75 3 65 4 50 3 50 4 75 3 45 5 85 3 10 5 25 2 85 5 20 2 85 5 35 3 00 5 35	\$3 45 to 5 56 \$3 65 5 00 \$3 65 5 00 \$3 55 4 80 \$3 85 4 80 \$3 85 6 10 \$4 00 5 56 \$3 25 5 78 \$3 35 6 30		
Yearly Range	2 75 to 5 10	3 25 to 5 60	2 88 to 5 96	3 23 to 6 14	2 85 to 5 85	3 25 to 6 3		
Yearly Averages	4 021/2	4 421/2	4 42	4 681/2	4 121/2	4 51		
Yearly Average.	4 2	21/2	4.5	5514	4	32		

	189	93.	18	94.	18	95.	
Month.	1,250 to 1,350 pounds.	1,350 to 1,500 pounds.	1,250 to 1,350 pounds.	1,350 to 1,500 pounds.	1,200 to 1,350 pounds.	1,350 to 1,500 pounds.	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	\$3 35 to 5 65 4 00 5 60 8 95 5 65 4 15 5 50 4 00 5 80 3 90 5 45 3 25 5 35 3 00 5 29 5 2 90 5 25 3 00 5 5 50 3 00 5 5 50 3 00 5 5 50	\$3 90 to 6 00 4 40 6 05 4 30 6 00 4 25 5 95 4 10 6 00 3 50 5 40 3 35 5 25 3 10 5 50 3 50 5 90 3 50 6 00	2 90 4 75 2 90 4 65 3 05 4 65 3 40 4 60 3 35 5 05 3 00 4 90 2 90 5 40 3 20 6 30 3 00 6 10	3 10 4 85 3 15 4 90 3 30 4 85 3 60 4 90 3 75 5 10 3 60 5 05 3 41 5 75 3 85 6 40 3 60 6 35 3 30 6 25	3 25 5 65 4 00 6 25 4 25 6 25 4 20 6 00 3 70 5 85 3 45 5 75 3 75 5 80 3 60 5 75 3 00 4 90	3 70 5 75 4 45 6 40 5 00 6 30 4 40 6 25 4 10 6 00 4 00 5 90 4 00 5 95 3 85 6 00 3 50 5 50	
Yearly Range	2 90 to 5 80	3 10 to 6 05	2 90 to 6 30	3 10 to 6 40	3 00 to 6 25	3 20 to 6 40	
Yearly Averages	4 49	4 81	4 20	4 48	4 60	4 86	
Yearly Average.	4 (35	4	34	4 73		

Note—Messrs. Horine Brothers & Co. states that "the above table was compiled from the reports of actual sales upon the Chicago market published in the 'Daily Drovers Journal,' the leading Live Stock Market paper of that city. Also, that the figures given represent the highest and lowest prices paid in the ordinary range of sales during each month and year, for the two leading classes of beef cattle sold on that market, as the best index to the general cattle market. Extraordinary prices obtained because of nusual extremes in quality, are avoided, the object being to present a fair and truthful statement showing by comparison the drift of the ordinary market from month to month and from year to year."

TABLE NO. 49—Showing by Principal Stock raising Counties, estimated Losses of Stock expressed in Per Centages, by Wild Animals and Winter Perishing for Year ended June 30, 1895, as reported by Stock Growers.*

Frac		Horses			Colts.			CATTLE.	
Counties.	Killed by Wild Animals	Winter Perished, year ended June 30, 1895.	Estimated Av. Perishing loss for all winters	Killed by Wild Animals	Winter Perished year ended June 30, 1895	Estimated Av. Perishing loss for all winters	Killed by W.ld Animals	Winter Perished, year ended June 30, 1895	Estimated Av. Perishing loss for all winters
Beaverhead 2 Carbon 3 Casrade 4 Choteau 5 Custer 6 Dawson 7 Fergus 8 Lewis and Clarke 9 Madison 10 Meagher 11 Sweet Grass 12 Teton 13 Valley 14 Yellowstone Average of all	4 60 5 39 2 00 4 48 	3 34 4 22 2 20 3 00 2 20 2 08 1 18 2 37	3 00 4 22 3 50 4 00 2 86 	2 00 10 00 17 56 6 57 2 25 6 03 3 83	2 69	3 00	Per Ct. 2 92 2 96 4 23 8 61 6 98 4 24	1 77 3 18 5 87 4 63 6 55 6 27 3 88 4 50 2 42 3 59 	2 78 5 06 6 18 5 68 6 57 2 59 2 93

Procin		CALVES.	_		SHEEP.			LAMBS.	
Counties.	Killed by Wild Animals	Winter Perished, year ended June 30, 1895	Estimated Av. Perishing loss for all Winters	Killed by Wild Animals	Winter Perished, year ended June 30, 1895	Estimated Av. Perishing loss for all winters	Killed by Wild Animals	Winter Perished, year ended June 30, 1895	Estimated Av. Perishing loss for all winters
1 Beaverhead. 2 Carbon 3 Cascade 4 Choteau 5 Custer. 6 Dawson. 7 Fergus 8 Lewis and Clarke 9 Madison. 10 Meagher. 11 Sweet Grass. 12 Teton. 3 Valley. 4 Yellowstone. Average of all.	5 60 4 87	Per Ct. 3 68 3 52 6 68 6 70 8 01 12 21 9 06	4 43 3 00 9 78 8 15 7 72 12 21 8 90 5 14	Per Ct. 2 31 1 00 1 69 2 04 4 13 5 00 1 48 2 11 1 100 1 88 2 38 1 107 1 03 2 85	2 37 1 00 2 33 1 55 3 00 3 45 2 49 2 86 2 84 2 69 2 58 1 65 3 96 1 89	Per Ct. 2 86 	Per Ct. 3 29 1 59 3 37 3 28 1 06 2 65 1 00 2 49 3 20 1 70 1 18 4 39 2 34	4 46 2 00 2 22 2 00 3 12 5 00 3 39 3 48 3 22 2 74 2 27 2 05 3 45 3 25	Per Ct. 5 07 2 00 3 47 2 33 3 50 3 77 2 86 3 00 2 39 2 46 2 17

^{*} The reports and estimates in this Table were received from owners in the several Counties of 6,860 head of horses; 1,469 colts: 115,434 head of cattle; 18,058 calves; 581,650 head of sheep and 125,588 lambs. While, therefore, not purporting to be exact it is believed to be approximately so. Owners of range stock are not as a rule able to give exact figures of these losses, so that, even if reports were received from all owners, it would still remain a matter of estimate.

TABLE NO. 50—BOUNTY CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY THE SEVERAL COUNTIES FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF WILD ANIMALS, FOR SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1895, UNDER SECTIONS 3070, 3071 AND 3072 OF THE POLITICAL CODE OF MONTANA—AS REPORTED BY COUNTY RECORDERS.

		JULY	r	A	ugu	ST.	SE	PTEX	BER.	О	стов	ER.	No	VEM	BER.	Di	CEM	BER.	Total Amo'nt
Counties.	Wolves	otes	Am't of Bounty at \$3 each	Wolves	Coyotes	Am't of Bounty at \$3 each	Wolves	Coyotes	A m 't of Bounty at \$3 each	Wolves	Coyotes	Am't of Bounty at \$3 each	Wolves	Coyotes	Am't of Bounty at \$3 each	Wolves	Coyotes	Am't of Bounty at \$3 each	of Bounty Certifi- cates issued.
Beaverhead	No.	No. 26	\$ 78	No.	No. 9	\$ 27	No.	No 13	\$ 39	No.	No. 52	\$ 156	No.	No. 147	\$ 441	No.	No. 87	\$ 261	\$ 1,002
Carbon	2	16	54	4	44	144		18	54	4	99	309	4	63	201		24	72	834
Cascade	11	57	204	7	12	57	8	69	231	12	75	261	12	14	78	23	62	255	1,086
Choteau	346	844	3,570	92	253	1,035	79	198	831	121	299	1,260		460	1,698		527	1,881	10,275
Custer	126	433	1,677	95	189	852	124	172	888	167	583	2,250	70	280	1,050	94	386	1,440	8,157
Dawson	66	67	399	21	56	231	19	16	105	41	53	282	33	174	621	9	57	198	1,836
Deer Lodge		20	60		13	39		3	9		6	18		23	69		16	48	243
Fergus	179	198	1,131	46	90	408	54	108	486	48	197	735	97	381	1,434	42	212	762	4,956
Flathead	7	17	72		4	12		31	93		12	36		27	81	1	39	120	414
Gallatin		18	54		18	54		6	18		9	27		27	81	1	19	60	294
Granite		9	27		3	9		4	12		4	12		16	48		9	27	135
Jefferson]	8	24		14	42	1	25	78		8	24	,	37	111		23	69	348
Lewis & Clark	22	29	153	14	19	99	2	15	51	1	8	27	2	17	57	4	22	78	465
Madison		46	138		5	15		3	9	!	17	51		18	54		51	153	420
Meagher	6	27	99	5	- 6	33		9	27	9	30		8	84		11	74	255	807
		48	144	1	20	63		5	15		17	51		53	159		47	141	573
Park		36	108	1	13	42		13	39	1	12	39	1	32	99		36	108	435
Ravalli	::	4	12		- 8	24		1	3		23	69		19	57		4	12	177
Sweet Grass	13	47	180	. 8	14	66	1	21	66		18	54	5	42	141	4	63	201	708
Silver Bow									*****		1	3				:	14	42	45
Teton	65	193	774	15	36	153	6	87	279	9	50	177	21	62	249	15	32	141	1,773
*Valley (est)					;;			****	F 00	100		1 050				116	1275	4,178	4,173
Yellowstone	52	88	420	39	41	240	48	126	522	105	245	1,050	51	122	519	45	209	762	3,513
Total	895	2231	9,378	348	867	3,645	342	943	3,855	518	1818	7,008	410	2098	7,524	465	3288	11,259	42,669

Total Certificates issued in 6 months: Wolves, 2,978; Coyotes, 11,245. Total of both, 14,223.

TABLE NO. 51—Comparative Statement of Numbers and assessed Value of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs in State, Years 1892 to 1895.

	Hor	ses—All Gra	DES.	CATTLE-ALL GRADES.					
Years.	Number of Head.	Value as Equalized.	Ave. Value per Head.	Number of Head.	Value as Equalized.	Ave. Value per Head.			
1892 1893 1894 1896	Number. 170,720 184,197 184.633 191,388	Dollars. 4,797,372 5,088,752 3,597,867 3,297,301	Dollars. 28 51 22 20 19 54 17 23	Number. 702,372 770,984 673,467 673,212	Dollars. 10,760,012 12,323,461 10,343,121 11,940,623	Dollars. 15 32 15 98 15 36 17 74			

		SHEEP.		Hogs.				
Years.	Number of Head.	Value as Equalized.	Ave. Value per Head.	Number of Head.	Value as Equalized.	Ave. Value per Head.		
1892 1893 1894 1895	Number. 1,884,086 2,254,527 2,288,875 2,605,102	Dollars. 5,098,931 5,980,316 3,388,421 4,100,303	Dollars. 2 71 2 65 1 47 1 57	Number. 7,034 9,914 12,596 20,527	Dollars. 30,831 59,994 62,066 100,938	Dollars. 4 38 6 05 4 93 4 92		

^{*} The record having been kept continuously from March 1, 1895, and not in monthly accounts, the number and amount here given for Valley county is six-tenths of the totals reported by the County Clerk and Recorder.

TABLE NO. 52—Assessed Stock in Montana, 1895, Showing Number, Value as Equalized and Average Value per Head.

From Report of	State	Board of	Equalization.
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			.				l a					
	Horses	s—All grac	les.	CATTLI	E—All gra	ides.	SHEEP-	-All grad	98.		Hogs.	
County.	No. of Head	Value as Equalized	Av. value per head	No. of Head	Value as Equalized	head	No of Head	Value as Equalized	Av. Value per head	No. of Head	Value as Equalized	Av. Value per head
Beaverhead Carbon Cascade Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula Park Ravalli Silver Bow Sweet Grass Teton Valley Yellowstone	No 10,772 5,803 9,385 10,302 28,456 7,104 8,888 15,497 3,673 11,413 3,864 8,615 5,950 16,658 12,610 3,562 4,743 4,999 3,461 2,356	Dols. 128 970 99,215 154,691 154,521 391,476 143,029 137,766 306,695 62,507 226,687 73,510 165,650 143,884 258,335 168,155 98,714 88,965 139,251 96,980 51,209 120,070	Dois 117 09 16 48 15 01 13 75 20 13 15 50 19 80 20 83 19 77 19 02 19 22 24 71 14 50 13 30 27 71 18 50 27 85 28 62 15 82 15 82 15 82 15 82	No. 33,534 11,682 26,506 78,900 166,829 55,922 16,122 61,475 3,761 16,306 15,684 4,900 8,303 8,739 32,385 24,666 20,261	Dols. 557,531 200,593	Dols 16 63 17 13 17 01 17 13 17 01 17 32 17 08 16 97 18 13 17 18 17 83 17 18 17 09 17 09 17 09 17 09 17 09 17 09 17 09 17 09 17 08 18 29 17 08	83,968 104,258 145,665 320,256 224,943 132,633 43,294 172,464 116 6,051 7,147 39,400 39,400 39,400 2,282 47,787 2,780 207,686 207,686 199,791 50,855	Dols: 167,936 171,539 171,549 480,384 480,384 347,167 232,106 65,013 711,085 33,761 34,627 15,417 59,100 56,050 3,463 82,744 29,686 76,981 246,746	Dols 2 00 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	No. 547 418 1,428 318 148 59 652 522 1,739 2,978 418 709 196 6,418 813 1,431 7,32 4,876 275 200 864	Dols. 2,335 2,370 7,142 1,514 885 835 835 825 7,314 12,966 7,600 7,600 7,450 1,480 1,705 1,202 2,784	Dols 4 266 5 00 4 798 5 00 4 35 5 00 4 35 5 00 4 35 5 00 4 35 5 00 4 35 5 00 6 32 5 5 00 6 32 5 5 00
Totals	191,388	3,297,301	17 23	673,212	11,940,623	17 74	2,605,102	4,100,303	1 57	20,527	100,938	4 92

WOOL AND SHEEP, 1895.

The number of Sheep assessed in Montana in 1895 was 2,605,102, an increase of 316,227 head over the number assessed in 1894. It has been customary to add to this assessed number for purposes of computation, about 9 per cent. of shearing sheep as having escaped assessment, which would bring the number of Sheep in the state up to 2,865,612; but it would seem the assessments were more than usually close in 1895 and that five per cent would be a fair allowance to add, making the total number of shearing sheep 2,735,357. The average weight per clip as reported to this Bureau by growers of 5,456,194 pounds of wool was 7.07 pounds, an increase of .09 over the clip of 1894. At this average the wool clip of Montana for 1895 was 19,338,973 pounds, an increase of .306,139 over the clip of 1894. The estimates made by the National Association of Wool Manufacturers do not differ materially from the above.

The average price per pound paid at shearing points by purchasers of 11,988,809 pounds of wool in 1895 is reported at 10.48 per pound; and by sellers of 5,456,194 pounds as averaging at shipping points 10.17 cents per pound. Averaging these at 10½ cents for the wool clip of the state, the proceeds from the wool clip for 1895 aggregated \$1.997,716. Some portions of the above clip, although a much less quantity than usual, was shipped east on consignment, and is computed in as if sold at average rate. The presence of number of buyers at principal shipping points in the state during the purchasing season was gratifying to growers, and relieved them of what were grievous

The year of 1895 was better than that of 1894 for mutton sheep and yet not a good year in the Chicago market. The feed was favorable and made good flesh, but by the time Montana shipments reached the market prices had dropped from the higher rates prevailing earlier, the market was glutted and prices obtained were but little better than in 1894. Sheep not being subject to the same rules adoped for cattle by the Board of Stock Commissioners it is not practicable to get exact figures, and estimates as made from railroad shipments and market receipts vary somewhat. Clay, Robinson & Co., Chicago, estimate 400,000 head of Montana fed and grassers were marketed in that city in 1895 but the railroad shipments obtainable do not indicate so large a number—probably about 280,000 head for the year. The estimated number slaughtered in the state for market was 40,000 head, and the average price \$2.00. At a net return of \$1.80 per head for those marketed in Chicago, the mutton crop of the state for 1895 aggregated \$584,000.

PRICES OF MUTTON SHEEP IN CHICAGO, 1895.

From Daily Drovers Journal.

PRICES OF W	ESTERNS.		PRICES OF	NATIVES AND I	AMBS.
Months.	Western Sheep	Bulk of Westerns.	Native Sheep.	Bulk of Sales	Lambs.
January February March April May June July Angust September October November	2.60 4.60 3.65 4.87 3.75 5.00 2.25 5.35 1.50 4.40 1.75 4.15 2.00 3.70 1.35 3.50	\$3.00@3.75 3.50 4.40 4.00 4.60 3.50 4.75 2.00 3.60 2.00 3.75 2.25 3.45 2.50 3.35 2.40 3.00 2.75 3.10	\$1.40@4.25 1.25 4.75 1.25 5.00 1.15 5.25 1.60 5.50 1.75 4.60 1.25 4.75 1.10 4.25 1.20 4.00 1.00 5.50 1.00 4.00 1.05 4.75	\$2.50@3,75 3.40 4,40 3.50 4,75 3.40 4,75 3.40 4,75 3.40 2,75 3,80 2,55 3,75 2,40 3,50 2,00 3,40 2,50 3,40 2,50 3,40 2,50 3,40 2,50 3,40 2,50 3,40	\$1.75@5.00 2.50 5.00 2.50 6.10 3.50 6.10 3.00 6.30 2.75 6.20 2.75 5.62 2.75 5.00 1.90 4.85 2.00 4.65 2.25 4.75
1895	1.35 5.35 1.10 5.40 1.25 6.45	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2.00 & 4.75 \\ 1.75 & 4.50 \\ 2.50 & 5.25 \end{array}$.75 5.50 .60 5.40 .75 6.75	2.00 4.08 1.50 5.00 2.25 6.00	1.75 6.35 1.00 6.00 2.25 7.55

TABLE NO. 53—AVERAGE PRICE OF MONTANA WOOL IN BOSTON, 1894 AND 1895. Prepared for Bureau of Agriculture, Labor and Industry by Fenno Bros. & Childs, from actual sales in Boston.

Months.	Fine Medi Grease. Grea										Coarse Scoured	
	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895	1894	1895
anuary	cts. 9—10		cts. 10—13	cts. 10—11	cts. 13-14	cts. 12—13	cts. 35—38	cts. 32—33	cts. 33—35	cts. 31- 33	cts.	cts. 28—
ebruary	7—10 9—10	7 - 8	$10-12 \ 10-13\frac{1}{2}$	9—11 9—10	13—14 13—14	12-13 11-12	35—37 35—37	3133	33—35 33—36	30 - 32 2930	30—32 30—32	28— 27—
pril	8—10 8—10 8—10	7-8	10—12 10—13 10—13	8—10 8—10 9—12	13—14 13—14 12—13	10-11 $10-11$ $12-14$	34—35 33—35 33—35	30-31 30-32 32-34	34—35 32—35 32—35	28 - 30 $27 - 30$ $30 - 33$	30 30—32 30	26— 25— 28—
uneulyuly	8—10 9—11	9-10	9—13 10—13	12—13 12	12-13 12-14	13—14 13—15 14	33—38 35—40	34-36 34-35	30—37 32—35	33—35 33 34	28—32 30—33	30- 30-
eptember ctober	8—10 7—10	9	10—13 10—12	12 12—13	13-14 12-13	14 14	34—35 34—35	$34 - 35 \\ 34 - 35$	32-36 32-35	33—34 33—35	30—32 30—31	30 30
ovember		9-10		12-13		14		34-36				30- 30-

Montana Wools grade generally to medium—that is the large proportion of the wool—Montana Sheep growers having an eye to Mutton as well as wool, and hence breed to a good sized variety of Sheep. Therefore probably four-fifths of the Montana clip is what we call "fine medium" wool. F. B. & Co.

TABLE NO. 54—SHEEP IN UNITED STATES AND WOOL CLIP 1894—1895.

From Bulletins of National Association of Wool Manufacturers.

	1894						1895		
States and Territories.	No. Sheep April	Average weight of fleece	Wool Washed and Unwashed.	Shrinkage	No. of Sheep April 1, 1895	Average weight of fleece	Wool, washed and unwashed pounds	Per cent of Shrinkage	Scoured Wool,
Maine New Hampshire Vermont Massachusetts Rhode Island Connecticut New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland Virginia North Carolina	Number. 314,840 109,813 271,485 50,618 10,704 38,692 1,349,186 54,980 1,444,024 112,525 139,919 472,314 360,504	1bs. 6 7 1/2 6 6 61/4 5 6 51/2 5 5 5	Pounds, 1,889,040 768,691 2,036,138 303,708 64,234 232,152 8,432,413 274,900 8,664,144 68,888 699,595 2,361,570 1,802,520	58 60 45 43 44 53 48 53 46 48 48	276,186 102,834 218,995 42,173 10,918 35,923 1,041,732 49,091 1,072,703 12,873 132,233 390,491 332,469	6 71/2 6 6 6 5 51/2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1,657,116 719,838 1,632,462 253,038 65,508 215,538 6,250,392 245,455 5,899,867 70,801 661,165 1,952,455 1,662,320	45 43 44 52 48 53 46 48 43	944,556 302,332 652,985 139,171 37,340 120,701 3,000,188 127,437 2,772,937 38,233 343,806 1,112,899 847,783

TABLE NO. 54—CONTINUED.

	1894				1895						
	No. 8	Average v	Wool and	Shrinkage	No. of	Average of fleece	Wool, vand unv	Per cent. of shrinkage	Scoured wool Pounds		
States and Territories.	Sheep 1894	leec	Un	kage	of il 1,	leec	nds	ent. inka	ed v		
		weig!	wa wa		18.5	weig	wa wa	ge of	.: 00		
	April	ight	washed Unwashed		sheep 1895	eight 	washed nwasha d		-		
	Number.	lbs.	Pounds.	Pr ct.	1 1						
South Carolina	75,405 393,900	5	377,025 1,772,550	45	72,427	5	362,135	45	199,17		
Georgia Florida	107,805	4½ 5	539,025	42 43	332,028 97,131	$\frac{41/_{2}}{5}$	1,494,126	42 43	866,59		
Alabama	329,735	41/2	1.483,808	45	278,951	41/2	485,655 1,255,280	43	276,82		
Mississippi	390,488	5	1,952,440	53	332,659	5	1,663,295	53	715,51 581,74		
Louisiana	175,244	5	876,220	48	126,194	5	630.970	48	328,10		
Texas	3,619,870	61/2	23,529,155	70	3,487,663	61/2	22,669,869	70	6,800,94		
Arkansas	215,068	6 2	1,290,408	60	199,801	6	1,198,806	60	479,52		
Tennessee	488,064	5	2,440,320	48	451,811	41/2	2,033,150	48	1,057,23		
West Virginia	732,780	51/2	4,030,290	47	572,617	51/2	2,149,393	47	1,139,17		
Kentucky	1,107,269	51/2	6,089,980	40	956,784	51/2	5,272,312	40	3,163,38		
Ohio	3,652,733	51/2	20,090,031	52	3,369,929	51/2	18,534,610	52	8,896,61		
Michigan	3,652,733 2,337,587	6-/2	15,194,316	56	1,86~,773	61/2	12,140,524	56	5,341.83		
Indiana	931,507	6	5,589,042	45	783,535	6	4,701,210	45	2,585,66		
Illinois	994,756	61/2	6,465,914	50	811,072	$6\frac{1}{2}$	5,271,968	50	2,585,66 2,635,98		
Wisconsin	1,033,318	6	6,199,908	50	867,092	6	5,202,552	50	2,601,27		
Minnesota	502,580	6	3,015,480	60	473,538	6	2,841,228	60	1,136,49		
Iowa	749,640	7	5,247,480	62	602,813	7	4,219,691	62	1,603,48		
Missouri	971,925	6	5,831,550	53	817,779	6	4,906,674	50	2,453,33		
Kansas	316,934	8	2,535,472	65	270,210	81/2	2,296,785	67	757,93		
Nebraska	269,058	9	2,421,522	69	173,542	$81\frac{7}{2}$	1,475,103	70	542,53		
California	3,753,594	7	26,275,158	66	3,307,708	7	23,153,956	63	8,566,96		
Oregon	2,481,694	8	19,853,552	65	2,451,336	8	19,610,688	67	6,471,52		
Nevada	505,992	8	4,047,936	69	544,077	8	4,352,616	69	1,349,31		
Colorado	1,265,904	~	8,861,328	67	1,219,794	634	8,233,609	65	2,881,76		
Arizona	691,246	9	6,221,214	73	742,067	9	6,678,603	73	1,803,22		
North Dakota	359,012	61.4	2,243,825	63	349,547	6	2,097,282	61	817,94		
South Dakota	319,438	6	1,916,628	55	311,513	6	1,869,078	60	757,63		
Idaho	771,752	71/2	5,788,140	67	899,628	$7\frac{1}{2}$	6,747,210	67	2,026,57		
Montana	2,714.166	61/2	17,642,079	63	2,718,838	7	19,031,866	65	6,661,15		
New Mexico	2,818,946	434	13,389,994	55	2,936,612	434	13,948,907	55	6,277,00		
Utah	1,808,622	61/2	11,756,043	65	1,898,519	6	11,391,114	64	4,100,80		
Washington	807,933	7	5,655,531 9,861,811	68	736,875	7	5,158,125	68	1,650,60		
Wyoming Oklahoma	1,160,213 18,222	81/2 7	9,861,811 127,554	68 67	1,146,741 22,163	$\frac{81}{7}$	9,747,300 155,141	68 67	3,119,13 51,19		
Total	43,501,994	6.39	278,210,712	59.71	39,949,388	6.375	254,296,726	60	101,718,69		
Pulled Wool							40,000,000	40	24,000,00		
Total Product							294,296,726		125,718,690		

TABLE NO. 55—PRICES PAID AT POINTS STATED, AND SHIPPING RATES TO BOSTON, St. Louis, and Chicago, by the Purchasers of 11,988,809 pounds of Montana wool during the season of 1895, as reported by them.

No. of Report	Where Bought.	* Pounds Bought and Reported.	llighest Price Paid Per Ponnd.	Lowest Price Paid Per Pound.	Average Price Paid Per Pound.	Average Weight Per Fleece.	Average R. R. Freight Per 100 lbs. From Shipping Point to Destination	On Consign- ment.
7 1 11	Big Sandy	25,000 250,000 109,000	10 ⁵ ₈ 11 1-5	9 9	10 10	$\begin{bmatrix} 6^3_4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	1.85 1.60	15,000
		384,000	11 1-5	9	10	6½	1.72	15,000
1 3	Big Timber	925,000 190,000	12.05 1218	81/ ₂ 81/ ₂	10 11	7	1.50	
11	66	200,000 62,172	11 10½	91/2	1034 104	6	1.50 1.60	70,000 15,000
		1,377,172	1218	81/2	10.25	6.94	1.53	85,000
1 3	Billings	50,000 190,000	$\frac{11^{1}_{4}}{12^{1}_{8}}$	11 ¹ 4 8 ¹ / ₂	111 ₄	7	1.50	
$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 7 \\ 11 \end{array}$	44 44	209,000 325,000 426,800	$12 \\ 10\frac{1}{2} \\ 11\frac{1}{2} \\ 3$	1118 9 814	$\begin{array}{c c} 11\frac{1}{2} \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{array}$	6 8 6	1.45 1.50 1.60	75,000
		1,191,800	1218	814	10.46	61/2	1.51	75,000

TABLE NO. 55—CONTINUED.

No. of Report	Where Bought.	* Pounds Bought and Reported.	Highest Price Paid Per Pound	Lowest Price Paid Per Pound.	Average Price Paid Per Pound.	Average Weight Per Fleece.	Average R. R. Freight per 100 lbs. From Shipping Point to destination	On Consign- ment.
1	Buford, Chester, Chi-	966,000	11^{1}_{4}	71/2	10	7	1.80	
1	Deer Lodge, Missoula,	450,000	1014	8	91/2	7	1.85	
10	Dillon	65,000	10	10	10		1.90	
8	Fort Benton	133,000 25,000	12^{1}_{-4} $9\frac{1}{2}$	11½ 8½	12 9	8	1,10	150,000
1 6 8	Glendive	250,000 225,000 200,000	111 ₄ 111 ₈ 11	10 10 834	$\begin{array}{c} 10\frac{1}{2} \\ 10\frac{3}{4} \\ 9\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	6½ 6 7½	1.10 1.12 1.10	150 000
		675,000	1114	8%	10.28	6.64	1.11	150,000
1 2 3 4 5 7 8 10	Great Falls.	975,000 215,000 230,000 205,000 112,837 500,000 100,000 550,000 137,000	13 ¹ / ₄ 11 ³ / ₈ 12 ⁷ / ₈ 11 ³ / ₈ 11 ¹ / ₂ 12 ¹ / ₂ 12 ¹ / ₈	85% 934 934 8 934 914 1018 834	10.50 10.42 11.50 10.25 10.60 10.80 10.75 10	61/4	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.20 1.40 1.60	100,000 40,000 222,000
		3,024,837	1314	8	10,51	61/2	1.46	362,000
1	Miles City	510,000	13	8	10.20	61/2	1.50	
11 9 8	Not Specified	127,000 3,000,000 60,000	10½ 13¼	8 8 7½	10.25 10.75 8.50	6 8	1.50 1.20	125,000 250,000
		3,187,000	1314	71/2	10.68	6,05	1.35	375,000
	Total and averages for all	11,988,809	1314	712	10.48	6.73	1.53	1,212,000

^{*} It is not to be understood this column shows the wool product of the state. It shows merely the amount purchased by those reporting, and is given to show the proportion on which the other calculations are based.

Note—At the close of the wool purchasing season in Montana in 1895 this Bureau submitted to all known eastern purchasers of Montana wool who had buyers here, a schedule of inquiries covering the amount of wool purchased by them, the highest, lowest and average prices paid by them, average weight of fleeces, average transportation charges from place of shipment to point of destination, comparative quality, etc. Nearly all the principal purchasers responded and the results are given above. It is not assumed this table gives the entire purchases in the state or at any point—it merely gives the aggregate purchases and other items at those points by the persons reporting. there being as many as ten purchasers at some places. The average price paid per pound has been carefully worked out and shows the average net price received by wool growers at the several purchasing points. This with the freight rates (the higher rates being to the Atlantic coast) and average price of Montana wools in Boston, published in another table, will be of interest to wool growers. These reports involving the private business of purchasers their names are of course not disclosed. Incidental to this table it may be stated that a list published in State papers in August last, aggregating 20,660,000 pounds, which list was given by buyers or agents of buyers in the State, was not verified by the reports of the purchasing firms, falling short in the aggregate of those reporting 1,230,000 pounds. The wools of 1895 are generally quoted "medium" to "good" as compared with 1894, the extreme northern wools owing, it is alleged, to the range being not so good during the year, not being as well grown as those in the central and southern part of the State. The wools shorn later, subsequent to the June rains, are reported as of better condition and lighter quality than those clipped earlier.

TABLE NO. 56—Comparative Exhibit of Wool Clip, and Prices of wool and Range Sheep years 1895 and 1894, as reported by Growers.

Tra			SHE	EP.		Wo	OOL.	RANGE	VALUE".
Tracing Number	COUNTIES. Locality.	Number Shorn.	Clip.	Number Shorn.	Clip.	realiz Ship	price zed at pring nt. *		
)er	1300amy.	189	95.	189)4.	1895.	1894.	1895.	1894.
-	!	Number.	Ponnds.	Number.	Pounds.	Cents.	Cents.	Dols.	Dols.
15 16 17 18 19 21 22 23 24 25	BEAVERHEAD. Dillon Red Rock Dillon Bannack Dillon Lima Red Rock Dillon	4,500 2,900 4,400 7,000 2,250 4,000 2,200 1,410 7,212 2,600 4,000	31,500 23,000 36,000 50,000 16,200 31,000 16,900 11,070 49,760 24,030 31,200	4,000 2,400 4,300 7,500 2,150 3,100 2, 00 1,062 8,713 2,120 3,800	28,000 16,800 34,500 60,000 26,000 13,200 7,600 63,925 18,558 30,000	9½ 10 9 9¾ 9½ 9½ 9½ 9½ 10 9¼ 9½	9 9 9 3-5 71 ₄	1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.50 1.50 2.00 1.75	
	G	42,472	320,660	41,145	313,883	91/2	81/2	1.74	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 13 15 17	CASCADE. Great Falls Sun River. Cascade Geyser Great Falls Cora. Cora. Truly. Belt Cascade (Kibbey Armington	10,940 3,400 2,900 16,000 2,335 6,500 4,000 17,000 4,500 1,800 sold out	70,240 148,000 21,000 20,230 113,000 15,000 42,000 13,000 121,000 23,000 11,611	8,270 14,000 3,000 3,345 12,500 4,500 4,300 3,500 15,000 4,000 17,700 3,200	55,950 98,000 18,000 75,000 75,000 21,500 21,560 110,000 20,000 10,200 12,200	1014 1138 1114 978 1114 978 1114 978 10 1078 10 1078 1114 1238	814 11 914 834 1134 11118 1014 934 n. s 914 934	1,50 1,50 1,70 2,00 1,50 1,50 2,00 1,50 2,00 1,50	
	Снотели.	94,025							
3 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Steele Big Sandy Chinook Steele Havre Whitlatch Lacy Cleveland Whitlatch	3,000 2,000 2,400 7,500 3,250 4,000 940 6,100 3,000 4,200	20,000 12,000 16,081 60,000 22,750 27,000 6,500 34,525 23,000 33,000	2,500 1,500 1,984 5,500 2,500 3,400 620 5,500 2,200 3,700	16,000 9,500 13,175 40,000 16,535 18,717 4,200 35,689 14,500 30,000	11 10 ⁵ 8 10 ⁵ 8 121 ⁴ 11 11 ¹ / ₂ n. s 11 ⁵ 8 10 ¹ / ₄	9½ 10¹8 10¹8 8¾ 10 8⅓ 9½ 9½ 9½ 10 9½	2.00 2.00 1.50	
	Custer.	36,390	254,856	29,404	198,316	1114	91/2	1.66	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Beehe	9,000 9,000 5,000 5,800 3 400 1,900 2,000 700	54,000 54,000 39,000 33,000 27,000 12,000 4,300	8,000 8,000 4,000 5,000 2,550 1,805 2,000 500 31,855	47,000 50,000 26,000 27,000 20,700 11,500 14,500 3,300	$\begin{array}{c} 9\\11\\9_{14}\\10_{14}\\8_{1/2}\\10\end{array}$	n. s 8 7 1/2 91 4 81/2 7 2/3 8 8	1.75 2.00 2.25 2.25	
	Dan I and								
13 14 15 16		3,000 2,350 1,950 2,900	20,300 16,393 13,100 16,600	2,400 2,100 2,850 3,100	15,500 13,380 22,300 18,000	10 10 	914 913 71/2 8 	1.50	
	FERGUS.	10,200	66,393	10,450	69,180	923		i	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 17	Folsom. Judith Denton Barott Denton Gilt Edge Halbert. Highfield Maiden Lavina Flawillow """	3,275 4,500 4,100 5,000 8,500 4,800 5,200 1,269 7,500 4,100 7,000 1,600 3,500 8,100 2,350	36,000 48,000 39,000 8,000 8,000 60,500 33,000 20,000 61,000	4,100) 3,600) 3,600) 3,300) 8,500) 4,200) 4,200) 4,000) 2,650) 5,100) 4,000) 4,000) 1,700)	28,700 29,337 15,000 22,000 46,000 78,000 5,000 36,500 28,500 12,600 45,000 17,000 17,000	10 ¹ / ₄ 11 ⁵ / ₈ 10 10 9 ¹ / ₂ n. s	10 9 8 91/3 91/2 81-4 8 7	1.50 1.50 1.50 2.00 1.75 1.50	

TABLE NO. 56—CONTINUED.

Tracing			SHE	EP.		Wo	OL.	RANGE VALUES.		
ing Number.		Number Shorn.	Clip.	Number Shoru.	Clip.	realiz	ping	Value o	rketable f Sheep ange e 30.	
ber	Locality.	189	95.	189	14.	1895	1894	1895	1894	
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 28	Stanford Flatwillow Yale Utica Stanford Flatwillow Grass Range	Number. 33,700 5,300 7,500 1,600 7,318 5,500 3,700 800	Pounds. 222,000 31,800 55,000 10,000 41,403 31,801 27,000 4,800	Number. 26,000 7,500 8,000 2,500 7,500 6,000 4,300 1,800	Pounds. 163,947 49,000 57,000 18,600 48,643 32,797 30,200 11,700	10 9½ 10¼ 10 10½ 10¼	Cents. 10% 91% 91% 91% 10 10% 10 91%	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50	Dols.	
6 7 8 9 10	Lewis & Clarke. Hogan Augusta Craig	3,800 5,500 2,000 2,500 3,500 3,700 21,000	955,829 27,000 39,000 16,000 15,250 21,000 25,900	3500 4,700 1,100 2,200 2,900 2,550 16,950	897,534 25,000 32,000 4,000 14,300 17,000 17,850	9 10 ¹ / ₄ 10 ¹ / ₈ 10 ¹ / ₈	9½ 9¾ 9¾ 8¾ 75% 8	1.50 1.30 1.75		
23 24	Madison	12,000 1,800	84,000 14,600	10,000 1,850	75,000 15,300	81/ ₂ 81/ ₄	8 7	1.75 1.25		
1 2 3 4	MEAGHER. White Sulphur Springs Unity White Sulphur Springs ""	13,800 1,760 4,500 4,000 4,800	98,600 10,000 30,070 24,000 36,000	11,850 1,500 6,000 4,200 5,000	90,300 9,000 40,000 25,000 37,000	$ \begin{array}{r} $	n. s 1114 101/2 9	1.00 1.50		
5 6 7 8 9	Martinsdale White Sulphur Springs Big Elk Toston Merino	5,000 9,247 20,000 5,000 14,000 7,450	32,000 78,000 145,000 45,000 100,000 63,875	3,100 7,635 16,000 6,000 12,000 6,331	20,000 63,366 112,000 52,000 95,000 54,500	$ \begin{array}{c} 11\frac{1}{2} \\ 10\frac{1}{2} \\ 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 10\frac{1}{4} \\ 10 \\ 9\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $	10 9 71/2 10 8 9	1.50 1.75 1.50 1.75		
11 12 13 14 16 17 18	White Sulphur Springs Martinsdale Fort Logan Big Elk White Sulphur Springs """	5,940 5,258 10,000 2,430 4,100 12,000 22,000	42,550 39,000 70,000 18,440 28,000 70,000 160,000	5,594 3,800 9,000 3,500 4,500 11,000 19,000	41,022 23,000 63,000 24,500 32,000 60,000 135,660	918 10 9 10 1024 9	991/4 8 10 10 8	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50		
19 20 21	Bercail	4,590 7,000 10,000	33,000 56,000 72,000	3,95 0 6,000 6,500	28,000 44,000 45,000		71/2	1,85 1,50		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	SWEET GRASS. Big Timber. Melville "" Howie Big Timber "" "" "" Melville Melville	159,075 2,100 2,580 2,800 9,000 3,559 3,500 4,050 2,100 2,450 4,500 3,200 3,000 46,039	1,152,865 16,500 22,800 72,000 72,000 22,848 26,000 21,000 14,000 23,577 31,500 25,000 21,000	140,610 2,600 2,780 2,000 8,100 2,750 2,456 2,600 4,180 1,844 2,200 3,250 2,00 3,500 41,160	1,004,048 21,100 24,800 11,000 63,000 13,252 20,130 19,000 15,400 21,000 21,000 24,600 24,600	1016 8 994 12 1004 958 1034 992 902 1094 11 11	914 914 915 10 10 10 914 9 9 1012 9	1.25 1.75 1.50 1.50 1.75 2.00 1.50 1.50	1.00 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.50 1.25 1.50 1.25	
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	TETON. Choteau. Bynum Choteau Beleview " Brighton Pondera. Dupuyer Raymond	8,000 15,000 25,000 2,800 2,800 4,100 5,000 1,600 2,000	351,725 48,000 112,500 170,000 17,000 21,000 31,000 37,000 11,200 12,000	6,000 12,000 20,000 2,100 2,700 4,000 4,500 2,000 3,000	308,882 36,000 96,000 140,000 13,000 29,000 29,000 35,000 14,000 18,000	$\begin{array}{c} 11\frac{1}{2} \\ 11\frac{1}{2} \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 10^{5} \\ 11^{1} \\ 8 \\ 11^{1} \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$	9 10½ 9¾ 8 8 9 9½ 7½ 7½ 8	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.35 1.75 1.50		
1 2 3 4	YELLOWSTONE. Musselshell Columbus Junction Columbus	1,800 3,200 1,900 3,200	10,000 18,000 13,000 27,000	56,300 1,700 2,400 1,700 2,700	9,000 16,000 10,000 19,800	$ \begin{array}{r} 10\frac{2}{3} \\ 10 \\ 10^{1}8 \\ 8^{1}2 \end{array} $	$\frac{\frac{8\frac{1}{2}}{9}}{\frac{10}{10}}$ n. s	2.00 1.50 1.50		

	TA	٩F	3L	Ε	N	0	١.	56-	-CONTINUED
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Tracin			SHE	IP.		Wo	OL.	RANGE	VALUES.
ing Number	Counties.	Number Shorn.	Clip.	Number Shorn.	Clip.	Reali: Ship	Net price Realized at Shipping point.		rketable f Sheep lange 30.
er		1895.		1894.		1895.	*1894.	1895.	†1894.
5	Billings	Number. 3,150 5,000	Pounds. 25,400 35,000	Number. 2,800 4,000	Pounds. 20,000 28,000	Cents. 11 10	Cents. 834 734	Dols.	Dols.
7	Park City	3,000	21,000	2,650	18,550	8		1.75	
8	Billings	4,200 2,000	36,600 15,000	4,600 1,600	$\frac{41,400}{12,000}$	$\frac{1034}{10}$	81/2	1.75	
10	Roundap	4,900	34,000	3,000	21,000	11	10		
11 12	Billings	9,000 3,500	65,000 32,000	7,500 3,000	50,000 28,000		······		
13 14	Musselshell	4,800	33,000	3,000	16,000	105 ₈	8	1.50	
15	Rapids	3,200 4,000	22,400 30,000	1,500 4,500	9,653 35,000	10 1-5 n. s	91 ₂ 10		
	ALL O'HER COUNTIES.	56,850	417,400	46,650	334,403	10 1-9	878	1.73	
1	Carbon Co	5,000	40,000	4,100	32,000	101/2	9	2.00	
6	Dawson Co	5,500 1,600	41,300 11,200	7,000 1,400	46,000 9,800	10 ³ 4 10 ⁷ 8	n. s		
9	Missoula Co	3,100	29,000	2,890	27,000	10 s	1014	~.00	
10	Park Co	2,782	18,975	3,100	21,700	91/2	9 1	1.50	
í	Ravalli Co	12,000	92,000 4,160	11,000 2,300	90,000 14.319	9	7 914	1.50 1.50	1,50
2	Saco	1,000	7,000	900	5,400	9	10	1.50	1.5
3	Poplar Malta	$\begin{array}{c} 11,000 \\ 3,250 \end{array}$	70,000 35,000	9,600	57,600 19,600	93_{4}		1.50	
6	Saco.	3,000	26,000	2,800 2,750	19,250	1012			
		48,832	374,635	47,840	342,669	10	9	1.71	1.50

RECAPITULATION.

	Number.	Pounds.	Number.	Pounds.	Cents.	Cents.	Dols.	Dols.
Beaverhead	42,472	320,660	41,145	313,883		81/6	1.74	1.50
Cascade	94,025	621,081	78,115	501,510	1034	934	1.64	1.27
Choteau	36,390	254,856	29,404	198,316	111/4	91%	1.66	1.44
Custer	36,800	238,300	31,855	200,000	11	8 -	2.03	1.61
Deer Lodge	10,200	66,393	10,450	69,180	923	81/2	1.62	1,50
rergus	139,312	955,829	131,425	897,534	101/2	914	1.55	1.32
Lewis & Clarke	21,000	144,150	16,950	110,150	9 7	81/2	1.51	1.32
Madison	13,800	98,600	11,850	90,300	838	71/2	1.50	1.25
Meagher	159,075	1,152,865	140,610	1,004,048	1018	918	1.50	1,36
Sweet Grass	46,039	351,725	41,160	308,882	10 1-6		1.65	1.37
Teton	66,300	459,700	56,300	401,000	10^{2}_{3}	81/2	1.51	1.33
Yellowstone	56,850	417,400	46,650	334,403	10 1-9	8.78	1.73	1.51
All Other Counties	48,832	374,635	47,840	342,669	10	9	1.71	1.50
State	771,095	5,456,194	683,754	4,771,875	10 1-6	8	1.64	1,40
	<u>'</u>		1			1		

^{*} The apparent discrepancy between the "Net price realized at shipping point for 1894" as reported by wool growers this year, and the figures given by them in the report for 1894 is probably occasioned by growers this year deducting the cost of transportation to shipping point, the schedule of inquiry having been changed from that of last year.

Increase in number of sheep shorn in 1895 over number shorn in year ended June 30, 1894, by same number of wool growers is 12.77 per cent; increase in marketable value of sheep on range for year ended June 30, 1895, as compared with value for year ended June 30, 1894, is reported at 17.14 per cent; increase in net price realized at shipping point for wool in past year as compared with price for year ended June 30, 1894, is 12.96 per cent. Average clip per head in year 1895, 7.07 lbs.; in 1894, 6.98 lbs.

[†] Average marketable value of sheep on range for year ended June 30, 1894, is given in this column as reported to this Bureau for last year's report, with the exception of Counties not then created.

PART VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS.

TAXABLE PROPERTY 1895, AND RATES OF TAX-ATION BY COUNTIES.

SUMMARIES OF REVENUES AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE STATE.

BONDED DEBT OF COUNTIES, SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND LAND GRANTS.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD FOR 1895.



Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Receipts and Disbursesments of State, Bonded Indebtedness of Counties, School Districts, etc.

TABLE NO. 57—Showing Real Property after Equalization by County and State Boards of Equalization, 1895.

From Report of State Board of Equalization.

County.	No. Acres of Land.	Value of Same.	Value of Improve- ments on same.	Value of City and Iown Lots.	Value of Improvements on same.	Value Mining Claims.	Improve- ments on same.	Total Value all Real Prop- erty and Improve- ments.
Beaverhead Carbon. Cascade Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge. Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missoula Park Ravalli Silver Bow Sweet Grass Teton Valley Yellowstone	00,538 967,821 337,644 414,078 320,900 144,145 425,547 158,720 331,558 265,19 320,511 341,665 187,836 336,024 138,220 47,751 425,766 120,546 671 748,207	739,968 902,315 770,590 702,852 654,906 199,285 642,978 441,899 3,753 731,154	588,950 413,599 290,435 241,915 272,610 76,895 127,999 117,206 52,124 156,994	780,568 77,362 800,032 800,497 197,690 252,165 5,559,160 66,585 348,063 1,256,079 745,950 114,984 6,212,550 114,128 6,956 24,647 464,149	60,060 1,280,376 152,249 287,383 100,595 955,726 195,827 813,995 218,985 307,092 4,729,560 172,290 331,280 806,551 48,748 4,003,960 95,195 41,640 26,455 358,240	2,503 19,640 2,795 36,112 27,763 19,230 21,795 42,335 250 81,905	86,815 304,050 48,500 211,850 86,390 52,150 31,000	1,416,785 372,001 4,012,552 1,326,499 1,707,546 4,323,174 1,104,371 1,670,153 12,914,212 1,620,948 2,089,732 3,154,905 3,241,472 1,190,348 11,727,735 980,300 670,341 106,979 1,710,497
Totals	\$6,558,425	\$17,020,977	\$7,926,305	\$22,036,844	\$16,084,986	\$254,328	\$1,974,445	\$65,297,885

TABLE NO. 58—Showing the Total Assessed Valuation of all Property within each County after Equalization by State and County Boards of Equalization for the Year 1895.

From Report of State Board of Equalization.

County.	Total value of all Real Property.	Total value of all Personal Property.	Total value of Railroads assess- ed by State Board.	Total value of all property Assessed in each County.
Beaverhead	\$1,362,072	\$1,540.050	\$392,400 00	\$3,294,522 no
Carbon	395,013	647,914	172,628 00	1,215,555 00
Cascade	8,551,737	2,172,835	648,100 00	11,372,672 00
Choteau	648,973	2,585,257	1,088,920 00	4,323,150 00
Custer	1,416,785	4,658,552	627,974 00	6,703,311 00
Dawson	372,001	1,526,226	177,187 50	2,075,414 50
Deer Lodge	4,0 2,552	1,580,911	373,742 00	5,967,205 00
Fergus	1,326,499	2,894,963		4,221,462 00
Flathead	1,707,546	547,267	790,000 00	3,044,813 00
Gallatin	4,323,174	1,563,081	253,762 00	6,140,017 00
Granite	1,104 371	892,059	212,246 00	2,208,676 00
lefferson	1,670,153	1,711,515	802,130 50	4,183,798 50
Lewis and Clarke	12,914,212	4,787,352	508,626 50	18,210,190 50
Madison	1,620,948	1,261,335	178,500 00	3,060,783 00
Meagher	2,089,722	1,833,372	157,472 50	4,680,566 50
Missoula	3,154,905	1,454,763	1,039,178 00	5,648,846 00
Park	2,241,472	947,192	310,668 00	3,499,332 00
Ravalli	1,190,348	744,085	13 .156 00	2,070,589 00
Silver Bow	11,727,285	10,885,760	478,360 50	23,091,405 50
Sweet Grass	980,300	795,892	147,987 00	1,924,179 00
Teton	670,341	1,066,923	662,600 00	2,399,864 00
Valley	106.979	670,626	816,000 00	1,593,605 00
Yellowstone	1,710,497	1,555,366	480,766 00	3,746,629 00
Total	\$65,297,885	\$48,323,296	\$10,455,404 50	\$121,076,585 50

TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE OF PROPERTY IN MONTANA 1870-1895 INCLUSIVE.

Compiled from Reports of State Officers and Boards.

Years.	Amount.	Years.	Amount.	Years.	Amount.	Years.	Amount.
1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876	\$5,762,735 9,271,990 10,176,988 9,803,745 9,384,311 10,062,904 9,939,541	1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883	\$11,193,874 12,777,028 15,508,881 18,609,802 24,040,806 32,211,319 44,698,461	1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	\$49,746,269 52,847,536 55,076,872 60,099,493 67,430,534 79,376,944 112,937,383	1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	\$142,205,428 129,456,942 127,548,175 118,850,892 124,076,585

TABLE NO. 59—Showing Rate of Taxation Levied on Different Funds in the Several Counties for 1895.

From Report of State Board of Equalization.

County.	State	Sheep Insp. and Ind	Stock Indem-	Stock Insp. and Detective	State Bounty	General Fund.	Contingent	School	Bond and Interest	Road	Poor	Bridge	Sinking	Total Levy
Beaverhead Carbon Cascade Choteau Custer Dawson Deer Lodge Fergus Flathead Gallatin Granite Jefferson Lewis and Clarke Madison Meagher Missonia Park Ravalli Silver Bow Sweet Grass Teton Valley Yellowstone	Mills. 21.52.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	Mills. 1-16 1/2 1-10 1/2 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-1	Mills. 1-16 1/2 1-4 1/2 1-4 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-10 1-1	Mills. 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11	Mills. 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11	9 10 9½ 15 6,38 4 5 8 6 15 8½	412 212 2100 4 33 3 4 4 4		1½ 2 3½ 115	Mills. 1½ 2½ 1½ 2½ 1½ 2 2½ 2 2½ 2 2½ 2 2½ 2 2		1 1 1 1/2 1/2 1/2 1 1 1	Mills. + 1½ 4	Mills. 20% 25% 23% 23% 23% 23% 23% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25

 $[\]dagger$ B. and I, fund. $\ \ \ddagger$ R. and B. fund.

TABLE NO. 60—FINANCIAL SUMMARIES BY STATE TREASURER—GENERAL FUND.

From Report of Frederick W. Wright, State Treasurer, Dec. 1, 1895. Received from First Quarter. Second Quarter Third Quarter. Fourth Quarter Totals. Beaverhead County..... \$ 599.68 \$ 1,365 26 343 96 3,812 55 931 00 \$ 8,833 63 691 - 51\$ 11,490 08 Carbon 2,700 66 343 96 4,051 71 1,689 55 28,903 97 8,955 07 12,599 83 5,019 15 39,468 89 12,228 68 16,050 15 Cascade Choteau 653 06 Custer Dawson 1,050 60 350 38 1,279 46 163 47 1,120 26 748 60 16,050 15 6,281 60 26,734 57 11,070 44 10,838 99 18,858 40 8,503 16 14,536 40 59,286 13 .. 163 47 2,255 07 615 24 856 29 761 26 857 22 1,161 12 3,548 42 439 42 660 57 1,576 03 678 57 501 54 7,501 55 16,814 25 8,979 00 7,230 43 14,790 57 Deer Lodge Fergus 66 2,201 69 1,020 43 5,463 56 455 77 1,248 56 Flathead 46 1,503 71 1,967 95 Gallatin 1,338 62 945 69 14,790 57 5,554 23 9,571 76 43,670 94 7,903 82 9,643 97 44 1,146 02 Granite 1,624 93 7,044 62 718 82 1,368 02 2,178 59 5,022 15 Jefferson Lewis & Clarke 66 1,042 34 862 24 Madison 10,104 19 Meagher 46 12,534 80 12,556 40 10,666 78 5,058 89 50,750 30 2,330 83 1,727 79 894 47 6,411 49 1,945 81 1,407 42 Missoula Park 18,409 07 4.6 14,480 56 7,279 19 76,380 47 Ra valli 1,307 42 824 29 11,717 13 188 70 Silver Bow Sweet Grass 7,501 55 104 75 256 08 293 45 5,197 83 393 94 Teton 66 6,224 85 4,833 10 377 00 424 37 3,975 13 9,515 69 172 64 738 13 260 96 Yellowstone 1.004 59 1,166 67 12,425 08 Total from Counties..... 286,191 64 39,454 01 28,080 02 44,930 54 398,656 21

TABLE NO. 60—CONTINUED.

Received from	First Guarter.	Second Quarter	Third Quarter.	Fourth Quarter	Totals.
Secretary of State, Fees		\$ 1,001 35	\$ 3,654 60		\$ 8,200 50
State Auditor, "Boiler Inspector "Clerk Supreme Court, Fees	225 95	810 85	863 65		4,718 0 4,299 5 2,467 3
State Board of Pharmacy Care and Keeping Insane	58 50	81 00	130 65 81 90		130 65 221 40
Balance Dec. 1, 1894	712 45		11,460 30	5,646 95	20,037 40 18,437 00
Total	286,904 09	41,671 71	39,540 32	50,577 49	437,130 6
Warrants Paid Interest Paid Balance on hand	6.587 23	35,920 88 7 03	28,370 85	59,768 86 312 97	397,807 49 6,907 29 32,415 98
Total					\$437,130 6

TABLE NO. 61—Licenses Received from County Treasurers for 1895, by Quarters. Comparative Statement for 1895, 1894 and 1893.

From Report of Frederick W. Wright, State Treasurer.

Counties.	First Quarter.	Second Quarter.	Third Quarter.	Fourth Quarter.	Total, 1895.	Total, 1894.	Total, 1893.
Beaverhead	655 30	526 97	596 68	1,365 26		2,238 43	2,429 86
Carbon	*********			343 96			
Cascade	2,671 36	2,096 02	2,683 93	3,775 86			
Choteau	572 17	520 08	621 77	928 55			
Custer	792 11	595 73	541 73	1,070 86			2,055 59
Dawson	193 25	171 75	136 75	418 58	920 33		1,001 13
Deer Lodge	2,295 98	1,902 41	2,223 22	5,460 79			
Fergus	459 68	363 76	594 05	398 00			
Flathead	783 25	823 06	778 69	1,224 43			
Gallatin	751 96	815 01	751 06	1,336 96			
Granite	514 27	897 30	857 22]	945 69	3,214 48		
lefferson	797 43	1,014 01	1,356 51	2,040 37	5,208 32		
Lewis and Clarke	4,075 58	3,812 00	3,539 20	5,022 15	16,448 93	14,242 79	
Madison	667 58	523 33	429 28	1,021 64	2,641 83		
Meagher	470 43	627 68	504 77	768 25	2,371 13	2,082 65	2,474 90
Missoula	1,424 58	1,589 19	1,378 56	1,904 00	6,296 33	5,332 81	8,977 9
Park	923 42	1,000 34	661 36	1,219 63	3,804 75	3,480 03	6,368 73
Ravalli	397 93	415 50	457 50	796 72	2,067 65	1,294 38	719 0
Silver Bow	5,865 46	3,912 40	6,226 14	11,689 81	27,693 81	18,188 75	24,518 59
Sweet Grass			104 75	188 70	293 45		
leton	435 13	261 52	246 39	326 58	1,269 62	710 21	684 09
Valley	210 50	137 10	131 49	407 10	886 19		429 78
Yellowstone	863 30	622 82	710 12	1,152 93	3,349 17	3,088 53	3,145 47
Total	25,820 67	22,626 98	25,531 17	43,806 82	117,785 64	88,689 26	112,104 30

TABLE NO. 62—Receipts and Expenditures for the Year 1895.

Report of Frederick W. Wright, State Treasurer, Pec. 1, 1895.

Fund.	Balance on	Received	Paid Out	Balance on
	Hand	During the	During the	Hand
	Dec. 1, 1894.	Year.	Year.	Nov. 30, 1895.
Escheated Estates Permanent School Fund School Income Fund University Income Fund Normal School Bond Fund Normal School Building Fund State Capitol Building Fund Reform School uilding Fund Agricultural College Building Fund Agricultural College Building Fund Agricultural College Bond Fund Agricultural College Building Fund Stock Ins. and Det. Fund Stock Ins. and Det. Fund Stock Indemnity Fund Sheep Insp. and Indemnity Fund State Bonnty Fund Beautifying State Capitol Grounds	117,455 02 31,206 22 12,377 98 1,560 00 4,908 99 4,908 99 18,437 06 1,383 24 2,931 70 6,087 70	\$ 2,026 82 39,133 02 18,043 8 5,610 49 1,050 58 15,000 00 1,192 23 9,600 00 273 15 21,000 00 418,693 61 14,125 31 1,769 14 84 71 13,871 53 3,220 00 \$594,694 44	\$ 19,502 99 90 00 1,277 60 8,138 37 288 68 15,000 00 1,356 00 8,053 42 30,000 00 96 18 21,000 00 404,714 72 15,155 00 2,218 90 13,869 00	\$ 5,778 20 156,498 04 47,972 47 9,850 10 2,321 90 4,745 22 1,546 58 176 97 32,415 95 353 55 2,481 94 5,676 41 2,53 3,220 00 \$273,034 86

TABLE NO. 63—Comparative Statement of Receipts for 1894 and 1895, IN THE GENERAL FUND.

From Report of Frederick W. Wright, State Treasurer.

Counties.	1894	1895	Increase.	Decrease.
eaverhead	11,547 33	11,490 08		57 25
arbon		343 96	343 96	
ascade	40,448 01	39,468 89		979 19
hotean	11,429 27	12,228 68	799 41	
uster	17,234 54	16,050 15		1,184 39
awson	5,656 39	6,281 60	625 21	
eer Lodge	22,051 72	26,734 57	4,682 85	
ergus	13,347 20	11,070 44		2,276 7
lathead	11,067 54	10,838 99		228 5
allatin	18,672 32	18,858 40		
ranite	9,332 75	8,503 16		829 5
efferson	13,057 59	14,536 40	1,478 81	
ewis and Clarke	62,351 96	59,286 13		3,065 8
adison	10,221 41	10,104 19		117 2
lea her	13,887 41	12,534 80		1,352 6
issonla	18,311 97	18.409 07	97 10	
ark	16,466 96	14,480 56		1,986 4
avalli	6,322 11	7,279 19	957 08	
lver Bow	61,732 03	76,380 47	14,648 44	
veet Grass		293 45	293 45	
eton	6,236 33	6,224 85		11 4
allev	4,875 67	4,833 10		42 5
ellowstone	13,094 25	12,425 08		669 1
otal from Counties	387,344 76	398,656 21	24,112 39	12,800 9
ees of State Officers	18,774 50	19,816 00	1,041 50	
		221 40	221 40	
Totals	406,119 26	418,693-61	25,375 29	
Total Increase		12,574 35	12 574 35	
Increase from Counties			11,312 45	

TABLE NO. 64—STATEMENT SHOWING BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF THE STATE THE LAND GRANTS, COUNTIES AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS, JAN. 1, 1896. (Includes all Bonded Debts except those of Towns and Cities.)

COUNTY AND SCHOOL DISTRICT BONDS.

	COUNTY BO	os.	*		(a) School Dist. Bonds			
County.	Funding* and Refunding.	Court Ilouse Bridges, etc.	Total Issue.	Interest Rate.	Total Issues.	Interes Rate.		
	Dollars.	Dollars.		Per. cent.		Per. cen		
Beaverhead		C. H. 40,000			12,000			
Jascade		" Br.130,000	340,000		162,000			
Carbon			46,000		4,000			
Choteau	108,000	C. H. 18,500			7,000			
`uster,	274,000		274,000	6-	10,000			
Dawson		Br. 39 000			1,500			
Deer Lodge	150,000		150,000		88,700			
Elathead	100,000		100,000		31,500			
Fergus	103,000		103,000		12,700	-7-		
Gallatin			95,000	6	77,200			
Franite (no bonds					30,000			
Jefferson	135,500	C. II. 40,000	175,500		37,700			
Lewis & Clarke		44 190,000	190,000		277,750			
Madison	100,000		100,000		4,000			
Meagher	188,000		188,000		22,600			
Missoula	244,850	Jail 13,000	257,850		57,500	6.7		
Ravalli			75,000		6,000			
Park			200,000		29,500			
Sweet Grass			85,000		5,000			
Silver Bow		C. H. 25,000	125,000		100,000			
Teton	60,000		60,000		10,000	6-		
Valley	67,000				(none)			
Yellowstone	150,000		150,500	6-7	20,150	6-7		
Totals	\$2,492,850	\$595,500	\$3,088,350		\$1.006,800			

RECAPITULATION.

State Bonds	None.
Land Grant Bonds	\$ 150,000
County Bonds	3,088,350
School District Bonds	1,006,800
Total	\$4,245,150

^{*} A large amount of the bonds designated "Funding and Refunding Bonds" include warrants originally issued for building Bridges, Court Houses, Jails and Roads, and acquiring poor farms, which warrants were afterwards funded into Bonds.

TOTAL NET INDEBTEDNESS OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE, FEBRUARY 28th, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895.

Counties.	Debt	Debt	Debt	Debt
	Feb. 28, 1892.	Feb. 28, 1893.	Feb. 28, 1894.	Feb. 28, 1895
Beaverhead	\$ 71,749 62	\$ 64,033 98	\$ 72,813 84	\$ 59,562 8
Cascade	236,092 80		260,373 39	237,707
Choteau	134,936 26			156,173
uster	195,967 19		223,892 51	235,654
awson	87,558 38		51,978 53	54,756
eer Lodge	88,230 34		109,988 32	165,533
ergus	48,225 18		79,944 82	S2.915
lathead (1			95,333 02	125,587
allatin	76,062 33	76,329 11	95,667 04	115,398
ranite (2			37,837 84	54,834
efferson	147,819 02	163,973 97	162,138 90	151,363
ewis and Clarke	91,641 98		119,425 92	184,904
adison	86,130 70	79,822 30	79,061 50	77,055
eagh-r	132,443 83	165,173 90	178,915 63	177,399
issoula	303,657 32	402,664 73	289,964 31	327,455
ark	98,020 00	118,186 94	180,236 23	198,804
avalli (3			78,850 34	89,982
ilver Bow	58,796 50	42,381 55	106,053 22	102,265
eton (4			35,787 57	56,115
alley (5			60,581 35	78,641
ellowstone	128,358 64	126,734 88	126,046 42	123,942
Total	\$1,985,720 09	\$2,197,563 83	\$2,584,910 11	\$2,856,053

^{1,} Organized March 1, 1893. 2, Organized March 2, 1893. 3, Organized April 1, 1893. 4, Organized March 1, 1893. 5, Organized March 1, 1893.

The State Constitution also provides that "No County shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner, or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate, exceeding five (5) per centum of the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and County taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, and all bonds or obligations in excess of such amount given by or on behalf of such County shall be void." This is held not to affect those cases where by the division of Counties debt in excess of that proportion is devolved on the parent County.

⁽a) These bonds were issued for building School Houses.

Note—The State Constitution limits the aggregate indebtedness which may be incurred by the State to \$100,000, except in case of war or to suppress insurrection, unless the law authorizing it shall first have been submitted to and approved by the people at a general election. The levy of taxation for State purposes is limited to $2\frac{1}{2}$ mills.

Meteorological Record of Montana.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU 1895.

(The following tables were prepared for this Bureau by the officers of the U.S. Weather Bureau at Helena. Temperature is expressed in degrees; precipitation is expressed in inches and hundredths.

TABLE NO. 65—HIGHEST AND LOWEST TEMPERATURE FOR EACH MONTH AT MONTANA STATIONS FOR 1895.

Glendive	2 59 -26 61 -24 9 57 -29 58 -19 2 66 -26 0 63 -20 0 52 -19 3 59 -28	78 -10 64 -11 69 -10 61 -11	80 35 73 20 71 15 70 17	\$6 32 80 25 76 29	87 33 94 35 85 32	95 37 102 42		Max . 88 28 7	1.1		Max.	Max.	Min.
Billings	2 59 -26 61 -24 9 57 -22 9 58 -19 2 66 -26 63 -20 9 52 -19 3 59 -28	78 -10 64 -11 69 -10 61 -11 	80 35 73 20 71 15 70 17	80 25 76 29	94 35 85 32	102 42		88 28 7	7 18	e e	61 9	07 4 4 7 19	1
Grantsdale Great Falls 60 -25 Havre Havre 41 -24 HELENA 51 -11 Hogan 47 -33 Libby Livingston Manhattan Martinsdale 50 -25 Marysville 50 -15 Miles City 41 -26 Musselshell Poplar Radersburg Red Lodge Sun River Troy 44 16 Utica 53 -32 Virginia City 45 -13 White Sul. Springs Wibaux 53 -16 Yale Highest and lowest for State 72 -35	62 45 54 37 62 37 62 37 63 39 64 27 55 39 64 27 55 39 65 41 65 41 65 41 65 41 65 41 65 65 41 65 65 41 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 6	58 -5 -15 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13 -13	75 1 16 7 4 10 14 10 15 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1884 1912 188	8 .33959389	99 40 87 36	89 35 28 89 35 89	98 61 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	89:22 100 125	72 - 2 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 7 - 7 - 6 - 7 - 6 - 6 - 6	48	102 July 2 80 July 31 90 July 2 87 July 2 97 Aug. 3 98 July 32 97 Aug. 3 98 July 32 97 Aug. 3 103 Aug. 12 92 July 2 92 July 2 94 Aug. 4 103 Aug. 12 92 July 2 94 Aug. 4 105 July 23 94 July 23 95 July 2 107 Aug. 7 105 July 23 107 Aug. 12 108 Aug. 12 109 July 23 100 July 23 100 July 23 100 July 23 100 July 24 100 July 23 100 July 24 100 July 24 100 July 3 100 July 3 101 Aug. 12 108 July 3 101 Aug. 12 108 July 3 109 July 3 100 July 3 101 Aug. 12 108 July 3 109 July 3	-24 Feb. 12 -22 Feb. 13 -20 Jan. 27 -26 Feb. 6a -20 Feb. 10 -20 Jan. 26 -26 Jan. 29 -45 Feb. 6b -37 Feb. 7 -37 Feb. 7 -37 Feb. 13 -30 Feb. 12 -20 Feb. 13 -30 Feb. 7 -27 Feb. 13 -34 Feb. 6 -40 Feb. 6 -32 Feb. 6 -32 Feb. 6 -32 Feb. 27 -40 Feb. 12 -27 Feb. 13 -38 Feb. 6 -39 Feb. 6 -30 Feb. 6 -30 Feb. 6 -31 Jan. 27 -21 Feb. 13 -31 Feb. 13 -32 Feb. 27 -33 Feb. 27 -40 Feb. 13 -57 Feb. 13 -57 Feb. 6 -15 Jan. 27 -21 Feb. 11

a Also Feb. 7 and 13; b, also Feb. 14; c, also Feb. 13 and 14, Mar. 14 and Dec. 17.

TABLE NO. 66—MONTHLY MEAN TEMPERATURE FOR 1895.

Stations.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	An. Mean
Big Timber						59.0	67.7	67.0		49.7	35.2		
Billings Bonider	17.2 17.2		36.6 29.8	59.0 44.5		60.9 52.9	$\frac{70.1}{62.0}$	$\frac{71.8}{61.8}$		52.2 43.4	35.4 30.8	25.6	47.2
Bozeman	19.6	19.2	31.2	45.0	50.9	54.8	64.2	62.8	51.5	43.7	28.9	21.1	41.1
Butte	18.4			42.4	47.8	51.8	61.0	63.2	49.0	45.7	29.2	20.6	40.0
ChinookChoteau	14.0	19.6	32.0	48.0	52.2	56.7	64.6	63.5	51.8	50.4	35.6	26.6	42.9
Cokedale	18.6	23.9	30.9	45.5			63,2			45.7	31.6	26.8	
Columbia Falls						54.8	62.9	61.6		42.8	30.5	23.5	
Deer Lodge	18.0 14.0		30.2 30.2								$\frac{30.0}{28.2}$		
Fort Benton			35.2			57.5	65.4		54.0	43.9 46.5	32.2	21.4 26.4	
Fort Custer			29.2							49.3	33.6	24.2	

TABLE NO. 66—CONTINUED.

Stations.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	An. Mean
ort Keogh	8.6	10.0	32.0	49.5	54.3	61.0	70.0	70.0	56.8	45.0	27.9	23.0	42.3
ort Logan	15.0	19.0			46.3		66.1	58.4	47.4	41.4	30.4	18.8	
ort Missoula	16.4	24.0	32.6	44.2	50.2	54.6	62.8	62.4	51.2	43.6	31,2	22.0	31.
Blasgow	Zero	8.0	28.2	50.0	54.2	60.2	72.6	66.3	53.6	43.4	20.7	13.8	39.
lendive	4.6	10.7	30.0	51.4	57.0	63.1	72.6	70.7	58.6	45.9	26.6	21.6	42.
rantsdale					l <i>.</i>	64.1	65.4	63.4	44.5	39,7	33.4		
reat Falls	19.8	23.0	34.6	49.4	52.0		66.6	66.4	56.4	55.4	37.8	28.0	45.
[avre	1.3	10.5	30.5	47.9	52.6	58.2	65.5	64,3	52.8	45.0	28.0	21.2	39.
IELENA	17.2	20.8	32.4		52.0		65.7	66.1	52.5	47.3	32.4	23.6	42.
logan	16.9	20.6	30.6		50.4	53.4	63.0	60.2	50.2	49.0	32.3	26.5	41.
ipp	10.0	16.1	32.2		47.8	53.7	59.8	56.8	46.4	42.4	28.8	20.0	
ibby						61.6	68.0	63.2	52.5	48.0	36.2	25.8	
ivingston												,	
Ianhattan				49.6	50.8				50.5	41 8	30.2	19.6	
lartinsdale	18.2				51.1	56.8		61.9	50.3	45.4	33.0	24.1	42.
larysville	18.4		28.3					63.4	48.9	46.0	29.8	22.9	40.
liles City	7.4		32.3		54.8				48.9	47.5		-23.0	42.
Iusselshell		36.6	32.0	46.8	53.0		70.2	64.8			29.8	<i>.</i>	1
'oplar					52,6		70.7	65.8	52.0	39.6			
adersburg						73.5			63.6		34.5		
led Lodge	19.8	16.8	24.6								30.0		
un River			30.8		52,0		63.7	61.7	52.1	45.9	32.2	26.2	
rcy	28.6		28.5		57.4		67.8	62.6	51.0	46.0	35.2	28.3	45.
ftica	18.8	20.7	30,2		51.8		63.8	66.0	50.7	46.2	32.3	25.5	
irginia City	19.0	23.6	28.9		49.0		62.8	63.2	51.0	44.7	28.4	20.8	40.
Vhite Sulphur Springs	18.4	20.3	28.2		49.6		58.6	60,6	51.6	44.2	31.0	24.8	
Vibaux	10.4	18.2	34.1	52.2	54.7		69.6	69.8	60.6		30.0	24.2	
'ale				44.4	50.0	54.1	62.6	63.1	51.5	44.4	31.7	25.6	
Average for State	15.4	19.9	32.6	47.0	52.0	57.0	65.5	63.5	53.1	45.7	31.3	26.7	41.

^{* *} Annual Mean given only where observations taken every month.

TABLE NO. 67—Total Monthly and Annual Precipitation for 1895.

Stations.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	An- nual.
Big Timber Billings. Boulder Bozeman Butte Chinook	1.95 0.49 1.33 0.93	0.35 0.17 0.27 0.14	0.74 0.03 1.10 0.27	2.10 0.38 1.18 0.25	0.55 0.73 2.36 1.09	4.69 3.08 2.90 3.27 0.85	0.50 0.51 0.74 0.97 1.07	1.51	0.22	0.28 2.20 0.46 0.44 0.17		0.36 0.22 1.50 0.49	14.68 18.16
Choteau Cokedale Columbia Falls Deer Lodge Dillon Fort Benton Fort Custer Fort Keogh Fort Logan Fort Missoula Glasgow Glendive Grantsdale Great Falls	1.61 2.70 2.05 2.06 0.40 0.42 1.67 0.78 0.32 1.54 0.60	1.85 2.25 0.52 0.59 0.01 1.49 0.21 0.22 0.97 0.70	1.05 2.20 0.81 0.62 0.21 0.40 1.66 0.20 0.37 0.19 0.20 0.50	0.24 1.11 0.41 0.51 0.67 1.60 0.54 1.99 0.35 0.42 1.04	0.42 1.10 2.49 0.64 1.14 0.50 1.50 0.97 1.06 1.18 2.00	3.06 2.10 1.30 2.03 3.12 3.47 1.29 2.49 5.65 0.12 2.24	1.04 0.76 1.94 2.56 0.60 0.27 1.08 1.51 0.40 1.84 0.80 0.76	0.39 1.15 0.21 0.20 1.25 0.39 0.23 0.54 0.20 0.12 0.20	0.95 1.56 1.96 1.04 0.44 0.10 0.84 0.02	0.30 0.39 0.26 T 0.04 0.85 0.55 0.10 0.22 0.02	2.96 1.73 0.02 0.80 0.70 1.61 1.10 0.46 0.58 1.30 0.16 0.59	0.90 1.35 0.24 0.11 0.40 0.19 0.36 0.18 0.47 1.52 1.25 0.90	14.20 13.27 9.83 9.59 10.01 15.05
Havre HELENA Hogan Kipp Libby Livingston Manhattan Martinsdale	1.06 1.95 1.62 1.16	0.91 1.69 1.80 1.40	0.34 0.29 0.70 0.65	0.62 0.53 0.25 0.90 	0.43 0.87 0.68 1.13 1.14 0.38	3.36 1.30 4.36 4.27 0.14 0.79 1.07	2.34 1.18 1.04 2.18 0.71 0.53 1.38	0.04 0.14 1.00 0.04 0.10 0.55 1.02	1.24 1.80 2.05 2.17	0.13 0.28 0.64 1.70 0.39 0.14	0.47 0.77 1.00 0.40 1.04 0.31 0.79	0.30 1.12 1.10 0.97 2.78 0.50 0.32	10.69
Marysville Miles City Mussellshell Poplar Radersburg Red Lodge Sun River Troy Utica	1.54 0.80 0.53 1.65 2.59 0.51	0.94 0.64 1.18 0.74	0.42 0.24 0.15 1.55 0.40 0.42 0.15	0.36 1.31 T 0.24 0.90 1.31 0.75	1.48 1.59 0.69 0.42 0.53 2.53 0.39	2.87 4.40 2.30 1.57 1.76 0.60 3.76	0.65 0.64 .08 1.01 1.43 1.73 1.31	0.42 0.39 0.39 0.32 1.23	0.30 0.28 1.75 0.45 2.46	0.63 0.89 0 T 0.59	1.01 0.77 1.01 T 3.00 0.49 1.52 0.80	$\begin{array}{c} 2.50 \\ 0.45 \\ 0.02 \end{array}$	13.10 12.74 16.92 8.64
Virginia City. White Sulphur Springs. Wibaux Yale Average for State.	0,99 0,51 0,77 	0.06 0.17 0.45 	1.03 0.13 0.05 	$0.94 \\ 0.96 \\ 0.94 \\ 1.51 \\ \hline 0.80$	1.42 0.45 1.74 0.59	2.12 0.99 5.54 1.34 	1.00 0.70 3.23 0.33 	0.83 1.90 0.89 0.93 	2.04 0.90 0.15 0.80	0.19 0.15 0.15 T	$0.76 \\ 0.90$	1.28 1.10 0.14 0.32	12.66 8.86 13.85

TABLE NO. 68—Clear, Partly Cloudy, Cloudy and Rainy Days.

Total	Rainy Days	
Total	Clo'yDays	\$ 25 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Total	P. Cl. Days	25 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Total	Clear Days	<u> </u>
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ot.	Rainy Cloudy	<u> </u>
Sept.	P Cloudy	හර්අසන : 'කූ : 'බ් : ' : 'රිකු :අෆ්ට් x හිදුරසිරිම්ට : රි : :සිකල හැදු අතු ක
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August.	Cloudy	<u> </u>
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	Clear Rainy	ක්වය යුතුව : අතු : : කියිවකු : කියිවෙන් දෙන් දිසි : : කියි : : කියි : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : කියිවකු : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : කියිවකු : නිය : : : කියිවකු : නිය : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
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	Rainy	2555 2 - 040 : 22552245425244 :-527 :20 :00052225 0
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LATE AND EARLY FROSTS, 1895—Following are the dates of the last frost of Spring and the first frost of Autumn, at Stations of the U. S. Weather Bureau in Montana as reported for the year 1895.

Stations.	1000	First Killing Frost Autumn.	Tem'ture	Last Killing Frost Spring.
Big Timber Billings Boulder Bozeman Butte Chinook Choteau Cokedale Columbia Falls Deer Lodge Dillon Fort Benron Fort Custer Fort Keogh Fort Logan Fort Logan Glasgow Glendive Grantsdale Great Falls Havre Hogan	June 8 May 19 June 10 " 9 " 16 N. R. June 9 July 10 June 13 " 10 N. R. June 9 " 9 July 20 June 16 May 19 " 20 N. R. May 29 " 29	Part	37 Kipp 29 Libby 32 Livingston 27 Manhattan Martinsdale 24 Marysville 32 Miles City 31 Musselshell Poplar Pony 27 Radersburg 32 Red Lodge 30 Sun River 30 Toston 29 Troy 30 Utica 25 Virginia City 29 White Sul. Springs 44 Wibaux Yale	" 16

Laws of Special Interest to Wage Earners.

(In the First Annual Report of this Bureau, 1893, were published a number of laws of special interest to Wage Earners, including the Mine and Boiler Inspection and Coal Mining Acts. As those remain unchanged they are not reproduced here, but a number of Laws or sections of general interest, enacted in the Codes, some of them new or amended, are assembled and presented here where they will be readily accessible to Wage Earners in the Libraries of Organized Labor.

FREE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

Amendment enacted February 27, 1895 to Section 765 of Political Code—Relating to Bureau of Agriculture, Labor and Industry.

Sec. 765. The Commissioner may employ such assistants and incur such expense as may be necessary in the discharge of the official duties of said bureau, provided such expense, including pay of Commissioner, chief clerk and assistants, shall not exceed the amount appropriated therefor in each year, and it shall be the further duty of said Commissioner within thirty days after the passage of this Act, to establish and maintain in connection with the said Bureau, a Free Public Employment Office. Said Commissioner shall receive all applications for help made to him by any person, company or firm, and all applications made to him for employment by any person or persons, and record their names in a book kept for that purpose, designating opposite the name of each person the kind and character of help wanted, or the kind and character of employment desired, and post office address of the applicant.

It shall be the duty of said Commissioner to send by mail to all applicants for help the name and post office address of all applicants for employment, and such other information as he may possess that may bring to their notice the names and post office addresses of such unemployed laborers, mechanics, artisans, or teachers as they may require. No compensation or fee whatsoever shall, directly or indirectly, be charged or received from any person or persons applying for help, or from any person or persons applying for employment to said office. Said Commissioner or any clerk or other person in his employ, charging or receiveing any compensation or fee from any applicant for employment whomsoever, as provided in this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days. Any application for help, or any application for employment made to said office, shall be void after thirty days from its receipt by said Commissioner. unless renewed by the applicant. Every applicant for help shall notify said Commissioner by mail within three days after the required help designated in his or her application has been secured. Said notice shall contain the name and the last preceding post office address of each employe secured through said employment office; and any refusal or failure by any applicant for help to so notify said Commissioner shall thereafter bar the applicant from all further rights and privileges of said employment office, at the discretion of said Commissioner.

Applicants for help shall be construed to mean employers wanting employes, and applicants for employment shall be construed to mean persons wanting work to do.

It shall be lawful for the common council of any incorporated city within this State to provide by ordinance for the establishment of a Free Public Employment Office to be conducted on the same general plan indicated by the provisions of this act, and to provide for the expenses thereof out of the revenues of the city in which the same is so established: Provided, That any free employment office established by the common council of any city in this state shall be required to report weekly to the Commissioner, giving a detailed account of the transactions of said office and the names and addresses of all applicants: and said Commissioner shall be required to make a corresponding report weekly to each free employment office so established by any incorporated city within this State.

The annual report of the Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Industry shall contain a detailed account of the transactions of all free employment offices within the State, showing the number of applicants for help, and the number of applicants for employment, male and female, and the number securing employment through said offices, and the expenses thereof.

It shall also be the duty of the Commissioner to post a printed notice of this act in a conspicuous place in each employment office so established. It shall also be his duty to post in front of such office on a sign board, or in a conspicuous place on the outside of the buildings where such offices are located, the words "Free Public Employment Office."

The privileges of this section shall extend only to those out of employment and residing within the State.

BOARDS OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

Sections 3330-3338 Political Code.

Sec. 3330. There is a State Board of Arbitration and Conciliation consisting of three members, whose term of office is two years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The board must be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. If a vacancy occurs at any time the Governor shall appoint some one to serve out the unexpired term, and he may in like manner remove any member of said board.

Sec. 3331. One of the board must be an employer, or selected from some association representing employers of labor; and one of them must be a laborer, or selected from some labor organization, and not an employer of labor, and the other must be a disinterested citizen.

Ses. 3332. The members of the board must, before entering upon the duties of their office, take the oath required by the constitution. They shall at once organize by the choice of one of their number as chairman. Said board may appoint and remove a clerk of the board; who shall receive such compensation as may be allowed by the board, but not exceeding five dollars per day for the time employed. The board shall, as soon as possible after its organization, establish such rules or modes of procedure as are necessary, subject to the approval of the Governor.

Sec. 3333. Whenever any controversy or dispute, not involving questions which may be the subject of a civil action, exists between an employer (if he employs twenty or more in the same general line of business in the State) and his employes, the board must, on application as hereinafter provided, visit the locality of the dispute and make inquiry into the cause thereof, hear all persons interested therein who may come before them, advise the respective parties what, if anything, ought to be done, by either or both, to adjust said dispute, and the board must make a written decision thereon. The decision must at once be made public, and must be recorded in a book kept by the clerk of the board, and a statement thereof published in the annual report, and the board must cause a copy thereof to be filed with the clerk of the county where the dispute arose.

Sec. 3334. The application to the board of arbitration and conciliation must be signed by the employer, or by a majority of his employes in the department of the business in which the controversy or difference exists, or their duly authorized agent or by both parties, and shall contain a concise statement of the grievances complained of, and a promise to continue on in business or at work without any lockout or strike until the decision of

said board if it shall be made within four weeks of the date of the filing of said application. When an application is signed by an agent claiming to represent a majority of such employes, the board shall satisfy itself that such agent is duly authorized in writing to represent such employes, but the names of the employes giving such authority shall be kept secret by said board; as soon as may be after the receipt of said application the secretary of said board shall cause public notice to be given for the time and place for the hearing thereon; but public notice need not be given when both parties to the controversy join in the application and present therewith a written request that no public notice shall be given; when such request is made notice shall be given to the parties interested in such manner as the board may order; and the board may, at any stage of the proceedings, cause public notice to be given, notwithstanding such request. When notice has been given as aforesaid, each of the parties to the controversy, the employer on one side, and the employees interested on the other side, may in writing nominate, and the board may appoint, one person to act in the case as expert assistant to the board.

The two persons so appointed shall be skilled in and conversant with the business or trade concerning which the dispute has arisen. It shall be their duty, under the direction of the board, to obtain and report to the board, information concerning the wages paid, the hours of labor and the methods and grades of work prevailing in manufacturing establishments, or other industries or occupations, within the State of a character similar to that in which the matters in dispute have arisen. Said expert assistants shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duty; such oath to be administered by any member of the board, and a record thereof shall be preserved with the records of the proceedings in the case. They shall be entitled to receive from the treasury of the State such compensation as shall be allowed and certified by the board not exceeding ——— dollars per day, together with all necessary traveling expenses. Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the board from appointing such other additional expert assistant or assistants as it may deem necessary, who shall be paid in like manner. Should the petitioner or petitioners fail to perform the promise made in said application, the board shall proceed no further thereupon without the written consent of the adverse party. The board shall have power to summon as witness any operative or employe in the department of business affected and any person who keeps the records of wages earned in those departments, and to examine them under oath, and to require the production of books containing the record of wages paid. Summons may be signed and oaths administered by any member of the board.

Sec. 3335. Upon the receipt of said application and after such notice, the board shall proceed as before provided, and render a written decision, which shall be open to public inspection, shall be recorded upon the records of the board, and published at the discretion of the same in an annual report to be made to the Governor on or before the first day of December in each year.

Sec. 3336. Any decision made by the board is binding upon the parties who join in the application for six months, or until either party has given the other notice in writing of his intention not to be bound by the same at the expiration of sixty days therefrom. The notice must be given to employes by posting the same in three conspicuous places in the shop, office, factory, store, mill or mine where the employes work.

Sec. 3337. The parties to any controversy or difference as described in Sec. 3333 of this code may submit the matters in dispute, in writing, to a local board of arbitration and conciliation; such board may be either mutually agreed upon, or the employer may designate one of the arbitrators, the employes, or their duly authorized agent, another, and the two arbitrators so designated may choose a third, who shall be chairman of the board. Such board shall, in respect to the matters referred to it, have and exercise all the powers which the state board might have and exercise, and its decision shall have whatever binding effect may be agreed upon by the parties to the controversy in the written submission. The jurisdiction of such board shall be exclusive in respect to the matters submitted to it, but it may ask and receive the advice and assistance of the state board. The decision of

such board shall be rendered within ten days of the close of any hearing held by it; such decision shall at once be filed with the clerk of the county in which the controversy or difference arose, and a copy thereof shall be forwarded to the state board and entered on its records. Each of such arbitrators shall be entitled to receive from the treasury of the county in which the controversy or difference that is the subject of the arbitration exists, if such payment shall be approved by the commissioners of said county, the sum of three dollars for each day of actual service, not exceeding ten days for any one arbitration.

Whenever it is made to appear to the mayor of any city or two commissioners of any county, that a strike or lockout such as described hereafter in this section is seriously threatened, or actually occurs, the mayor of such city, or said commissioners of such county, shall at once notify the state board of the fact.

Whenever it shall come to the knowledge of the state board, either by notice from the mayor of a city, or two or more commissioners of a county, as provided in this section. or otherwise, that a strike or lockout is seriously threatened or has actually occurred in any city or county of this state, involving an employer and his present or past employes, if at the time he is employing or up to the occurrence of the strike or lockout was employing not less than twenty persons in the same general line of business in any city, town or county in this state, it shall be the duty of the state board to put itself in communication as soon as may be with such employer and employes, and endeavor by mediation to effect an amicable settlement between them, or to endeavor to pursuade them, provided that a strike or lockout has not actually occurred or is not then continuing, to submit the matters in dispute to a local board of arbitration and conciliation as above provided, or to the state board; and said state board may, if it deems it advisable, investigate the cause or causes of such controversy, and ascertain which party thereto is mainly responsible or blameworthy for the existence or continuance of the same, and may make and publish a report finding such cause or causes, and assigning such responsibility or blame. The board shall have the same powers for the foregoing purposes as are given it by Sec. 3333 of this code.

Witnesses summoned by the state board shall be allowed the sum of fifty cents for each attendance, and the further sum of twenty-five cents for each hour of attendance in excess of two hours, and shall be allowed, five cents per mile of travel each way from their respective places of employement or business to the place where the board is in session. Each witness shall certify in writing the amount of his travel and attendance and the amount due him shall be certified to the state board of examiners for auditing, and the same shall be paid as other expenses of the state from any moneys in the state treasury.

Sec. 3338. The arbitrators hereby created must be paid five dollars for each day of actual service and their necessary traveling expenses and necessary books or record, to be paid out of the treasury of the state as by law provided.

REGULATING HOURS OF LABOR OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

Sections 3370-3372 Political Code.

Sec. 3370. That from and after the first day of May, A. D. 1893, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to operate or handle for more than eight hours in each twenty-four hours any first motion or direct-acting hoisting engine; any geared or indirect-acting hoisting engine at any mine employing fifteen or more men underground, where the duties of a fireman are performed by the engineer in charge; also any stationary engineer operating a stationary engine developing fifty or more horse power where such engineer has charge or control of a boiler or boilers in addition to the other duties performed by him.

This act shall only apply to such steam plants as are in continuous operation, or are operated twenty or more hours in each twenty-four hours.

Sec. 3371. From and after the first day of May A. D. 1893, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, company or corporation to induce or persuade or prevail upon any

person or persons to operate or handle such steam engine or engines for more than eight hours in each twenty-four hours as described in Sec. 3370 of this act; Provided, however, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to persons running any engine or machinery more than eight hours in each twenty-four for the purpose of relieving another employe in case of sickness or other unforseen cause.

Sec. 3372. An person or persons, company or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, upon conviction shall be punishable by a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and each and every day that such person or persons, company or corporation may continue to violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be considered a separate and distinct offense, and punishable as such.

MISMANAGEMENT OF STEAM BOILERS.

Sections 632-634 Penal Code.

Sec. 632. Every engineer or other person having charge of any steam boiler, steam engine, or other apparatus for generating or employing steam, used in any manufactory, steamboat, railway, mining, milling or other mechanical works, who wilfully or from ignorance or from gross neglect, creates, or allows to be created, such an undue quantity of steam as to burst or break the boiler, or engine or apparatus, or cause any other accident whereby human life is endangered, is guilty of a felony.

Sec. 633. Every person who operates any steam boiler or steam engine without first obtaining a license from the boiler inspector or assistant boiler inspector, as required by law, is punishable by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, or both.

Sec. 634. Every owner, renter, or user of a steam boiler, who uses a boiler or steam engine which has become unsafe from any cause, or has been notified by the boiler inspector or his assistant, that such boiler or steam engine is unsafe from any defect, or that repairs are necessary, and after such notice uses the same, is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months, or by fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, or both.

CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC SAFETY.

Sections 670-671 Penal Code.

Sec. 670. Every person having charge of a steam boiler or steam engine, or other apparatus for generating or employing steam, used in any manufactory, or on a railroad, or in any vessel, or in any kind of mining, milling or mechanical works, who wilfully or from ignorance or neglect, creates or allows to be created such an undue quantity of steam as to burst or break the boiler, engine or apparatus, or to cause any other accident, whereby the death of a human being is produced, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than one nor more than ten years.

Sec. 671. Every conductor, engineer, brakeman, switchman or other person having charge, wholly or in part, of any railroad car, locomotive or train, who wilfully or negligently suffers or causes the same to collide with another ear, locomotive or train, or with any other object or thing, whereby the death of a human being is produced, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than one nor more than ten years.

SAFETY APPARATUS AND SIGNALS.

Sections 3650-3654 Political Code.

Sec. 3650. It is unlawful for any person to sink or work through any vertical shaft, where mining cages are used, at a greater depth than two hundred feet, unless the shaft is provided with an iron bonneted safety cage to be used in lowering and hoisting employes, or any other persons. The safety apparatus, whether consisting of eccentrics,

springs or other device, must be securely fastened to the cage and of sufficient strength to hold the cage loaded at any depth to which the shaft may be sunk. The iron bonnet must be made of boiler sheet iron of good quality, at least three-sixteenths of an inch in thickness and must cover the top of the cage in such maner to afford the greatest protection to life and limb, from any debris or anything falling down the shaft.

Sec. 3651. The penalty for violating any of the provisions of the preceding section is provided in Section 705 of the Penal Code.

Sec. 3652. It is made the duty of the inspector of mines of Montana, and he is hereby required to prepare a complete code of signals for use in all mines in this state, worked through a shaft of seventy-five feet or more in depth, and employing ten or more men, and cause the same to be made known to each owner or operator of a mine in Montana by printed circular instructions to the end that a uniform code of mine signals may prevail. The said inspector of mines of Montana may add to or change such code of signals as circumstances may require, but no change of signals shall go into effect until a time specified by him, not less than sixty days nor more than ninety days from the time such change shall be ordered by him; Provided, that the code of signals first prepared by him shall be used in all said shaft mines from and after June 1, 1895.

Sec. 3653. Any owner or operator of a mine who shall refuse or neglect to cause the signals provided for in Section 3652 of this act to be used in his mine to the exclusion of all other signals, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction of such refusal or neglect, shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than thirty days or more than ninety days, in the discretion of the court, for each and every offense.

Sec. 3654. All fines which may be collected under the provisions of this act, shall be paid into and form a portion of the public school fund in the county in which the conviction takes place.

Section 705 Penal Code.

Sec. 705. It is unlawful for any person or corporation to sink or work through any vertical shaft where mining cages are used at a greater depth than three hundred feet unless the said shaft shall be provided with, an iron-bonneted safety cage to be used in the lowering and hoisting of the employes thereof. The safety apparatus, whether consisting of eccentrics, springs or other device, must be securely fastened to the cage and must be of sufficient strength to hold the cage loaded at any depth to which the shaft may be sunk. The iron bonnet aforesaid must be made of boiler sheet iron of good quality, of at least three sixteenths of an inch in thickness, and must cover the top of such cage in such a manner as to afford the greatest protection to life and limb from anything falling down said shaft. Every person or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this section is punishable by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars.

CERTAIN LIENS FOR SALARIES AND WAGES.

Sections 2150-2151 Code of Civil Procedure.

Sec. 2150. In all assignments of property made by any person to trustees or assignees on account of the inability of the person, at the time of the assignment, to pay his debts, or in proceedings of insolvency, the wages of the miners, mechanics, salesmen, servants, clerks, or the laborers employed by such person, to the amount of two hundred dollars each and for services rendered within sixty days previously, are preferred claims, and must be paid by such trustees or assignees before any other creditor or creditors of the assignor.

Sec. 2151. In case of the death of any employer the wages of each miner, mechanic, salesman, clerk, servant and laborer for services rendered within sixty days next preceding the death of the employer, not exceeding two hundred dollars, rank in priority next

after the funeral expenses, expenses of the last sickness, the charges and expenses of administering upon the estate, and the allowance to the widow and infant children, and must be paid before other claims against the estate of the deceased person. (See also Sections 2152 to 2156.)

LIENS ON REAL PROPERTY.

Sections 2130-2131 Code of Civil Procedure.

Sec. 2130. Every mechanic, miner, machinist, architect, foreman, engineer, builder, lumberman, artisan, workman, laborer and any person performing any work and labor upon, or furnishing any material, machinery or fixture for any building, structure, bridge, fiume, canal, ditch, aqueduct, mining claim, quartz lode, tunnel, city or town lot, farm, ranch, fence, railroad, telegraph, telephone, electric light, gas or water works or plant, or any improvements, upon complying with the provisions of this Chapter, for his work or labor done, or material, machinery or fixtures furnished, has a lien upon the property apon which the work or labor is done, or material furnished.

Sec. 2131. Every person wishing to avail himself of the benefits of this Chapter, must file with the county clerk of the county in which the property or premises mentioned in the preceding Section is situated, and within ninety days after the material or machinery aforesaid has been furnished, or the work or labor performed, a just and true account of the amount due him, after allowing all credits, and containing a correct description of the property to be charged with such lien, verified by affidavit, but any error or mistake in the amount or description does not affect the validity of the lien, if the property can be identified by the description, which paper containing the account, description and affidavit is deemed the lien. (See also Sections 2132 to 2141.)

PREFERENCE FOR WAGES IN ASSIGNMENTS.

Section 4514 Civil Code.

Sec. 4514. In all assignments of property made by any person, association, corporation, co-partnership, chartered company or corporation, to trustees or assignees on account of inability of the assignor or assignors at the time of the assignment to pay his or their debts, or in proceedings in insolvency, the wages of the miners ,mechanics, salesmen, servants, clerks or laborers employed by such assignor or assignors for services rendered within sixty days immediately previous to such assignment, not to exceed two hundred dollars for each person, are preferred claims, and must be paid by such trustees or assignees before any other creditor or creditors of such assignor.

PERSONAL INJURY CONTRACTS.

Section 2242 Civil Code.

Sec. 2242. Any contract or agreement entered into by any person, company or corporation, with its servants or employes, whereby such person, company or corporation shall be released or discharged from liability or responsibility on account of personal injuries received by such servants or employes while in the service of such person, company or corporation, by reason of the negligence of such person, company or corporation, or the agents or employes thereof, shall be absolutely null and void. (See also Secs. 2243 to 2249.)

EARNINGS OF THE WIFE.

Sections 223-225, Chapter III, Title I, Part III, Div. I, Civil Code.

Sec. 223. The earnings and accumulations of the wife are not liable for the debts of the husband.

Sec. 224. The earnings and accumulations of the wife, and of her minor children liv-

ing with her or in her custody, while she is living separate from her husband, are the separate property of the wife.

Sec. 225. All work and labor performed by a married woman for a person other than her husband and children shall, unless there is a written agreement on her part to the contrary, be presumed to be performed on her separate account.

APPRENTICES.

Sections 360-369 Civil Code.

Sec. 360. Every minor, with the consent of the persons or officers hereinafter mentioned, may, of his own free will, bind himself, in writing, called an indenture of apprenticeship, to serve as a clerk, apprentice or servant, in any profession, trade or employment, until his majority, or for any stated time, and such binding shall be as valid and effectual as if such minor was of full age at the time of making the engagement.

Sec. 361. Consent to an indenture of apprenticeship must be given by a certificate at the end thereof, or endorsed thereon, signed:

- 1. By the father and mother of the apprentice.
- 2. If the father lacks capacity to consent, or has abandoned or neglected to provide for his family, or is dead, and no testamentary guardian or executor has been appointed by him, with power under the will to bring up the child to a calling, and certificate of such fact is endorsed on the indenture by a justice of the peace of the town, then by the mother.
- 3. If the father is dead, and such guardian or executor has been appointed by him, then by such guardian or executor.
 - 4. If the mother is dead, or lacks capacity to consent, then by the father.
- 5. If there is no parent of no capacity to consent, and no such executor, then by the guardian; or,
- 6. If there is no such parent, executor or guardian, then by the county commissioners of the county, or by any two justices of the peace of the town, or by the district judge.

Sec. 362. The executors of any last will of a parent who shall be directed in such will to bring up his or her child to some trade or calling, may bind such child to service as a clerk or apprentice in like manner, as the father might have done if living. If there is a surviving mother, her consent also is necessary.

Sec. 363. The county commissioners may bind out minors who are or shall become chargeable to such county, to be clerks, apprentices or servants, which binding shall be as effectual as if such minors had bound themselves with the consent of their father and mother.

Sec. 364. The age of every infant so bound shall be inserted in the indentures, and shall be presumed to be the true age; and whenever public officers are authorized to execute any indentures, or their consent is required to the validity of the same, it shall be their duty to inform themselves fully of the infant's age.

Sec. 365. Every sum of money paid or agreed for, with or in relation to the binding out of any clerk, apprentice or servant shall be inserted in the indenture.

Sec. 366. The indenture shall also contain an agreement, on the part of the person to whom such child shall be bound, that he will cause such child to be instructed to read and write, and to be taught the general rules of arithmetic, or, in lieu thereof, that he will send such child to school three months of each year of the period of indenture.

Sec. 367. The counterpart of any indenture executed by any county, or city or town officers, must be by them deposited in the office of the county clerk.

Sec. 368. Such indenture of apprenticeship may be annulled for:

- 1. Fraud in the contract of indenture.
- 2. When such contract is not made or executed in accordance with the provisions of this title.
 - 3. For willful non-fulfillment by such master, of the provisions of such indenture.
- 4. Cruelty or maltreatment of such apprentice by the master. In such cases the apprentice may recover for his services.

Sec. 369. In no case shall a minor be bound by an indenture until a duplicate thereof shall have been deposited in the office of the county clerk for the benefit of the minor.

CHILD LABOR IN MINE.

Section 474 Penal Code.

Sec. 474. Every person who receives or employs any child under fourteen years of age in any underground works or mine, or in any similar business, is punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars. (See also as relates to neglect or abandonment of children. Sections 470 to 475.)

PAY ENVELOPES.

Section 109 Penal Code.

Sec. 109. It shall be unlawful for any employer, in paying his employes the salary or wages due them, to enclose their pay in "pay envelopes" upon which there is written or printed the name of any candidate or political mottoes, devices or arguments containing threats or promise, express or implied, calculated or intended to influence the political opinions or actions of such employes. Nor shall it be lawful for an employer, within ninety days of an election, to put up or otherwise exhibit in his factory, workshop or other establishment or place where his workmen or employes may be working, any handbill or placard containing any threat or promise, notice or information, that in case any particular ticket or political party, or organization, or candidate shall be elected, work in his place or establishment will cease, in whole or in part, or shall be continued or increased, or his place or establishment be closed up, or the salaries or wages of his workmen or employes be reduced or increased or other threats, or promises, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions, of his workmen or employes. This section shall apply to corporations as well as individuals, and any person violating the provisions of this Section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding six months in the county jail, and any corporation violating this Section shall be punished by fine not to exceed five thousand dollars, or forfeit its charter, or both such fine and forfeiture.

SUNDAY CLOSING OF BARBER SHOPS.

Sections 531-532 Penal Code.

Sec. 531. It is unlawful to conduct the business of hair cutting, shaving or shampooing, or to open barber shops for the doing of such business, on Sunday.

Sec. 532. Any person violating the provisions of this Act is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined for the first offense, not less than fifteen dollars and not to exceed fifty dollars and for any subsequent violation, a fine not less than twenty-five dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars shall be imposed.

BRINGING ARMED MEN INTO THE STATE.

Section 759 Penal Code.

Sec. 759. Every person who brings into this State an armed person or armed body of men for the preservation of the peace or the suppression of domestic violence, except at the solicitation and by the permission of the legislative assembly or of the governor, is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison not exceeding ten years and by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

LABOR OF CONVICTS.

Sections 2960-2961 Penal Code.

Sec. 2960. The board (of state prison commissioners) may, in its discretion, cause the prisoners, or any number of them, to be employed in any mechanical pursuits, and at hard

labor, and furnish any convicts thus employed with any material that may be deemed necessary, in the same manner as is provided for the furnishing of supplies and stores to the state prison, and the board shall, in all respects, have the exclusive control of the employment of the convicts, and may from time to time employ them in such manner as, in its opinion, will best subserve the interest of the state and the welfare of the prisoners. But neither the board nor the warden must let by contract to any person the labor of any convict in the prison.

Sec. 2961. If, at any time, the board is of the opinion that it would be to the interest of the state to employ any portion of the prisoners, either within or without the walls or enclosures of the state prison, either in improvement of the public grounds or buildings or otherwise where they may be profitably employed, it has power to so employ such labor; it must, in such case, direct the warden accordingly in writing, and cause a record of such order to be entered at length on the records of the board.

OBLIGATIONS OF EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYES.

Sections 2650-2686 Civil Code.

Sec. 2650. The contract of employment is a contract by which one, who is called the employer, engages another, who is called the employe, to do something for the benefit of the employer or of a third person.

Sec. 2660. An employer must indemnify his employe, except as prescribed in the next section, for all that he necessarily expends or loses in direct consequence of the discharge of his duties as such, or of his obedience to the directions of the employer, even though unlawful, unless the employe, at the time of obeying such directions, believed them to be unlawful.

Sec. 2661. An employer is not bound to indemnify his employe for losses suffered by the latter in consequence of the ordinary risks of the business in which he is employed.

Sec. 2662. An employer must in all cases indemnify his employe for losses caused by the former's want of ordinary care.

Sec. 2670. One who, without consideration, undertakes to do a service for another, is not bound to perform the same, but if he actually enters upon its performance, he must use at least slight care and diligence therein.

Sec. 2671. One who, by his own special request, induces another to intrust him with the performance of a service, must perform the same fully. In other cases, one who undertakes a gratuitous service may relinquish it at any time.

Sec. 2672. A gratuitous employe, who accepts a written power of attorney, must act under it so long as it remains in force, or until he gives notice to his employer that he will not do so.

Sec. 2673. One who, for a good consideration, agrees to serve another, must perform the service, and must use ordinary care and diligence therein, so long as he is thus employed.

Sec. 2674. One who is employed at his own request to do that which is more for his own advantage than for that of his employer, must use great care and diligence therein to protect the interest of the latter.

Sec. 2675. A contract to render personal service, other than a contract of apprenticeship, as provided in the chapter on apprentices, cannot be enforced against the employe beyond the term of two years from the commencement of service under it; but if the employe voluntarily continues his service under it beyond that time, the contract may be referred to as affording a presumptive measure of the compensation.

Sec. 2676. An employe must substantially comply with all the directions of his employer concerning the service on which he is engaged, except where such obedience is impossible or unlawful, or would impose new and unreasonable burdens upon the employe.

Sec. 2677. An employe must perform his service in conformity to the usage of the place of performance, unless otherwise directed by his employer, or unless it is impracticable, or manifestly injurious to his employer to do so.

Sec. 2678. An employe is bound to exercise a reasonable degree of skill, unless his employer has notice, before employing him, of his want of skill.

Sec. 2679. An employe is always bound to use such skill as he possesses, so far as the same is required, for the service specified.

Sec. 2680. Everything which an employe acquires by virtue of his employment, except the compensation, if any, which is due to him from his employer belongs to the latter, whether acquired lawfully or unlawfully, or during or after the expiration of the term of his employment.

Sec. 2681. An employe must, on demand, render to his employer just accounts of all his transactions in the course of his service as often as may be reasonable, and must, without demand, give prompt notice to his employer of everything which he receives for his account.

Sec. 2682. An employe who receives anything on account of his employer, in any capacity other than that of a mere servant, is not bound to deliver it to him until demanded, and is not at liberty to send it to him from a distance, without demand, in any mode involving greater risk than its retention by the employe himself.

Sec. 2683. An employe who has any business to transact on his own account, similar to that entrusted to him, by his employer, must always give the latter the preference.

Sec. 2684. An employe who is expressly authorized to employ a substitute is liable to his principal only for want of ordinary care in his selection. The substitute is directly responsible to the principal.

Sec. 2685. An employe who is guilty of a culpable degree of negligence is liable to his employer for the damage thereby caused to the latter; and the employer is liable to him, if the service is not gratuitous, for the value of such services only as are properly rendered.

Sec. 2686. Where service is to be rendered by two or more persons jointly, and one of them dies, the survivor must act alone, if the service to be rendered is such as he can rightly perform without the aid of the deceased person, but not otherwise.

MASTER AND SERVANT.

Section 2720-2726 Civil Code.

Sec. 2720. A servant is one who is employed to render personal service to his employer, otherwise than in the pursuit of an independent calling, and who in such service remains entirely under the control and direction of the latter, who is called his master.

Sec. 2721. A servant is presumed to have been hired for such length of time as the parties adopt for the estimation of wages. A hiring at a yearly rate is presumed to be for one year; a hiring at a daily rate for one day; a hiring by piece work, for no specified term.

Sec. 2722. In the absence of any agreement or custom as to the term of service, the time of payment, or rate or value of wages, a servant is presumed to be hired by the month, at a monthly rate of reasonable wages, to be paid when the service is performed.

Sec. 2723. Where, after the expiration of an agreement respecting the wages and the term of service, the parties continue the relation of master and servant, they are presumed to have renewed the agreement for the same wages and term of service.

Sec. 2724. The entire time of a domestic servant belongs to the master, and the time of other servants to such extent as is usual in the business in which they serve, not exceeding in any case ten hours in the day.

Sec. 2725. A servant must deliver to his master, as soon as with reasonable diligence he can find him, everything that he receives for his account, without demand; but he is not bound without orders from his master, to send anything to him through another person.

Sec. 2726. A master may discharge any servant, other than an apprentice, whether engaged for a fixed term or not;

1. If he is guilty of misconduct in the course of his service, or of gross immorality, though unconnected with the same; or

2. If, being employed about the person of the master, or in a confidential position, the master discovers that he has been guilty of misconduct, before or after the commencement of his service, of such a nature that if the master had known or contemplated it, he would not have so employed him.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

Sections 2700-2707 Civil Code.

Sec. 2700. Every employment in which the power of the employe is not coupled with an interest in its subject is terminated by notice to him of:

- 1. The death of the employer; or,
- 2. His legal incapacity to contract.

Sec. 2701. Every employment is terminated:

- 1. By the expiration of its appointed term.
- 2. By the extinction of its subject.
- 3. By the death of the employe; or,
- 4. By his legal incapacity to act as such.

Sec. 2702. An employe, unless the term of his services has expired, or unless he has a right to discontinue it at any time without notice, must continue his service after notice of the death or incapacity of his employer, so far as is necessary to protect from serious injury the interests of the employer's successor in interest, until a reasonable time after notice of the facts has been communicated to such successor. The successor must compensate the employe for such service according to the terms of the contract of employment.

Sec. 2703. An employment having no specified term, may be terminated at the will of either party, on notice to the other, except where otherwise provided by this title.

Sec. 2704. An employment, even for a specified term, may be terminated at any time by the employer, in case of any wilfull breach of duty by the employe in the course of his employment, or in case of his habitual neglect of his duty or continued incapacity to perform it.

Sec. 2705. An employment, even for a specified term, may be terminated by the employe at any time, in case of any wilfull or permanent breach of the obligations of his employer to him as an employe.

Sec. 2706. An employe, dismissed by his employer for good cause, is not entitled to any compensation for services rendered since the last day upon which a payment became due to him under the contract.

Sec. 2702. An employe who quits the service of his employer for good cause, is entitled to such proportion of the compensation which would become due in case of full performance, as the services which he has already rendered, bear to the services which he was to render as full performance.

HOMESTEADS.

Sections 1670-1694 Civil Code.

Sec. 1670. The homestead consists of the dwelling house in which the claimant resides, and the land on which the same is situated, selected as in this title provided.

Sec. 1671. If the claimant be married, the homestead may be selected from the property of the husband, or, with the consent of the wife, from her separate property. When the claimant is not married, but is the head of a family, within the meaning of Sec. 1694, the homestead may be selected from any of his or her property.

Sec. 1672. The homestead cannot be selected from the separate property of the wife without her consent, shown by her making, or joining in making, the declaration of homestead.

Sec. 1673. The homestead is exempt from execution or forced sale, except as in this title provided.

Sec. 1674. The homestead is subject to execution or forced sale in satisfaction of judgments obtained:

- 1. Before the declaration of homestead was filed for record, and which constitute liens upon the premises; but no judgments obtained before this code takes effect shall constitute such liens.
 - 2. On debts secured by mechanics', laborers', or vendors' liens upon the premises.
- 3. On debts secured by mortgages on the premises, executed and acknowledged by the husband and wife, or by an unmarried claimant.
- 4. On debts secured by mortgages on the premises, executed and recorded before the declaration of homestead was filed for record.

Sec. 1675. The homestead of a married person cannot be conveyed or encumbered unless the instrument by which it is conveyed or incumbered is executed and acknowledged by both husband and wife.

Sec. 1676. A homestead can be abandoned only by a declaration of abandonment, or a grant thereof, executed and acknowledged:

- 1. By the husband and wife, if the claimant is married.
- 2. By the claimant if unmarried.

Sec. 1677. A declaration of abandonment is effectual only from the time it is filed in the office in which the homestead was recorded.

Sec. 1678. When an execution for the enforcement of a judgment obtained in a case not within the classes enumerated in Section 1674 is levied upon the homestead, the judgment creditor may apply to the district court of the county in which the homestead is situated, or a judge thereof, for the appointment of persons to appraise the value thereof.

Sec. 1679. The application must be made upon a verified petition showing:

- 1. The fact that an execution has been levied upon the homestead.
- 2. The name of the claimant.
- 3. That the value of the homestead exceeds the amount of the homestead exemption.

Sec. 1680. The petition must be filed with the clerk of the district court.

Sec. 1681. A copy of the petition, with a notice of the time and place of hearing, must be served upon the claimant, at least two days before the hearing.

Sec. 1682. At the hearing the judge may, upon proof of the service of a copy of the petition and notice, and of the facts stated in the petition, appoint three disinterested residents and freeholders of the county to appraise the value of the homestead.

Sec. 1683. The persons appointed, before entering puon the performance of their duties must take an oath to faithfully perform the same.

Sec. 1684. They must view the premises and appraise the value thereof, and if the appraised value exceeds the homestead exemption they must determine whether the land claimed can be divided without material injury.

Sec. 1685. Within fifteen days after their appointment they must make to the judge a report in writing, which report must show the appraised value and their determination upon the matter of a division of the land claimed.

Sec. 1686. If, from the report, it appears to the judge that the land claimed can be divided without material injury, he must, by an order, direct the appraisers to set off to the claimant so much of the land, including the residence, as will amount in value to the homestead exemption, and the execution may be enforced against the remainder of the land.

Sec. 1687. If, from the report, it appears to the judge that the land claimed exceeds in value the amount of the homestead exemption, and that it cannot be divided, he must make an order directing its sale under execution.

Sec. 1688. At such sale no bid must be received, unless it exceeds the amount of the homestead exemption.

Sec. 1689. If the sale is made the proceeds thereof, to the amount of the homestead exemption, must be paid to the claimant and the balance applied to the satisfaction of the execution.

Sec. 1690. The money paid to the claimant is entitled, for the period of six months thereafter, to the same protection against legal process and the voluntary disposition of the husband, which the law gives to the homestead.

Sec. 1691. The court must fix the compensation of the appraisers, not to exceed three dollars per day each for the time actually engaged.

Sec. 1692. The execution creditor must pay the costs of these proceedings in the first instance, but in the cases provided for in Sections 1686 and 1687 the amount so paid must be added as costs on execution and collected accordingly.

Sec. 1693. Homesteads may be selected and claimed:

- 1. Consisting of any quantity of land not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres used for agricultural purposes, and the dwelling house thereon and its appurtenances, and not included in any town plot, city, or village, or,
- 2. A quantity of land not exceeding in amount one-fourth of an acre, being within a town plot, city, or village, and the dwelling house thereon and its appurtenances. Such homestead, in either case, shall not exceed in value the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars

Sec. 1694. The phrase "head of a family" as used in this title, includes within its meaning:

- 1. The husband, when the claimant is a married person.
- 2. Every person who has residing on the premises with him or her or under his or her care and maintenance, either:

First—His or her minor child, or the minor child of his or her deceased wife or husband.

Second—A minor brother or sister, or the minor child of a deceased brother or sister:

Third—A father, mother, grandfather or grandmother.

Fourth—The father, mother, grandfather, or grandmother of a deceased husband or wife.

Fifth—An unmarried sister or any other of the relatives mentioned in this section who have attained the age of majority and are unable to take care of or support themselves.

HOMESTEAD OF THE HEAD OF A FAMILY.

Sections 1700-1703 Civil Code.

Sec. 1700. In order to select a homestead, the husband or other head of a family, or in case the husband has not made such selection, the wife must execute and acknowledge, in the same manner as a grant of real property is acknowledged, a declaration of homestead, and file the same for record.

Sec. 1701. The declaration of homestead must contain:

- 1. A statement showing that the person making it is the head of a family; or when the declaration is made by the wife, showing that her husband has not made such declaration, and that she therefore makes the declaration for their joint benefit.
- 2. A statement that the person making it is residing on the premises and claims them as a homestead.
 - 3. A description of the premises.
 - 4. An estimate of their actual cash value.

Sec. 1702. The declaration must be recorded in the office of the clerk of the county in which the land is situated.

Sec. 1703. From and after the time the declaration is filed for record, the premises therein described constitute a homestead.

Upon the death of the person whose property was selected as a homestead, it shall go to his or her heirs or devisees, subject to the use of the widow during her life, if the property selected as a homestead, before selection, belonged to the husband; and subject to

the use of the husband during his life, if the property selected as a homestead before selection belonged to the wife.

And in no case shall the homestead be held liable for the debts of the owner except as provided in this title.

EXEMPTION FROM EXECUTION.

Sections 1221-1222 Code of Civil Procedure.

Sec. 1221. The following property is exempt from execution, except as herein otherwise provided:

In all cases all wearing apparel of the judgment debtor and family; also all chairs, tables, desks and books to the value of two hundred dollars; and also all necessary household, table and kitchen furniture of the judgment debtor, including one sewing machine, stoves, stove-pipes and stove furniture, heating apparatus, beds, bedding and bedsteads, and provisions and fuel provided for individual or family use sufficient for three months, and also one horse, saddle and bridle, two cows with their calves, four hogs, and fifty domestic fowls, and feed for such animals for three months, one clock and all family pictures.

Sec. 1222. In addition to the property mentioned in the preceding section, there shall be exempt the following property:

- 1. To a farmer: Farming utensils or implements of husbandry, not exceeding in value six hundred dollars; also, two oxen, or two horses or mules, and their harness, one cart or wagon, and food for such oxen, horses, cows or mules for three months; also, all seed, grain or vegetables actually provided, reserved, or on hand, for the purpose of planting or sowing at any time within six months, not exceeding in value the sum of two hundred dollars.
 - 2. To a mechanic or artisan; Tools or implements necessary to carry on his trade.
- 3. To a surgeon, physician or dentist: The instruments and chest necessary to the exercise of his profession, with his scientific and professional libraries, and necessary office furniture.
- 4. To attorneys at law and ministers of the gospel, etc.: The professional libraries of attorneys, counselors and judges, and ministers of the gospel, editors, school teachers and music teachers, and their necessary office furniture; also all the musical instruments of music teachers; also the notarial seal, records and office furniture of a notary public.
- 5. To a miner: His cabin or dwelling, sluices and pipes, hose, windlass, derricks, cars, pumps, tools, implements and appliances necessary for carrying on any kind of mining operations, not exceeding in value the aggregate sum of one thousand dollars, and one horse or mule with harness, and food for such horse or mule, for three months, when such horse or mule is used in working his mine or mining claim.
- 6. To a cartman, hackman, huckster, peddler, teamster or laborer; One horse or mule, and harness for two animals, or two oxen, and harness, and one cart or wagon, one dray or truck, one hack or carriage, by the use of which such person habitually earns his living; and one vehicle and harness or other equipments used by a physician or surgeon or minister of the gospel in making his professional visits, with food for such horse, mule or oxen for three months.
- 7. The earnings of the judgment debtor for his personal services rendered at any time within thirty days next preceding the levy of execution or attachment, when it appears by the debtors affidavit, or otherwise, that such earnings are necessary for the use of his family residing in this state, supported in whole or in part by his labor; but where debts are incurred by any such person, or his wife or family, for the common necessaries of life the one-half of such earnings above mentioned are, nevertheless, subject to execution, garishment or attachment to satisfy debts so incurred. The words "his family" as used herein, are to be construed with the words "head of a family" used in Section 1694 of the civil code.

- 8. All moneys, benefits, privileges, or immunities accruing or in any manner growing out of any life insurance on the life of the debtor, if the annual premiums do not exceed five hundred dollars.
- 9. All fire engines, hooks and ladders, with the cart, trucks and carriages, hose, buckets, implements, and apparatus thereto appertaining, and all furniture and unforms of any fire company or department organized under any laws of this state.
- 10. All arms, uniforms, and accourtements required by law to be kept by any person and also one gun, to be selected by the debtor.
- 11. All court houses, jails, public offices and buildings, lots, grounds, and personal property, the fixtures, furniture, books, papers and appurtenances belonging and pertaining to the court house, jail and public offices belonging to any county of this state, and all cemeteries, public squares, parks, and places, public buildings, town halls, public markets, buildings for the use of fire departments and military organizations, and the lots and grounds thereto belonging and appertaining, owned or held by any town or incorporated city, or dedicated by such town or city to health, ornament, or public use, or for the use of any fire or military company organized under the laws of this state.

No article, however, or species of property mentioned in this section, is exempt from execution issued upon a judgment recovered for its price, or upon a judgment of foreclosure of a mortgage lieu thereon, and no person not a bona fide resident of this state shall have the benefit of these exemptions.

No person can claim more than one of the exemptions mentioned in the first six subdivisions of this Section.

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